

SKACEL, Jaroslav; MAREK, Miloslav; MIKUS, Miloslav; KNEZ, Jaroslav;
PAUK, Tomas; BARTAS, Frantisek; OREL, Petr; VYBIRAL, Josef;
BARTH, Vojtech; KNETTING, Petr; FOJT, Bohuslav; DVORAK, Jaroslav;
KOCIAN, Jan

The 2nd Regional Geological Conference in Opava. Prir cas
slezsky 23 no.1:133-143 '62.

PAUK, V. G.

"Results of Introducing Automatized Processing of Telegrams" Vestnik Svyazi,
No. 11, Moscow, 1955, p. 2

Translation M 1258. 5 Oct 56

PAUK, V.G.

Results obtained by introducing automation in telegram processing.
Vest. svyazi 15 no.11:20 N '55. (MIRA 9:2)

1. Starshiy ekonomist Minskogo tsentral'nogo telegrafa.
(Telegraph)

FAUKA, Maryly, logopedist

Preparation of materials for hearing and speech defective for
school. Met on 19 Nov. 1964. 25 1964

PAUKA, Karoly

"Educational psychology" by Bela Radó. Reviewed by Karoly
Pauka. Magyar pszichológiai szemle 18 no.1:102-104 '61.

PAUKA, Karoly

"Introduction to the psychopathology of childhood"
by F.G. Stockert. Reviewed by Karoly Pauka. Magyar
pszichol szemle 17 no.4:466-467 '60.

PAUKER, I.A.; LEONENKO, I.N.

Recent data on the geology and ore manifestations in areas of the
Voronezh crystalline massif. Razved. i okh. nedr 26 no.6:14-17 Je
'60. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Glavnoye upravleniye geologii okhrany nedr pri Sovete Ministrov RSFSR (for Pauker).
2. Geologicheskoye upravleniye Tsentral'nykh rayonov (for Leonenko).
(Voronezh Region--Ore deposits) (Voronezh Region--Geology)

PAUKER, Josef, inz., kandidat technických ved

Limiting circuit breakers. El tech obzor 52 no.10:
553-558 0 '63.

1. Státní výzkumný ústav silnoproude elektrotechniky.

PAUER, Juraj

Character of investments in the mining industry and their depreciation. Rudy 11 no.9:314-317 S '63.

1. Rudny projekt, Praha.

SIRBU, M.; DUMA, M.; PRANITKI, A.; PAUKER, M.; COLIN, L.; BRAUNSTEIN, F.

Radiotelemecanical control of the hoisting machinery. Probleme
automatiz 4:205-210 '63.

BOKIY, B.V., prof., PAUKER, N.G., gidrogeolog GOLSTIKHIN, N I . prof.

Concerning the book "Experience in the drainage of mineral deposits
in difficult hydrogeological conditions." Shakht.stroi. 2
no.1:32 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:4)

PHOTO COPY
DAVIDOVICH, V.I., dotsent; PAUKER, N.G., nauchnyy sotrudnik.

Calculating a water lowering arrangement for an elongated trench.
Zap.Len.gor.inst.32 no.2:105-119 '56. (MIRA 10:2)
(Hydraulic engineering)

PAUKER, N.G.

Method for hydrogeological calculations in draining ^{the} Safonovo
deposit. Zap. LGI 44 no.2:86-108 '62. (MIRA 16:3)
(Safonovo region (Smolensk Province) ← Mine drainage)

PAUKER, N.G.

Influx of water in incomplete bore holes in case of turbulent and
laminar filtration regimens. Zap. LGI 34 no.2:101-126 '58.

(MIRA 12:6)

(Water, Underground)

KLIMENTOV, Petr Platonovich; PYKHACHEV, Georgiy Borisovich; TOLSTIKHIN,
N.I., prof., reitsent; SHAGOYANTS, S.A., prof., reitsent; DA-
VIDOVICH, V.I., dots., reitsent; ASATUR, K.G., dots., reitsent;
NOVOZHILOV, V.N., dots., reitsent; FAUKER, N.G., starshiy nauch.
sotr., reitsent; KRASIL'NIKOVA, N.P., ass., reitsent; ABRAMOVA,
S.K., otv. red.; SLAVOROSOV, A.Kh., red. izd-va; IL'INSKAYA, G.M.,
tekh. red.

[Dynamics of underground water] Dinamika podzemnykh vod. Moskva,
Gos.nauchno-tekh.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu, 1962. 514 p.
(MIRA 14:12)

(Water, Underground)

MAKSIMOV, Vasily Mikhaylovich, dotsent, kand.geologo-miner.nauk; ASATUR, K.G., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; DAVIDOVICH, V.I., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; ALBUL, S.P., kand.geologo-miner.nauk; ~~FAKKEB, H.G.~~; inzh.-gidrogeolog; OSTROUMOV, B.P., gidrotekhnik; ZAYTSEV, I.K., doktor geologo-miner.nauk; TOLSTIKHIN, N.I., prof., doktor geologo-mineral.nauk; REZNIKOV, A.A., kand.khim.nauk, starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; MERSHALOV, A.F., assistent; VOROTYNTSEV, V.T., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; MARKOV, I.A., dotsent, kand.geologo-miner.nauk; KERKIS, Ye.Ye., dotsent, kand.geologo-miner.nauk; KHITROV, I.N., inzh.-geolog; BOROVITSKIY, V.P., kand.geologo-miner.nauk; RAVDONIKAS, O.V., kand.geologo-miner.nauk; ONIN, N.M., kand.geologo-miner.nauk; BASKOV, Ye.A., inzh.-gidrogeolog; NOVOZHILOV, V.N., dotsent, kand.geologo-miner.nauk; PEKEL'NIYY, I.S., inzh.-gidrogeolog; NEVEL'SHTEYN, Yu.G., inzh.-gidrogeolog; BOSKIS, S.G., inzh.-gidrotekhnik; NIKIFOROV, Ye.H., inzh.-gidrogeolog; GATAL'SKIY, M.A., prof., doktor geologo-miner.nauk, nauchnyy red.; DOLMATOV, P.S., vedushchiy red.; GEN-NAD'YEVA, I.M., tekhn.red.

[Hydrologist's handbook] Spravochnoe rukovodstvo gidrogeologa.
Leningrad, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo nef. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry,
Leningr.otd-nie, 1959. 836 p. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Vsesoyuznyy geologicheskii nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut
(for Reznikov).

(Hydrology)

~~PAUKH, N.G.~~ nauchnyy sotrudnik.

Using data of group pumping from uncompleted wells to compute the filtration factor, the radius of influence, and decreased piezometric level. Zap.Len.gor.inst.32 no.2:88-104 '56. (MLRA 10:2)
(Hydraulics) (Water, Underground)

LAUREN, J. inv. 611.

Moment of force power ... to ... pressure.
Tech. bzar - 3 ... 3:30-4:00 317A

PAUBERT, Josef, inz. CSc

Time measurement based on an electrical principle.
Automatizace 7 no. 6-165 de '64.

ACC NR: AP6030834

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0030/65/000/007/0180/0183

AUTHOR: Paukert, Josef (Engineer; Candidate of sciences)

ORG: State Research Institute of Heavy Current Electrical Engineering, Bochovice
(Statni vyzkumny ustav silnoproute elektrotechniky)

TITLE: Low-tension switching instruments in the period of automation 309

SOURCE: Automatizace, no. 7, 1965, 180-183

TOPIC TAGS: automation, automation equipment

ABSTRACT: The period of automation will require changes in the design and functional properties of switching instruments, above all, miniaturization and improvement of reliability, increase in the number of contacts and improvement of resistance to effects of the environment. Characteristics of Czechoslovak and foreign products are compared in a table. Orig. art. has: 2 tables. [JPRS: 32,496]

SUB CODE: 13, 09 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 005

Card 1/1 hs

UDC: 621.316.5-55

0918178

PAWERT, Josef, Ing.

Measurement of residual current of 110 kv expansion MV lines.
El techn obzor 83 no. 11:622-623 N 164.

Z/009/62/000/009/001/004
E112/E335

AUTHORS: Litomiský, Jaromír and Paukner, Otomar

TITLE: The use of cinefilms instead of photographic plates
in spectrum analysis

PERIODICAL: Chemický průmysl, no. 9, 1962, 500 - 501

TEXT: Due to a shortage of spectrographic plates during the first half of 1961, ordinary plate cassettes were adapted for work with cinefilms. The adaptor consisted of 1 mm thick, 6 x 24 cm perspex supporting platelets, which were so placed that the maximum surface of the unperforated part of the film could be fully utilized and the film was completely flat. The film frame could be used for the same number of spectra as the plate which it replaced, one 50-m long film being sufficient for 700 spectrograms. The only disadvantage in using film is that the available spectrum area is considerably narrower. However, this was not a disadvantage for the quantitative assay of indium in sphalerite for which this film was used. The difference in the wavelengths of the reference lines of caesium and indium is 82 Å, corresponding to 10 mm under the given experimental
Card 1/2

PANAITESCU, D.; PAUKER, V.

Determining thermal conductivity of a viscous material. Studii cerc
fiz 13 no.5:783-786 '62.

1. Uzinele Electronica, Bucuresti.

R/005/61/000/006/002/002
E015/D106

AUTHOR: Pauker, V., Engineer

TITLE: The dissipation conditions of the amplifying elements in a class-B audio amplifier

PERIODICAL: Telecomunicații, no. 6, 1961. 256 - 259

TEXT: The article deals with the dissipation conditions of the amplifying elements in a class-B amplifier, when the amplifier is excited by an audio signal, such as voice or music. The dissipated power depends on the value of the input signal, being almost zero for a zero signal and presenting a maximum for a particular value of the excitation signal. If the class-B amplifier is excited by a sinusoidal signal, the power dissipated on the collector of a transistor may be expressed by:

$$P_d = P_o - P_l = P_M \left(\eta N - \eta^2 N^2 \frac{\hat{u}}{4} \right), \quad (\text{no. 5})$$

in which P_o is the power absorbed in the output circuit of an amplifying element,

Card 1/7

R/005/61/000/006/002/002

The dissipation conditions of the amplifying D015/D106

P_1 the useful alternating power and P_M and N are expressed by:

$$P_M = \frac{E^2}{4R} ; \quad N = \frac{I_m R}{E_0} ;$$

E_0 being the direct-feed-voltage of the output circuit and I_m the maximum value of the amplitude. If the stage is excited by an audio signal, the power condition depends on the variation of the input-signal level, on the relative time for which a certain level is maintained, and on the shape of the signal. If the signal has a sinusoidal shape, the average dissipated power is expressed by:

$$\bar{P}_d = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^{t-T} P_d dt = P_M \left(\frac{1}{T} \int_0^{t-T} \gamma N dt - \frac{1}{T} \int_0^{t-T} \gamma^2 N^2 \frac{\pi}{4} dt \right) = P_M \left[N \int_0^{\frac{t}{T}-1} \gamma d\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) - \frac{\pi}{4} N^2 \int_0^{\frac{t}{T}-1} \gamma^2 d\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) \right].$$

Card 2/7

(no. 9)

The dissipation conditions of the amplifying ... R/005/61/000/006/002/002
 On the basis of this relation, the author deduces the final solution: D015/D106

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\bar{P}_d}{P_M} &= \frac{N}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_a^{\infty} e^{-m \left(b - \frac{B}{2} \right)} e^{-\lambda B^2} d(\lambda B) - \frac{\pi}{4} \frac{N^2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_a^{\infty} e^{-2m \left(b - \frac{B}{2} \right)} e^{-\lambda B^2} d(\lambda B) = \\
 &= \frac{N^2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\frac{Bm}{2} + \left(\frac{m}{2\lambda} \right)^2 \cdot \left(\lambda b - \frac{m}{2\lambda} \right)^2} d \left(\lambda b - \frac{m}{2\lambda} \right) - \frac{\pi}{4} N^2 \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-Bm + \left(\frac{m}{\lambda} \right)^2 \cdot \left(\lambda b - \frac{m}{\lambda} \right)^2} d \left(\lambda b - \frac{m}{\lambda} \right) = \\
 &= N e^{-\frac{Bm}{2} + \left(\frac{m}{2\lambda} \right)^2} \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{m}{2\lambda}}^{\frac{m}{2\lambda}} e^{-z_1^2} dz_1 - \frac{\pi}{4} N^2 e^{-Bm + \left(\frac{m}{\lambda} \right)^2} \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{m}{\lambda}}^{\frac{m}{\lambda}} e^{-z_2^2} dz_2 = \\
 &= N \cdot e^{-\frac{Bm}{2}} \left\{ e^{\left(\frac{Bm}{4a} \right)^2} \left[\operatorname{erf} \left(a - \frac{Bm}{4a} \right) + \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{Bm}{4a} \right) \right] - \frac{\pi}{4} N e^{-\frac{Bm}{2}} \cdot \left(\frac{Bm}{2a} \right)^2 \left[\operatorname{erf} \left(a - \frac{Bm}{2a} \right) + \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{Bm}{2a} \right) \right] \right\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

(no. 15) ✓

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The dissipation conditions of the amplifying ... R/005/61/000/006/002/002
D015/D106

in which B is the dynamic range of the signal expressed in db, b the deviation
in db from the average level, h the standardizing multiplier, ± a the deviation

limits, between which the dynamic range is practically limited, as shown in

figure 2, and $\alpha = \frac{\lg_e 10}{20} = 0.115$. The maximum value of the P_d/P_v ratio as a

function of α , calculated on the basis of the expression (no. 15) is represented
in figure 3, which shows that the value of this ratio depends on the dynamic
range of the signal. The maximum dissipated power of an audio signal is smaller
than that of a maintained sinusoidal signal. Neglecting B along with

$\frac{2a}{m} \approx 160$ db, the expression (no. 15) will be considerably simplified and become

The dissipation conditions of the amplifying R/005/61/000/006/002/002
D015/D106
independent of the exact value of a:

$$\frac{P_d}{P_M} \approx N \cdot e^{-\frac{B}{17.4}} \left(1 - \frac{\pi}{4} N e^{-\frac{B}{17.4}} \right). \quad (\text{no. 16})$$

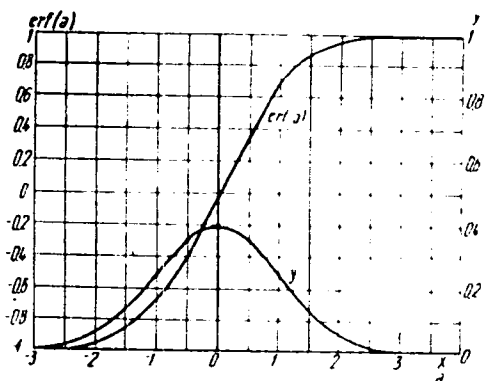
The maximum value of the P_d/P_M ratio calculated by (no. 16) is represented in figure 3. By comparing the two curves, it may be established that the relative error increases with an increase of B, becoming important for $B > 30 \div 40$ db, but the absolute error is not important. The expression (no. 16) is graphically represented in figure 4, as a function of N, having B as parameter. If $B = 0$, the signal is a sinusoid with constant amplitude and the expression (no. 16) coincides with (no. 8). These theoretical calculations were checked by experiments. The experimental results are represented in figure 6, in which the plain curves correspond to the theoretical results. Conclusions: The maximum dissipation in audio conditions is at least twice as small as in maintained conditions. This fact makes possible the use of some small amplifying

Card 5/7

The dissipation condition of the amplifying ...

R/005/61/000/006/002/002
D015/D106

elements for the production of a given audio power, however, it refers to transistors rather than to electronic tubes. There are 6 figures and 3 references: 2 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: H.F. Olson, "Acoustical Engineering," D. van Nostrand Com. Inc., New York, 1957, p. 550. ✓



Card 6/7

Fig. 2.

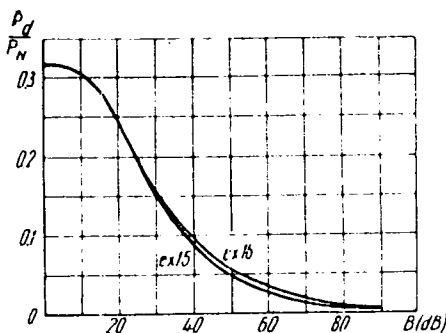


Fig. 3.

PAUKER, V., ing.

The dispersion conditions of the amplifying elements in a B-class
acoustic amplifier. Telecommunicatii 5 no.6:256-259 N-D '61.

195, 1.

A. Scher... (Academic Republic...)

1. 1951 (Academic Republic...)

Academic Index... (Academic Republic...)

RUMANIA/Radi: Physics - Reception of Radio Waves

I-6

Abstr Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 11, 1956, No 25691

Author : Fruker Vlad

Inst : Not Given

Title : Design of Amplifier with Arbitrary Number of Feedback Loops.

Orig Pub : Bul. Inst. politehn. Bucuresti, 1957, 19, No 1-2, 373-378

Abstract : A general formula is derived for the calculation of the feedback coefficient of an amplifier with an arbitrary number of feedback loops. A practical computation method is proposed.

Card : 1/1

PAUKERT, Josef, inz., kandidat technických ved.

"Searching for underground conduits, pipelines and their defects"
by F.Csanda. El tech obzor 52 no.2:112 F '63.

PAUKERT, Josef, inz. CSc.

Examining defective excitation conditions by a direct-current converter. El tech obzor 53 no. 3: 159-160 Mr '64.

1. State Research Institute of Heavy Current Engineering, Bechovice.

PAUKERT, Josef, inz., kandidat technických ved

Effect of the current flow on the movement of the arc of flight
in narrow slots. El tech obzor 52 no.12:674-675 D '63.

Relay with hermetically sealed contacts. 677-678

Restoration of the disruptive strength of the alternating cur-
rent arc moving in narrow slots. 680-681

PAUKERT, Josef, inz., kandidat technických ved

"Low tension switching apparatus". Reviewed by Josef Paukert.
El tech obzor 51 no.10:59 0 '62.

1. Státní výzkumný ústav silnoproude elektrotechniky.

c 4

Reduction of *p*-nitrophenol molecule and anion on the dropping mercury electrode. I. Paikow, *J. Electroanal. Chem.* 41, 128-33 (1973). *p*-Nitrophenol consumes 2 electrons and 6 protons and reduces irreversibly on the dropping-Hg electrode. Half-wave potentials change by 195 mv. per pH unit up to pH 8 and by 120 mv. per pH unit beyond pH 8. The change of the course of the curve of the half-wave potential against pH indicates $pK_a = 8$ whereas pK_a measured directly is 7. The discrepancy may be due to the irreversibility of the reduction process. Two waves are formed in alk. medium. With increasing pH above 9 the height of the more pos. wave decreases, and the height of the more neg. wave increases. Beyond pH 12 the behavior of the 2 waves is the same only in the presence of surface-active agents, such as gelatin or methylene blue. Otherwise the course is reversed. The height of the more pos. wave plotted against pH shows the dissociation curve, which is shifted to the more alk. side by 4 units. This can be explained by the interphase phenomena. M. H.

Paukner, J.

11848 Equipment and Techniques for Induction Heating.
Připravky pro indukční ohřev. (Czech.) J. Paukner. Stro-
žitekářská výroba, v. 4, no. 2, Feb. 1956, p. 70-76.
Survey of Czech and Soviet instruments, machines, and tech-
niques for induction heating, hardening, annealing, forging
operations, and welding and similar operations. Tables, photo-
graphs, graph. 1 ref.

of

PAUKNER, J.

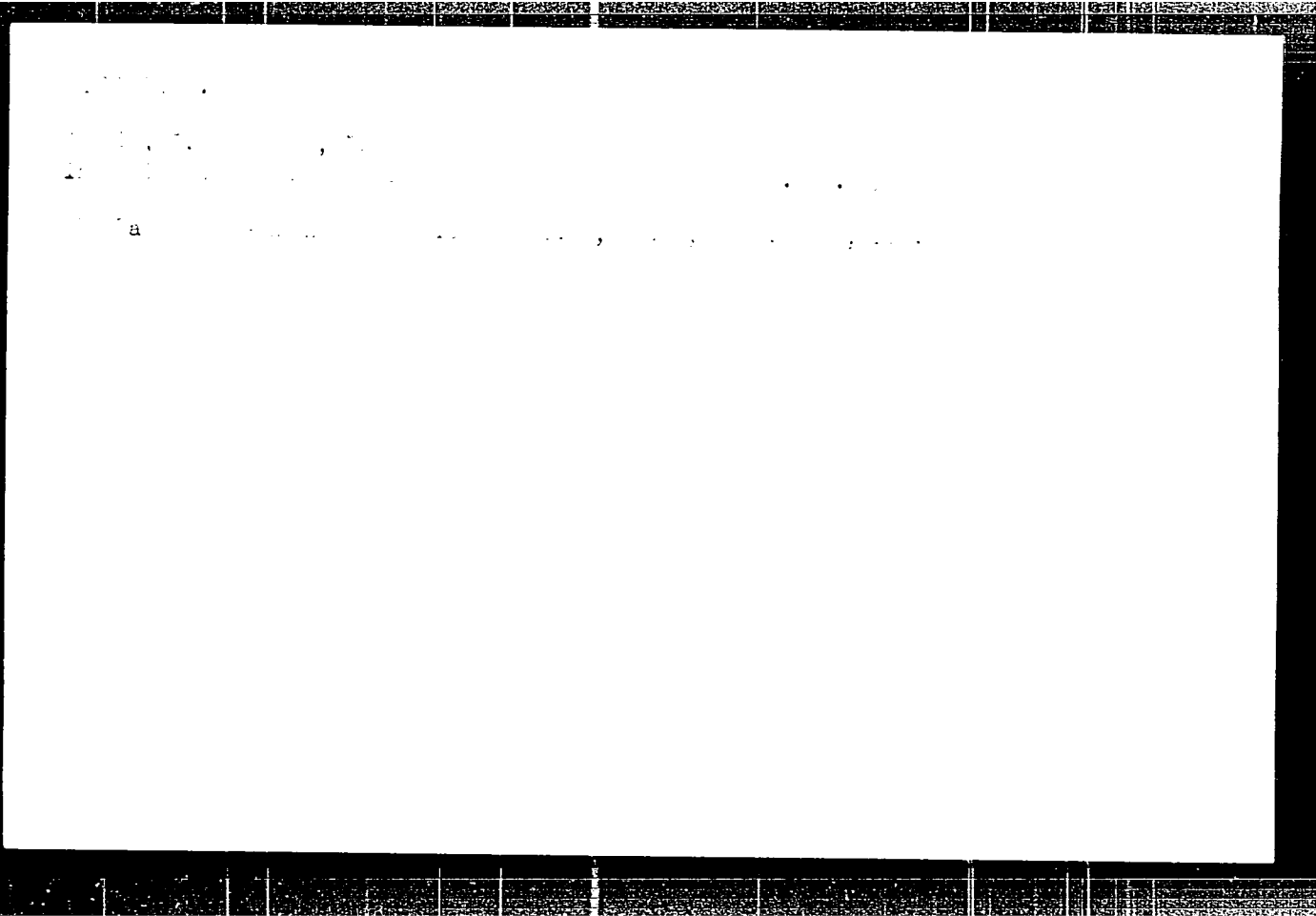
Attachments for induction heating. p. 70.
STROJIRENSKA VYRCBA, Prague, Vol. 4, no. 2, Feb. 1956.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 6,
June 1956, Uncl.

PAURNER, J.

"Method for surface heat treatment of metals by direct passage of high frequency current."
Strojirenstvi, Praha, Vol. 4, No. 7, July 1954, p. 531.

SC: Eastern European Accessions list, v. 1, p. 3, c. 11, Nov. 1954, 110.



PAUKNER, J.

"Induction Hardening of Parts of Agricultural Machinery." p. 358, Praha, Vol. 4, no. 5, May 1954.

SO: East European Accessions List, Vol. 3, No. 9, September 1954, Lib. of Congress

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

LITOMISKY, J; PAUKNER, O.

Raw Materials Institute (Ustav nerostnych surovin),
Kutna Hora (for both)

Prague, Casopis pro mineralogii a geologii, No 2, 1963,
pp 167-173

"Quantitative Determination of Thallium in Pyrite by
the Spectrochemical Method."

LITOMISKY, Jaromir; PAUKNER, O.

Quantitative determination of thallium in pyrite by the spectrochemical method. Cas min geol 8 no.2:167-174
Ap '63.

1. Ustav nerostnych surovin, Kutna Hora.

LITOMISKY, Jaromir; PAUKNER, Otomar

Use of cinematographic film instead of photographic plates
in spectrographic analysis. Chem prum 12 no.9:500 S '62.

1. Ustav nerostnych surovin, Kutna Hora.

ANDRASI, Janos; PAUKO, Sandor

Adjustment data on the injection pumps of foreign-made tractors.
Mezogazd techn 3 no.1:4-5 '63.

ANDRASI, Janos; PAUKO, Sandor

Adjustment of injection nozzles and fuel pumps.
Mazogazd techn 3 no.3:12-13 '63.

ANDREYEVA, Ye.A., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk; ZHUKOV, V.I., inzhener;
PAUKOV, A.D., inzhener; VALUYSKAYA, D.P., inzhener.

Effect of a superimposed continuous current on the bituminous
coating of steel pipelines. Trudy VNIISTROINEFT' no.8:52-80 '56.
(MLRA 9:11)

(Electrolytic corrosion) (Protective coatings) (Pipelines)

ANDREYEVA, Ye.A., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk; ~~PAUKOV, A.D.~~; VALUYSKAYA,
D.P.; RON', P.N., redaktor; DEMIDOV, Ya.F., tekhnicheskly redaktor

[The effect of superimposed direct current on bitumens covering
of steel pipes] Vliianie nalozhennogo postoiannogo toka na bitumnye
pokrytiia stal'nykh truboprovodov; nauchnoe soobshchenie. Moskva,
Otdel nauchno-tekhn. informatsii, 1955. 15 p. (MLBA 9:12)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po
strotel'stvu.

(Pipe, Steel--Corrosion) (Protective coating)

PAUKOV, I.Ye.; TONKOV, Ye.Yu.; MIFINSKIY, D.S.

Phase diagram of sulfur at high pressure. Dokl. AN SSSR. 164
no.3:588-589 S '65. (MIRA 12:9

1. Institut teplofiziki Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR. Submitted
March 22, 1965.

ACC NR: AP7003337

SOURCE CODE: UR/0076/66/040/012/3094/3097

AUTHOR: Paukov, I. Ye.; Nogteva, V. V.; Yarembash, Ye. I.

ORG: Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry, AN SSSR (Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN SSSR); Solid State Physics Section, Siberian Branch, VNIIFTRI (Otdel fiziki tverdogo tela Sibirskogo filiala VNIIFTRI)

TITLE: Study of the true heat capacity of rare earth chalcogenides at low temperatures. Part 1: True heat capacity at low temperatures, entropy and enthalpy of La_2Se_3

SOURCE: Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, v. 40, no. 12, 1966, 3094-3097

TOPIC TAGS: heat capacity, entropy, enthalpy, lanthanum compound, selenide

ABSTRACT: The article initiates a cycle of studies of the thermodynamic properties of rare earth chalcogenides, aimed at obtaining reliable values of heat capacity and entropy and establishing the rules governing their variation over the entire series of rare earth chalcogenides. The true heat capacity of finely crystalline La_2Se_3 was measured in the 13.4-296°K range with the aid of an adiabatic vacuum calorimeter. Values of absolute entropy $S^{\circ}_{298.15}$ and difference of enthalpies $H^{\circ}_{298.15} - H^{\circ}_0$ under standard conditions were calculated. A systematic deviation of the experimental points from the curve of c_p vs. T°K was observed. The nature of this anomaly has not been elucidated. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 2 tables.

Card 1/2

UDC: 541.11

L 4873-66 EWT(d)/EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EEC(k)-2/EPF(n)-2/I/EWP(t)/EWP(b)/EWA(h)
ACCESSION NR: AP501984 ETC(m) IJP(c) JD/WH/JW UR/0181/65/007/008/2330/2332

AUTHOR: ^{44.55} Nogteva, V. V.; ^{44.55} Paukov, I. Ye.; ^{44.55} Strelkov, P. G.

TITLE: Specific heat of metallic arsenic at low temperatures

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 7, no. 8, 1965, 2330-2332

TOPIC TAGS: arsenic, specific heat, temperature dependence, entropy, enthalpy

ABSTRACT: The purpose of the investigation was to study the temperature dependence of the true specific heat of metallic arsenic in the temperature interval 13--60K, and to obtain more accurate values of the absolute entropy at room temperature (298.15K) and the difference between the enthalpies at 0 and 298.15K. The low-temperature measurements were made with apparatus and a procedure similar to that developed by one of the authors (P. G. Strelkov et al. ZhFKh v. 28, 459, 1954). The results are illustrated in Fig. 1 of the enclosure. A certain anomaly in the temperature dependence of the specific heat, probably connected with the prior history of the sample, was observed in one arsenic sample but not in the others. The results indicate that at temperatures 13.9--17K the specific heat is proportional to the temperature raised to the 3.4 power, and at 17--27K the exponent drops to ~2.8. The reason for this change is not yet clear and calls for more measurements at lower temperatures. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table.

Card 1/3

L 4873-66

3

ACCESSION NR: AP5019844

ASSOCIATION: Institut teplofiziki SO AN SSSR, Novosibirsk (Institute of Thermo-
physics, SO AN SSSR) 44.55

SUBMITTED: 15Feb65

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: TD, M17

NR REP SOV: 002

OTHER: 001

Card 2/3

L 4873-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5019844

ENCLOSURE: 01

Specific heats and entropy and enthalpy differences

| T, K | C_p (cal/°)(g/at) | $S_T^0 - S_{13.9}^0$ entr. un. | $H_T^0 - H_{13.9}^0$ cal.g.at ⁻¹ |
|--------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 13.9 | 0.0851 | 0 | 0 |
| 15.0 | 0.1145 | 0.00758 | 0.1097 |
| 17.0 | 0.1710 | 0.0253 | 0.3943 |
| 20.0 | 0.2711 | 0.0607 | 1.051 |
| 25.0 | 0.4992 | 0.1444 | 2.947 |
| 30.0 | 0.7783 | 0.2593 | 6.133 |
| 35.0 | 1.059 | 0.4007 | 10.73 |
| 45.0 | 1.614 | 0.7335 | 24.09 |
| 60.0 | 2.435 | 1.312 | 54.56 |
| 80.0 | 3.312 | 1.976 | 112.6 |
| 100.0 | 3.968 | 2.789 | 185.7 |
| 150.0 | 4.928 | 4.602 | 410.9 |
| 200.0 | 5.360 | 6.087 | 669.4 |
| 250.0 | 5.638 | 7.313 | 944.4 |
| 298.15 | 5.899 | 8.328 | 1231.9 |

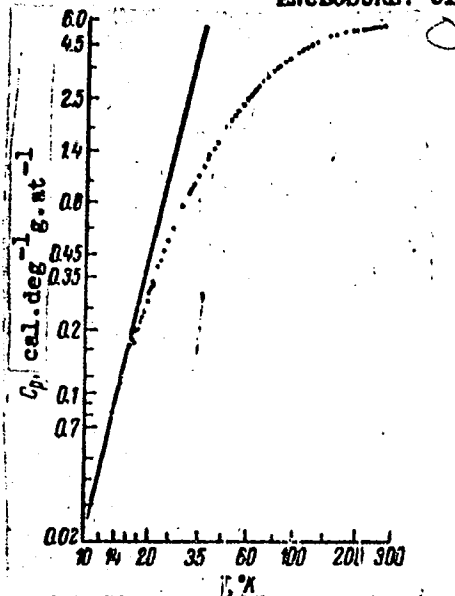


Fig. 1. Temperature dependence of specific heat and other thermodynamic characteristics of metallic arsenic

Card 3/3 *PC*

PAUKOV, I. Ye. Cand Chem Sci -- (diss) "Variation of the isobaric-isometric potential of reactions of the polymerization of lactams under standard conditions." Mos, 1959. 12 pp (Mos State Univ Im M. V. Lomonosov. Chem Faculty. Lab of Thermochemistry im V. F. Luginig), 110 copies (KL, 52-59, 117)

L 1640-66 EWT(d)/EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EEC(k)-2/EPF(n)-2/T/EWP(t)/EWP(b)/ETC(m)
IJP(c) JD/VW

ACCESSION NR: AP5014850

UR/0020/65/162/003/0543/0545

AUTHORS: ^{44.55} Faukov, I. Ye., ^{44.55} Strelkov, P. G. (corresponding member
AN SSSR); ^{44.55} Novikova, V. V.; ^{44.55} Belyy, V. I.

65
62
B

TITLE: Specific heat of black phosphorus at low temperatures

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 162, no. 3, 1965, 543-545

2, 44.55

TOPIC TAGS: entropy, enthalpy, phosphorus, specific heat, low temperature research

ABSTRACT: The purpose of this investigation was to determine the true specific heat of the crystalline modification of black phosphorus, and also to calculate the values of the absolute entropy and enthalpy under standard conditions. The sample investigated was obtained by means of a high pressure bomb, capable of operating up to 13,000 -- 14,000 kg/cm² at temperatures up to approximately 3000. The apparatus and the test procedure were essentially similar to those described earlier (P. G. Strelkov et al., ZhFkh v. 28, No. 3, 459, 1954). The results are tabulated. A plot of the specific heat at constant pres-

Card 1/2

L 1640-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5014850

3

sure against the temperature showed no anomalies. At low temperatures (14 -- 40K) the specific heat is proportional to the temperature raised to the 2.7 power. At higher temperatures the power is lower, and at temperatures 13 -- 20K it is equal to 2.7, increasing to the third power as called for by the Debye law. It is pointed out in the conclusion that there are no published data on the specific heat of black phosphorus. Orig. art. has: 1 table and 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: Institut teplofiziki Sibirskogo otdeleniya Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Thermophysics, Siberian Department, Academy of Sciences, SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 17Feb65

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: TD, GP

NR REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 005

Card 2/2 *SP*

KOLESOV, V.P.; PAUKOV, I.Ye.; SKURATOV, S.M.; Prinimali uchastiye:
FUW SHI-YAN'; SEREGIN, E.A.

Variation of the isobaric and isothermal potential in the
polymerization of lactams under standardized conditions. Zhur.
fiz. khim. 36 no.4:770-779 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova.
(Lactams--Thermal properties) (Polymerization)

5(4)

SOV/20-128-1-35/50

AUTHORS: Kolesov, V. P., Paukov, I. Ye., Skuratov, S. M., Seregin, E. A.

TITLE: The Standard Entropies of Some Lactams

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Vol 128, Nr 1 pp 130-132 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In spite of the numerous papers recently written on the measurement of the real specific heat of substances at low temperatures, data for organic substances are as yet rather sparse. Whereas the alkanes and alkenes have been investigated somewhat more thoroughly, data for heterocyclic compounds are lacking completely. Calculation of entropies according to semiempiric formulas (Refs 1-3) gives inexact values. The authors speak about measurements of specific heat at low temperatures (60 - 350°K) and of the melting heat of the following lactams: α -pyrrolidone, α -piperidone, ϵ -caprolactam and ζ -oenanthole-lactam. The synthesis and purification of these compounds was carried out by M. F. Yerofeyeva and V. N. Topchebasheva at the Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna (All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Artificial Fibers). Table 1 shows the measuring

Card 1/3

SOV/20-128-1-35/58

The Standard Entropies of Some Lactams

results, figure 2 the variation of specific heat with temperature. This variation is nearly linear, within the temperature interval measured, with different inclination towards the abscissa axis in the case of individual compounds. Table 2 mentions the melting temperatures and melting heats of the lactams investigated. For calculation of the absolute entropies, the curves of the specific heats were extrapolated from 60°K to 0°K by means of equations composed of Debye- and Einstein functions. These equations satisfy the experimental data within the interval of $60 - 170^{\circ}\text{K}$. Table 3 gives the absolute entropy standards of the solid lactams at 298.16°K and of liquid lactams at 350°K . There are 1 figure, 3 tables, and 5 references, 1 of which is Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M. V. Lomonosova
(Moscow State University imeni M. V. Lomonosov)

PRESENTED: May 13, 1959, by P. A. Rebinder, Academician

Card 2/3

L 35039-65 EWT(m)/ENG (n)/EWP (r)/EUP (b) IJP (c) EPM/JD
 S/0020/65/160/003/0619/0620

ACCESSION NR: AP5005893

AUTHOR: Tonkov, Ye. Yu.; Paukov, I. Ye.

TITLE: Melting point-pressure curve of selenium at pressures up to 45,000 kg/cm²

SOURCE: AN SSSR, Doklady, v. 160, no. 3, 1965, 619-620

TOPIC TAGS: selenium melting point, melting point pressure dependence

ABSTRACT: The pressure dependence of selenium melting temperature at pressures from 13,000 to 45,000 kg/cm² has been studied with 99.998%-pure selenium. On the basis of 18 tests the melting point-pressure curve for selenium was plotted (see Fig. 1 of the Enclosure). The melting point-pressure relationship is expressed by the equation

$$\frac{P}{a} = \left(\frac{T}{T_0} \right)^c - 1,$$

where P is pressure, T and T₀ the melting points at pressure P and atmospheric pressure, a and c are constants of the material; for selenium, a is 12,000 ± 1,000 kg/cm² and c is 2.2 ± 0.1. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 1 table, and 1 formula. [AZ]

Card 1/3

L 35039-65

ACCESSION NO: P5005893

ASSOCIATION: Institut teplofiziki Sibirskogo otdeleniya Akademii Nauk SSSR (Institute of Thermophysics, Siberian Department, Academy of Sciences, USSR)

SUBMITTED: 08 Jul 64

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: MM

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 003

ATD PRESS: 3216

Card 2/3

L 35039-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5005893

0
ENCLOSURE: 01

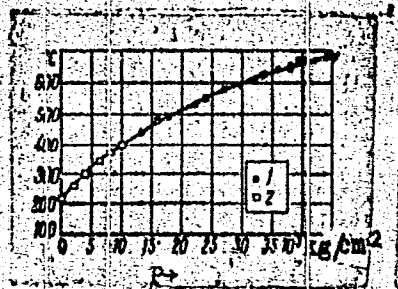


Fig. 1. Pressure dependence of the melting temperature of selenium

1 - Data of this study; 2 - Babb's data

Card 3/3

PA'KOV, I. Ye ; STRIKOV, F. G ; NIKITVA, V. V , BELIN, V .

Heat harvesting of solar radiation at low temperatures. Part 2. AN
SSSR Izv. Akad. Nauk SSSR, 1977, No. 12, p. 2100-2104. 5 refs.

In: Institut Tehn. Fiziki Sverdlovsk. Univ. Izv. AN SSSR,
Sverdlovsk. Ser. Fiz.-Mat. Nauk, 1977, No. 1, p. 10-14.

PAUKOV, P.V.; SHPEKHT, A.A.

Automation of the manufacture of pistons in the "Avtotraktorodetal'"
factory in Tambov. Trakt. i sel'khoz mash. 32 no.1:42-45 Ja '62.
(MIRA 19:1)

1. Glavnyy inzh. Tambovskogo zavoda "Avtotraktorodetal'" (for Paukov).
2. Rukovoditel' tekhnologicheskogo byuro Tambovskogo zavoda "Avtotraktorodetal'" (for Shpekht).
(Tambov--Pistons) (Assembly-line methods)

BOLOGA, M.K.; LEVIN, G.M.; PAUKOV, Yu.N.

Effect of vibration on convective heat transfer. Izv. AN Mold.
SSR. no.3:82-98 '63. (MIRA 17:12)

GERASIMOV, Vasil'y Ivanovich, inzh.; PAUKOV, Yelisey Vasil'yevich, inzh.;
PASHKEVICH, Aleksey Il'ich, inzh.; PRYAKHIN, Leonid Grigor'yevich,
inzh.; PETERSHUK, M.I., inzh., nauchnyy red.; VLASOV, P.Ye., red.
izd-va; KL'KINA, E.M., tekhn.red.

[Use of refractories and construction of coke ovens] Ogneupornye
i montazhnye raboty pri stroitel'stve kokaovykh tsekhov. Moskva,
Gos.izd-vo lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i stroit. materialam, 1960.
498 p. (MIRA 13:12)

(Coke ovens)

PAUKOVA, Anna

What are the problems in epithelial lesions of the cervix uteri in field gynecological practice. Cesk. gyn. 26[40] no.10:734-737 D '61.

1. Gynecologicke oddeleni UNZ Praha 6.
(CERVIX NEOPLASMS diag)

SEBEK, V., doc.; PAUKOVA, A.

The treatment of vaginal discharge with particular attention to
the so-called restititional curative phase. *Cesk.gyn.*25[39]
no.6:467-469 J1'60.

1. Gyn. por. odd. v Praze-Motole, prednosta doc. V.Sebek,
(VAGINA dis)

SEBEK, V., Doc; FANTOVA, B.; GREGOROVA, E.; JERABKOVA, V.; PAJKOVA, A.;
PETER, R., Prof., Dr.Sc.; POHUNEK, M.; REPISTAK, J.; VOJTA, M. Doc.

Treatment of vaginal discharges in adult women. Cesk. gyna. 26[40]
no.4:260-265 '61.

(LEUKORRHEA ther)

SEREK, V., doc.; PAUKOVA, Anna

Exercise therapy in menorrhagia in adolescents. *Cesk.gyn.* 26
[40] no.1/2:45-47 P '61.

1. Gyn.-por. odd. nemocnice Praha-Motol, prednosta doc.dr. V.Sebek.
(MENORRHAGIA AND METRORRHAGIA in adolescence)
(EXERCISE THERAPY)

SEBEK, V., Doc.; PAUKOVA, E.

Biological therapy of torpid leukorrhea by live cultures of
Lactobacillus acidophilus. Cesk. gyn. 25[39] no.1/2:116-120
Mr '60.

1. Gyn.por. odd. Praha-Motol, prednosta doc. dr. V. Sebek.
(LEUKORRHEA, ther.)
(LACTOBACILLUS ACIDOPHILUS)

PAVKOVA, L.

3

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

CHUDOMEL, V; JEZKOVA, Z; PAVKOVA, L; KRATKOVA, E., MD.

1. Institute of Hematology and Blood Transfusion (Ustav hematologie a krevni transfuze), Prague;
2. Laboratory of Plastic Surgery (Laborator plasticke chirurgie), Prague;
3. Children's Internal Medicine Ward of the Thomajerovy Hospital (Detske vnitri oddeleni Thomajerovy nemocnice), Prague-Krži (for Kratkova)

Prague, Vnitri lekarstvi, No 3, 1963, pp 260-263

"The Significance of Antibodies Against Renal Tissue in Patients Suffering from Renal Diseases."

3

YUGOSLAVIA

TUNJL, B.; ALERAJ, Z. and RAUKOVIC, G.; Veterinary Institute (Veterinarski Institut) Zagreb.

"Use of Attenuated Fowl-Pox Virus in Preventing Fowl Pox in Poultry Farms."

Belgrade, Veterinarski Glasnik, Vol 20, No 7, 1966; pp 521, 525.

Abstract [English summary modified]: Study with an attenuated strain of fowl-pox virus, lyophilized, passaged through chorioallantoic membrane and injected s.c.; very good results as measured by degree and persistence of immunity in 742500 birds. Table. Manuscript received 11 May 66.

1/1

- 120 -

PAUKSH, P.[Pauks, P.](Riga); EYDUK, Yu.[Eiduks, J.](Riga)

Testing of cast iron used for wet process enameling. *Vestis Latv*
ak no.4:77-84 '61. (EEAI 10:9)

1. Akademiya nauk Latvyskoy SSR, Institut khimii.

(Cast iron) (Enamel and enameling)

PAUKSE, P.[Pauks, P.] (Riga); EYDUK, Yu.[Eiduks, J.] (Riga)

Effect of granulometric composition in enamel suspensions on the
properties of wet process ground coat enamels for cast iron. Vestis
Latv ak no.3:77-84 '61. (EEAI 10:9)

1. Akademiya nauk Latvyskoy SSR, Institut khimii.

(Enamel and enameling)

PAUKSH, F. [Pauks, P.]; EYDUK, Yu. [Eiduks, J]

Effect of the granulometric composition of dross on the properties of various primings for wet coating of cast iron. Vestis Latv ak no.3:77-86 '61.

1. Institut khimi AN Latvyskoy SSR.

Pauck, J.G.

PLATE : D-X EXHIBITION SET : 206

Rigs, University

Demerys, L. H. *Electrolytic Conductivity*. Reinhold, New York, 1951.

Chemistry Faculty, 21 Rigs, 1957. 251 p. 350 copies printed.

Ed. (Title page). A. J. Yerlin, an Professor, Doctor of Chemistry, L. I. Lepel'skiy, Member of the Academy of Sciences, Leningrad; S. M. Prokofiev, Doctor of Chemistry, O. Ya. Yankin, Professor, Doctor of Chemistry, Yek. Ed.: A. Petrovskiy, Chemistry; O. Ya. Yankin, Professor, Doctor of Chemistry, Yek. Ed.: A. Petrovskiy.

PROCES: This book is intended for inorganic chemists and scientists in the chemical industries.

CONTENTS: The book contains 22 articles on organic chemical synthesis and analysis; electrochemical properties and compositions of metals and refractory and inert materials; physical properties of polymers, alloys, and refractory materials; and other subjects.

1. Yerlin, A. J., Yerlin, L. I., and E. G. Gerasimov. The Use of Sodium Nitroprusside in Qualitative Analysis 9
2. Yerlin, A. J., Yerlin, L. I., and E. G. Gerasimov. The Luminescence of Aluminum Oxide 17
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7. Yerlin, A. J., Yerlin, L. I., and E. G. Gerasimov. On the Physical Mechanism of the Alkylation of Acetylene and Ethylene with Alcohol Using a γ Catalyst 59
8. Yerlin, A. J., Yerlin, L. I., and E. G. Gerasimov. Study of Sulfate Acid and Its Derivatives 69
9. Orlovskiy, V. I., and L. I. Gerasimov. The Concentration of Physicochemical Factors and Their Influence on Fermentation 79
10. Yerlin, A. J., Yerlin, L. I., and E. G. Gerasimov. The Problem of Preliminary Synthesis of γ -Irradiation-Induced Polymers and Their Use in the Synthesis of Sulfate Acids 89
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14. Yerlin, A. J., Yerlin, L. I., and E. G. Gerasimov. The Production of Caustic Soda 163
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22. Yerlin, A. J., Yerlin, L. I., and E. G. Gerasimov. The Physicochemical Properties of Enamel Coatings on Cast Iron 225

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

FORM 4/5

14/17/58
9/23/60

PAUKSHTEL', B.F.; NOVIKOV, I.K.; GAL'PER, Kh.T.

Results of the organization of an anesthesiological service in
Mogilev Province. Zdrav. Bel. 9 no.2:62 F'63. (March 1967)
(MOGILEV PROVINCE—ANESTHESIA)

PAUKSHEL', B.F.; MAMAYEV, L.A.

Relaparotomy for postoperative intraventral hemorrhage.
Zdrav. Bel. 8 no.6:62 Je'62. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo otdeleniya Belynichskoy rayonnoy bol'-
nitsy (glavnyy vrach R.R.Shpakovskiy)
(GASTROINTESTINAL HEMORRHAGE) (STOMACH—SURGERY)

5(4)

AUTHORS:

Paukov, I. Ye., Kolesov, V. P.,
Skuratov, S. M.

SOV/20-126-2-2"/64

TITLE:

The Variation of the Isobaric-Isothermal Potential Under Standard Conditions for the Reaction of the Polymerization of ϵ -Caprolactam (Izmeneniye izobarno-izotermicheskogo potentsiala pri standartnykh usloviyakh dlya reaktsii polimerizatsii ϵ -kaprolaktama)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Vol 126, Nr 2, pp 325-326 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The present paper describes the results obtained by measuring the true specific heat of ϵ -caprolactam and poly- ϵ -caprolactam within the temperature range of 60 - 373°K. From these data ΔS and ΔZ (the significance of these quantities is not defined) are calculated for the polymerization reaction of ϵ -caprolactam under standard conditions. Measurements were carried out in an adiabatic vacuum calorimeter already described (Ref 5). A new calorimetric ampoule was constructed for the present investigation. Good agreement was, by the way, found to exist with the results obtained by other authors. The ϵ -caprolactam was distilled

Card 1/4

The Variation of the Isobaric-Isothermal Potential
Under Standard Conditions for the Reaction of the
Polymerization of ϵ -Caprolactam

SOV/20-125-2-27/61

5 times in an atmosphere of dry nitrogen, after which it was dried a long time over phosphorus pentoxide. The quantity of impurities in ϵ -caprolactam was 0.05 mol%. The poly- ϵ -caprolactam preparation was produced by dissolving the technical preparation in formic acid and by slow precipitation with water. Further treatment of the sample is briefly discussed. The values of the specific heat of ϵ -caprolactam and poly- ϵ -caprolactam are shown (in abridged form) in a table. For ϵ -caprolactam the deviation of some points from the smoothed curve $c_p - T$ usually amounted to not more than 0.1 %, and only in rare cases they amounted to 0.2 %. For poly- ϵ -caprolactam these deviations may attain a value of 0.4 %. When measuring specific heat, the value 3847.8 cal/mol was obtained for the melting heat of ϵ -caprolactam, and for the melting point of pure ϵ -caprolactam the value 342.305°K was found. Neither the monomer nor the polymer shows an anomalous behavior of specific heat within the temperature range of from 60 to 373°K . The anomaly found in the course

Card 2/4

The Variation of the Isobaric-Isothermal Potential
Under Standard Conditions for the Reaction of the
Polymerization of ϵ -Caprolactam

SOV/20-126-2-27/64

of an earlier investigation (Ref 7) was not confirmed. The standard values of the absolute entropies ($S_{298.16}^0$) were computed by numerical integration from the curves $c_p - \ln T$. For $S_{298.16}^0$ of ϵ -caprolactam and of poly- ϵ -caprolactam the authors found the values 40.26 and 47.36 entropy units respectively. In the polymerization of ϵ -caprolactam at 298.16°K entropy is therefore varied by +1.1 entropy units. For this reaction the value of ΔH is -37 kcal/mol. Therefore, the isobaric-isothermal potential of this reaction at 298.16°K is varied by $\Delta Z = -4.0$ kcal/mol. The amount of this variation is thus essentially determined by the variation of enthalpy. There are 1 table and 7 references, 4 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:
Card 3/4

Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M. V. Lomonosova
(Moscow State University imeni M. V. Lomonosov)

The Variation of the Isobaric-Isothermal Potential
Under Standard Conditions for the Reaction of the
Polymerization of ϵ -Caprolactam

SOV/20-126-2-27/64

PRESENTED: February 6, 1959, by P. A. Rebinder, Academician

SUBMITTED: February 4, 1959

Card 4/4

PAUKOV, N.U., starshiy master stana 500

Work on one's own belongings. Metallurg 3 no.7:40 J1 '58.
(MIRA 12:1)

1. Magnitogorskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat.
(Rolling mills--Maintenance and repair)

AUTHOR: Paskov, N.U.

SOV/130-58-1-21/35

TITLE: ~~Work Experience~~ — Our National Heritage
na rodnoye dostoyaniye)

(Opyt raboty

PERIODICAL: Metallurg, 1958, nr 7, p 40 (USSR).

ABSTRACT: In this autobiographical sketch, the author describes the early history of the 500-mill at the Magnitogorsk Metallurgical Combine and outlines how some of the difficulties were overcome (e.g. in the rolling of flanged sections) and improvements made (e.g. in rolling rounds and squares). New sections have been rolled and a method for doubling roll life has been developed after investigations with Engineer S.P.Crl. At present, the mill produces nr 12 and nr 14 new-standard lightened channels and is starting to produce the angles. He emphasises the value of accumulated operating experience. There is 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: Magnitogorskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat
(Magnitogorsk Metallurgical Combine)

Card 1/1

1. Rolling mills--Performance 2. Rolling mills--USSR

OREL, S.P.; PAUKOV, N.U.

Better utilization of rolls. Metallurg 2 no.3:20-21 Mr '57.

(MLRA 10:4)

1. Nachal'nik smeny stana 500 (for Orel). 2. Starshiy master stana
500 Magnitogorskogo metallurgicheskogo kombinata (for Paukov)
(Rolls (Iron mills))

AUTHOR: Pankov, N.U.

BCV/130-50-7-27/35

TITLE: Work Experience — Our National Heritage
na rodnoye dostoyaniye)

(Opyt raboty

PERIODICAL: Metallurg, 1958, nr 7, p 40 (USSR).

ABSTRACT: In this autobiographical sketch, the author describes the early history of the 500-mill at the Magnitogorsk Metallurgical Combine and outlines how some of the difficulties were overcome (e.g. in the rolling of flanged sections) and improvements made (e.g. in rolling rounds and squares). New sections have been rolled and a method for doubling roll life has been developed after investigations with Engineer S.P.Orl. At present, the mill produces nr 12 and nr 14 new-standard lightened channels and is starting to produce the angles. He emphasises the value of accumulated operating experience. There is 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: Magnitogorskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat
(Magnitogorsk Metallurgical Combine)

Card 1/1

1. Rolling mills--Performance 2. Rolling mills--USSR

Handwritten: 310 100

AUTHORS: Orel, S.P., (Shift Manager of the 500-rolling mill), and Paukov, N.Yu, (Senior foreman of the mill). 130-3-10/22

TITLE: Experience in improving the utilization of rolls. (Opyt uluchsheniya ispol'zovaniya valkov).

PERIODICAL: "Metallurg" (Metallurgist), 1957, No.3, pp.20-21 (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT: The 500-mill considered in this article consists of nine two-high stands; The wide variety of sections rolled by this mill requires a very large roll-store. Examples are briefly given of schemes for regrinding rolls which have considerably increased their service life when rolling channels, bars, rails and reinforcing rounds. There is 1 diagram.

ASSOCIATION: Magnitogorsk Metallurgical Combine (Magnitogorskiy Metallurgicheskiy kombinat).

AVAILABLE:

Card 1/1

PAUKOV, P.

(PRZEGLAD ODLEWNICTWA, Vol. 3, No. 1, Jan. 1953, Krakow, Poland)
"Cast-iron tools with teeth of cemented carbides. Tr. From the Russian." p. 30

SO: MONTHLY LIST OF EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS, L.C., Vol. 3, No. 4, APRIL 1954

PAUKOV, Petr Vasil'yevich; SHPEKHT, Oleg Adamovich; KORNEYEV, S.G.,
red.; POPOV, V.N., tekhn. red.

[From automatic machines to an automatic plant] Ot stankov-
avtomatov k zavodu-avtomatu. Tambov, Tambovskoe knizhnoe
izd-vo, 1962. 39 p. (MIRA 15:11)

(Automation)

(Tambov Province--Tractor industry)

(Tambov Province--Automobile industry)

PAUKOV, Semen Markovich, ogranom; POLYAKOVA, V., red.; PAVLOVA, S., tekhn.
red.

[Over-all mechanization of a dairy farm] Kompleksnaia mekhaniza-
tsia molochnoi fermy. Moskva, Mosk. rabochii, 1961. 35 p.

(MIRA 14:7)

I. Predsedatel' kolkhoza imeni Dzerzhinskogo Lyuberetskogo rayona
Moskovskoy oblasti (for Paukov)
(Dairying) (Farm mechanization)

PAUKSH, P. [Pauks, P.] (Riga); EYDUK, Yu. [Eiduks, J.] (Riga); KAMINSKIS, Ya.
[Kaminskis, J.] (Riga)

Effect of the preparation method on the properties of fretted
base glaze of type borax, sand. In Russian. Vestis Latv ak no.3:
119-124 '60. (ERAI 10:7)

1. Akademiya nauk Latvyskoy SSR, Institut khimiyi.
(Borax) (Glazes) (Sand)

KYDUK, Yu. [Eiduk, J.] (Riga); PAUKSH, P. [Pauks, P.] (Riga)

**Effect of the fineness of admixture grinding on the properties
of fritted prime coat enamels. In Russian. Vestis Latv ak no.5:
105-108 '60. (EEAI 10:7)**

- 1. Akademiya nauk Latvyskoy SSR, Institut khimii.
(Enamel and enameling)**

Conference on Enamels and Metal Enameling

90/72-56-12-22/23

P.G. Puzub, Leningrad Polytechnical University (Leningrad State University) reported on the investigation of fritted prime enamels for coating cast iron.

V.A. Kochkin, Scientific Research Institute of Sanitary Engineering, spoke on the influence of chemical composition on some properties of easily fusible powder enamel.

By the LVI Lenin Institute the following reports were given:

L.I. Gatorova on prime-less steel and aluminum enameling.

A.V. Makhryukova on non-plastic alluic enamel for aluminum.

G.A. Kuryukova on slightly colored satiny enamel.

D.V. Eshurak on the investigation of a systematic series of oxides for obtaining blue and brown pigments.

The Sovietmetal Polytechnical Institute gave the following reports:

A.P. Starov on new methods of enamel testing, and on the influence of iron oxide on the physico-chemical properties of the prime coat.

V.G. Gerasimov on the importance of the gas phase in the burning process of the prime coat.

Ie.M. Chistova on phosphate enamel.

Ie.I. Podrasina on prime-less coats.

Collaborators of the Dnepropetrovsk Chemical-Technological Institute reported:

G.I. Belyayev on the acid content and basicity of enamel, and on the influence of the composition on some properties of prime enamel.

Iu.B. Marinov on the damping of enamel by antimony.

L.V. Furia, Leningradsky Khimiko-Tekhnicheskii Universitet (Leningrad Chemical Foodstuff Kombinat) and S.I. Solov'ev, Khimicheskii Kombinat (Leningrad Chemical Foodstuff Kombinat) and S.I. Solov'ev, Khimicheskii Kombinat, on the experiment of manufacturing enameled obstacles for crumbing of steel.

A.M. Shumova spoke on the causes of blistering of prime enamel at the Zaporozhskiy Metallurgicheskiy Zavod (Zaporozhskiy Metallurgicheskiy Zavod) and the methods of preventing this fault.

I.I. Kravchenko, Magnitnyy Gornyi Arsen, reported on the successful application of vibration grinding for crumbing sand and non-ferrous enamel layers, as well as on the experiment of using white titanium enamel.

V.G. Zayev reported on the improvement in the burning technology of enamel coats in connection with the change-over of furnaces to ABE, as well as on prospects of surface glass burning.

V.A. Oberin reported on the work of the design office of the enamel manufacturers at the Lys'venokskiy Metallurgicheskiy Zavod.

B.I. Izgorov, representative of the State Office for Glass Enameling, on the planned production volume for the next years, as well as on the standard specifications of borax consumption provided.

The members of the conference passed resolutions for obtaining an improvement in the quality of enamel products, as well as for increasing their production and creating a new technology and new production methods.

Card 4/4

Card 5/4

PAUKOV, P. V.

Metal Cutting

Cast iron instruments with hard-alloy surfaces. Sten. i instr., 23, No. 4, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, ~~November~~ 1952 Uncl.

PAUKOV, V.V., fel'dsher

Control of helminth infections at feldsher and midwife centers.
Fel'd. i akush. no.4:47-48 Ap '55. (MLRA 8:7)

1. Sykhdol'skiy fel'dshersko-akusherskiy punkt.
(HELMINTH INFECTIONS, prev. and control,
in Russia)

PAUKOV, Ye.V.

The book of K.I. Igalov, G.S. Khalabuzar' and S.I. Kaftan
"Starting up coke ovens." Reviewed by E.V. Paukov. Koks i
khim. no.8:59-60 '56. (MIRA 10:1)

1. Koksokhimmontazh.
(Coke ovens)

ACC NR: AP6013159 (A) SOURCE CODE: CZ/0078/66/000/004/0025/0025

INVENTOR: Paukovic, Marian Jan (Bratislava); Kovac, Jaroslav (Engineer; Candidate of Sciences; Bratislava)

ORG: None 31
B

TITLE: [A smoke-producing mixture] CZ Pat. No. PV 2845-64, Class 78d

SOURCE: Vynalezky, no. 4, 1966, 25

TOPIC TAGS: smoke generator, chlorinated aromatic compound, potassium chloride, naphthalene

ABSTRACT: This patent introduces a mixture which produces smoke by the reaction between lindane and metals. The product is made up of 20/85% isomers of lindane separated during the production of the pure γ -isomer of benzene hexachloride, 5-20% aluminum and 10-25% zinc, and/or 20-40% zinc oxide, and/or 5-10% ammonium chloride, and/or 10-25% naphthalene and/or 5-20% of some such oxidizing agent as potassium nitrate or potassium chloride. [Translation] 27

SUB CODE: 19 SUBM DATE: 18May64

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