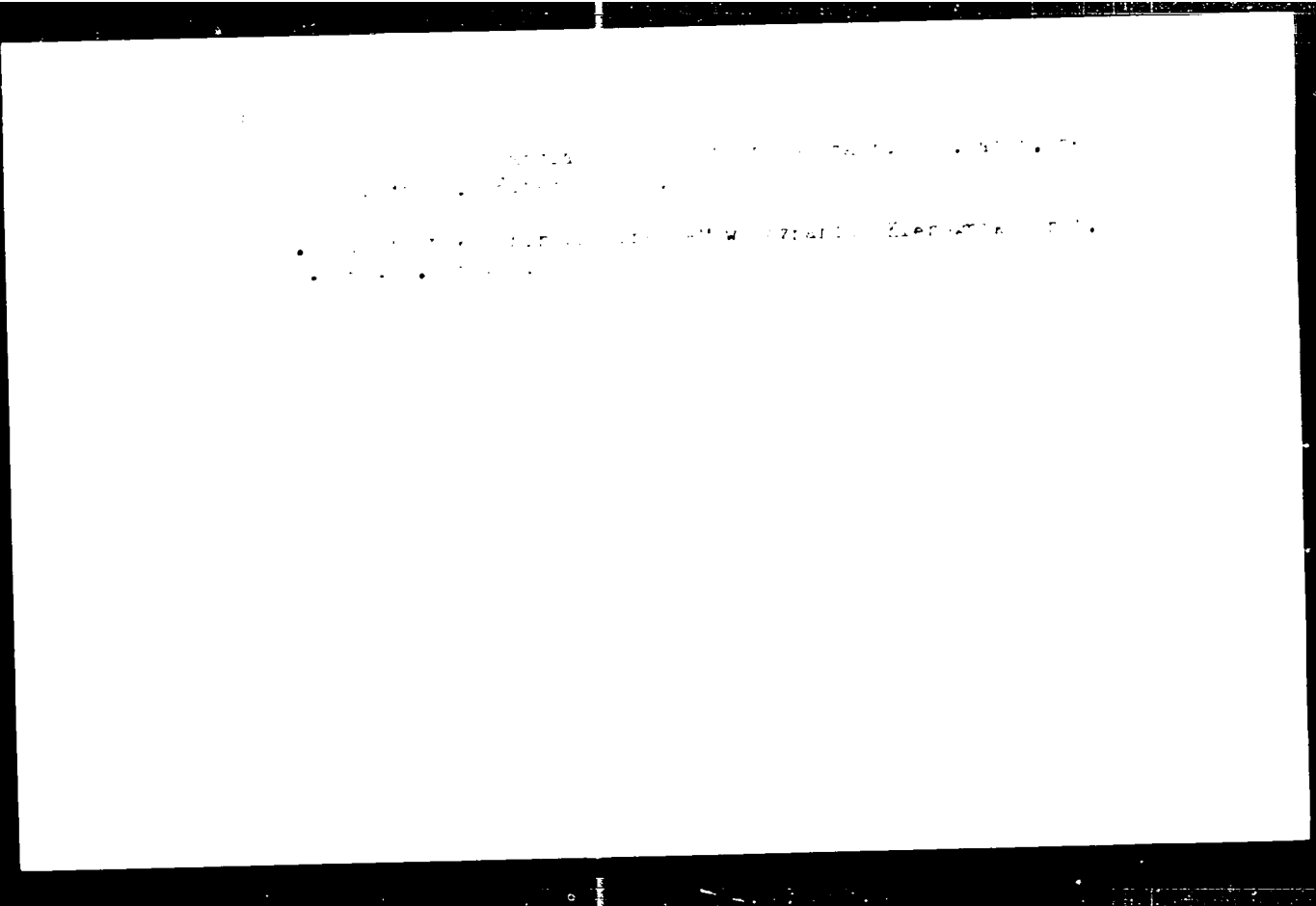


M. STYK, M.D., Ph.D., Warsaw: 1970, 1971, 1972

... in the blood serum of patients in early stages  
after various surgical operations. ... eye. ...  
... 10 ... left.

... AM w. ... kierownik: prof.  
... z Katedry Medycyny Sportu AM w ...  
... ..



MASTYNSKA, Maria; PIOCH, Edmund; KABZA, Regina

Effect of partial thyroidectomy on the blood iron level.  
Endokr. Pol. 16 no.5:525-528 '65.

1. II Klinika Chirurgiczna AM w Poznaniu (Kierownik: prof.  
dr. R. Drews) i Katedra Medycyny Sportu AM w Poznaniu  
(Kierownik: prof. dr. E. Preisler).

FIOCH, Edmund

Hematological changes after total gastrectomy. Polski przeł.  
chir. 33 no.7/9:755-758 '61.

1. Z II Kliniki Chirurgicznej AM w Poznaniu Kierownik: prof.  
dr R. Drowski. (GASTRECTOMY compl) (ANEMIA otioi)

WOJTCWICZ, Mieczyslaw; PIOCH, Edmund; CIOK, Jerzy

"A", "B" and "O" blood groups and their relation to gastric and duodenal ulcer and gastric cancer. Polski tygod.lek. 15 no.20: 745-747 16 My '60.

1. Z II Kliniki Chirurgicznej A.M. w Poznaniu; kierownik: prof. dr. Roman Drewno.

(BLOOD GROUPS)

(PEPTIC ULCER blood)

(STOMACH NEOPLASMS blood)

PIOCH, Edmund

High gastric ulcer (Clinical aspects and surgical management).  
Pozn. tow. przyjac. nauk wydz. lek. 29:111- 45 '64.

SHNEYDEROV, R.G., inzh.; PIOLUNKOVSKIY, G.M.

New MR-1 and MR-3 rutile electrodes. Mont. i spets. rat. v stroi.  
23 no.9:16-19 S '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Gosudarstvennyy proyektnyy institut "Promstal'konstruksiya".  
(Electrodes) (Electric welding)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 8 Vol 12/6 Neurology June 59

2980 THE FORMATION OF THE TERM 'PSYCHOPATHY' - Kształowanie się  
pojęcia psychopatii. Zarys historyczny - Piórkowski J. Klin. Psychiat.  
A. M., Łódź - NEUROL. NEUROCHIR. PSYCHIAT. POL. 1958, 8 4 (473-485)  
The concept of psychopathy originally included all deviations from normal mental  
life. The present meaning of the term dates from Prichard (1835), and was later  
developed by Morel, Lombroso, Krafft-Ebing, Koch and Kraepelin. A general dis-  
cussion is given of the formulation of the concept in Russian psychiatry. It is em-  
phasized that differences of opinion still exist, while no priority in the formulation  
of the term can be attributed to any one figure. Bucowczyk - Łódź



PIONKOWSKI, Janusz; RYDZYSKI, Zdzislaw

Studies on the effect of chlorpromazine (fenactil) on the digestive system in the dog. Preliminary communication. Pat. pol. 13 no.3: 285-291 '62.

1. Z Kliniki Psychiatrycznej AM w Lodzi. Kierownik: prof. dr med.  
S. Gwynar (CHLORPROMAZINE) (LIVER)

CWYNAR, Stanislaw; PIONKOWSKI, Janusz; SIUCHNINSKA, Helena

Evaluation of the drug Trilafon produced by the company Ferrosan according to experiences of the Psychiatric Clinic of the Academy of Medicine in Lodz. Neurol. neurochir. psychiat. pol. 12 no.5: 751-752 '62.

(PERPHENAZINE)

(MENTAL DISORDERS)

PIONKOWSKI, Janusz; SZYMANIAK, Ewa

2 cases of cretinism with special reference to changes in the oral cavity. Polski tygod.lek. 15 no.14:516-519 4 Ap '60.

1. Z Kliniki Psychiatrycznej A.M. w Lodzi; kierownik: doc.dr med. Stanislaw Cwynar i z Kliniki Stomatologii Zachowawczej A.M. w Lodzi; kierownik: doc.dr Mieczyslaw Fuchs.  
(CRETINISM case reports)  
(MOUTH abnorm.)

PIONKOWSKI, J.

The formation of the term of psychopathy. *Neur. Ac. polska* 8 no.4:  
471-485 July-Aug 58.

1. Z Kliniki Psychiatrycznej A.M. w Łodzi Kierownik: prof. dr nauk  
med. E. Wilczkowski.

(PERSONALITY, PATHOLOGICAL

psychopathy, nosol. concept (Pol))

PIONKOWSKI, Janusz

Natural chemical conditioned reflexes in the blood in mental disorders following actions on the first and second signal systems; preliminary considerations. Neurologia etc. polska 4 no. 3:328-332 May-June 54.

1. Klinika Psychiatryczna Akademii Medycznej w Lodzi. Kierownik: prof. dr Wilczkowski.

- (MENTAL DISORDERS, physiology, conditioned blood sugar variations after stimulation of signal systems)
- (BLOOD SUGAR, physiology, conditioned reactions in ment. disord. to stimulation of signal systems)
- (REFLEX, CONDITIONED, prod. of blood sugar conditioned reaction in ment. disord. to stimulation of signal systems)
- (CEREBRAL CORTEX, physiology, signal systems, eff. of stimulation on conditioned blood sugar reactions in ment. disord.)

PIONKOWSKI, Tadeusz

Translator and translation. Akt probl inf dok 7 no.3:21-31 My-Ce  
'62.

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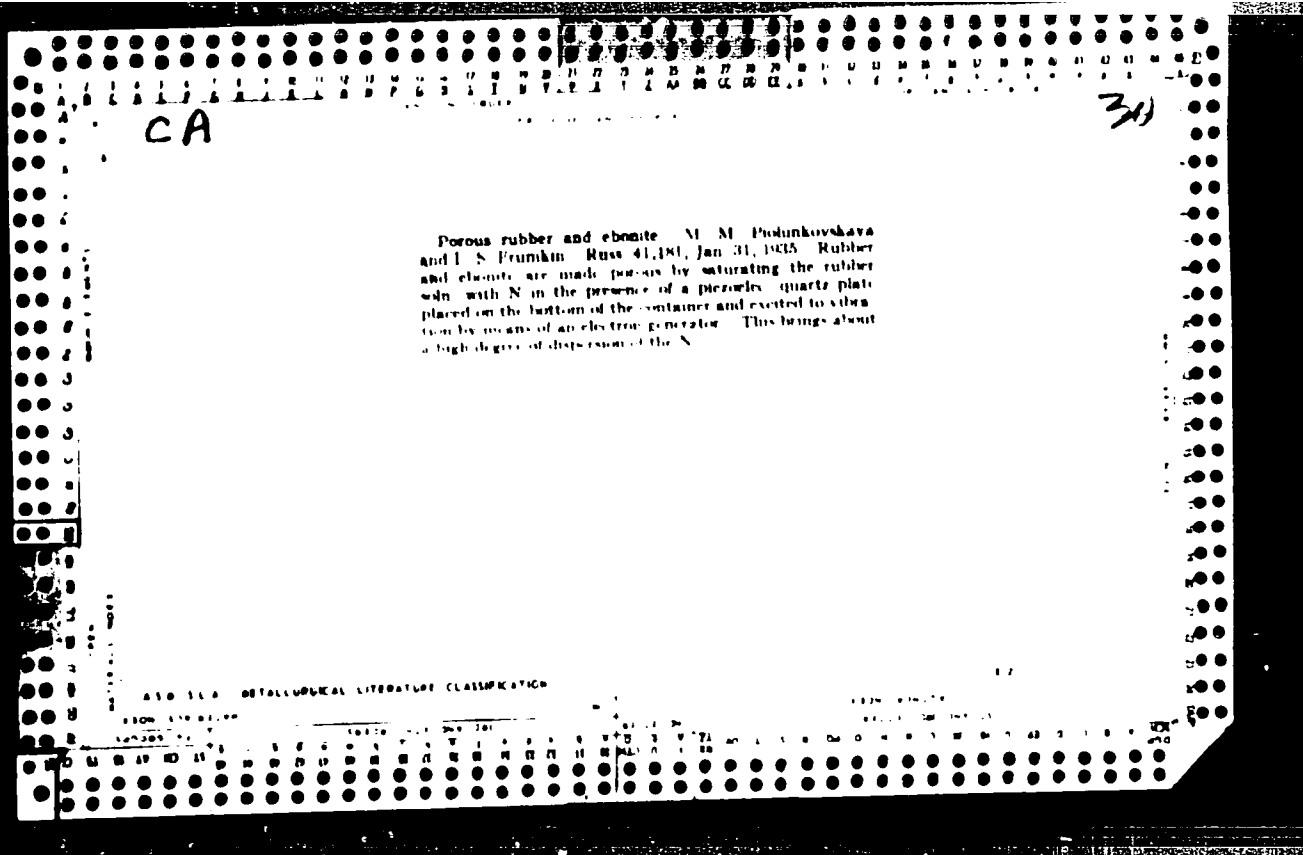
**Chlorinated rubber** M. Polunokovskaya *J. Rubber Ind. (U. S. S. R.)* 11, 142 (1934) A 5% soln of light crepe in liquid polychlorides of  $CaCl_2$  was treated with  $Cl_2$  gas (washed in 98%  $H_2SO_4$ ) and the mixt. was heated to 80-5° for several hrs. (to remove excess  $Cl_2$  and  $HCl$ ). The product contained 16-18% of  $Cl$ . When applied on a rubber plate the soln of chlorinated rubber

formed a thin shiny film. To improve the elasticity of the film copols were made on addn. of linseed oil, cotton seed oil, castor oil, paraffin fat, Al salts of the acids of the above oils and fat and free acids of castor oil. Tritolyl phosphate (1-10%) greatly improved the elasticity of the film. Sulfur (1% of the rubber) and "cap tan" (0.06-0.10% of the rubber) gave a shiny elastic film. Rubber plates covered with different types of lacquers of chlorinated rubber were aged for 0-7 months, only those with sulfur and with accelerators retained the original elasticity. The best lacquer contained rubber chlorinated in presence of 1% S 8 parts, polychlorides of  $CaCl_2$  (light) 100 parts, tetralin 5, xuyronine (dissolved in  $CaCl_2$ ) 0.3, tritolyl phosphate 10.0. The film is insol. in boiling benzene and mineral oils and is acid proof and alkali proof. A. P.

AND THE METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION







PIOLUNKOVSKIY, G.M.; TSEBEL'SKIY, V.L., redaktor, KRASIL'SHCHIK, S.I.,  
redaktor; TOKER, A.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Safety manual for workers engaged in metal electrode production]  
Pamiatka po tekhnike besopasnosti dlia rabochikh, saniatykh  
proisvodstvom metallicheskih elektrodov. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo  
lit-ry po stroit. i arkhitekture, 1954. 23 p. (MLRA 8:1)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo stroitel'stva SSSR.  
Otdel tekhniki besopasnosti i promyshlennoy sanitarii.  
(Metal industries--Safety measures) (Electrodes)

Hionita, I.

A contribution to the study of the stratigraphy of the Miocene between  
the Topoinita and Cosustea Valleys. p. 145.

STUDII SI TRABAURI GEOL. Bucuresti, Romania. Vol. 3, no. 1, 1956.

Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (1951) - Vol. 7, no. 1, 1952.

Uncl.

PIONKA, Z.

PIONKA, Z. The increasing number of ski trails. p. 16  
PIRYSTA Warszawa, Poland  
Vol. 21 No. 12 Dec. 1965

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Vol. 5 No. 6 June 1966

CWYNAR, Stanislaw, prof. dr. med.; PIONKOWSKI, Janusz

Treatment of schizophrenia with the preparation proketazine.  
Neurol., neurochir. psychiat. Pol. 14 no.6:953-956 N-D '64

1. Z Kliniki Psychiatrycznej Akademii Medycznej w Lodzi  
(Kierownik: prof. dr. med. S. Cwynar).

CWYNAR, Stanislaw; PIONKOWSKI, Janusz; SIUCHNINSKA, Helena

Evaluation of the Trilafon drug (Perphenazin) produced by the  
Ferrosan Works in the light of experiments made by the Psychiatric  
Clinic of the Medical School in Loda. Neurol neurochir psych 12  
no.5:751-752 S-0 '62.

PIONKOWSKI, Janusz; RYDZYBSKI, Zdzislaw

Hypertrophy and elongation of the filiform papillae of the tongue as a sign of hypovitaminosis in mental patients treated in a closed institution. Polski tygod.lek. 15 no.28:1068-1070 11 J1 '60.

1. Z Kliniki Psychiatrycznej A.M. w Lodzi; kierownik; doc dr med.  
St. Cwynar

(DEFICIENCY DISEASES diag)  
(TONGUE pathol)  
(CHLORPROMAZINE toxicol)  
(RESERPINE toxicol)

PIONKOWSKI, Janusz; RYDZYNSKI, Zdzislaw

Hypertrophy & elongation of filiform papillae of tongue caused by chlorpromazine therapy. Polski tygod. lek. 14 no.11:503-505  
16 Mar 59.

1. (Z Kliniki Psychiatrycznej Akademii Medycznej w Lodzi; kierownik, prof. dr med. St. Gwynar) Lodz, Aleksandrowaka 159, Klinika Psychiatryczna A.M.

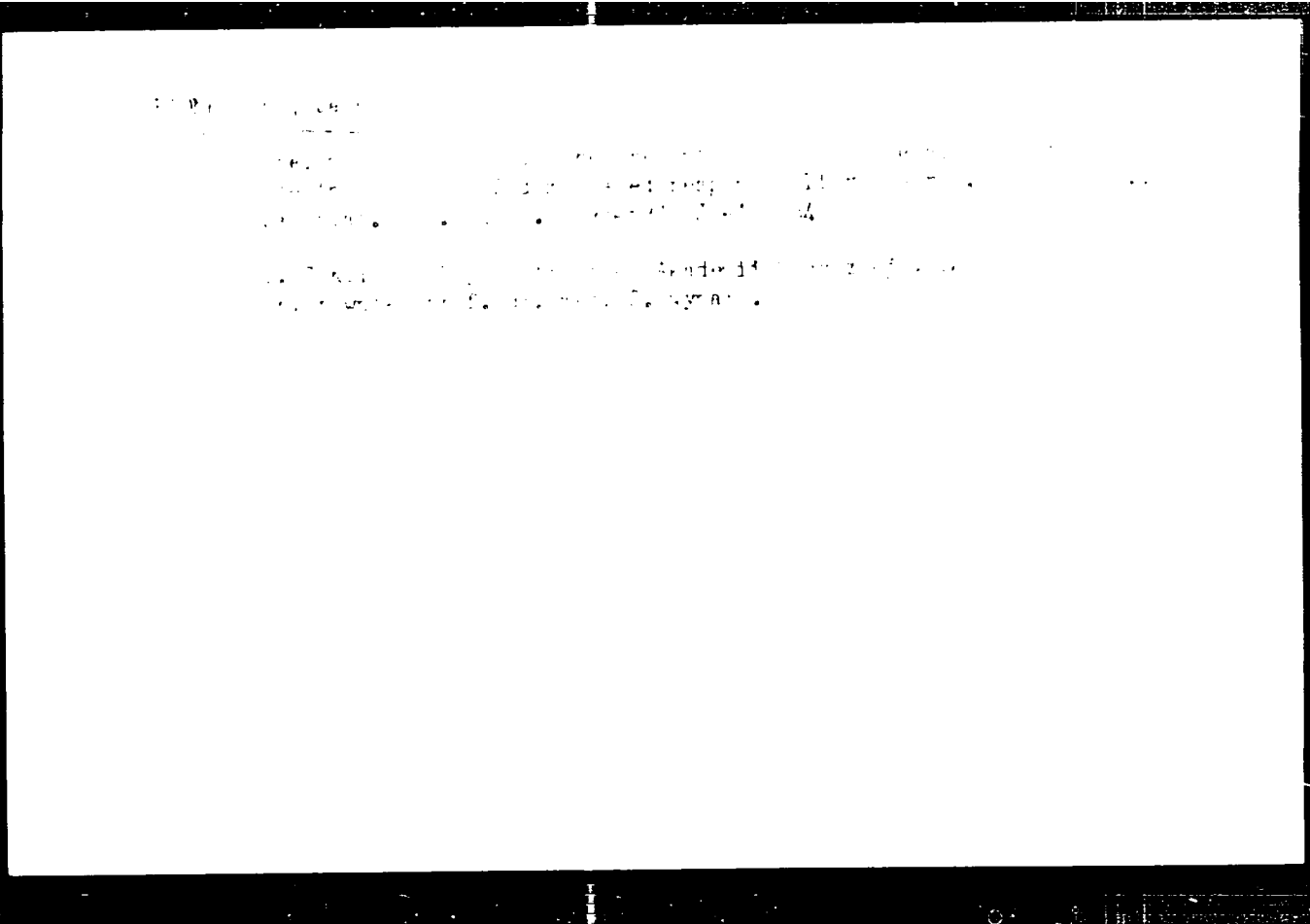
(CHLORPROMAZINE, inj. eff.

hypertrophy & elongation of filiform papillae of tongue (Pol))

(TONGUE, eff. of drugs on

chlorpromazine causing hypertrophy & elongation of filiform papillae of tongue (Pol))





PIONIER, K.

C. IGNATOWICZ AND E. JASKI. UOWA samochodow (automobile Manufacture):  
A book review. p. 150, Vol. 5, no. 5, May 1955, TECHNIKA MCTORYZACYJNA

SOMERLEY. UOWA samochodow (automobile Manufacture).  
Sept. 1955, Uncl.

ANDRICHBEV, Anatoliy Nikolayevich; NUDEL'MAN, Abram Borisovich;  
DUKHOVLIN, D.P., inzh., retsenzent; PIONOV, N.I., inzh.,  
retsenzent; VEKSER, A.A., red.; SHPAK, Ye.G., tekhn.red.

[Mining and processing of potassium salts] Dobycha i pere-  
rabotka kaliinykh solei. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.isd-vo  
khim.lit-ry, 1960. 450 p. (MIRA 13:12)  
(Potassium salts)

PIONSKI, W.

Thermal insulation of flat roofs by means of fiberboard. p. 131.  
Vol. 12, no. 4. Apr. 1955. INZYNIERIA I BUDOWNICTWO. Warszawa.

Source: East European Accessions List (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 3. March 1956.

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology. Neuro-Muscular Physiology.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol , No 8, 1958, 36782

Author : Kibyakov, A.V., Piontak, N.E.

Inst :

Title : Acetylcholine Mechanism of the Tonic Component of  
Contractions of the Skelletal Muscle System

Orig Pub: Fiziol. zh. SSSR, 1957, 43, No 3, 245-251.

Abstract: The experiments were carried out on frogs. Stimulation of the eighth anterior ganglion, producing tetanic contraction of the gastronemius muscle, very slightly increased its cholinesterase activity. Following stimulation of the ninth ganglion, producing a contraction with a marked tonic component (TC), this activity was about 35 times greater than after stimulation of the eighth ganglion. Stimulation of the

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PICTURE

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and titles of individuals who were involved in the project. The names are listed in alphabetical order and include the following: [Illegible names and titles]

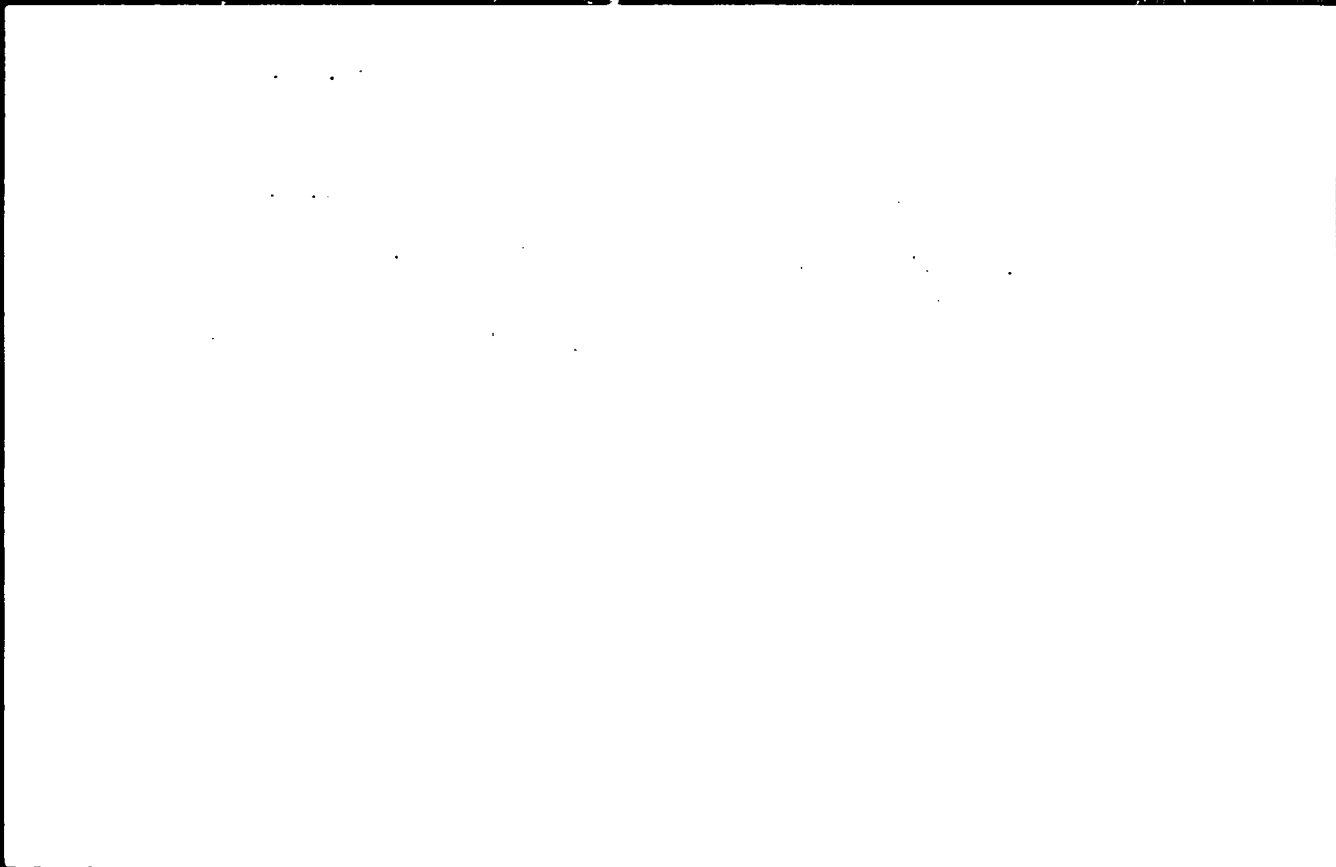
KIBYAKOV, A.V.; PIONTAK, N.Ye.

Acetylcholine mechanism of the tonic component of skeletal muscle contraction. *Fiziol.sbur.* 43 no.3:245-251 Nr '57. (MLRA 10:8)

1. Kafedra normal'noy fiziologii Meditsinskogo instituta, Kazan'  
(MUSCLES, physiology,  
tonic contractions, acetylcholine mechanism (Rus))  
(ACETYLCHOLINE, physiology,  
in tonic contractions of skeletal musc. (Rus))

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NEKTON, MA, U.S.A.; BENTON, N.Y.

Effect of phasmodic and other chemical preparations on  
peripheral vessels. Part I. *Journal of Pharmacology and Therapeutics*, 1953, N. 1, 1-12.  
M. S. G. 1953  
Form. 1953





CHEKASHIN, Vasilii Ivanovich; PIONTEK, Ye. I., inzh., red ; DUGINA,  
N.A., tekhn. red.

[Advanced methods for machining with the use of gauges. Pere-  
dovye metody lokal'nykh rabot. Izd. 3., ispr. i dop. Moskva,  
 Mashgiz, 1962. 183 p. (MIRA 1964)  
(Metal cutting)

PIONTEK, R.

Tradition and mechanization in the clothing industry. *Textile Research Journal*,  
no. 1:43-45 J '63.

PIONTEK, Zofia, mgr.

Survey of literature on social security for the years  
1918-1939. Pt. 2. Praca zabezp spol 5 no.10:32-35 0'63

PIONTEK, Zofia, mgr

Writings onf social insurance during Pt. 1. Praca zabesp spe. 5 mc. 2/9:  
63-67 Ag-S '63.

PIONTELLI, R.

✓ Polarization-Voltage Measuring Methods.—II.—III. R. Piontelli, G. Bianchi, O. Bertozzi, C. Giorzi, and B. Riva. *Electrochim. Acta*, 1954, 9, (1), 64-64; (2) 60-67.—(I. P. *et al.*, *ibid.*, 1952, 6, 55; *M.A.*, 29, 282. [II.—] A theoretical study of the errors involved in overvoltage measurements by direct and liq.-probe methods. A description is given of working with model electrochem. systems of low polarization. This permits the prediction of previously developed theory and extrapolation to zero in methods with capillaries placed at various distances from the electrode surface. Experimental verification is found for conclusions drawn from previous work. [III.] A description of cell and circuit arrangements for the direct measurement of polarization voltages is given. Oscillograms obtained with the apparatus are shown.

—E. A. H.

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PIONTKOVSKIY B.A.

Voltage and current regulators Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry po voprosam svyazi:  
i radio, 1952. 119 p. (64-18920)

TK2851. P4

USSR/Metallurgy - Welding, Electrode      Nov 52  
Production

"Planning Electrode Manufacturing Enterprises,"  
Engr V. I. Mel'nik, Stalin Prize Laureate; Engr  
G. M. Piolunkovskiy, "Stal'montazh" Trust, MGPTI

Avtogen Delo, No 11, pp 20-23

Discusses problems of planning electrode manu-  
facturing establishments on individual example of  
design for plant with annual production of 4200  
tons of electrodes. Flow sheet and plan view are  
given, and equipment is tabulated.

266T50

1. MEL'NIK, V. I., Engr., PIOLUNKOVSKIY, G. M., Engr., SHMEYDEKOV, h. G., Engr.
2. SSSR (600)
4. Electrodes
7. Planning of enterprises for the manufacture of electrodes.  
Avtog. delo 23 No. 11, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953. Unclassified.

MEL'NIK, V.I., inzhener; PIOLUNKOVSKIY, G.M., inzhener; SHNEYDEROV, R.G.  
inzhener

E42A-type electrodes for welding with direct and alternating  
current. Svar. proizv. no.2:14-16 F '55. (MLRA 99)  
(Electric welding) (Electrodes)

POKROVSKAYA, Avgusta Nikolayevna. Prinsipal uchastiye TYUFTIN, Ye.P..  
inzh. BOGIN, T.A., inzh., red.; OLEV, S.M., inzh., red.;  
PIONTEK, Ye.I., inzh., red.; SOMOVA, T.M., inzh., red.;  
YERMAKOV, M.P., tekhn.red.

[Mechanical drawing; album of drawings with short explanations]  
Mashinostroitel'noe cherenie; al'bom chertezhei s kratkimi  
poiasneniyami. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo mashinostroit.  
lit-ry, 1960. 131 p. (MIRA 14:4)  
(Mechanical drawing)

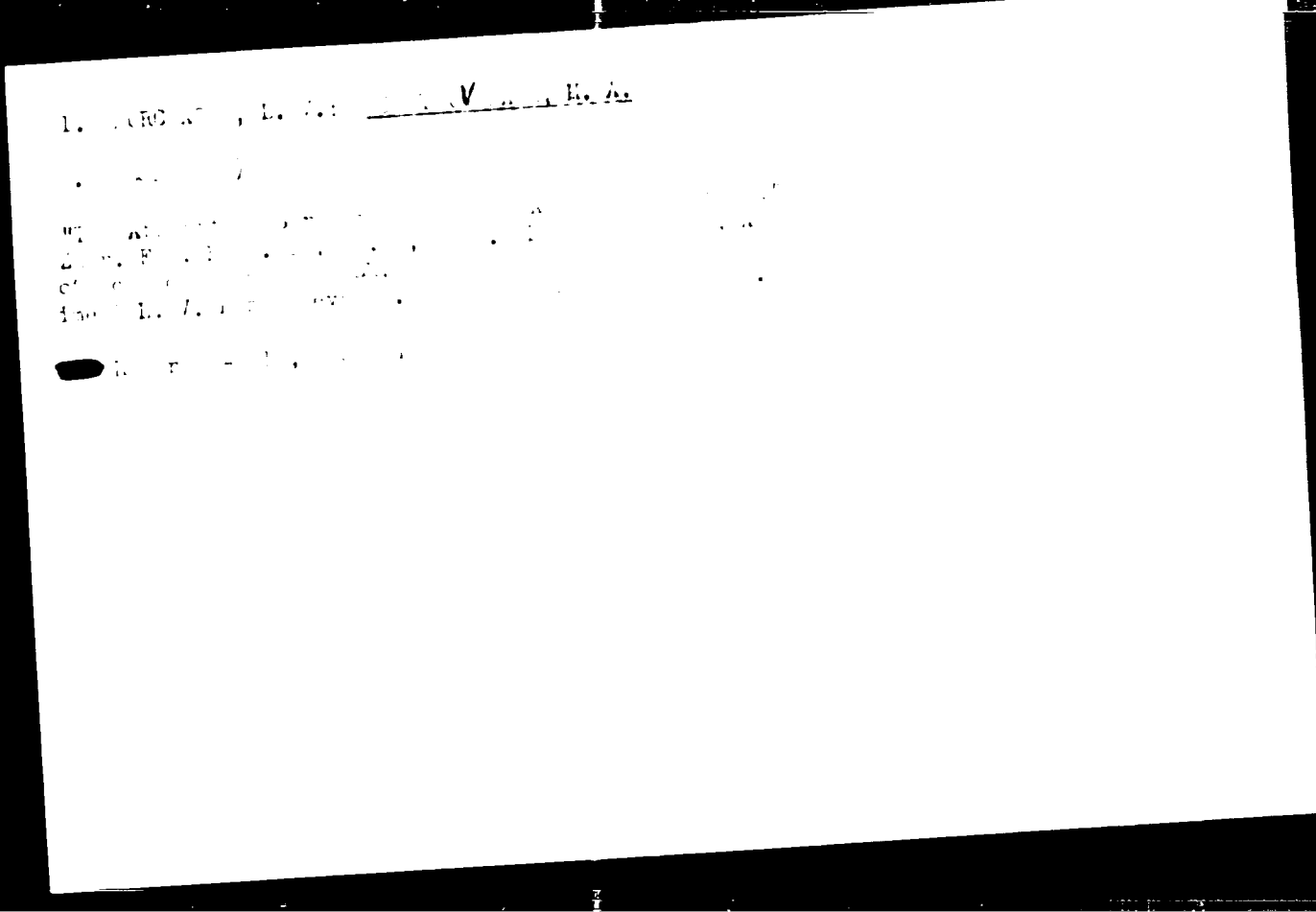
SINCLAIR KIM, C.I., kand. mod. nauk; PIONIR, A.A.

(compilation text in inf) case A. Study inf. proceed. instr.  
can. will be discussed in the

*a-1*

*a*

Absorption spectrum of heavy acetone in solution in benzene. I. V. Kuznetsov and M. A. Piontsovskaya (Acta Physicochim. URSS, 1959, 10, 881-884).—The ultra-violet (2700 Å) absorption spectrum of heavy  $C_3H_8O$  is the same as that of ordinary  $C_3H_8O$ , both in  $C_6H_6$ . O. J. W.





RUBANK, M.Ya.; SNIGUROVS'KA, Yu.O.; PIONTKOVS'KA, M.A.

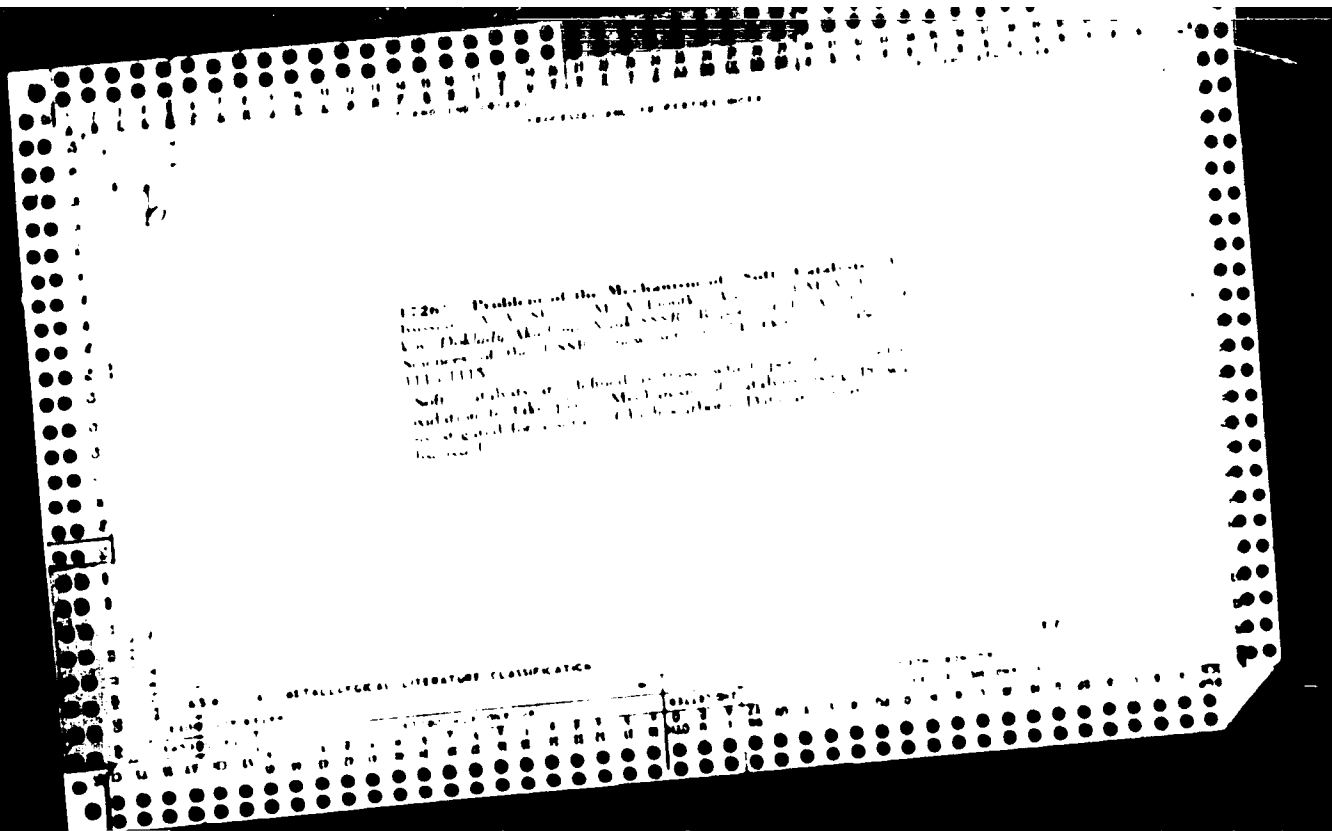
Kinetics of the oxidation of ethylene to ethylene oxide on a silver catalyst. Dop. AN URSR no.2:32-40 '69. (MIRA 9:9)

1. Institut fizichnoi khimii im. L.V. Pisarshevs'kogo AN URSR.  
Predstaviv diyeniy chlen AN URSR O.I. Brods'kiy.  
(Oxidation) (Ethylene)

CA

Mechanism of the mild catalysis V. V. Shalya, M. A. Panfiliyevskaya, and M. V. Indakov. *Vysokomol. Soedin. Ser. A*, 1968, 10, 1113-15 (1968). *Chem. Abstr.* 62:11135d (1968). Oxidation of a C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub> + C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub> mixture with O<sub>2</sub> with the red catalyst (C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub> in a static system was followed both by determination of intermediate products and measurements of the temperature complete oxidation and by measurements of the rate of reaction in the center of the reaction bulb with the rapid method carrying the thermocouple contact on the outside with NaCl to ensure a catalytically inactive surface. Both methods gave in all cases practically coinciding curves of the rate of pressure increase against time, characterized by an initially slow rise of the rate of the incomplete oxidation, passage through a maximum, and subsequent fall. In a reaction bulb of Mo glass with an initial pressure of 200 mm Hg and initial temp. 125°C coating of 0.1% of the wall of the vessel

1.5 x 4.3 cm with Pt resulted in a sharp lowering of the rate of the mild oxidation, the maximum occurring first in the bulb coated with Pt, reaction of complete oxidation of the intermediate products in Pt reaction bulb being significantly slower than on glass. If all of the glass wall is coated with Pt, no reaction at all of the intermediate products and no reaction in the center of the bulb is observed with an initial temp. rise in the center of the bulb is observed with an initial pressure of 200 mm and an initial temp. of 20°C. However, with the initial temp. raised to 125°C and the initial pressure to 200 mm, the homogeneous reaction of complete oxidation develops vigorously and its rate rises with the pressure and the temp. It means that increasing the pressure, Pt behaves as a mild catalyst increasing the probability of rupture of chains. Coating of the wall of the intermediate products to the surface and thus reducing the probability of rupture of chains. Coating of the wall with V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> has the same effect as coating with Pt. At 125°C and under 200 mm, no homogeneous reaction develops, but the heterogeneous-homogeneous reaction is observed at 125°C and 200 mm. Consequently, under conditions favorable to production and preservation of intermediate products, the mild oxidation both Pt and V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> are able to give rise to complete oxidation. In this process, heterogeneous oxidation is followed by a homogeneous stage taking place in the bulk of the reaction catalyst grains.



Planktony KA

✓ The use of tagged atoms in the study of the effect of wash  
 liquids on the process of the formation of silica gel struc-  
 tures. G. E. Yanikov, M. A. Pankov, and I. R.  
 Nizhnik. *Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR*, 1953, 87-89  
 (Russian summary, 91); cf. *C.A.* 47, 7650d. — Freshly  
 prepd. SiO<sub>2</sub> gels were (I) washed with tap water with and  
 without Ca<sup>2+</sup>(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, (II) with distd. H<sub>2</sub>O with Ca<sup>2+</sup>Cl<sub>2</sub>  
 and (III) with distd. water without Ca<sup>2+</sup>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The sorption-  
 desorption (MeOH) isotherms of I showed considerably  
 greater hysteresis than those of II, whereas the isotherms of  
 III showed no hysteresis. This indicates large pores in the  
 former gels, which supports the theory that during washing  
 with tap water, silicates are formed on the surface of the  
 micelle blocking the pores. That fine porosity is formed  
 after removing these silicates is shown when gels washed  
 as in I were washed with 6N HCl and dried at 100°; the  
 porosity was reduced from 0.78 to 0.45 cc./g. I. B.

② M Jan

Inst. Phys. Chem. in Pionzhovskiy, AS URSSR

PIUNTKOVSKAYA, M. A.

~~Rate of coagulation of silicic acid gel and structure of dry-silica gel. I. P. Schmidt, M. A. Pivovarskaya, and I. B. Shvachkova. *Kolloid. Zh.* 18, 6, 1956, 47. C.A. 47, 4063.~~
  
 The apparent  $d^*$  and the pore vol.  $V$  of a  $\text{SiO}_2$  gel depend on the conditions of drying but are independent of the conditions of pptn. of the gel. Thus, variation of the initial concn. of  $\text{Na}_2\text{SiO}_3$  between 25 and 100 mg.  $\text{SiO}_2$  in 1 l. of the residual acidity from 0.05 to 0.28N, of the pptn. temp. between 15° and 80°, and of the acid used for acidifying  $\text{Na}_2\text{SiO}_3$  ( $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ ,  $\text{HNO}_3$ ,  $\text{HCl}$ ,  $\text{HCO}_2\text{H}$ ,  $\text{AcOH}$ ,  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ ) had no definite effect on  $d^*$  and  $V$ ; also a gel prepd. by hydrolysis of  $\text{SiCl}_4$  was not different. However,  $d^*$  and  $V$  greatly depended on the pH at which the gel was dried; thus,  $d^*$  was 1.42, 1.18, and 0.77 at pH 2.3, 6.5, and 7.8, resp. The time of coagulation increased, e.g. from 18 to 500 hrs. when the concn. of  $\text{SiO}_2$  increased from 25 to 100 mg./l.

*Over*

3

*J. J. Bikerman*

*Instit. Phys. Chem., AS URSR*



5(4)

AUTHORS: Piontrowskaya, M.A., Khramov, N.V., Gromova, L.A.,  
Neymark, I.Ye.

TITLE: The Change in the Structure and the Adsorption  
Capacity of Aluminum Hydroxide in Ripening under  
Various Conditions of Its Formation

PERIODICAL: Kolloidnyi zhurnal, 1979, Vol. XXI, No. 1, p. 1-5  
(USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors report on a study of the change in the  
adsorption capacity of aluminum hydroxide in  
ripening. The authors have shown that the  
adsorption capacity of aluminum hydroxide  
decreases in proportion to the increase  
of the ripening period. It is shown that  
during the ripening period (0-4 days) the  
hydroxide undergoes structural changes,  
which are accompanied by a transition  
from a dispersed state to a crystalline  
state. X-ray investigations of the

Card 1/2

SCV/03-1-1-1/21

The Change in the Structure and the Adsorption Capacities of  
Aluminum Hydroxide in Dependence on the Conditions of Its Formation

of the same samples fully confirmed the obtained results. The evaluation of the diffraction patterns resulted again in a structural transition of the Fe from amorphousness to micro- and macrocrystalline formations. Samples with ripening periods of 1, 10 and 45 days showed a hydragillite lattice. Heating of

the same samples to a temperature of 200°C resulted in a change of the lattice into the structure of corundum. The authors mention the scientist B.I. Zhukina, who took part in the adsorption measurements. There are 6 X-ray diffraction patterns, 2 figures, 3 tables and 19 references, 7 of which are Soviet, 4 German, 4 English and 4 French.

Card 2/3



SOV/...  
The Change in the Structure and the Adsorption Properties of  
Aluminum Hydroxide in Dependence on the Conditions of Its Formation

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii A. USSR im. L.V. Pisar-  
zhevskogo, Kiev (Institute of Physical Chemistry of  
the AS UkrSSR imeni L.V. Pisarzhevskiy, Kiev)

SUBMITTED: 6 November, 1987

Card 3/3

L 13771-07  
ACC NR: APG 43622  
SOURCE CODE: PA 412 667000 009,6013 0015

INVENTOR: Neynara, I. Ye., Perlovskaya, M. A., Sarazko, G. S.

ORG: none

TITLE: Method of obtaining synthetic zeolite, Class 12, No. 131051 (Institute of Physical Chemistry im. L. V. Pisarzhevskiy (Institut fizicheskoy khimii))

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 1 1966 15

TOPIC TAGS: ~~synthetic~~ zeolite, gel, sodium, aluminate, ~~sodium~~ silicate, sodium beryllate

ABSTRACT: A method of obtaining synthetic zeolite by crystallizing gel at a high temperature. The gel is obtained by mixing sodium aluminate and sodium silicate solutions followed by washing and drying. To obtain a zeolite with increased absorption capacity a sodium beryllate solution is introduced into the composition of starting materials. Sodium beryllate, sodium

UDC: 661.183.6

Card 132

L 43772-20

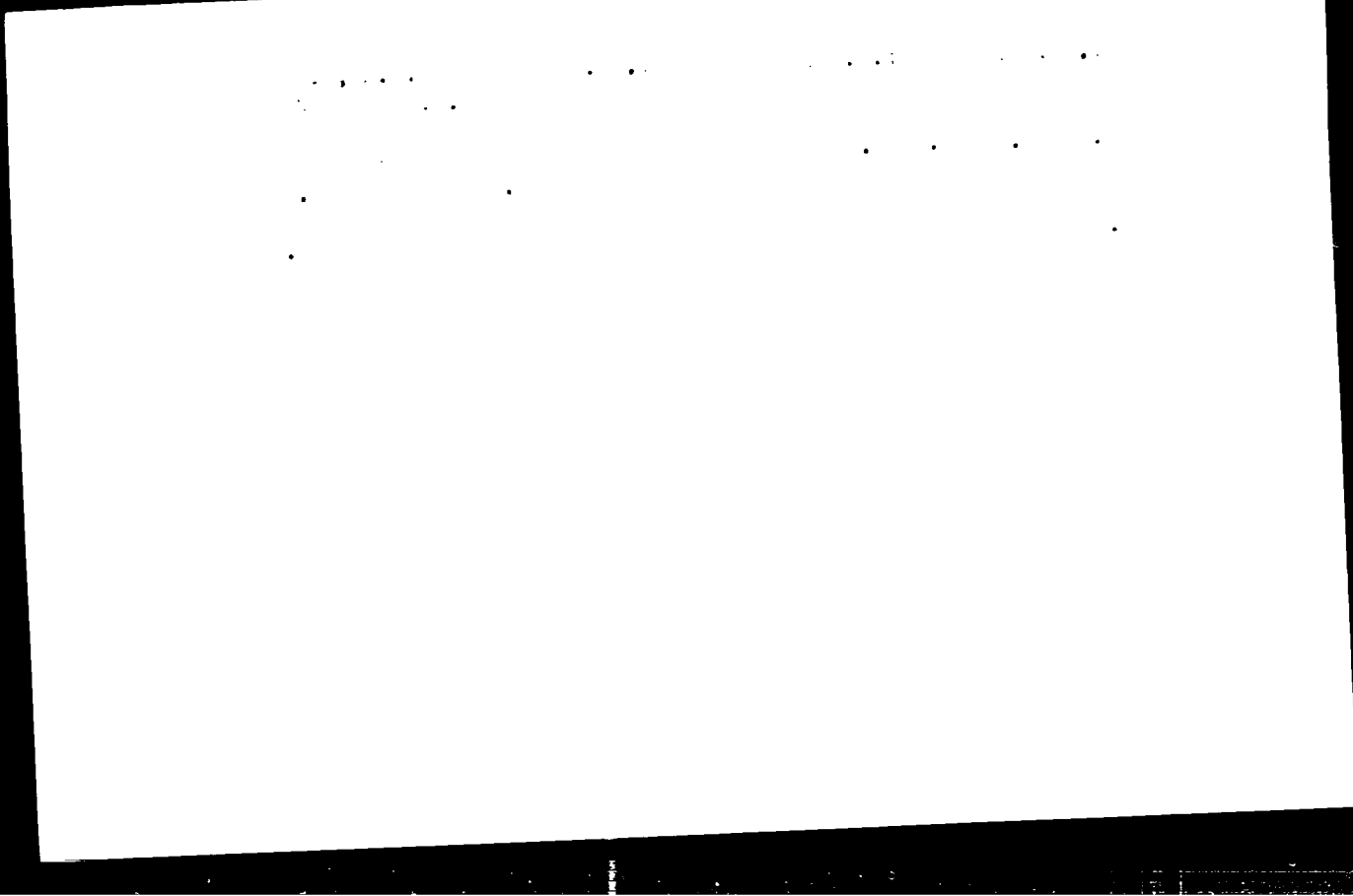
ACC NR: AP6015622

aluminate, and sodium silicate solutions are taken in the proportion of 3:1:1.  
[Translation]

INT

SUB CODE: 11 SUBM DATE: 06/15/67

Card 2/2 *287*



L 1589-66 EMT(m)/T

ACCESSION NR: AP5020950

UR/0073/65/031/008/0761/0767

AUTHOR: Piontkovskaya, M. A.; Neymark, I Ye.; Tyutyunnik, R. S.;  
Lukash, A. Ye.; Lantsova, M. A.

46  
45  
B

TITLE: Properties of magnesium-substituted zeolite

SOURCE: Ukrainskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal, v. 31, no. 8, 1965, 761-767

TOPIC TAGS: zeolite, magnesium, adsorption, nuclear magnetic resonance

ABSTRACT: The zeolite was prepared from the molecular sieve NaA or NH<sub>4</sub>NaA and magnesium sulfate by cation exchange under static or flow conditions at 20-60 C. The exchange amounted to about 40% for NaA and 58% for NH<sub>4</sub>NaA. For the study of properties, the following was determined: isotherms of vapor absorption (for water, benzene and lower alcohols) in the powders under vacuum at 20C, chromatographic data for the heat of adsorption (20-300C) and content in the individual gases (H<sub>2</sub> + CO + CH<sub>4</sub>), and nuclear magnetic resonance for elucidating the nature and character of the forces linking adsorbed water molecules in the zeolite. The compositions of the elemental cells of these zeolites, Mg<sup>I</sup>NaA, Mg<sup>II</sup>NH<sub>4</sub>NaA and Mg<sup>III</sup>NH<sub>4</sub>NaA are reported. Adsorption isotherms for the Mg zeolite were

Card 1/2

L 1589-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5020950

located above those for the Na form. Calculation of water vapor molecules per one zeolite cell gave  $730 \text{ \AA}^3$  for pores in NaA and  $958 \text{ \AA}^3$  for  $\text{Mg}^{\text{III}}\text{NH}_4\text{NaA}$ , that is, 30% more for the latter. Tests with alcohols, etc. showed that no molecules with diameters above 5  $\text{ \AA}$  were adsorbed. The NMR lines for  $\text{MgNaA}$ ,  $\text{CaNaA}$  and  $\text{KNaA}$  are reported. They show that the cations have an essential influence on the magnetic resonance of proton absorption, that is, that upon filling of zeolite pores with water, the latter locates mainly at the metal cations of the individual cells. This supports the assumption of cation participation in the primary adsorption act of polarized water molecules. Adsorption heat was shown to depend upon the individual gas rather than the metal. The heat of adsorption increased by about 2 kcal/mole for each  $\text{CH}_2$  group. The nature of the cation which compensates the charge of the aluminosilicate body influenced the adsorption heat of CO molecules and hydrocarbons with unsaturated bonds. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 3 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L. V. Pisarzhevskogo AN UkrSSR  
(Institute of Physical Chemistry, AN UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: 10Mar64  
NR REF SOV: 008

ENCL: 00  
OTHER: 001

SUB CODE: IC

Card 2/2 SP

BOROD'SHKINA, E.N.; BLAKH, G.A.; BOBCHAYSEY, D.B.; GENDLER, T.P.;  
NEYMANK, I.Ye.; PIVNITSKIY, M.A.

Synthetic zeolites as carriers of rubber vulcanization accelerators.  
Kozh. obuv. prom. n. 14-19 1966. (MIRA 12:6)

MATYASH, I.V.; PIONTKOVSKAYA, M.A.; TARASENKO, L.M.; TYUTYUNNIK, R.S.

Proton relaxation in zeolitic water. Zhur.strukt.khim. 4  
no.1:106-107 Ja-F '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut nizkikh temperatur AN UkrSSR  
i Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.  
(Zeolites—Spectra) (Nuclear magnetic resonance and relaxation)  
(Water)



S/192/63/004/001/002/003  
D204/D307

**AUTHORS:** Matyash, I.V., Piontkovskaya, M.A., Tarasenko, L.M.  
and Tyutyunnik, R.S.

**TITLE:** Proton relaxation in zeolitic water

**PERIODICAL:** Zhurnal strukturnoy khimii, v. 4, no. 1, 1963,  
106-107

**TEXT:** It is noted that although the structure of many zeolites has been studied in some detail both experimentally and theoretically, there is little information about molecular bonding forces in zeolitic water. This has been largely due to experimental difficulties encountered with chemical and spectroscopic (X-ray and infrared) methods. The present work was undertaken to obtain further information about zeolites and to determine the NMR line widths for artificial zeolites. The following were investigated: KA, NaA, CaA, LiA and MgA. It was found that the derivatives of the absorption lines of KA, CaA and MgA did not exhibit detectable splitting which ascribed to the fact that the specimens had not lower than fourfold symmetry axes and the sorption cavities were nearly spherical. Mea-  
Card 1/2

S/192/63/004/001/002/003  
D204/D307

Proton relaxation ...

asured NMR line widths as functions of the relative amount of water appear to confirm that the spin-spin relaxation time does depend on the relative amount of water as reported by Matyash et al (this journal, 2, 214, 1962). On the other hand the self-diffusion coefficient of water molecules in zeolites is universally proportional to the line width  $\Delta H$ . The correlation between  $\Delta H$  and  $\tau_i/\tau$  is shown below

Cation	K	Na	Ca	Li	Mg
$\Delta H$ oe	0.08	0.09	0.17	0.17	0.48
$\tau_i/\tau$	0.05	1.46	2.16	3.48	8.63

where  $\tau_i$  is the mean life of water molecules near the corresponding cation and  $\tau$  is the corresponding equilibrium value in pure water. There are 2 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut nizkikh temperatur AN USSR (Physico-Technical Low Temperature Institute of the AS UkrSSR) Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN USSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry of the AS UkrSSR)  
SUBMITTED: May 28, 1962 Card 2/2

*РІСНІК КОСЯТІН, М. А.*

28

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/6246

Soveshchaniye po tseolitam. 1st, Leningrad, 1961.

Sinteticheskiye tseolity: polucheniye, issledovaniye i primeneniye  
(Synthetic Zeolites: Production, Investigation, and Use). Mos-  
cow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1962. 286 p. (Series: Its: Doklady)  
Errata slip inserted. 2500 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh  
nauk. Komisiya po tseolitam.

Resp. Eds.: M. M. Dubinin, Academician and V. V. Serpinskiy, Doctor  
of Chemical Sciences; Ed.: Ye. G. Zhukovskaya; Tech. Ed.: S. P.  
Golub'.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for scientists and engineers engaged  
in the production of synthetic zeolites (molecular sieves), and  
for chemists in general.

Card 1/22

Synthetic Zeolites: (Cont.)

SOV/6246

COVERAGE: The book is a collection of reports presented at the First Conference on Zeolites, held in Leningrad 16 through 19 March 1961 at the Leningrad Technological Institute imeni Lensovet, and is purportedly the first monograph on this subject. The reports are grouped into 3 subject areas: 1) theoretical problems of adsorption on various types of zeolites and methods for their investigation, 2) the production of zeolites, and 3) application of zeolites. No personalities are mentioned. References follow individual articles.

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807/6246

Synthetic Zeolites: (Cont.)

Tsitsishvili, G. V., and G. D. Bagratishvili. IR Spectra of Water and Heavy Water Adsorbed on Zeolites	38
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Neymark, I. Ye., A. I. Rastrenenko, V. P. Fedorovskaya, and A. S. Plachinda. Variation of Adsorption Properties of Zeolites as a Function of the Degree of Sodium-Ion Substitution by Other Cations	46
Neymark, I. Ye., M. A. Piontkovskaya, A. Ye. Lukash, and R. S. Tyutyunnik. Variation of the Selective Capacity of Synthetic Zeolites	49
Lulova, N. I., L. I. Piguzova, A. I. Tarasov, and A. K. Fedosova. Investigation of Synthetic Zeolites With the Aid of Gas Chromatography	59

Card 4752

NEYMARK, I.Ye.; PIONTKOVSKAYA, M.A.; LUKASH, A.Ye.; TYUTYUNNIK, R.S.

Synthesis of artificial zeolites and study of their adsorption properties [with summary in English]. Koll.zhur. 23 no.4: 454-461 J1-Ag '61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN USSR im. L.V. Pisarzhevskogo. (Zeolites (Adsorption))

PIONTKOVSKAYA, M.A.; NEYMARK, I.Ye.; ZHUGAYLO, Ya.V. [Zhuhailo, IA.V.];  
KUKOVSKIY, Ye.G. [Kukovskyi, E.H.]

Change in the structure of titanium gel catalysts in ethyl  
alcohol dehydration. Ukr. khim. zhur. 27 no.4:447-454 '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L.V.Pisarzhhevskogo AN USSR.  
(Titanium) (Catalysts) (Ethyl alcohol)

SHALYA, V.V.; PIONTKOVSKAYA, M.A.; POLYAKOV, M.V.

Oxidation kinetics of a propane-butane mixture in the presence of platinum and vanadium pentoxide. Ukr. khim. zhur. 27 no.2:184-189 (MIRA 14:3) '61.

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L. V. Pisarzhevskogo AN USSR.  
(Oxidation) (Propane) (Butane)



ROGINSKIY, S.Z.; YANOVSKIY, M.I.; LU PEY-CHZHAN; GAZIYEV, G.A.; ZHABROVA,  
G.M.; KADENATSI, B.M.; BRAZHNIKOV, V.V.; NEYMARY, I.Ye.;  
PIONKOVSKAYA, M.A.

Chromatographic determination of the adsorption isotherms of  
gases and of the specific surface of solids. Kin. i kat. 1  
no.2:287-293 J1-Ag '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR.  
(Adsorption)

NEYMARK, I. Ye., PIONTEVSKAYA, M. A., LUKASH, A. Ye., TYUTYUNNIK, B. S.

Preparation and adsorption properties of synthetic zeolite. Koll.  
zhur. 22 no. 2:251-253 Mr-Apr '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN USSR im. L.V. Pisarzhevskogo,  
Kiyev.

(Zeolites)

NIKOLINA, V.Ya.; NEYMARK, I.Ye.; PIONTEOVSKAYA, M.A.

Molecular sieves (preparation, properties, applications).  
Usp. khim. 29 no.9:1088-1111 S '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Institut Fizicheskoy khimii AN USSR i Nauchno-issledovatel'-  
skiy institut osnovnoy khimii. (Sorbents) (Zeolites)

5(4)

AUTHORS:

Kiselev, A. V., Neymark, L. Ya.,  
Pobzhus, D. I., Piontchikova, M. A.

SOV, 12-1977-14

TITLE:

Change of Porous Structure of Magnesium Hydroxide During Heat Treatment (Izmeneniye poristykh struktury i porovogo sostoyaniya pri termicheskoy obrabotke)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye Khimicheskikh Nauk, 1977, Nr 2, pp 146-150 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In the present paper the change of the porous structure of magnesium hydroxide during heat treatment in the vacuum was investigated in a broad temperature range. It was found that the magnesium hydroxide prepared at 100°C represents a broad-porous sample (pore R with large pore volume  $V_g = 0.21 \text{ cm}^3/\text{g}$ ). The values of the specific surface of the skeleton and of the adsorption layer stand at the same one another in the initial sample. This indicates that there are micropores in the adsorption layer. The micropores are filled up in the process of adsorption of water vapor with a hysteresis. On the treatment of this hydroxide in the vacuum the specific surface is considerably increased at 100°C by

Card 1, 3

Change of Porous Structure of Magnesium Hydroxide  
During Heat Treatment

SOV, 06-15-2000

about the 3-fold. Volume of size of the pores in which capillary condensation takes place remains, however, constant. The formation of the microstructure is due to a transition from the hydrate phase into the anhydrous phase. The transition from the crystal structure of  $Mg(OH)_2$  into  $MgO$  and the fact that the molar volumes are different. At  $350^\circ C$  the sample has a bi-disperse structure, it keeps the structure of a loosely porous structure of the pores at a distance that the walls of the structure are traversed by the pores cracks. At  $400^\circ C$  an increase of the basal plane temperature up to  $400^\circ C$  has already a certain appearance of the microstructure of the specific surface of the sample. On a further increase of temperature up to  $400^\circ C$  and  $450^\circ C$  as the large pores are considerably diminished. In consequence of this the size of the pores but also the surface of the dispersion layer and the volume of the pores  $V_p$  increase. In samples heated at  $1400^\circ C$  the size of the specific surface is reduced to a value as large as the size of the dispersion layer. It is noted that in this sample the large pores disappear.

Card 2, 3

Change of Porous Structure of Macroporous Hydrogels  
During Heat Treatment

passes over again from a coarse fine and coarse,  
porous into a homogeneous coarse porous one. There are  
3 figures, 1 table, and 1 reference, 12 references.

ASSOCIATION: Institute Lomonoskiy of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR  
of Physical Chemistry of the Academies of Sciences of the  
USSR, Moscow, and Lomonoskiy University of M. V. Lomonoskiy  
Lomonoskiy (Moscow State University) imeni M. V. Lomonoskiy

SUBMITTED: July 1, 1977

Card 3, 3

LEONT'YEV, Ye.A.; LUK'YANOVICH, V.M.; NEYMARK, I.Ye.; PIONTKOVSKAYA, M.A.

Structure of titanium dioxide gels investigated independent methods.  
AN SSSR. Otd. khim. nauk no.9:1037-1044 S '58. (MIRA 11:10)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR i Institut fizicheskoy khimii  
imeni L.V. Pisarzhevskogo AN Ukrainskoy SSR.  
(Titanium oxides) (Chemical structure)







Investigation of the Structure of Titanium Dioxide  
Gels of Intermediate Metals

of the adsorbed particles being prepared. There are 7 figures, 1 table, and 10 references cited.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fiziko-khimiicheskoy mekhaniki (Institute of Physical Chemistry, AS USSR) Institut fiziko-khimiicheskoy mekhaniki im. L.V. Pisarzhevskogo (Institute of Physical Chemistry, AS UkrSSR)

ISSUED: March 28, 1957

Card 3, 3

USSR/Physical Chemistry - Surface Phenomena, Adsorption, Chromatography, Ion Interchange.

B-13

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimya, No 2, 1958, 4016.

Author : I.Ye. Neymark, A.I. Rastrenenko, M.A. Piontkovskaya.

Inst :

Title : Preparation of Titanium Silica Gels and Their Porous Structure.

Orig Pub: Kolloidn. zh., 1957, 19, No 3, 324-332.

Abstract: Methods of preparation of titanium silica gels (TSG) and titanium gels (TG) of various texture (total porosity from 0.3 to 2.2 cub.cm per g) and with  $TiO_2$  content up to 22% were developed. The texture of TSG was studied by measuring the apparent and true density and by taking down the isotherms of methanol vapor sorption at  $20^{\circ}$ , which were used for the computation of the specific surface and the distribution of pores according to their radii. It is shown that the conditions of TSG and TG preparation influence the final texture

Card : 1/2

-21-

NEYMARK, I.Ye.; PIONTKOVSKAYA, M.A.; SLINYAKOVA, I.B.

Structure and sorptive capacity of Ukrainian bentonites.  
Bent. gliny Ukr. no.1:47-52 '55. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN USSR.  
(Ukraine--Bentonite)

Плентко В.С. А.А. )  
ZEMSKAYA, A.A.; PIONTKOVSKAYA, S.P.

Gamasid mites occurring on *Myospalax myospalax* Laxmann in the region of reclaimed virgin lands of East Kazakhstan Province. Paraz. zhur. 17:38-44 '57. (MIRA 11:3)

1. Otdel parazitologii i meditsinskoy zoologii Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii im. pochetnogo akademika N.F. Gamaleya AMN SSSR (Shemonaikha District--Mites) (Parasites--Field mice)

KOMAROV, Boris Sergeyevich, prof. [deceased]; PIONTKOVSKIY, B.A., otv. red.;  
BELIKOV, B.S., red.; MARKOCH, K.G., tekhn. red.

[Current supply for wire communication] Elektropitanie pred-  
priyatii provednoi svyazi. Izd. 2., ispr. i dop. Moskva, Gos.  
izd-vo 'it-ry po voprosam svyazi i radio, 1958. 351 p. (MIRA 11:12)  
(Telephone--Current supply) (Telegraph--Current supply)

AUTHOR: Frontkovskiy, B.A.

SOV/106-544-11/17

TITLE: The Calculation of Filtration Coefficient from a given Value of Isochromatic Noise Voltage (Raschet koefitsiyenta fil'tratsii po zadannomu znacheniyu izokhromaticheskogo napryazheniya shuma)

PERIODICAL: Elektrosvyaz', 1958, Nr 9, p. 66 - 70 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The outputs from d.c. generators and from rectified a.c. systems contain harmonics which must be suppressed. The harmonics may be due to tooth or commutator ripple or to the process of rectification. The isochromatic voltage at the output of a converter is determined from (1). The value of  $\alpha_n$  in this expression is fixed by the curve in the DCIR Recommendation, 1954 (Fig 1). This curve does not show the necessary values in sufficient detail at frequencies below 1 kc/s and these are given in Table 1. The ratio between the filtrations possible at two frequencies is given by (2) and the derived value of isochromatic voltage is given by (4). The frequency of the tooth ripple depends on the number of teeth round the circumference of the armature and the speed of rotation.

Card 1/4

SOV/1.6-50-7-11/17

**The Calculation of Filtration Coefficient from a given Value of  
Pso,phometric Noise Voltage**

For ordinary machines the value of this frequency will lie within the limits 100 - 1000 c/s and the output voltage at this frequency constitutes between 0.5% and 4% of the generator voltage. When the slots are inclined the output is very much less. The commutator ripple frequency depends on the number of commutator bars and the speed of rotation. This frequency usually lies between 600 and 3000 c/s and the corresponding output may amount to 4% of the generator voltage. Harmonics due to eccentricity of the armature occur at a very low frequency, (15 - 50 c/s) and are of an extremely small amplitude (e.g. 0.7%). To calculate the pso,phometric voltage from an electrical machine (5) may be used where the value of  $f_1$  may be taken as 500 c/s. The calculation for the output from a rectifier system is more complicated but use may be made of the fact that the frequencies themselves bear a strict relationship to one another. Eq (6) determines the value of the voltage at the n-th harmonic in terms of the overlap angle  $\gamma$ . The structure of the frequency spectrum is found from (7) and depends on the

Card 2/4



307/06-58-11/77

Calculation of Filtration Coefficient from a given Value of  
Residual Electric Noise Voltage

frequency of the supply, the number of phases and  
rectified half-periods. A filter guaranteeing reduction  
of rectifier ripple to an acceptable level must be designed  
as one which reduces the voltage of the first harmonic  
by a factor  $q_1$  given in (13). The quantity  $S$  in this  
formula is found from Table 2 where it is tabulated in  
terms of overlap angle and the value of first harmonic  
for various rectifier arrangements. The method given  
may be used for calculating filters which consist of  
L-C elements and batteries but include any other  
circuits. Example: output voltage, 20V; ripple voltage  
level, 2.4 mV; 3-phase, full-wave rectification; overlap  
angle  $\mu$ , 40°. From Table 2 we find that  $S = 0.0001$   
from (13),  $q_1 = 100$ . This means that the filter must  
be designed to reduce the first harmonic ( $I_1 = 0.0001 I_0$ )

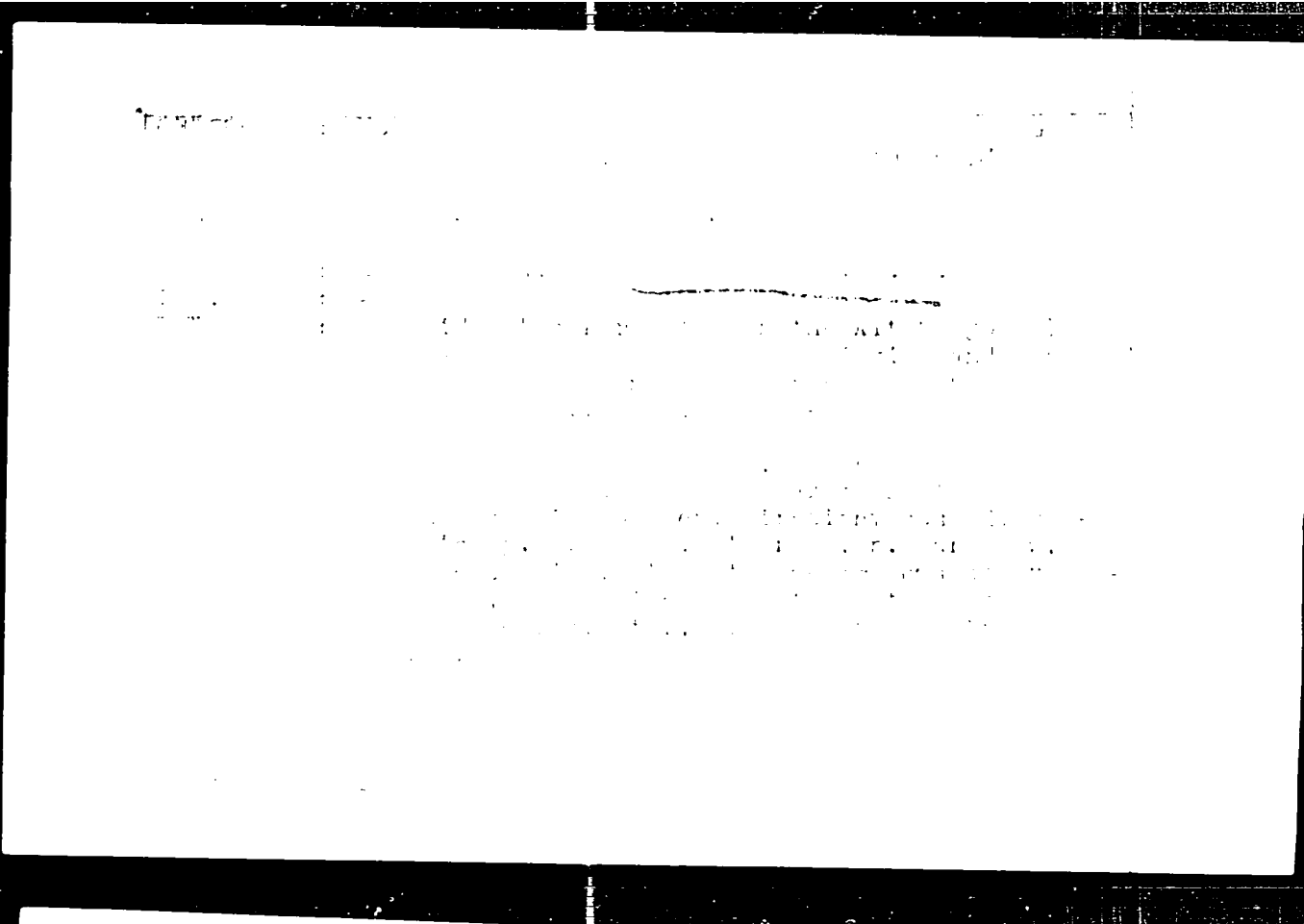
Card 3/4

307/1 6-5-50-11/1  
The Calculation of Filtration Coefficient from a given Value of  
Isosohmetric Noise Voltage

by this factor. It should be noted that if in practice  
the smoothing choke in the rectifier system is of the  
"inductive" type, the smoothing coefficient is  
There is one figure; 2 tables and 10 references.

SUBMITTED: March 21, 1950

Card 4/4



PIONTKOVSKAYA, S.P.; FLINT, V.Ye.; KORSHUNOVA, O.S,

Natural focus of tick-borne exanthematous fever in the Ubsu  
Nur trough in the Tuva A.S.S.R. Med. paraz. i paraz. bol. 32  
no.5: 581-585 S-0'63 (MIRA 10:12)

1. Iz otdela prirodnoochagovykh bolezney Instituta epidemiologii  
i mikrobiologii imeni N.F. Gamalei.

PICHTKOVSKY , S. P.

Koraniya, C. S. and P. I. Pichtkovskiy, U. S. I. "The Role of the Soviet Union in the Development of the World Economy." *Journal of Economic Surveys*, Vol. 1, No. 1, 1987, pp. 1-10.

SO: U- S. I. Pichtkovskiy, U. S. I. "The Role of the Soviet Union in the Development of the World Economy." *Journal of Economic Surveys*, Vol. 1, No. 1, 1987, pp. 1-10.

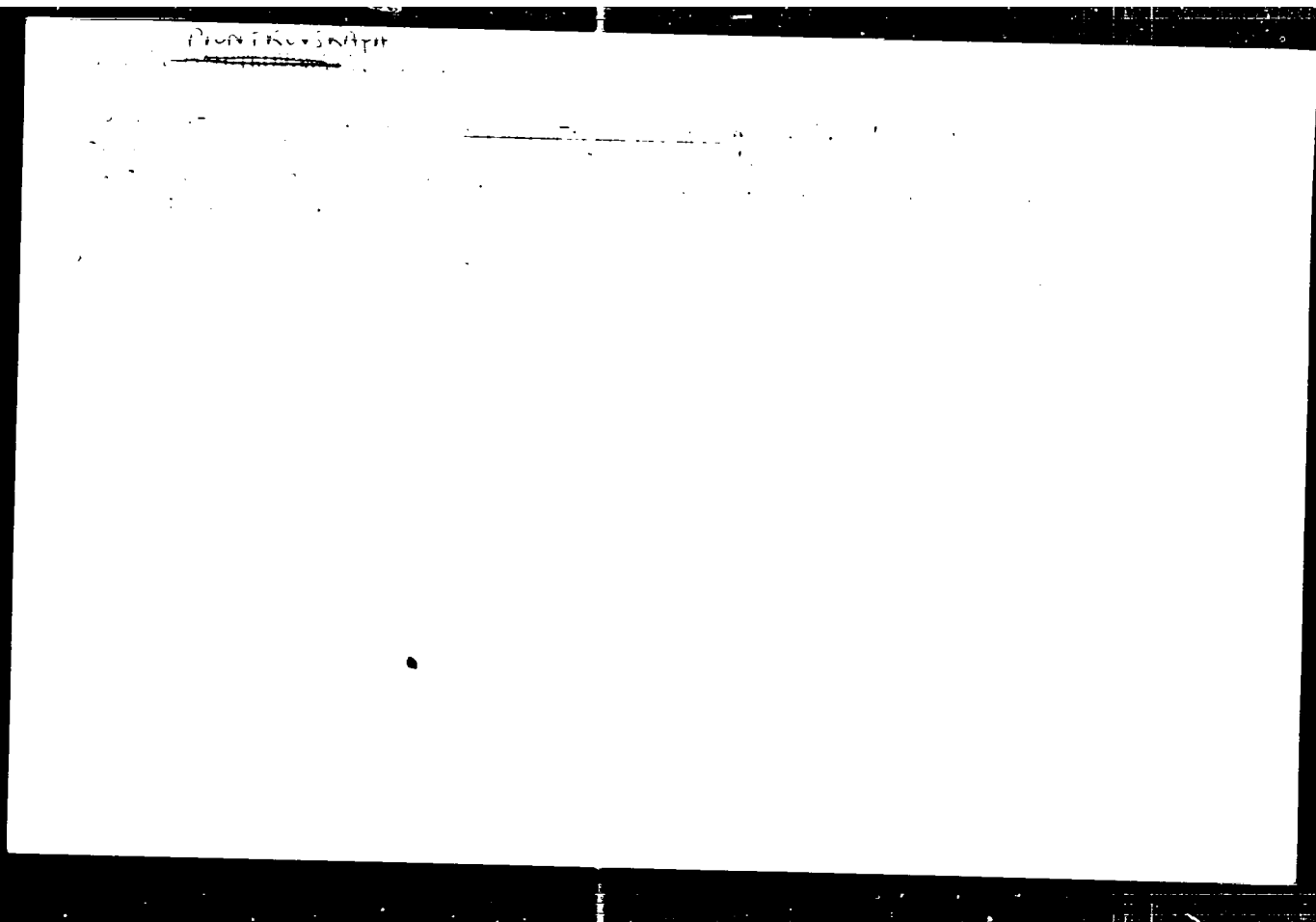


FIGURE 10

105

105  
105  
105

105

1. PETROVA-PIONTKOVSKAYA, S. P.

**USSR/Medicine - Marseilles Fever Carriers** 21 Oct 49

"Carrier of Marseilles Fever," O. S. Korshunova, S. P. Petrova-Piontkovskaya, Inst of Epidemiol and Microbiol imeni N. F. Gamaleya.

"Dok Ak Nauk SSSR" Vol LXVIII, No 6, pp 1151-1153

Series of tests establish Rhipicephalus sanguineus as carrier of subject fever. Only female tick carries the disease. Tested effect of previous infection by subject fever on infection by various other rickettsial diseases, and found it produced immunity in exptl animals only from virus from Hyalomma marginatum. Ticks found to occur on dogs in various towns of the Crimea. Table and figure. Submitted by Acad Ye. N. Pavlovskiy 11 Aug 49. 172743



PIONTKOVSKAYA, S.P.

Significance of agricultural measures for eradication of tick feci.  
Zool. zhurnal 30 no.4:319-324 1951. (CLML 26:11)

1. Department of Parasitology and Medical Zoology (Head--Academician  
Ye.N. Pavlovskiy) of the Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology  
imeni Honored Academician N.F. Gamaleya (Director--Prof. V.D. Timakov,  
Corresponding Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR) of the  
Academy of Medical Sciences USSR.

PIONTKOVSKAYA, S.P.; PAVLOVSKIY, Ye.N., redaktor.

[Rickettsia-bearing Ixodidae; method of collecting, investigating, and controlling them] Iksodovye kleshchi-perenoschiki rickettsiozov, metody shera, issledovaniia i mery bor'by. Moskva, Izd-vo Akademii ned. nauk SSSR, 1962. 52 p.

(MLA 5:5)

(Rickettsia) (Ticks)

PIONTKOVSKAYA, S.P.; KORSHUNOVA, O.S.; GROKHOVSKAYA, I.M.

Three natural nidi. Zool.shur. 33 no.2:323-330 Mr-Apr '54. (MLRA 7:5)

1. Otdel parazitologii i meditsinskoy zoologii (zaveduyushchiy - akademik Ye.N.Pavlovskiy) IIM Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR im. N.F.Gamaleya.  
(Insects as carriers of disease) (Rodents as carriers of disease)

PIONTKOVSKAYA, S.P., SIMONOVICH, Ye. N., and AYZENSHTADT, D.S.

"The Conditions for the Man's Contact with the Ectoparasites of Rodents",  
Problems of Regional, General, and Experimental Parasitology and Medical Zoology,  
Vol. 9, 1955.

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