

PAV. J.; WENKEOVA, J.; KUHN, E.

The problem of lipoprotein lipase and postheparin serum esterase.
Cas.lek.cesk 100 no.9:273-275 3 Mr '61.

1. Ustav pro vyzkum vyzivy lidu Praha, red. doc. MUDr. J. Masek.

(LIPOPROTEIN LIPASE) (HEPARIN pharmacol)
(ESTERASES blood)

Country : CZECHOSLOVAKIA

T

Category: Human and Animal Physiology. Internal
Secretion. Pancreas

Abs Jour: RZhDokl., N 19, 1958, 89021

Author : Pav, J.

Inst :

Title : The Metabolism of Ketone Bodies in Diabetes.

Orig Pub: Ceskosl. gastroenterol. a vyziva 1956, 10, No 6,
453-456

Abstract: Patients (13) with mild and moderately severe forms
of diabetes received, upon fasting, 180 g of whipped
cream (60.5 g of fat, 4.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrates).
Ketonein (K) was determined by the method of Messingcr-Engfeldt immediately before the administration of the cream and within 2, 3, and 4 hours.

Card : 1/2

T-71

PAV, Jeromir
SURNAME, Given Name

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees:

Research Institute for Forestry and Game Protection (Vyzkumni ustav lesniho hospodarstvi a myslivosti) Libeňský nám Vltaví

Source: Prague, Československá Akademie Zdravotnických Věd, Veterinární Medicína, Vol 6(34), No 8, Aug 61; pp 665-678

Data: "New Way of Determining Health of Wild & Hoofed Game by Feed Stations in Winter"

LOCHMAN, Josef; Lázek
PAV, Jeromir

GPO 981643

PAV, J
SURNAME (in caps); Given Name(s)

Country: Czechoslovakia

(2)

Academic Degrees: /not given/

Affiliation: Institute of Research on Human Nutrition (Ustav pro vyzkum
výživy lidu), Prague; Director (Reditel): Doc MUDr J Hasek

Source: Brno, Vnitřní Lekarství, Vol VII, No 8, August 1961, pp 920-925

Date: "Remarks on the Treatment of Obese Diabetic Patients."

//L

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PAV, J.; ŠRAMKOVÁ, J.; SCHMITZOVÁ, O.; 3rd Internal Clinic,
Faculty of General Medicine, Charles University (I.I. Interní
Klinika Fak. Všeob. Lek. UK), Prague, Head (Prednosta) MUDr
of Academy J. ČARVAT.

"Serum Insulin Level After Different Stimuli."

Prague, Casopis Lekaru Českých, Vol 105, No 4, 4 Nov 66, p 1216

Abstract: Methods of investigating glucose metabolism are discussed.
Authors' immunological method is discussed. Glycemia level in
10 people below 35 and of 15 above 65 is compared. Peroral glycemic
curve influences the washing out of insulin. Lower usage of glucose
in older people is probably due to other factors than to an in-
sufficient response of insulinemia to beta-cell stimulation. 1
Table, 4 Western, 2 Czech references.

1/1

- 55 -

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001239520001-8"

KAS, Vaclav, prof., Vladimír Kalandra, Bohuslav Kalandra,
Augustin, akademik; PARIZEK, Miroslav, dr.; TOMSIK, Boleslav, prof.;
PATOCKA, Jan, dr., kandidat biologichych ved; CHURY, Jiri, doc. dr.;
PAV, Jaromir, dr.; JANDA, Jiri, dr.; KANAK, Karel, inz.; ZAVADIL,
Zdenek, inz.

Discussion of the report of the scientific secretary of the
Czechoslovak Academy of Agricultural Sciences. Vestnik CSAZV 7
no.1/2:100-118 '60. (EEAI 9:7)

1. Vysoka skola zemedelska a lesnicka, Brno (for Kas, Parizek,
Tomsik, Chury). 2. Vysoka skola zemedelska, Praha (for Kosil).
3. Predseda VI. odboru Ceskoslovenske akademie zemedelskych ved
Stiavnica (for Patocka). 4. Vyzkumny ustav lesneho hospodarstva, Banska
myslivosti Ceskoslovenske akademie zemedelskych ved, Zbraslav (for
Pav, Janda, Kanak, Zavadil).
(Czechoslovakia--Agriculture)

KANDRAC, Michal; PAV, Jaroslav; PECHOVA, Irena

Successful steroid therapy of severe enteritis caused by gold
therapy. Cas.lek.cesk 100 no.12:361-367 24 Mr '61.

1. Laborator pro endokrinologii a metabolismus KU v Praze, prednosta
akademik Josef Charvat a Ustav pro vyzkum vyzivy lidu v Praze,
prednosta doc. dr. Josef Masek.

(GOLD toxicol) (ADRENAL CORTEX HORMONES ther)
(ENTERITIS etiol)

PAV, J.; PLACER, Z.; KUHN, E.; ROUBAL, Z.

Post-heparin activity of esterases in human serum. II. Inhibition
of esterolysis and fading of esterase activity. Cas. lek. cesk.
98 no.39:1232-12326 25 S '59.

1. Ustav pro výzivy lidu, Praha, reditel doc. dr. J. Masek.
Výzkumný ustav pro farmacii a biochemii v Praze, reditel ing.
dr. O. Nemeck.
(ESTERASES blood)

PAV, J.; WENKHOVA, J.; KUHN, E.

On the cause of post-heparin esterases in rats. *Cesk. fysiol.*
9 no.1:41-42 Ja 60.

1. Ustav pro vyzkum vyzivy lidu. Praha.
(LIPOPROTEIN LIPASE)

PAV, J.; SONKA, J.

New concepts on the pathogenesis of diabetes mellitus. Cas.
lek. cesk. 103 no.30:817-823 27.11.'64

1. III. interni klinika fakulty všeobecného lekarství KU
[Karlov University] v Praze; prednosta: akademik J. Charvat.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology. Cellulose and H-33
Its Derivatives. Paper.

Pav, J.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 14, 1959, 51996.

Author : Pav, J.

Inst : Not given.

Title : Possibilities of Utilization of Supersonics in the
Paper Industry.

Orig Pub: Papir a celulosa, 1958, 13, No 12, 273-276.

Abstract: The theory of supersonics is reviewed from the
standpoint of its application to the treatment of
cellulose fibers. A particular emphasis is de-
voted to mechanical supersonic generators and to
possibilities of their utilization in the paper
industry.

Card 1/1

H-198

KUHN, R.; PAV, J.; PLACER, Z.

Certain metabolic effects of intravenous heparin. Cesk. fysiol.
8 no.3:218 Apr 59.

1. Ustav pro vyzivu lidu, Praha. Predneseno na III. Fysiologickych
inech v Brne dne 15. 1. 1959.

(HEPARIN, eff.

on metab. intravenous admin. (Cz))

(METABOLISM, TISSUE, eff. of drugs on,
heparin, intravenous admin. (Cz))

PAV, J.; WENKOVA, J.

Utilization of glucose by the leukocytes in diabetes. Cesk. fysiol.
? no.4:365-366 July 58.

1. Ustav pro vyzkum vyzivy lidu, Praha.
(DIABETES MELLITUS, blood in,
leukocyte glucose utilization (Cz))
(LEUKOCYTES,
glucose utilization in diabetes mellitus (Cz))

PAV, Jaroslav; PLACER, Zdenek; ROUBAL, Zdenek

Human blood esterase activity after heparin administration. I. Hydrolysis of various fatty acid esters. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.20:620-625 16 May 58.

1. Ustav pro vyzkum vyzivy lidu, Praha, reditel doc. dr. J. Masek,
Vyzkumný ustav pro farmacil a biochemii, Praha, reditel Ing. dr.
O. Nešecák. J. P., Praha-Krc, Budejovická 800.

(ESTERASES, in blood

hydrolysis of fatty acid esters, eff. of heparin (Cz))

(HEPARIN, eff.

on blood esterase hydrolysis of fatty acid esters (Cz))

(FATTY ACIDS, metab.

hydrolysis of fatty acid esters by blood esterases, eff.
of heparin (Cz))

PAV, J.; NEKEROVÁ,

"Utilization of glucose by white blood corpuscles in diabetes."

CESKOSLOVENSKA FISIOLOGIKA, Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 9, no. 4, July 1962

Monthly List of East Europe Accessions (EEAI), IC, Vol. 2, No. 4, Sept. 1962
Unclassified

PAV, Jarmil, inz.

Analysis of the vibration of machine parts based upon the
mathematical theory of elasticity. Sbor cel pap 6:9-29 '61

PAV, Jaroslav, MUDr.

Therapeutic diet in diabetes; diet with higher carbohydrate content and lower fat content. Cesk. gastroenter. 9 no.3:
182-186 Sept 55.

l. Ustav pro vyzkum vyzivy lidu, Praha. Reditel doc. Dr.

J. Masek.

(DIABETES MELLITUS, therapy,
diet)

(DIETS, in various diseases,
diabetes mellitus)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239520001-8

PAV, J.; LIBNAR, Z.

Equipment for fine defibration of fibrous raw materials. Sovz.
cel pap 9:207-238 '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239520001-8"

S/196/62/000/023/002/000
E194/E155

AUTHORS: Funk, Karel, Srnka, Osvald, Pav, Karel,
Pasek, Libos, and Frkal, Antonin

TITLE: A method of fixing metal parts on porcelain
with synthetic materials

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotehnika i energetika,
no. 23, 1962, 1, abstract 23 B 3 p. (Czech pat.
cl. 21 e, 13/01; 21 c, 13/10, no. 99807,
June 1, 1961)

TEXT: The adhesive patented consists of a liquid mixture
of methyl-methacrylate and polymethyl-methacrylate with the
addition of a tertiary amine as a catalyst. A filler may be
added to the mixture, for example, coarse porcelain chips.

[Abstractor's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

BURAN, Ludovit; PAVEK, Karol; SELECKY, Frantisek V.

Fluctuations in the sensitivity of guinea pigs to 3-strophanthin in
the course of a year. Biologia 17 no.12:902-906 '62.

1. Ceskoslovenska akademie vied, Chemicky ustav Slovenskej akademie
vied, Oddelenie farmakodynamiky v Bratislave.
(STROPHANTHIN) (SEASONS)

~~PAV, K. J.~~ (Praha-Krc, Budejovicka 800)

Dietary & hormonal treatment of the sprue syndrome. Cesk. gastroenter.
11 no.5:361-367 5 Sept 57.

1. Ustav pro vyzkum vyzkivy lidu, Praha-Krc, reditel doc. Dr. J. Masek.
(SPRUE, ther.
ACTH, cortisone & diet (Cz))
(ACTH, ther. use
sprue (Cz))
(CORTISONE, ther. use
sprue (Cz))
(DIETS, in var. dis.
sprue (Cz))

PAV V. Chirurgické klinika v Hradci Králové. O lečení osteomyelitidy lóže-
nické kosti. Treatment of osteomyelitis of the s

u
l Prakt. lek. 1950, 0/4
(67-6°)

Two cases are described. Only a radical operation can be successful.
The extirpation of the affected bone must be timely and extensive. Penicillin
is only an adjuvant to surgical intervention.

Henner - Prezue(VIII, 6)

Sot: Neurology & Psychiatry Section VIII, Vol. 4, No. 1 - 6

DELEANU, Maria; PAVA, Ida

A contribution to the bibliography on the phenomenon of cavitation.
Studii tehn Timisoara 9 no.1/2:171-200 Ja-Je '62.

PAW, 1.

Contractor is advised to review ~~the following letter from Mr. G. L. T. [unclear]~~
Tides); a book review.

p. 19 (Revista Transportes, Vol. 3, Jan. 1960, currently under
review).

Monthly Index of first quarter according to Revista Tides, No. 1,
February 1959.

PAVA, R.

4
208

75-171

Pava, R. (Bucarest). Adalékek a 1648-ból. Arapoly kritikához. [Contribution to the study of atmospheric tides.] *J. Időjárás*, Budapest, 58(6):445-446, Nov./Dec. 1954. Russian and French summaries p. 445. Transl. by L. Aujeszky, DWB. Also: complete German version: Beiträge zur Forschung der atmosphärischen Gezeiten. *Acta Agronomica*, Budapest, 51(1/2):261-264, 1955. Russian and English summaries p. 263-264. DA—On the basis of U.S. Weather Bureau's Hydrographic Charts the author examined the possible influence of long lunar periods (i.e., the synodical and draconical lunar months) on atmospheric pressure oscillations. This paper contains a brief report of his findings (a detailed report containing the entire data material is under publication in the transactions of the Romanian Academy of Sciences). For the equatorial regions only a very weak effect of long lunar periods on atmospheric pressure can be detected, but this effect increases with latitude and at the poles reaches an average amplitude of 8 mb for a synodical and 6.3 mb for a draconical lunar month. The largest amplitude found was 27 mb. For 52°N lat, the average amplitude for the synodical period is 2.6 mb, or 30 times the value identified by CEPHAN for the daily lunar tide. The oscillations follow the gravity changes with a lag of 2-3 days. They are stronger in winter than in summer. *Subject Heading:* 1. Lunar monthly tides. 1. Aujeszky, László (Trans.). —G.7

RE
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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239520001-8

Decreas ed

Real salt bath at Pestszentkeresébet, Hungary. Eugene Payot, Alphonse Hulot, Jean
Kugler, 12, 14, 9, 10(1927). Geological description of a boring which yielded water
contg 16.38 g NaCl per l from a depth of 100-170 m. S. S. de Fandy

ASA-SEA - DETAIL OF ORIGINAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239520001-8"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239520001-8

Released

Approved for release under the Freedom of Information Act.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239520001-8"

VLICHESCU, Marin; GOLAESCU, Lavinia; ROMAN, Radvan; SUSILHIANU, Mircea;
TOME, Alexandra

(Isolation of *in hospitalized patients. Prof. ten., Dr. sur. S. T. C.*
1979.)

(Microbiology)

(Antibiotic-resistant types isolated from
hospitalized patients in Romania)

PAVLAČHE, J.

Republican Conference of Investigators and Prosecutors at the Faculty of
Industries and Transport * n. p. 118.
(REVISTA PADURILOR. Vol. 71, no. 2. Feb. 1957. Rumania.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EML) LC, Vol. 1, no. 7, July 1957, Encl.

Page 78

L 41749-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/T/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD
ACC NR: A16018044 SOURCE CODE: UR/0185/66/011/006/0686/0688

AUTHOR: Pavalets', S. Yu.; Fedorus, H. A.

ORG: Institute of Semiconductors, AN UkrSSR, Kiev (Instytut napiwprovidnykiv AN URSR)

TITLE: Photo-emf of n-Cds - p-Cu_xS_y heterojunctions

SOURCE: Ukrayins'kyy fizychnyy zhurnal, v. 11, no. 6, 1966, 686-688

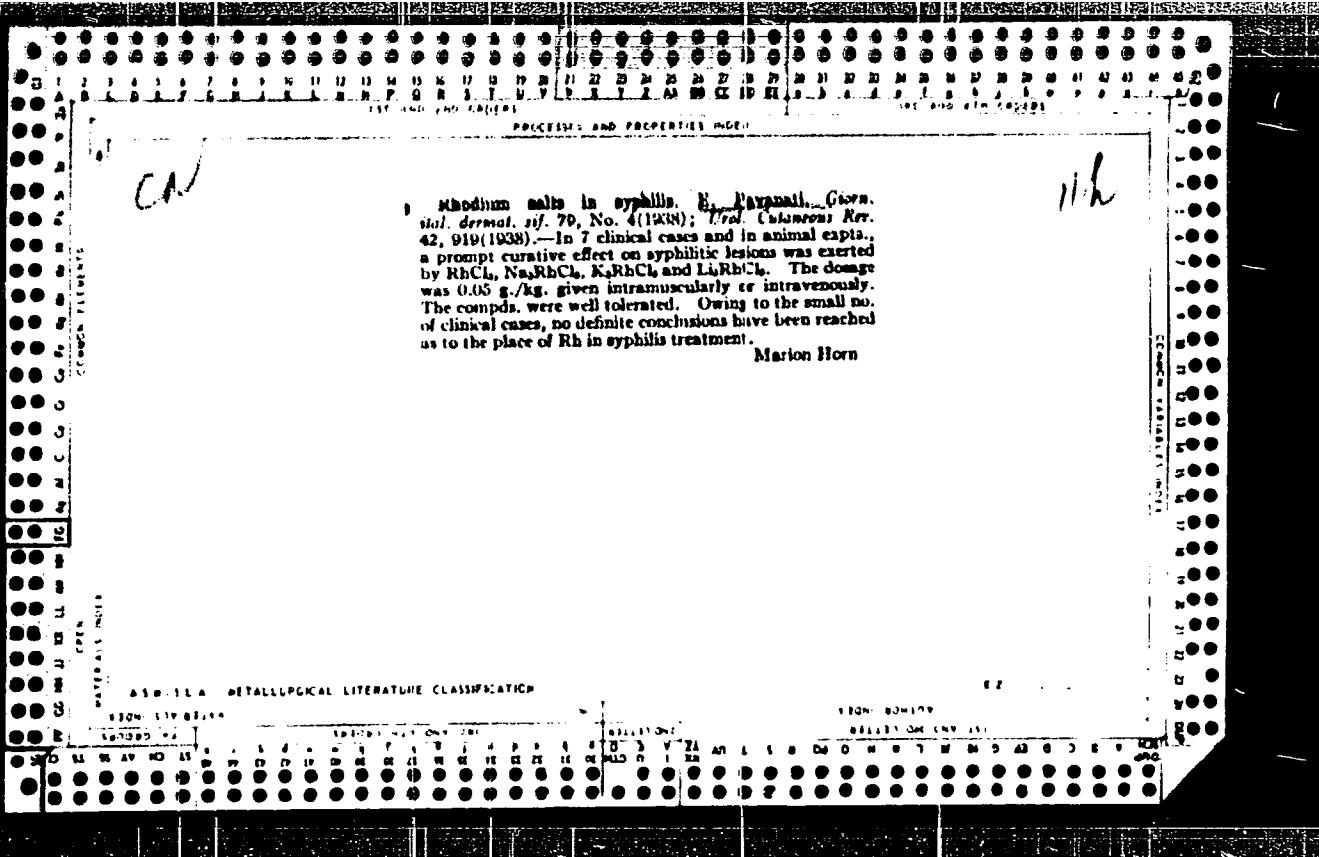
TOPIC TAGS: junction diode, photodiode, cadmium sulfide, photoelectric cell, photo-electromotive force, energy band structure, conduction band

ABSTRACT: In view of the different points of view that have been used to explain the nature of the barrier produced between a layer of copper deposited over a CdS crystal (a procedure used to produce efficient photocells), the authors discuss the possibility that such a procedure results in a heterojunction, and describe a test of the properties of such a junction. The junctions were produced by sublimating CuS_x in vacuum on films or single crystals of CdS. The spectral distribution of the photoemf of the junctions was investigated using a UM-2 monochromator with an incandescent lamp and measured by a potentiometer method. The procedure used to prepare the CdS film is described briefly. Tests of different junctions prepared by different methods (CdS + Cu, CdS + S + Cu, and CdS + Cu_xS_y) have shown that deposition of copper on the CdS results, without any additional heat treatment, in heterojunctions of the type n-CdS - p-Cu_xS_y. Doping of both semiconductors with indium reduces the photoemf in the long-wave region (above 520 nm) and increases it for shorter wavelengths. The results

Card 1/2

PAVALUCA, N.

Phenomena of crisis in the international monetary system
of the capitalist world. Probleme econ. 17 no.12:84-96
D '64.



L 12867-66 EWP(m)/EWP(w)/EWA(d)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(z)/EWP(b)/EWA(c) IJP(:) MJW/JD
ACC NR: AP6000677 SOURCE CODE: UR/0296/65/000/002/0239/0248

AUTHOR: Pavaras, A. E. (Pavaras, A.)

ORG: Institute of Power Engineering and Electrical Engineering, Academy of Sciences
Lithuanian SSR (Institut energetiki i elektrotehniki Akademii nauk Litovskoy SSR)

TITLE: High chromium tool steels. 1. Structure and mechanical properties

SOURCE: AN LitSSR. Trudy. Seriya B. Fiziko-matematicheskiye, khimicheskiye, geologicheskiye i tekhnicheskiye nauki, no. 2, 1965, 239-248

TOPIC TAGS: tool steel, chromium steel, hardness, tempering, austenitic steel

ABSTRACT: Carbide distribution in macrosections of rolls (used in rolling mills) made from high-Cr steels were studied. Kh12M and Kh12F1 steels had varying carbide distribution throughout their cross sections, the inhomogeneity rating ranging from a low of 3 to a high of 10 (GOST 5952-51). Kh6BF steel which was forged into 14 x 14 mm sections, had an inhomogeneity rating of 2-3. Macrographs of the respective steels are shown and compared for different positions, i. e., 2 mm depth, at half-radius and at the center of the roll. The most pronounced inhomogeneity was at the center. The steels were also compared on the basis of Cr content. In general, lower Cr content resulted in better carbide distribution--Kh12M and Kh12F1 steels had 12% Cr, while Kh6BF had but 6%. Bend strength was determined for Kh12M as a function of quench tempera-

Cord 1/3

L 12867-66

ACC NR: AP6000677

ture (ranging from 950-1075°C), tempering temperature (ranging from 150-500°C), quench severity, tempering time and carbide distribution. The bend specimens were 8 x 8 x 85 mm, cut from roll sections in the longitudinal and transverse directions. The maximum bend strength was obtained by quenching from 1025°C into air. Higher austenitizing temperatures, as well as slower quenching rates (e. g., oil and molten salt at 280-850°C) resulted in lowered strength levels. The strength rose as a function of tempering time, reaching a maximum after 1 hr, and then decreased. The most spectacular result was the large difference in bend strength noted as a function of carbide distribution; for the longitudinal sections, strength dropped as much as 30% when the inhomogeneity rating rose from 3 to 7; for the transverse sections, a decrease of 45 to 55% was observed relative to the longitudinal direction. The retained austenite was recognized as a serious problem, since its presence in amounts of 15-50% lowered the bend strength. An increase in the retained austenite from about 10% to 40% lowered the bend strength for Kh12M from 262 kg/mm² to 245 kg/mm². It was also shown that after quenching in air or oil, a subsequent quench from ambient temperatures to -75°C decreased the retained austenite content from 40% to 10%, with concomitant gain in strength. Kh12M, Kh12F1 and Kh6BF steels were compared for thermal stability; R_c hardness was given as a function of tempering temperature for different quenching temperatures. Kh6BF steel had the best stability in that it maintained a higher hardness upon tempering to as high as 300°C. The basic shortcomings in high-Cr tool steels were

Card 2/3

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001239520001-8"

SK
Card 3/3

1 12868-66 ENT(m)/EWP(w)/EVA(d)/T/EWP(t)/EWA(c)/EWP(z)/EWP(b)

ACC NR. AP6000573

SOURCE CODE: UR/0236/65/000/002/0249/0251

43

41

B

AUTHOR: Pavaras, A. E. (Pavaras, A.); Brimene, V. P. (Brimiene, V.)

ORG: Institute of Power Engineering and Electrical Engineering, Academy of Sciences
Lithuanian SSR (Institut energetiki i elektrotehniki Akademii nauk Litovskoy SSR)TITLE: High chromium tool steels. 2. Decreasing of distortion upon quenching
cheskiye i tekhnicheskiye nauki, no. 2, 1965, 249-254

SOURCE: AN LitSSR. Trudy. Seriya B. Fiziko-matematicheskiye, khimicheskiye, geologi-

TOPIC TAGS: tool steel, chromium steel, hardness, tempering

ABSTRACT: Distortion in high-Cr tool steels upon quenching was studied using Kh12M,
Kh12F1 (both 12% Cr) and Kh6BF (6% Cr) steels. Data are given for changes in hardness
after quenching in oil and in air, as a function of quenching temperature. With in-
crease in quenching temperature, the hardness rose, reached a maximum and then fell; the
maximum for all steels was 63-65 R_c. The temperature ranges in which the maximum was
reached were 1030-1070°C for Kh12F1, 1010-1070°C for Kh12M, and 960-1050°C for Kh6BF.
The lowering in hardness for temperatures above the 'maximum' range were the result
of the increase in retained austenite. Volume changes after quenching and tempering
were determined on cylindrical specimens of 100 mm length and 10 mm diameter. These
specimens were heated to the optimum temperature and quenched in air, oil, and oil

Card 1/2

I 12868-55

ACC NR: AP6000678

heated to 160°C. Data were given for the change in length as a function of tempering temperature and it was found that air cooling resulted in the smallest dimensional changes: in the case of Kh6BF the length change was 30-35% lower after air cooling while for Kh12F1 steel the change was 2 times lower when compared to oil quenching, with or without heating the oil. This was explained on the basis of decreased tetragonality of the martensite after the slower quench in air. With regard to the warpage of parts made from high-Cr steels, it was estimated that the stress levels reached by oil quenching were up to 6 times greater than by air quenching. To study the influence of crack formation during quenching, specially designed samples were used, in which four holes were drilled about a center hole; each hole was separated a different distance from the perimeter of the center hole. These samples were quenched from 1050°C into water, oil and air respectively. The samples quenched into air did not have cracks. The oil quenched sample had cracks across two of the hole boundaries, separated 0.5 and 1.0 mm from the center hole perimeter. The water quenched sample exhibited cracks across all hole boundaries (up to 4 mm from center hole perimeter). There was even a crack through the sample itself. All samples were quenched to a high hardness (more than 60 R_c). Bend tests showed that air cooling resulted in higher strength than oil cooling even upon tempering. It was recommended that air cooling be used for the heat treatment of high-Cr tool steels. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 1 table.

SUB CODE: 11/

SUBN DATE: 27Oct64/

ORIG REF: 003/

OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2 HW

PAVARAS, A.E.; GELLER, Y.I.A.

Effect of residual austenite on the strength of tool steel.
Metalloved. i term. obr. met. no.4:45-48 Ap '65.

(MIRA 18:6)

1. Moskovskiy stankoinstrumental'nyy institut.

11/19/85, Leningrad, USSR

1. Determining the reliability of early temperature sensors
by 1985, 30 Nov 810, 801, 1986.

2. Measuring the reliability of early instruments.

PAVARAS, A.E.; GELLER, Yu.A.

Determining the hardenability of steel being hardened in
depth. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 6 no.12:163-168
'63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Moskovskiy stanko-instrumental'nyy institut.

L 12784-53

EWP(q)/EWT(n)/BDS AFFTC/ASD JT

ACCESSION NR: AP3002309

S/0182/63/000/006/0011/0014

57

55

AUTHOR: Geller, Yu. A.; Pavars, A. E.

TITLE: Air-hardened die steels with a uniform carbide distribution, used in cold stamping

SOURCE: Kuznechno-shtampovochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 6, 1963, 11-14

TOPIC TAGS: die steel, carbide distribution, chemical composition, desired properties, hardness, heat resistance, strength, dimensional stability, workability

ABSTRACT: After criticizing the use of high-chromium steel for die manufacturing, the author states that die steels should fall into two types: those for work under light loads and those for work under heavy loads. Both types must show an even distribution of carbide, low hardening temperature, high hardness, and high resistance to warping. Dies of the second type must also be able to absorb heat without deteriorating. To possess all these properties the steels must be of a complex composition. Table 1 (Enclosure 1) shows the composition of two types of steel recommended by the author. Both of these metals show a uniform distribution of carbides; the first one hardens in the air at 820-840°C, the second at 850-860°C; they suffer little oxidation and scaling; neither one is sensitive to temperature changes; both show a hardness of 59-62 (Rockwell). These steels
Card 1/2

L 12784-63

ACCESSION NR: AP3002309

2

also show low volumetric change, little warping and cracking in hardening. Steel KhG3SVFM is stable in annealing and is heat resistant. The bending strength of this steel at hardness 57 is 240-250 kg/Sq mm; of steel 7KhG2VFM, it is 280-290 kg/Sq mm. The American steel A5 is more sensitive to reheating, has lower strength, and is less stable at higher temperatures. The recommended steels are readily forged and machined. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 12Jul63

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: 00

NO REF Sov: 003

OTHER: 001

Card 2/3-2

~~PAVARE, EG~~

U S S R .

Thermal decomposition of xylan in a current of hydrogen
V. N. Sergeev, I. G. Favart, and G. R. Dom
Voprosy Letokh. i Khim. Promst., Trudy Inst. Lenichesk.,
Problem Akad. Nauk Litz. S.S.R. 6, 38-50 (1953) (in Russian); cf. Husemann, C.A. 44, 6680. — Thermal decompr.
of pentosans in H₂ was studied with xylan. This pyrolysis
was more complete than that obtained by dry distn.; 1/4
of original xylan decompd. at 135-225°; all of xylan
decompd. at 400°. The following was the optimum con-
dition for pyrolysis: heating xylan to 325-350°, at which
temp, valuable aromatic derivs. are obtained. Presumably
pyrolysis proceeds by (1) hydrogenation of xylan at gluco-
sidic linkages; (2) hydrogenation of individual pentoses at
glycol groupings; (3) condensation of low-mol. compds. to
polymethylenes and aromatic compds. At higher temps,
phenolic compds. are hydrogenated. Elisabeth Barnabé

SERGSEVA, V.N.; PAVARE, B.G.; DOMBURG, G.E.

Thermal breakdown of xylan in a hydrogen stream. Mezsaian.probl.inst.rak.
no.6:38-50 '53.
(Xylan) (MLRA 7:6)

PAVARENNYKH, A.S.

~~Relation between the refractive index and nature of minerals.~~
Relation between the refractive index and nature of minerals.
Zap. Vses. min. ob-va 87 no.3:348-359 '58. (MIRA 11:10)
(Mineralogy) (Refractive index)

PAVARENYYKH, A. S.

Report

Precious-garnet sand from the Chita district, Sib. Soviet Union
1952

Henthal, List of essential minerals, used by the
Congress, 3rd session, 1951-1952

Pavarov, G N.

6(7) PHASE I BOOK EXPLORATION Sov/3016

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Laboratoriya sistemy peredachi informatsii
Problemy peredachi informatsii. Vyp. 1: Postroyeniye sistem i setey
svyazi. (Problems of Information Transmission. Nr. 1: Design
of Communications Circuits and Networks.) Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR,
1959. 163 p. Errata slip inserted. 2,000 copies Printed.
Ed. of Publishing House: O. Ye. Permet; Tech. Ed.: A. P. Gusev
Editorial Board: A. A. Danilevich (Chair.), V. M. Kurnikov, V. V.
Sobolev (Deputy Chair.), V. N. Kostylev, V. N. Tikhonov, V. V.
Zolotov (Deputy Rep. Ed.).

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for specialists
in communications theory.

COVERAGE: This collection of articles by scientists at the Laboratory of
Systems for the Transmission of Information, Academy of Sciences of
the USSR, is a continuation of a series of collections
published earlier under the title "Sbornik nauchnykh rabot po
predmetu svyazi" (Collection of Scientific Works on Mass
Communications). References are given after each article. A
bibliography on automatic telephone systems (ATS) which is cross-refer-
enced is given in the Appendix. The bibliography is con-
sidered to be of special interest in connection with the intro-
duction in the USSR of the carrier system.

Author(s): V. L. Charkarov, L. I. Shnitova and A. D. Kharkevich.
Title: On the Investigation of The Carrying Capacity of the Grouping
of a Telephone System Substation.

The paper was presented at the Laboratory Seminar on
October 26, 1956. The selection of the grouping scheme
was specified by the authors on the basis of data obtained

from calculations using the method of artificial loading.
The substation had capacity of 100 numbers, with two
connection stages for outgoing, and three connection
stages for incoming traffic. On the basis of this calcu-
lation, the authors determine the most convenient distribution
of outgoing trunks among the intermediate switches,
the necessary number of internal trunks between the
outgoing and intermediate switches, and the holding times
of the internal trunks. There are 7 references, 3 Soviet

and 4 English.
Title: O. N. Structural Theory of Communications Networks
This paper was presented at a joint session of the
Laboratory Seminar and of the Telephony at MKBIS
on January 6, 1956. The fundamentals of mathematical
analysis of communications networks using algebraic
methods in the structural theory of the
communications networks are discussed: calculation of
the number of tandem trunk between any two stations
and shortest tandem trunk of the length of the longest
trunk of the network and of some other parameters.
The relationship between the structural theory of communica-
tions networks, graphical theory and theory of relay-
line circuits is discussed. There are 11 references,
11 Soviet (including translation), 4 English and 2
German.

PAVAROV, G. N.

"On Some Matrix Methods of Analysis of Relay-Contact Circuits," pp 273-275,
ill, 5 ref

Abstract: A new method is suggested for the algebraization of processes for finding the paths in a circuit, which is applicable to structural analysis as well as to the controlled determination of the number of paths in a circuit. Certain algebraic concepts are introduced for the formulation of the method.

SOURCE: Sbornik Razrab po Avtomatike i Telemekhanike. Inst Avtomatike i Telemekhaniki AN SSSR (Collection of Works in Automatics and Telemechanics. Institute of Automatics and Telemechanics of the Academy of Sciences USSR), Moscow, Publishing House of the Academy of Sciences USSR, 1956

Sum 1354

POVAROV, G. N.

"Toward a Synthesis of Symmetrical Contact Circuits," pp 256-277, i.i., v ref

Abst: A method is proposed for attaining a high economy of contacts due to the introduction of auxiliary bridge points and to the partial joining of contacts of various auxiliary circuits.

SOURCE: Sbornik Rabor po Avtomatike i Telemekhanike. Inst Avtomatike i Telemekhaniki AN SSSR (Collection of Works in Automatics and Telemechanics. Institute of Automatics and Telemechanics of the Academy of Sciences USSR), Moscow, Publishing House of the Academy of Sciences USSR, 1956

Sum 1854

MIKHAYLOV, B.M.; PAVAROV, L.S.

Cyclization of ethoxyfarnesenic acid. Izv.AN SSSR Otd.khim.
nauk no.5:935-936 My '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D. Zelinskogo Akademii
nauk SSSR. (Farnesenic acid) (Cyclization)

RUMAURU, Petru; IAVSICIU, Ion

Optimum systems of directing the thrust of some rockets.
St. 834 serc mes sp1 14 re.418054216 163.

1. Universitatea "Babeș-Bolyai", Cluj.

VOLKOVETS, N., slesar'-sborschik (st. Berngardovka, Leningradskaya oblast'); PAVASAR, R., plotnik (st. Simskaya, Chelyabinskaya oblast'); ADIBEKYAN, O., inzh. (Yerevan); ROGOZIN, T. (Odessa); FRAUKIN, F., inzhener-mekhanik (Moskva); SEMENENKO, P., mekhanik; RADCHENKO, P., inzh.

Readers' letter exchange. Tekh.mol. 30 no.10:22-23 '62.
(MIRA 15:12)

1. Kolkhoz imeni Tel'mana, Turkmenskaya SSR (for Semenenko).
(Technological innovations)

PAVASARS, Ya.

Experiment convinces. Zashch. nauch. st. vned. i. vol. 3 no.7-41 '62.
(MIRA 18:2)

1. Starshiy agronom-inspektor Latvlyanskoy karantinnoy inspekcii.

PAVASARS, Ya.Yu.[Pavasars, J.]

Fifteen years' quarantine service in the Riga Harbor. Zashch.
rast. ot vred. i bol. 6 no.10:49 0 '61. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Starshiy karantinnyy inspektor Latviyskoy inspeksii.
(Riga--Plant quarantine)

YERMOL'YEV, Zinaida Vassarionovna; RAVICH, Izabella Vladimirovna;
PAVASHIN, S.M., nauchnyy redaktor; BRESZNIOVSKAYA, L.Ya., redaktor;
YELAGIN, A.S., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Antibiotics] Antibiotiki. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sovetskaja Rossiya,"
1957. 35 p. (Bibliotekha v domoshch' lektoru, no.7) (MIR 10:10)
(ANTIBIOTICS)

PAVASOVIC, Arsen, inz.

Protection of the tin plates on ship's decks. Brodogradnja 7 no.2:75-
77. '56.

PAVASOVIC, Arsen, inz.

A station of sea-water corrosion at Split. Brodogradnja 7 no.2 (7) '72
'56.

PAVASOVIC, Arsen, inz.

Cathodic protection of the navy. Brodogradnja 7 no.2:78-83 '56.

PAVASOVIC, Arsen, inz.

Protective coatings based on PC lacquers. Brodogradnja 7 no. 5:218-222
'56.

PAVASOVIC, Arsen, inz.

The seemingly petty problems. Brodogradnja 7 no. 5-222-226 '56.

PAVASOVIC, Arsen, inz.

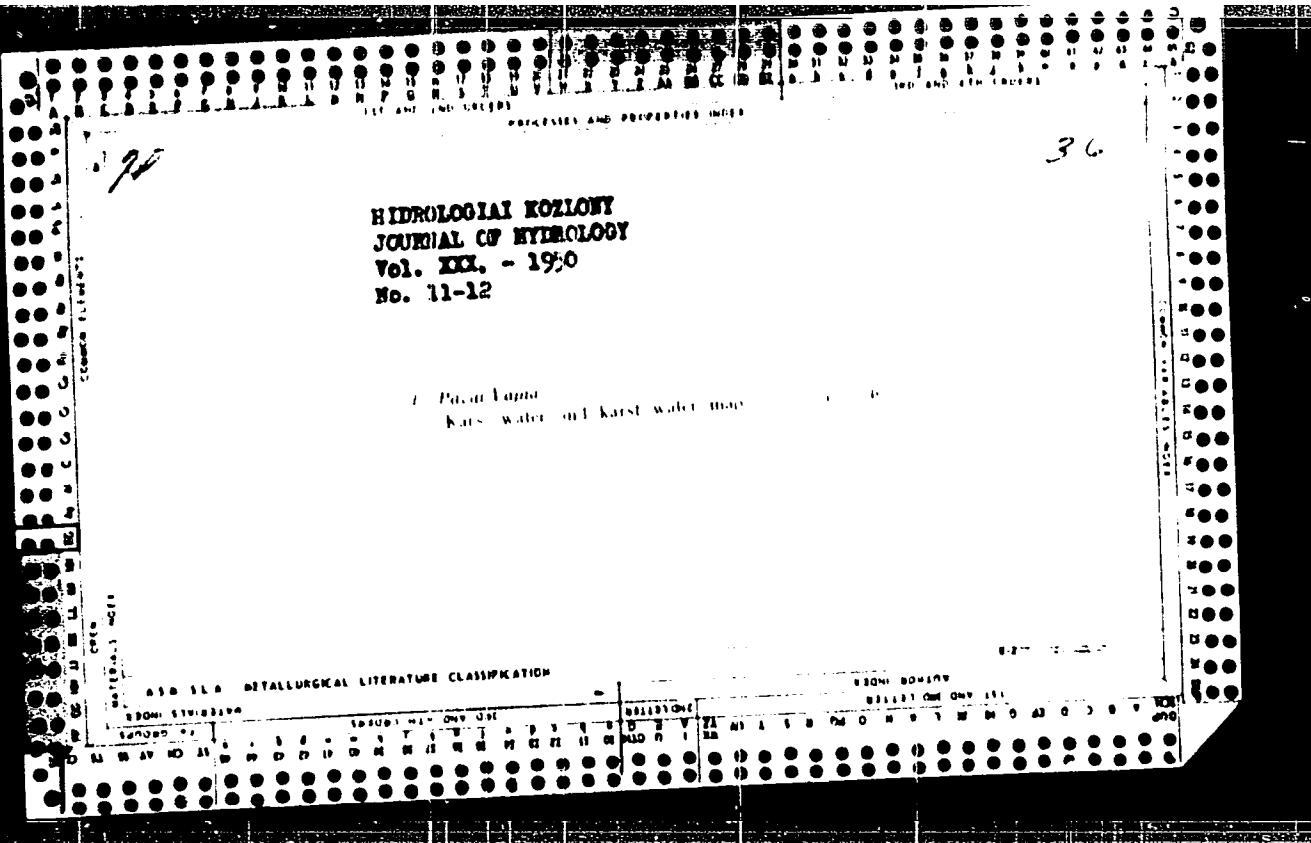
A case of corrosion on propeller axles. Brodogradnja 7 no. 3 128-129
'56.

HORVATH, Endre; ASZODI, Lili; STENSZKY, Ernő; PAVAY, Agnes

Determination of incomplete anti-A and anti-B antibodies in group O pregnant subjects and in high-titer group O blood donors. Kísérletes orvostud. 13 no.3:245-250 Je '61.

1. Országos Verelkérő Szolgálat Központi Kutató Intézetet és Hajdu-Bihar megyei Tanács Kórház Verelkérő Osztályán.

(BLOOD GROUPS) (PREGNANCY blood)



ALAXOVA, Maria; PAVCEKOVÁ, Magda, nosl. V. ročníku LFUK MUDr. Juraj Skalicky.

Further considerations on clinical utilization of arborization phenomenon
Cesk. gyn. 24[38] no.3:203-208 Mar 59.

1. I. zen.-porod. klinika UK v Bratislavě, prednosta MUDr. Svetozar
Stefanik. Dr. J. Š., I. zen.-por. kl. UK, Bratislava.

(VAGINAL SMEAR,
arborization of phenomenon of cervical fluids (Cz))

Revolving . .

"Domestic construction within representative districts."
Verige "Industriell," "Tidsskrift," No. 1, June 1960, p. 12.

At: European Economic Association, 1960, Vol. 1, Oct 1960, Leningrad.

124-1957-1-513

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1957, Nr 1, p 64 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Pavchich, M.

TITLE: New Varieties of Loose, Mobile Materials for Model Testing of Erosion (Novyye vidy legko podvizhnykh materialov dlya modelirovaniya razmyva)

PERIODICAL: Izv Vses. n.-i in-ta gidrotekhn. 1955, Vol 54, pp 223-228

ABSTRACT: The Author proposes the use of sawdust, obtained from green resinous wood, in model tests of readily erodible river beds. The sawdust is treated by hot or cold soaking with colophony, resins, nitro dyes, etc. The investigations are continuing.

A. N. Akhutin

1. River beds--Erosion--Test methods

Card 1/1

PAVCHICH, M., inzhener.

New types of light movable materials for modeling hydraulic wash.
Izv. VNIIG no.54:223-228 '55. (MLRA 10:3)
(Hydraulic models)

PAVCHINSKI, P.

Organization for utilizing the forests while growing young trees until 40 years
of age.

p. 256 (GORSKO STOPANSTVC) Vol. 13, no. 6, June 1957,
Sofia, Bulgaria

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 3,
March 1958

5.3400

7767

501/2-00-000000

AUTHOR: Pavda, G. D.

TITLE: Brief Communication. Preparation of Some Aryl Acetoacetates and Metaphenylene Derivatives Based on Carbon Suboxide

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal prikladnoy khimii, 1966, Vol 39, No 6, pp 489-492 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The possibility of preparation of aryl acetooctates from aromatic hydroxycompounds and carbon dioxide, in the presence of an acid catalyst, in the cold was studied. Phenol was reacted with carbon dioxide at (-5°) to (-40°) in the present of catalytic amounts of H_2SO_4 , for 5-6 minutes, and acetooctylphenol (I) was formed. Under the same conditions, hydroquinone gave a diacetooctyl derivative (II). 2-Naphthol with carbon dioxide in ether, in the presence of H_2SO_4 , at (-10) to (-15°), in

Card 1/6

Brief Communication

777

Reaction of 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane (III).

R. J. C. P.

et al.

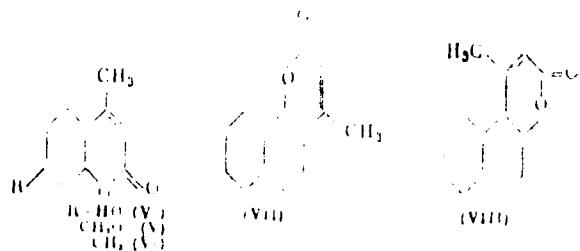
Received 1968

Reactions of 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane, m-cresol, p-methoxyphenyl ether, and 2-naphthoquinone with carbon disulfide and $\text{LiAlH}_4\text{-H}_2\text{SO}_4$ (-10°C to -60°C) have given γ -5-(α -cresolyl)- γ -methylene- γ , γ -dimethyl- γ -butyrolactone (IV), γ -5-(α -methoxyphenyl)- γ -methylene- γ , γ -dimethyl- γ -butyrolactone (V), γ , γ -dimethylene- γ , γ -dimethyl- γ -butyrolactone (VI), 4-methyl-1- γ -7, β -dimethyl- γ -butyrolactone (VII), 4-methyl-1- γ -7, β -dimethyl- γ -butyrolactone (VIII).

Card 2/6

Brief Communications.

77670
SOV/80-33-2-45/52



In tables below yields and some properties are given:

Card 3/6

Brief Communications.

77670
SOV/86-13-2-45/52

Table 1. Acetoacetates: (a) Starting aromatic hydroxyl compounds; (b) reaction temperature; (c) reaction product; (d) mp; (e) yield (in %); (f) phenol; (g) hydroquinone; (h) 2-naphthol; (i) acetoacetylphenol; (j) diacetoacetylhydroquinone; (k) acetoacetyl-2-naphthol.

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
(f)	-35--40	(i)	49-50	54
(g)	35--40	(f)	121-123	75
(h)	-10-12	(k)	73-74	74

Card 4/6

Brief Communications.

77670
SOV/80-33-2-45/52

Table 2. Coumarins: (l) Starting hydroxy-compound;
 (m) reaction temperature; (n) reaction product;
 (o) m.p.; (p) yield (in %); (q) resorcinol; (r) m-methoxyphenol; (s) m-cresol; (t) 2-naphthol; (u) 7-hydroxy-4-methylcoumarin; (v) 7-methoxy-4-methylcoumarin; (w) 4,7-dimethylcoumarin; (x) 4-methyl-5,6-benzocoumarin; (y) (from methano); (z) (from ethanol).

(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)	(p)
(q)	-30-40	(u)	183-184	80
(u)	-10-12	(v)	153	43
(s)	-35-40	(w)	120-130	60
(t)	-10-12	(x)	176-177 (z)	3

Card 5/6

Brief Communications.

77670
30V/80-33-2-45/52

There are 2 tables; and 8 references, 6 Soviet, 1 U.S.,
1 U.K. The U.K. and U.S. references are: U.S.
Pat. 2180953 (1939); R. Lacey, J. Chem. Soc., 816
(1954).

SUBMITTED: June 27, 1959

Card 6/6

S/169/63/000/002/003/127
D263/D307

AUTHORS: Ceplecha, Zd., and Pavedet, V.

TITLE: The beginning of rapid evaporation of meteors of different dimensions

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 2, 1963, 15, abstract 2A86 (Byul. astron. in-tov Chechoslovakii, 1961, 12, no. 5, 191-195 (Eng.; summary in Rus.))

TEXT: An expression is obtained for the height h at which rapid evaporation of meteors begins, where h is a function of meteor size. Two extreme cases are considered: sufficiently large bodies, where energy transfer occurs by thermal conduction alone, and sufficiently small bodies, when the whole kinetic energy is radiated from the surface. Graphs are given for the dependence of h on the size of stony and iron meteorites of various velocities. Data for 360 Harvard meteors, obtained with the aid of Super-Schmidt cameras, are used to compare the calculations with experimental observations. This comparison showed that the theory gives best agreement with

Card 1/2

The beginning of rapid ...

S/169/63/000/002/003/127
D263/D307

practice if it is assumed that the meteors are stony. [Abstracter's
note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

PAVEN, J.

Possible relation between liver diseases and the duration of sensation of warmth following administration of nicotinic acid. Gastroenterologia bohema 4 no.5-6:302-314 Dec 50. (CIML 20:6)

1. Of the Internal Clinic in Pilzen (Head--Prof.Jiri Scheiner,M.D., deceased).

PAVEL, J.

The importance of transportation in the national economy. p. 457.
(TECHNICKA PRACE, Vol. 9, No. 7, July 1957, Bratislava, Czechoslovakia)

SD: Monthly digest of East European publications (SAU) 10, Vol. 1, No. 1, Dec 1957, p. 20.

PAVEK, J.

Pavek, J., "The Ecological distribution of jobs in automotive freight transportation," p. 14, (DOPRAVA, Vol. 1, nos. 1-3, 5-6; 1973, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SC: East European, I. C. Vol. 2, No. 12, Dec. 1973

BURAN, Ludovit; PAVEK, Karol; SELECKY, Frantisek V.

Fluctuations in the sensitivity of guinea pigs to G-strophanthin in
the course of a year. Biologia 17 no.12:902-906 '62.

1. Ceskoslovenska akademia vied, Chemicky ustav Slovenskej akademie
vied, Oddelezenie farmakodynamiky v Bratislave.
(STROPHANTHIN) (SEASONS)

MACHOVA, J.; PAVEK, K.; SELECKY, F.V.

Pharmacology of substances isolated from Vinca minor L.I. Effect of Vincamine on arterial blood pressure. Bratisl. Lek. Listy 42 no;12: 713-721 '62.

1. Z Chemického ustavu SAV, riaditeľ akademik J. Vasatko.
(BLOOD PRESSURE pharmacol) (PLANTS MEDICINAL pharmacol)

SELECKY, F.V.; BABULOVA, A.; BURAN, L.; PAVEK, K.

Pharmacological analysis of a new cardiac glycoside. Acta physiol
pol 12 no.4:575-582 '61.

1. Z Oddzialu Farmakologii związków organicznych Zakładu Chemii
Slowackiej Akademii Nauk, Bratysława. Kierownik: dr F.V.Selecky.
(CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES pharmacol)

DRIMAL, J.; FAVEK, K.; SELECKY, F.V.; Techn. spolupraca: SLAVIKOVA, E.; NEMCEK, V.

Study of the therapeutic effect of MAZEDTA on an experimental model of ventricular tachycardia caused by digoxin. Bratislavské lek. listy 45 no.6:339-352 30 S '65.

I. Farmakologický ústav Československe akademie věd (ředitelka prof. MUDr. H. Rasková, DrSc.; vedoucí Slovenských pracovisk MUDr. F.V. Selecký, CSc.)

CULTURE AND CIVILISATION

1. The first step in the process of socialization is birth. This is the point at which the individual becomes a member of society. The family is the primary agent of socialization, providing the child with basic values and norms. The school is another important agent, providing formal education and social skills. The media, peers, and other societal institutions also play a role in shaping the individual's beliefs and behaviors.

（三）在本办法施行前，已经完成的工程，其质量不符合本办法规定的，由建设单位组织设计、施工、监理等有关单位制定整改措施，报当地建设行政主管部门批准后实施。

but also to the author's originality, which is the best guarantee of the value of the book.

The first evidence of the new adi- cultus stage was made available by the first plant in mid-June, which had been transplanted to New Zealand a few weeks earlier. Subsequent observations between 15 and 25 June showed that the first adi- culous plants had reached a height of 10 cm. and had four months to maturity.

2

I 13583-66

ACC NR AP6006071

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0053/65/014/004/0308/0308

AUTHOR: Pavek, K.; Drinal, J.; Selecky, F. V.

ORG: Institute of Pharmacology, CSAV, Bratislava (Farmakologicky ustav CSAV)

26
B

TITLE: Hemodynamics of the dog in unanesthetized condition and in systemic anesthesia with pentobarbital [This paper was presented during the Twelfth Pharmacologic Days, Smolenice, 29 Jan 65.]

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska fysiologie, v. 14, no. 4, 1965, 308

TOPIC TAGS: cardiovascular system, dog, anesthesia, drug effect, nervous system drug, pharmacology

ABSTRACT: Very detailed measurement of cardiovascular sequence of events in trained stabilized dogs following 30 mg /Kg of pentobarbital intravenously; the myocardial depressive action of the barbiturate was studied in detail. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 HU)

PAVEK, K.; SELECKY, F.V.

Effect of reserpine on G-strophanthin toxicity. Česk. fysiol. 8 no.3:
230-231 Apr 59.

1. Chemicky ustav SAV, oddelenie farmaceutickej chemie a biochemie,
Bratislava. Prednesene na III. fysiologickych dnoch v Brne dna 14. 1.
1959.

(STROPHANTHIN, toxicity,
eff. of reserpine (Cz))

(RESERPINE, eff.
on strophanthin tox. (Cz))

TULACEK, Jiri; PAVEK, Karel

Asymmetry of axillary temperature as a prognostic sign in myocardial infarction. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no. 27-28: 871-873 4 July 58.

1. III. vnitrní klinika MU, prednosta prof. MUDr., a PhDr. Jaroslav Pojer. J. T., Tabor, ul. Cs. armady 1191.

(MYOCARDIAL INFARCT, physiol.

axillary temperature, progn. value of asymmetry (Cz))

(BODY TEMPERATURE, in var. dis.

myocardial infarct. progn. value of assymetry of axillary temperatures (Cz))

L 13229-66

ACC NR: AP6006036

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0053/65/014/004/0291/0291

30

B

AUTHOR: Drimal, J.; Pavek, K.; Selecky, F.ORG: Institute of Pharmacology, CSAV, Bratislava (Farmakologicky ustav CSAV)

TITLE: Study of the therapeutic effects of Na sub 2 EDTA on an experimental model of ventricular tachycardia caused by digoxine [This paper was presented during the Twelfth Pharmacologic Days, Smolenice, 26 Jan 65.]

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska fysiologie, v. 14, no. 4, 1965, 291

56

TOPIC TAGS: dog, drug effect, pharmacology, circulatory drugABSTRACT: Study in barbiturate-anesthetized dogs revealed that Na₂EDTA depresses formation of ectopic ventricular impulses and decreases the tendency to arrhythmia.
[JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1

L 13582-66

ACC NR: AP6006070

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0053/65/014/001/0307/0307

24

AUTHOR: Pavek, K.; Drimal, J.; Selecky, F. V.

B

ORG: Institute of Pharmacology, CSAV, Bratislava (Farmakologicky ustav CSAV)

TITLE: Activation of the pulmonary chemoreflex with vincamine [This paper was presented during the Twelfth Pharmacologic Days, Smolenice, 28 Jan 65.]

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska fysiologie, v. 14, no. 4, 1965, 307

TOPIC TAGS: pharmacology, drug effect, respiration, reflex activity, cardiovascular system

ABSTRACT: Injection of 1.5 mg./Kg. of vincamine into arterial pulmonary circulation of dogs causes an average 30-second apnea; the cardiovascular dynamics of the phenomenon and the respiratory syndrome were studied in detail. The cardiovascular reaction is related to the respiratory reflex and can be excluded by vagotomy, artificial pulmonary ventilation or guanethidine premedication. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 001 / OTH REF: 001

PAVEK, M.

New trends in the development of wool carding machines.

P. 203, (Textil) Vol. 12, no. 6, June 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Acessions (EMAI) Vol. 6, No. 11 November 1957

...VPE, ...

New trends in the situation in Moldova.

P. 322. (pp. 101) (rpt., Czechoslovakia) *Vlastivěda*, No. 1, Sept. 1987

Sc: Monthly Index of East European accession (Edu) 1987, vol. 1, no. 1

PAVEK, M.; HULA, K.

New flier mechanism for carded yarn spinning mills. p. 105. (Textil, Praha, Vol. 9,
no. 4, Apr 1954)

SO: Monthly 1 st of East European Accessions (EEAL), LC Vol 4, No. 6, June 1955, Uncl

PAVEK, M.

Proposed new drawing mechanism. p. 320. (Textil, Praha, Vol. 9, no. 10, Oct. 1954)

SO: Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAL), LC Vol 4, No. 6, June 1955, Uncl

PAVEL, A., ing., aspirant

Considerations on the heat exchange between solid particles and a gaseous medium in a fluidized layer. Petrol și gaze 14 no.11:55-562 N '63.

1. Institutul de petrol "Gubkin" din Moscova.

PAVEL, A.

Optimal bed height for side-streaming heat exchangers with
fluidizer beds. Kurn. i tehn. tekhn. i mass. 4 no. 6 1961
(MIRA '61)
Jestet

L 61954-65 EPP(c)/PFP(n)-2/EWT(l)/EJK(m)/EPF(b)/EXP(t) WH/JD		
ACCESSION NR: AP5023469		
AUTHOR: Pavel, A.		
TITLE: Concerning the similarity of heat exchange phenomena in fluidised layer 21.47.55		
SOURCE: Revista de chimie, v. 15, no. 11, 1964, 696.		
TOPIC TAGS: heat transfer, fluid mechanics		
ABSTRACT: The author gives a mathematical derivation of the concept of similitude between the heat exchange phenomena in fluidized layers and in fluid liquids. Orig. Art. Incl.: 12 formulas, 3 graphs, 1 table		
ASSOCIATION: none		
SUBMITTED: OO	ENCL: OO	SUB CODE: ME, TS
NR REF Sov: 000	OTHER: 000	JPRS
MC 1/1		

FAVEI, A., Ing.

Contribution to the calculation of the heat exchange coefficient
in fluidized layer. At. V. V. Vasil'ev 15 available 18. 1. 1981.

PAVEL, A.

Flow measurements with the aid of double diaphragms. Rev enzime
Min petr 14 no.2:95-103 F '63.

1. Aspirant la Institutul de petrol "Gubkin" din Moscova.

PAVEL, Alexandru, ing.

Calculation of flange pipe joinings subject to the action of
flexion moments. Metalurgia constr mas 14 no.12:1106-1111
D '62.

1. Aspirant la Institutul de petrol din Moscova.

PAVEL, A., ing.

Pipes and tubes made of plastics used in the oil, chemical,
and petrochemical industries. Petrol si gaze 13 no.8:352-363
Ag '62.

1. Aspirant la Institutul de petrol din Moscova.

PAVEL, A., ing.

New prospects of use of the fluidized layer in the chemical and petrochemical processing industries. Petrol și gaze 14 no.2: 74-75 F '63.

1. Aspirant la Institutul de petrol "Gubkin" din Moscova.

MARINESCU, G.; PREDESCU, I.; PAVEL, A.; STROESCU, G.

On encephalitis in infectious mononucleosis. Stud. cercet.
inframicrobiol. 14 no.1:55-59 '63.

1. Comunicare prezintata la cel de-al II-lea Simpozion romano-bulgar
asupra encefalitelor actuale, Sofia.
(INFECTION MONONUCLEOSIS) (ENCEPHALITIS)