SVANIDZE, SH. , ZEDGENIDZE, I., and ANDZHAPARIDZE, L., (prof)

"On the Treatment of Certain Diseases with Radioactive Phosphorus" a paper presented at the Transcaussasion Radiological Conference, Tbilisi, Nov. 55.

TI-166004

SVANIDZE, Sh.F.

Establishing optimum yearly productivity of a mine for sections of deposits with limited resources. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 32 no.3: 619-626 D '63. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Institut gornogo dela imeni G.A. Tsulukidze AN GruzSSR, Tbilisi. Predstavleno chlenom-korrespondentom AN GruzSSR A.A. Dzidziguri.

37473
S/129/62/000/005/004/011
E073/E535

18.9200

AUTHORS: Tavadze, F.N., Academician AS Georgian SSR and Svanidze, Sh.G., Engineer

TITLE: Influence of thermomechanical treatment on the temper brittleness of chromansil type steel

PERIODICAL: Metallovedeniye i termicheskaya obrabotka metallov, no.5, 1962, 23-24

TEXT: The investigated steel was produced in an acidically lined induction furnace and had the following composition: 0.31% C, 1.10% Cr, 1.14% Mn, 1.12% Si, 1.40% Ni, 0.026% P, 0.024% S. The thermomechanical treatment was carried out prior to the ordinary quenching and tempering. The blanks were heated to 1050-1100°C, forged and then the influence was investigated of the degree of deformation, the temperature of terminating the forging, the cooling and the annealing conditions. After forging, all the blanks were subjected to the same annealing conditions and then specimens were produced which were quenched from 900°C and tempered at 500°C. A sharp drop in the impact strength was observed for the range of tempering temperatures 425-625°C.

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Influence of thermomechanical ... S/129/62/000/005/004/011
E073/E535

Preliminary forging improves impact strength after quenching and tempering only if the reduction exceeds 25-30%. Fig.2 shows the influence of the temperature at the end of forging, °C, on the impact strength, a_k kgm/cm^2. Fig.3 shows the dependence of the impact strength, a_k kgm/cm^2, on the time of tempering at 500°C (curve 1 - without thermomechanical treatment, curve 2 - after forging). Fig.4 shows the change in impact strength of the annealed steel as a function of the tempering temperature (curve 1 - without thermomechanical treatment, curve 2 - after forging). Fig.5 shows the influence of the tempering temperature on the impact strength (curve 1 - without thermomechanical treatment, curve 2 - after forging). There are 5 figures.

Card 2/2

SVANIDZE, TS.I.

Age of fossil flora of lamellar shales and the coal layer of Okriba. Soob.AN Gruz.SSR 25 no.5:561-564 N '60. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Akademiya nauk GruzSSR, Geologicheskiy institut, Tbilisi. Predstavleno akademikom I.V. Kacharava.
(Okriba region--Paleobotany)

SVANIDZE, Ts. I.

Cand Geol-Min Sci - (diss) "Fossil flora of the batskiye deposits of Okriba." Tbilisi, 1961. 11 pp; (State Committee of Higher and Secondary Specialist Education of the Council of Ministers Georgian SSR, Geor Order of Labor Red Banner Polytechnic Inst imeni V. I. Lenin); 200 copies; free; (KL, 7-61 sup, 225)

SVANIDZE, TS.I.

Relationship between flora of the TKibuli and Gelati coal series. Soob.AN Gruz.SSR 26 no.1:39-42 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Akademiya Nauk Gruzinskoy SSR, Geologicheskiy institut, Tbilisi. Predstavleno akademikom A.I. Dzhanelidze.
(Georgia--Coal geology)

SVANIDZE, TS.I.

Fossil flora of the Lower Jurassic sediments in the area surrounding Shrosha (western Georgia). Izv. Geol. ob-va Gruz. 4 no. 2:25-36 '65 (MIRA 19:1)

KOSTRINA, L., inzh.; SVANIDZE, V., inzh.

Chemistry and the maintenance of equipment. Tekh. i vooruzh. no.4:68-72 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:9)

USSR/General Problems of Pathology - Tumors. Experimental Therapy. U.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 19, 1958, 89594

Author : Andzhaparidze, L.I., Mekhuzla, T.A., Zedgenidze, I.Sh., Svanidze, V.

Inst :

Title : Radioactive Phosphorus Therapy of Some Diseases of the Hemopoietic System.

Orig Pub : Tr. 1-y Zakavkazsk. konferentsii po med. radiol Tbilisi, Gruzmedgiz, 1956, 309-314.

Abstract : Twenty patients (16-myeloid leukosis, 4-lymphoid leukosis, 4 - erythremia) were submitted to P^{32} therapy. Administration of the isotope in doses of 4-8 micro curies gave good therapeutic results in all the patients with erythremia. Some patients with myeloid leukosis improved generally; the therapeutic effect of P^{32} was least remarkable in lymphoid leukosis. The administration

Card 1/2

SVANIDZE, V. F.

Svanidze, V. F.
"On the Characteristic of the Agrometeorological Conditions of the Cultivation of Potatoes, Various Conditions of the Cultivation of Potatoes, Various Terms for Planting in the Low Grounds of Valleys of East Georgia."

Report presented at the Scientific Session of Tbilisi Scientific Research Institute for Hydrometeorology, May 1957. (Meteorologiya i Gidrologiya, No. 1, 1958).

SVANIDZE, V. F.

3(7) SOV/50-59-2-24/25

AUTHOR: Khmaladze, G. N.

TITLE: Scientific Meeting at the Tbilisi Scientific Research Institute of Hydrometeorology (Nauchnaya sessiya v Tbilisskom nauchno-issledovatel'skom gidrometeorologicheskom institute)

PERIODICAL: Meteorologiya i gidrologiya, 1959, Nr 2, pp 70 - 71 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In May 1958 the Tbilisskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy gidrometeorologicheskiy institut (Tbilisi Hydrometeorological Scientific Research Institute) held a meeting in which the following representatives participated: Representatives of the Tsentral'nyy institut prognozov (Central Forecasting Institute), Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya (Main Geophysical Observatory), and the local administrations of the hydrometeorological services of the Transcaucasian Republics. On the occasion of the fifth anniversary of the Tbilisi NIGMI the director of the Institute V. P. Lominadze held a speech commemorating the event. Kh. P. Pogosyan (TsIP) spoke on the character of temperature distribution and the circulation of the atmosphere above the Antarctica. K. I. Papinashvili and Ye. A. Napetvaridze spoke on the characteristics of the

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circulation processes above Transcaucasia. M. A. Zakhachvili reported on the typification of synoptical processes carried out by him. R. I. Mosadze read two papers on theoretical questions of dynamic meteorology. V. M. Gigineishvili and V. P. Lominadze spoke on the present state of the fight against hail. F. T. Kharchilava spoke on the great amounts of precipitation on East Georgia, I. T. Bartishvili on meteorological visibility in cloudbursts, Ye. A. Polyakova (GGO) on the meteorological visibility in the case of precipitation and fog, G. I. Chirakadze on the precipitation in Georgia in the course of 24 hours, E. V. Sukhishvili on the wind energy reserves of Georgia, Sh. V. Mosidze on the radiation and heat balances in the alpine zone of the Kazbegi, Ye. R. Dvali on the radioactivity of the atmosphere in Tbilisi and Dusheti, Ya. A. Tsutskiridze on the albedo of different natural surfaces, Sh. G. Gavasheli (UGMS of the Gruzinskaya SSR) on the ground temperature conditions in Tbilisi, V. Sh. Tsomaya on the method developed by him for forecasting the number of days with ice mash, V. F. Pok-

Card 2/3

lepa on a method for the calculation of the volume of rain water supply in floods, G. P. Pastukhova (UGMS of the Azerbaydzhanskaya SSR) on the use of indices of the atmospheric circulation in hydrological forecasts. The representative of the UGMS of the Armyanskaya SSR M. V. Shaginyan reported on the characteri tics of the formation of the water supply for spring floods on rivers of Armenia. A. A. Pogosyan (UGMS of the Armyanskaya SSR) pointed to the special role of the snow cover of the belt between 1600 and 2400 m in the formation of the water supply for spring floods on the rivers of Armenia. V. F. Svanidze spoke on the method of forecasting easily accessible humidity in the soil below grain cultures. N. P. Stolypin and Sh. I. Tsertsvadze spoke on the periods set for the opening of vineyards in Transcaucasia. O. M. Kandelaki, L. A. Enfiadzhyan (UGMS of the Armyanskaya SSR), and N. S. Chernysh spoke on the microclimatic conditions of the Lambalinskiy massif in the Armyanskaya SSR. In all, 27 papers were read.

Card 3/3

SVANISHVILI, R. A. Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Data Concerning the Problem of the Diagnostic Importance of ~~the~~ Functional Indexes of the External Respiration of ~~Sportsmen.~~ Athletes" ~~XXXXXX~~ Tbilisi, 1957. 19 pp 21 cm. (Tbilisi State Medical Inst), 200 copies

(KL, 26-57, 113)

SVANISHVILI, R.A., kand.med,nauk

Professor G.IA. Mgebrishvili (70th anniversary of his birth and 45th anniversary as a practicing doctor and pedagog. Vop. kur., fizioter. i lech. fiz. kul't. 26 no.5:474-80 '61. (MIRA 14:11)
(MGEBRISHVILI, GEORGII IAKOVLEVICH, 1890-)

PARDZHANADZE, Shalva Konstantinovich; SVANISHVILI, Romanoz Akakiyevich

[Textbook of physical and exercise therapy] [Uchebnik fizioterapii i vrachebnci fizkul'tury. Tbilisi, Ganatleba] 1965. 283 p. [In Georgian] (MIRA 18:7)

SVANKMAJER, M.

Use of calculation technique in historical research. Vestnik CSAV 72 no.3:377-379 '63.

L 31265-66

ACC NR: AP6022780 SOURCE CODE: CZ/0039/66/027/002/0103/0109

43
B

AUTHOR: Svantner, Jiri (Engineer)

ORG: Institute of Macromolecular Chemistry, CSAV, Prague (CSAV, Ustav makromolekularni chemie)

TITLE: Parameters determining the dynamic switching voltage in four-layer diodes

SOURCE: Slaboproudy obzor, v. 27, no. 2, 1966, 103-109

TOPIC TAGS: switching circuit, electric resistance, electric capacitance, pulse rate, circuit design, diode electron tube

ABSTRACT: The article deals with the relations characterizing the dynamic switching voltage in four-layer diodes. It shows that the dynamic switching voltage depends on the steepness of the increase in external voltage, the value of the series resistance and the parallel capacitance, the pulse frequency of the input pulses and the value of the DC bias. These relations are analyzed and their measurement is briefly treated. The value of the dynamic switching voltage may be changed within broad limits by suitable circuit changes on the basis of the stated relations. Orig. art. has: 16 figures. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: 21Apr65 / ORIG REF: 004 / OTH REF: 003

Card 1/1 UDC: 621.314.7.018.756

0015 0150

RULNJEVIC, Juraj, Dr.; SVARA, Vesna, Dr.

Modern therapy of respiratory insufficiency in botulism. Lijec vjes 82 no.9/10:917-924 '60.

1. Iz Bolnice za zarazne bolesti u Zagrebu
(BOTULISM compl)
(RESPIRATORY SYSTEM dis)

MIHALJEVIC, Fran, prof. dr.; SVARA, Vesna, dr.; HRABAR, Ante, dr.

Acute respiratory tract infections. Med. glas. 19 no.8/9: 175-180 Ag-S '65.

1. Bolnica za zarazne bolesti u Zagrebu (Sef lijecnik: prof. dr. F. Mihaljevic) i Republicki zavod za zastitu zdravlja u Zagrebu (Direktor: dr. I. Brodarec).

L 39008-66

ACC NR: AP6029577 SOURCE CODE: YU/0015/65/000/08-/0175/0180

AUTHOR: Mihaljevic, Fran (Professor; Doctor); Svara, Vesna (Doctor); Hrabar, Ante (Doctor)

ORG: Infectious Diseases Hospital/directed by Professor, Doctor F. Mihaljevic/, Zagreb (Bolnica za zarazne bolesti); National Institute of Health of the Republic/ directed by Doctor I. Brodarec/, Zagreb (Republicki zavod za zastitu zdravlja)

TITLE: Acute infections of the respiratory tract [This paper was presented at the 2nd Scientific Convention of Yugoslav Infectologists held in Belgrade from 13 to 16 May 1965.]

SOURCE: Medicinski glasnik, no. 8-9, 1965, 175-180

TOPIC TAGS: respiratory system disease, virus disease, medical conference, epidemiology

ABSTRACT: Review of viral respiratory diseases: agents, symptoms, clinical and laboratory aspects. Epidemiology of influenza A and B types in Yugoslavia 1950 to 1965 is shown graphically and reviewed: morbidity, mortality, seasonal, geographic, age and other patterns. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table. [JPRS: 36,599]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 004 / SOV REF: 001
OTH REF: 005

Card 1/1

themselves as herpangina, 74 as serous meningitis, with or without a rash, one with picture of paralytic poliomyelitis, five as meningoencephalitis and 21 as febrile illness with or without a rash. Epidemiological and clinical characteristics of those syndromes are given.

YUGOSLAVIA

Zagreb, Lijecnicki Vjesnik, Vol 87, No 11, 1965, pp 1207-1216

syndromes. Enteric viruses were isolated from the stools of 29 patients with Bornholm disease and 20 patients with serous meningitis. Thirty-one of these strains were identified as Coxsackie group B viruses, types 1, 3, 5, four others belonged to the groups A and B, and the remaining 15 isolated strains could be classified only as non-polio enteroviruses. 8 Yugoslav, 9 Western references. Manuscript received 29 Jul 1965.

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CSO: 2000-N

- END -

L 34937-66 EWP(t)/ETI JD

ACC NR: AP6026609 SOURCE CODE: CZ/0057/65/000/012/0546/0547

AUTHOR: Svarc, Jiri (Engineer)

ORG: MHD, Prague

TITLE: Recovery of waste heat in metallurgical processes

SOURCE: Hutnik, no. 12, 1965, 546-547

TOPIC TAGS: metallurgic process, heat loss, steam boiler, gas kinetics

ABSTRACT: The importance of heat recovery in metallurgical processes is discussed. The sources of the waste heat are: sensible heat in byproducts; sensible heat in products; heat removed in process cooling; kinetic energy of compressed gases; back-pressure steam. The majority of present day installations in Czechoslovakia recover the heat of waste gases in steam boilers. Details of such boilers are discussed. Recovery of heat by dry cooling of coke is recommended. [JPRS: 34,519]

SUB CODE: 11, 13 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 dj

0916 3305

SVARC, Hynek, inz., dr.

"Gas concretes and gas silicates in the building industry" by Jerzy Pogorzelski, Leonard Urban. Reviewed by Hynek Svarc. Poz stavby 11 no.5:288 '63.

SVATIC, J.

Diet of officers in peace and war. p. 544. VOJNO-TEHNICKI GLASNIK. Beograd.

Vol. 3, No. 7, July 1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 4, No. 12, December 1955

9.611
21.5300

65975
Z/037/60/000/02/004/018
E024/E335

AUTHORS: Rumler, Ctirad and Švarc, Jaroslav

TITLE: Pulse-height Analyser with Cathode-ray Tube and Photometric Wedge

PERIODICAL: Československý časopis pro fysiku, 1960, Nr 2, pp 107 - 114

ABSTRACT: An analyser of electric-pulse heights is described, which has a resolving power corresponding to an 80-channel analyser. The amplitude spectrum of the pulses is evaluated from the screen of a CRT by photographic integration through an optical photometric wedge. The here described analyser was used, in combination with a scintillation-detector, as a gamma-spectrometer by the Nuclear-research Institute of the CSAV. The incoming pulses pass through a pulse-lengthening circuit so that a system of horizontal traces is displayed on the CRT, each trace corresponding to one pulse. If the analyser works as a scintillation spectrometer, each trace corresponds to one light-pulse. The ordinate of a trace is linearly proportional to the amplitude of the analysed pulse. If the instrument is

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E024/E335

Pulse-height Analyser with Cathode-ray Tube and Photometric Wedge

used as a γ-ray spectrometer, the vertical deviation is proportional to the energy. The principle of the instrument is shown schematically in Figure 1, where O is the cathode-ray tube, FK the photometric (grey) wedge, n the number of pulses and a the pulse amplitude. The pulses are selected according to their amplitudes with the aid of the lengthening circuit and CRT. The amplitude can vary continuously rather than in discrete steps as in fixed-channel analysers. The number of pulses is recorded by photographic integration, i.e. by photographing the pulse spectrum through the photometric wedge, the transmission of which decreases exponentially with the distance x . It follows that this optical recorder also acts as a memory system. The photographic record shows a series of lines whose lengths vary exponentially with the number of pulses.
The functioning of the instrument is shown in Figures 3 and 4: J - input; O - zero adjustment; V - off; M - measurement; 1a - pre-amplifier of the pulse-lengthening circuit; 1b - pulse-lengthening circuit;

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Z/037/60/000/02/004/018
E024/I335

Pulse-height Analyser with Cathode-ray Tube and Photometric Wedge

2 - symmetrical vertical amplifier; 3a - pre-amplifier for the time base; 3b - single-sweep time base; 4 - symmetrical horizontal amplifier; 5 - circuit stabilising the beam intensity; 6 - negative pulse for discharging the tube; 7 - zeroing oscillator; 8 - cathode-ray tube; CZ - time base; SZ - amplifier. The pulses are lengthened sufficiently to keep the vertical deflection of the beam constant during one sweep of the time base. The circuit works on the principle of capacitor charging. The length of the horizontal deflection can be regulated in steps 5, 100 and 1000 μs. The discharging penthode E_4 is blocked for the duration of the horizontal deflection by the pulse 6 from 3b. The output from the pulse-lengthening circuit is linearly amplified in the high-stability vertical amplifier. The input pulses trigger a conventional single sweep time base. A positive and negative rectangular pulse is also taken from the time base, one feeding 6, the other 5. If n is the number of light pulses, q a factor correcting for reciprocity failure, the intermittency /

Card3/6

Pulse-height Analyser with Cathode-ray Tube and Photometric Wedge

effect and the phosphorescence and fatigue of the luminescent screen, 1/d the extinction coefficient:

$$\ln n = \frac{x}{qd} + \text{const} \qquad (4) .$$

By copying the photograph with increasing contrast, one increases the accuracy for determining n . Figure 5 shows the calibration of the vertical axis in terms of energy: Figure 6 the calibration of the number of pulses against trace length; Figure 7 the exponential dependence of the trace length on n .
The accuracy of the instrument was 2% on the energy scale and 5% on the intensity scale. Figure 8 shows the spectrum of a mixture of Cs^{137} and Co^{60} .
A further development of the instrument is the replacement of the optical photometric wedge by intensity modulation of the cathode-ray tube. This method, for which a patent was applied for, as well as other analysers with "electric wedges" will be the subject of a separate paper.

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Z/037/60/000/02/004/018
E024/E335

Pulse-height Analyser with Cathode-ray Tube and Photometric Wedge

In conclusion, it is stated that the here described pulse-height analyser with photographic integration is very simple in design and does not have the disadvantages of amplitude analysers with fixed channel adjustments. The optical verification of the measured pulse spectrum is a favourable feature, particularly in γ-ray spectroscopy. It is possible to achieve very short exposure times, which is particularly important when measuring the amplitude spectrum of radioactive substances with very short half lives. By using a fast time base a resolution time of the order of 1 μs can be obtained. A further advantage is direct photographic recording without the necessity of further evaluation. A considerable disadvantage of this analyser is its lower accuracy in reading off the intensities of spectral lines.
There are 8 figures and 7 references, of which 2 are German, 4 English and 1 Soviet.

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65975
Z/037/60/000/02/004/018
E024/E335

Pulse-height Analyser with Cathode-ray Tube and Photometric Wedge

ASSOCIATION: Ústav jaderného vyzkumu ČSAV, Praha
(Institute of Nuclear Physics, ČSAV, Prague)

SUBMITTED: September 15, 1959

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39650
S/137/62/000/007/033/072
A057/A101

1.2300

AUTHOR: Švarc, Karel

TITLE: A method of soldering of aluminum with soft solders containing lead

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 7, 1962, 60, abstract 7E392 P (Czechoslovakian patent no. 97824, 15.12.60)

TEXT: The soldered surfaces are coated with a metal which is easily soldered, as for instance nickel, or copper. The solder, which can be soft, is laid upon this coating. Preliminarily the Al_2O_3 film is removed from the surface. Specially convenient because of the simplicity and applicability in assembling conditions is the nickel plating by the reduction method, similar to the plating used before the hard chrome plating of Al. In this method the area of soldering is soaked during about 30 sec. with 10% NaOH solution at 50°C and washed with warm water. The details are submerged afterwards for 30 sec. into a bath containing 400 g/l $NiCl_2$, 20 g/l HF (48%), 40 g/l H_3BO_3, at room temperature. In this bath the Al oxides are dissolved and Ni precipitated on the same surface, afterwards the nickel plated area is washed again with warm water and dried. It can be

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S/137/62/000/007/033/072
A057/A101

A method of soldering of...

soldered with a Pb-Sn-solder and organic flux with a common soldering iron. Cu can be soldered with Al, or other metals. Tensile tests show that the rupture occurs beyond the joint. This soldering method is quicker, more convenient and safe than the prior method and allows a replacement of the Cu-wire by aluminum one in cases where this was not possible before, because of the difficult soldering of Al. A thin Al-foil and wire are not damaged. In comparison to the supersonic wave soldering there is no need for a complex arrangement.

Ye. Greyl'

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

SVARC, Miroslav

Outlook for power engineering in the third Five-Year Plan.
Nova technika no.10:433-436 O '60.

1. Ministerstvo paliv a energetiky

SVARC, Miroslav

"Electrical engineering" by J. Slesinger. Reviewed by Miroslav Svarc. Slaboproudy obzor 23 no.9:Suppl.: Literatura L65, L67 '62.

SVARC, O.

Safety in the operation of an atomic power plant. p. 153.

ENERGETIKA. (Ministerstvo energetiky a Ceskoslovenska vedecka technicka spolecnost pro energetiku pri Ceskoslovenske akademii ved) Praha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 5, no. 4, Apr. 1955.

Monthly list of European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 11, Nov. 1959. Uncl.

SVARC, O.

First atomic-power plant of the Soviet Union. p.403

ENERGETIKA. (Ministerstvo energetiky a Ceskoslovneska vedecka technicka spolecnost pro energe iku pri Ceskoslovenske akademii ved) Praha, Czechoslovakia
Vol.5, no.4, Apr.1955

Monthly List of EastEuropeaa Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol.8, no.11
Nov. 1959
Uncl.

SVARC, P.; JAKUBEC, Z.; JOSIPOVIC-GUMHOLD, I.

Increased sensitivity of various Salmonella strains to bismuth; description of a modification of Wilson-Blair agar method for the elimination of inhibitory effect of bismuth (balanced agar sulfite) Acta med. iugosl. 9 no.2-3:198-205 1955.

1. Pokrajinska medicinsko-istrazivacka laboratorija, Novi Sad.
(SALMONELLA, culture,
Wilson-Blair agar, prev. of different bact. sensitivity by chem. balancing. (Ser))
(BISMUTH,
sulfide agar, chem. balancing in prev. of varying sensitivity in Salmonella strains. (Ser))
(CULTURE MEDIA,
for Salmonella strains, chem. balancing of Wilson-Blair agar in prev. of varying sensitivity. (Ser))

SVARC, Petar

A preliminary standard for the diagnosis of syphilis-positive and dubious sera (screening test) using Meinicke's clearance test (MKF II). Med. pregl. 18 no.5:147-151 '65.

1. Zavod za epidemiologiju Instituta za zdravstvenu zastitu u Novom Sadu (Direktor Zavoda; Prof. dr. Milos Aranicki).

SVARC, Rudolf

SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: Veterinary Physician

Affiliation: Institute of Helmintology SAV /Slovenska akademia ved; Slovak Academy of Sciences/ (Helmintologicky ustav SAV), Kosice

Source: Bratislava, Vasa Veda, Vol VIII, No 7, 1961, pp 405-407.

Data: "Snails and Parasitic Diseases."

SVARC, V.

Wings over the North Pole.

P. 784. (KRIDLA VLASTI.) (Praha, Czechoslovakia) No. 25, Dec. 1957

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accession (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, No. 5, May 1958

SVARC, VILIAM

SVARC, Viliam, Dent.

Determination of elevation of bite and central occlusion in practice according to Camper's line. Prakt. zub. lek. 2 no.3: 67-70 1954.

1. OUNZ, Zvolen.
(TEETH,
*occlusion & elevation of bite, determ. according to Camper's line)

SVARC, Vlastislav

Contribution to the discussion on locomotive maintenacne.
Zel dop tech 9 no.10:312-313 '61.

SVARCBEK, J.

SVARCBEK, J. Controlling the rubber of teat cups on milking machines.
p. 291. vol. 6 no. 15
Aug. 1956. MECHANISACE ZEMEDELSTVI, CZECHOLOVAKIA

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Vol 6, No. 4—April 1957

SVARCBEK, J.

Controlling the milking process with milking machines.

p. 565 (MECHANISACE ZEMEDELSTVI) Vol. 7, no. 24, Dec. 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 3, March 1958

SVARCBEK, J.
FIALA, J.
SOUHRADA, J.

Possible uses of a fodder mixer. p. 274.

Praha. MECHANIZACE ZEMEDELSTVI. Vol. 9. no. 12, Dec. 1959.
Praha, Czechoslovakia

Monthly list of East European Accession (EEAI) LC Vol. 9, no. 2
Feb. 1960. Uncl.

SVARCHEVSKAYA, Zoya Aleksandrovna; PETROVSKAYA, T.I., red.

[Geomorphology of Kazakhstan and Central Asia] Geomorfologiia Kazakhstana i Srednei Azii. Leningrad, Izd-vo Leningr. univ., 1965. 296 p. (MIRA 18:7)

VOLKOV, Igor' Aleksandrovich; SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A., prof., otv. red.; ZAYTSEVA, I.P., red.

[Ishim Steppe; its relief and covering loesslike sediments] Ishimskaia step'; rel'ef i pokrovnye lessovidnye otlozheniia. Novosibirsk, Red.-izd. otdel Sibirskogo otd-niia AN SSSR, 1965. 73 p. (MIRA 18:7)

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A.; SELIVERSTOV, Yu.P.

Comparative characteristics of the relief of western Africa and Kazakhstan and the basic stages of its formation. Vest.LGU 20 no.12:74-84 '65. (MIRA 18:8)

SVARICHEVSKIY, A.

Day of the future soldier. Voen. znan. 41 no.3:32-33 Mr '65.
(MIRA 18:5)

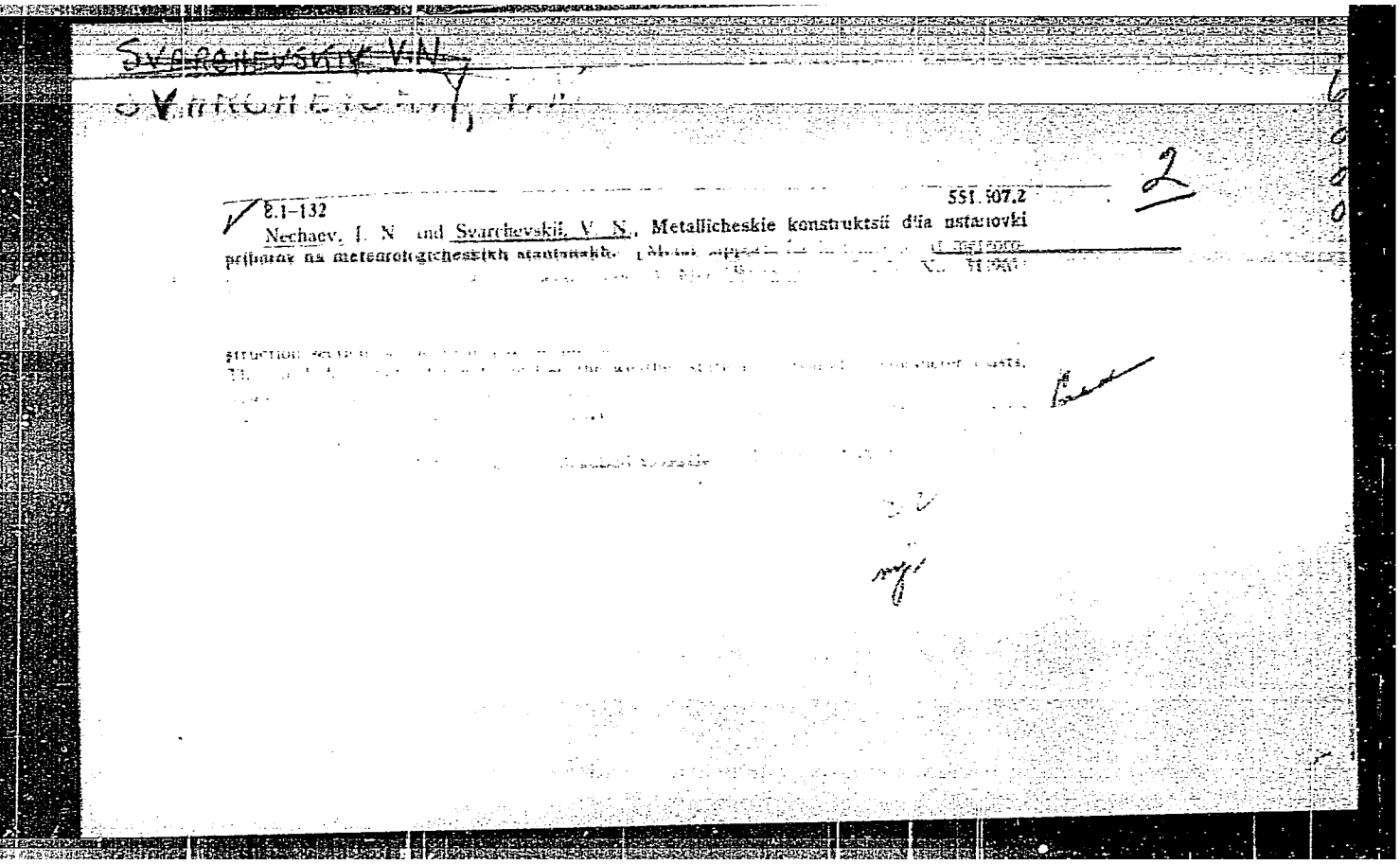
1. Chlen prezidiuma Khmel'nitskogo gorodskogo komiteta Vsesoyuznogo dobrovol'nogo obshchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu SSSR.

PORFIR'YEV, V.B.[Porfir'iev, V.B.], akademik; GRINBERG, Y.V. [Hrinberh, I.V.]; LADYZHENSKIY, M.R.[Ladyzhens'kyi, M.R.]; LINETSKIY, V.P.[Linets'kyi, V.P.]; GALABUTSKAYA, K.A. [Halabuts'ka, K.A.]; TKACHUK, L.G.[Tkachuk, L.H.]; SVARICHEVSKIY, L.V.[Svarychevs'kyi, L.V.]; RIPUN, M.B. [Rypun, M.B.]; GABINET, M.P.[Habinet, M.P.]; CHEKHOVICH, N.Ya.[Chekhovych, N.IA.], red.; MATVIICHUK, O.O., tekhn. red.

[Carpathian menilite shales] Menilitovi slantsi Karpat. Kyiv, Vyd-vo Akad. nauk URSR, 1963. 204 p. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Akademiya nauk Ukr. SSR (for Porfir'yev). Institut geologii goryuchikh iskopayemykh AN Ukr.SSR (for all except Chekhovich, Matviichuk).

(Carpathian Mountains—Oil shales)



8.1-132 551.507.2

Nechaev, I. N. and Svarchevskii, V. N., Metallicheskie konstruktsii dlia ustanovki priborov na meteorologicheskikh stantsiiakh.

SVARCHEVSKIY, V. N., BESPALOV, D. P., AND LEBEDEVA, K. D.

Results of Tests of a Remote Device for Gradient Measurements of Meteorological Elements

The authors describe a remote-controlled apparatus for gradient measurements, i.e., measurements of the vertical distribution of the wind, temperature and humidity of the air near the ground. The device permits one to measure the wind velocity, temperature and humidity of the air at six points up to a height of 10-15 meters, and also the temperature of the soil at six depths. Moreover, it can measure the velocity and direction of the main current for which the gradient measurements are going conducted. For the measurement of velocity use is made of contact anemometers; six anemometers give their recordings at one automatic recorder. Slow resistance thermometers are used to measure temperature and humidity, the latter being determined psychrometrically. (RZhGeol, No. 5, 1955)
Tr. Glav. Geofiz. obser., No. 43, 1954, 39-52.

SO: Sum. No. 744, 8 Dec 55 - Supplementary Survey of Soviet Scientific Abstracts (17)

SVARCHEVSKIY, V. N., and LEBEDEV, K. D.

"Test of Remote Bearing Wind Gage," Tr. Glav. geofiz. observ., No 43, pp 53-57, 1954

The construction of a small remote bearing wind gage designed by the authors in the Main Geophysical Observatory is described. The design is based on an ac current tachymeter. For remote bearing a dc potentiometer designed by A. P. Sokolovskiy is used. The accuracy of the instrument proved to be satisfactory. (RZhFiz, No 6, 1955)

Sum. No. 681, 7 Oct. 55

SVARCHEVSKIY V.N.

SVARCHEVSKIY, V.N.

Aleksandrov, V.S.

3(7) PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/1720

Leningrad. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya.

Voprosy razrabotki meteorologicheskikh priborov (Problems in the Development of Meteorological Instruments) Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1958. 49 p. (Series: Its: Trudy, vyp. 83) 1350 copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: Glavnoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy sluzhby.

Ed. (Title page): M.S. Sternzat, Candidate of Physical-Mathematical Sciences; Ed. (Inside book): N.M. Temnogorskaya; Tech. Ed.: A.M. Sergeyev.

PURPOSE: This issue is intended for scientific personnel engaged in the construction and use of meteorological instruments.

COVERAGE: In general, this booklet covers descriptions of new instruments and problems encountered in their development. It also describes methods used for selecting the optimum interval for averaging the velocity of the wind and for determining the aggregate composition of fogs. The instruments described in detail include a new

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automatic condensation hygrometer, a simple device for determining the composition of fog, a field radiometer, a device for measuring temperature, apparatus for actinometric observations and a device for measuring winds of high velocity. No personalities are mentioned. Bibliographies follow each article.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

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Mikhaylov, V.Ya. A Method of Determining the Aggregate Composition of a Fog	25
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Stanyukovich, K.P. An Instrument for Registering the Velocity and Gusts of High Winds	43

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

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geophysical and meteorological recordings. The FRV-1 photorecorder was installed on a spring support on one of the desks of a "flying-lab" aircraft. The air temperature and humidity and the aircraft g-loads were recorded via sensor-controlled bridge circuits fed from storage batteries. All recordings were backed up by a standard K4-51 oscillograph. The photorecorder operated well with circuits having a resistance of tens to thousands of ohm. The high proper frequency of the FRV-1 galvanometers rendered the recordings practically inertialess. The aircraft vibrations did not produce any appreciable improvement of the records. Close balancing of the galvanometer mechanism and the spring support of the recorder minimized any unfavorable effect of the vibrations. The field tests were performed at the Mirgorod base of the "Ukrneftegeofizika" trust. The FRV-1 recorder was attached to the various sensors during well-logging operations, and all recordings were repeated by a ПАСК(PASK) selfrecorder and a (latent-image) ФР-5 (FR-5) photorecorder. The FRV-1 was found to be fully dependable; the simplicity of the device permits registration of 6 curves, zero lines, and depth and time ticks, all with a single light source, and requires minimal tuning and makeready time, even in the hands of an average operator; the elimination of post-recording darkroom time increases the productivity of the equipment. The traces have sufficient contrast to yield good contact prints when exposed through a yellow light filter. There are 1 figure and 2 Soviet (only) references.

ASSOCIATION: None given.

Card 2/2

IBGRAGIMOV, Ismail Nurullayevich; SVARICHEVSKIY, Vladimir Sergeyevich; TELESHEVSKIY, I.A., dots., red.; AKSEL'ROD, M.B., red.; AGZAMOV, K., tekhn. red.

[Heliotherapy of some cutaneous diseases] Solntselechenie nekotorykh kozhnykh zabolevanii. Tashkent, Medgiz UzSSR, 59 p. (MIRA 17:1)

30(7) CZECH/3-59-12-29/39

AUTHOR: Švarcman, J.

TITLE: General Conference of FAI

PERIODICAL: Křídla Vlasti, 1959, Nr 12, upper half of p 22 (CSR)

ABSTRACT: Article announces and comments on the General Conference of FAI which will be held in Moskva from 25 May thru 1 June 59. There is 1 photo.

Card 1/1

SVARCS, E. (Latvian)

SEE ALSO SHVARTS, Ye. M.

SVARICHEVSKAYA, L.A. Doc Geogr Sci -- (diss) "The ancient peneplain of Kazakhstan and the basic stages of its ~~rejuvenation~~ reformation." Len, 1958. 22 pp (Len Order of Lenin State Univ im A.A. Zhdanov). 150 copies (KL, 37-58, 110).

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Ye. V.

Svarichevskaya, Ye. V. "Treatment of trichomonadic colpytes by the modified method of Professor Dem'yanovich," Doklady Akad, nauk UzSSR, No. 8, 1948, p. 33-37 - Resume in Uzbek language.

SO: U-3850, 16 June 53, (Letopsis, 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 5, 1949)

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Ye. V.

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Ye. V. -- "Material on the Diagnosis and Treatment of Trichomoniasis of the Female Urinary Organs." Acad Med Sci USSR. Leningrad, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Medical Sciences).

So.: Knizhnaya Litopis', No. 7, 1956.

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z. A.

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z. A. "On geomorphological mapping", Trudy In-ta geografii (Akad. nauk SSSR), Issue 39, 1948, p. 274-77/

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 7 1949).

1. SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z. A.

2. USSR (600)

4. Balkhash, Lake - Geology

7. History of the Balkhash-Ala-Kul' Valley. Vest. Len. un. 7, no. 7, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, May 1953. Unclassified.

1. SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z. A.

2. USSR (600)

3. Water - Bet-Pak-Dala

4. Suffusion processes in the bottoms of the ancient valleys of Bet-Pak-Dala (Golodnaya Steppe of Kazakhstan). Uch.zap.Len. Len.un. No. 152, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1953, Uncl.

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A.

The main stages of relief formation and geomorphological structure of eastern Kazakhstan. Vest.LGU 12 no.6:122-141 '57. (MLRA 10:5)
(Kazakhstan--Physical geography)

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z. A.

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A.

Latest tectonic movements in eastern Kazakhstan. Vest. AN Kazakh. SSR 13 no.7:93-96 Jl '57. (MLRA 10:9)
(Kazakhstan--Geology, Structural)

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A.

Geomorphology of northern Kazakhstan. Geog.sbor. no.10:5-31 '58. (MIRA 12:1)

(Kazakhstan--Geology, Structural)

SVARICHEVSKAY, Z.A.

Meridianal ridges in the Pamirs. Vest.LGU 13 no.24:112-113 '58.
(MIRA 12:4)

(Pamirs--Mountains)

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A.

Review of principal conceptions on the development of the relief in eastern Kazakhstan. Vest.LGU 14 no.6:95-106 '59.
(MIRA 12:6)

(Kazakhstan--Physical geography)

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z. A.

"The Old Peneplain of Kazakhstan and the Chief Stages of its Reformation"

report to be submitted for the Intl. Geographical Union, 10th General Assembly and 19th Intl. Geographical Congress, Stockholm, Sweden, 6-13 August 1960.

IL'INSKIY, G.A.; PLOTNIKOVA, M.I.; RAZUMIKHIN, N.V.; RYUMIN, A.K.; SARSADSKIKH, N.N.; SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A., doktor geogr. nauk; IL'INA, M.Ye., red.; VODOLAGINA, S.D., tekhn. red.

[Fundamentals of placer deposit surveying] Osnovy poiskov rossypei; uchebnoe posobie. Leningrad, Izd-vo Leningr. univ., 1961. 122 p. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Sotrudniki Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. A.A. Zhdanova (for Il'inskiy, Razumikhin, Ryumin, Svarichevskaya).
2. Sotrudniki Vsesoyuznogo geologicheskogo instituta (for Sarsadskikh, Plotnikova)

(Ore deposits) (Geological survey)

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Zoya Aleksandrovna;SUVOROV, I.V., red.; ZHUKOVA, Ye.G., tekhn. red.

[Paleopeneplain of Kazakhstan and basic stages of its transformation] Drevnii peneplen Kazakhstana i osnovnye etapy ego preobrazovaniia. Leningrad, Izd-vo Leningr. univ., 1961. 294 p. (MIRA 14:12)
(Kazakhstan--Landforms)

SALTYKOV, O.G.; SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A.

History of the valley of the middle and lower Selety River (North Kazakhstan). Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser. geol. no.1:51-60 '61. (MIRA 14:6)

(Selety Valley--Geology)

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A.

Nineteenth International Geographical Congress. Vest.LGU 16 no.12: 166-167 '61. (MIRA 14:6)

(Geography—Congresses)

SVARICHEVSKAYA, Z.A.

Gravity folding in the western slope of the Irtysh trough. Uch. zap.LGU no.298:47-55 '61. (MIRA 15:2)
(Irtysh Valley--Folds (Geology))

LUTS'KIY, S.L.; SVARICHEVS'KIY, I.I.

Aleksandr Sergeevich Barkov; obituary. Nauk.zap.L'viv.un. 28: 131-132 '54. (MLRA 9:10)

(Barkov, Aleksandr Sergeevich, 1873-1953)

SVARICHEVSKIY, I.I.

Changes in the geographical distribution of corn in Drogobych Province. Dop. ta pov.L'viv.un. no.6 pt.2:17-19 '55.
(MLRA 10:3)

(Drogobych Province--Corn (Maize))

SVARICHEVSKIY, L.I.

Basic features of specialization of agricultural regions in the Drogobych Province. Dop. ta pov. L'viv. un. no.7 pt.3:20-23 '57. (MIRA 11:2)

(Drogobych Province--Agriculture)

PORFIR'YEV, V.B.; GRINBERG, I.V.; GALABUTSKAYA, Ye.A.; SVARICHEVSKIY, L.V.

New type of raw material for the building materials industry. Dop. AN URSR no.2:119-122 '54. (MLRA 8:4)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk USSR (for Porfir'yev). 2. Institut geologii korisnikh kopalin AN URSR.
(Shale) (Building materials)

POFFIR'YEV, Vladimir Borisovich; GRINBERG, Iona Vol'kovich; LADYZHENSKIY, Nikolay Romanovich; GALABUTSKAYA, Yekaterina Antonovna; LINETSKIY, Viktor Filippovich, SVARICHEVSKIY, Lyudomir Vladimirovich; LAZARENKO, Ye.K., otvetstvennyy redaktor; LISENBART, D.K., redaktor izdatel'stva; RAKHLINA, N.P., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Menilite shale, a source for industrial building materials] Menilitovye slantsy - syr'e dlia promyshlennosti stroitel'nykh materialov. Kiev, Izd-vo Akademii nauk USSR, 1956. 37 p. (MLRA 9:7)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN USSR (for Lazarenko)
(Shale)

SVARICHEVSKIY, L.V., insh.

Manilite asphalt concretes. Trudy MADI no.23:180-190 '58.
(MIRA 12:1)

(Asphalt concrete)

L 11976-66 EWT(1)/FCC GW (N)
ACC NR: AT6004301 SOURCE CODE: UR/3175/65/000/026/0106/0113

AUTHOR: Svarchevskiy, V. N.

33
23
B+1

ORG: none

TITLE: Equipment for meteorological measurements on weather ships 12,44,55 12,55

SOURCE: USSR. Gosudarstvennyy geologicheskiy komitet. Osoboye konstruktorskoye byuro. Geofizicheskaya apparatura, no. 26, 1965, 106-113

TOPIC TAGS: radiation balance, actinometry, marine meteorology, meteorologic instrument

ABSTRACT: The author discusses equipment for making gradient measurements of the meteorological elements in the ground layer of the atmosphere above the ocean. The psychrometers presently used for temperature and atmospheric humidity measurements are inconvenient for gradient measurements on ships since a great deal of time is required for observations and analysis of the resultant data. It is recommended that these psychrometers be replaced with instruments which have semiconductor pickups with a resistance of 2,000 ohms at a temperature of 20°C. These semiconductor pickups have a temperature coefficient and resistance several times higher than the

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MIKHAYLOV, V.; SVARICHEVSKIY, V.S.

Luminescent analysis in pediatrics. Vopr. pediat. 20 no.1:49-51 Jan-Feb 1952. (CLML 22:1)

1. Of the Clinic of Hospital Pediatrics, Tashkent Medical Institute (Director of Clinic -- Honored Worker in Science Prof. R. S. Gershenovich).

PASHKOVSKIY, Ye.V.; SVARICHEVSKIY, V.S.

Normal amount of alkaline phosphatase in the blood plasma in children. Med. zhur. Uzb. no.2:35-36 F '60. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Iz kafedry gospital'noy pediatrii (zav. - prof. R.S.Gershenovich) Tashkentskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta i Uzbekskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta kurortologii i fizioterapii imeni N.A.Semashko (direktor - dotsent Ya.K.Muminov).
(PHOSPHATASE) (BLOOD PLASMA)

SVARICHEVSKIY, V.S.

Devices for heliotherapy by total and diffuse solar radiation. Geliotekhnika no.1:49-54 '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kurortologii i fizioterapii imeni Semashko.

SVAR'IKA, A.A.

Casting bushings from non-ferrous alloys in pneumatic centrifugal machines. Lit.proizv. no.8:22-24 N '54. (MLRA 8:1)
(Centrifugal casting)

Svarika, A. A.

137-1957-12-23967

Translations from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1957, Nr 12, p 154 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Svarika, A. A.

TITLE: What's New in the Exploration and Application of Molding Materials (Novoye v issledovaniyakh i praktike primeneniya formovochnykh materialov)

PERIODICAL: Kolyma, 1955, Nr 3, pp 38-39

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry

1. Molding materials-Bibliography

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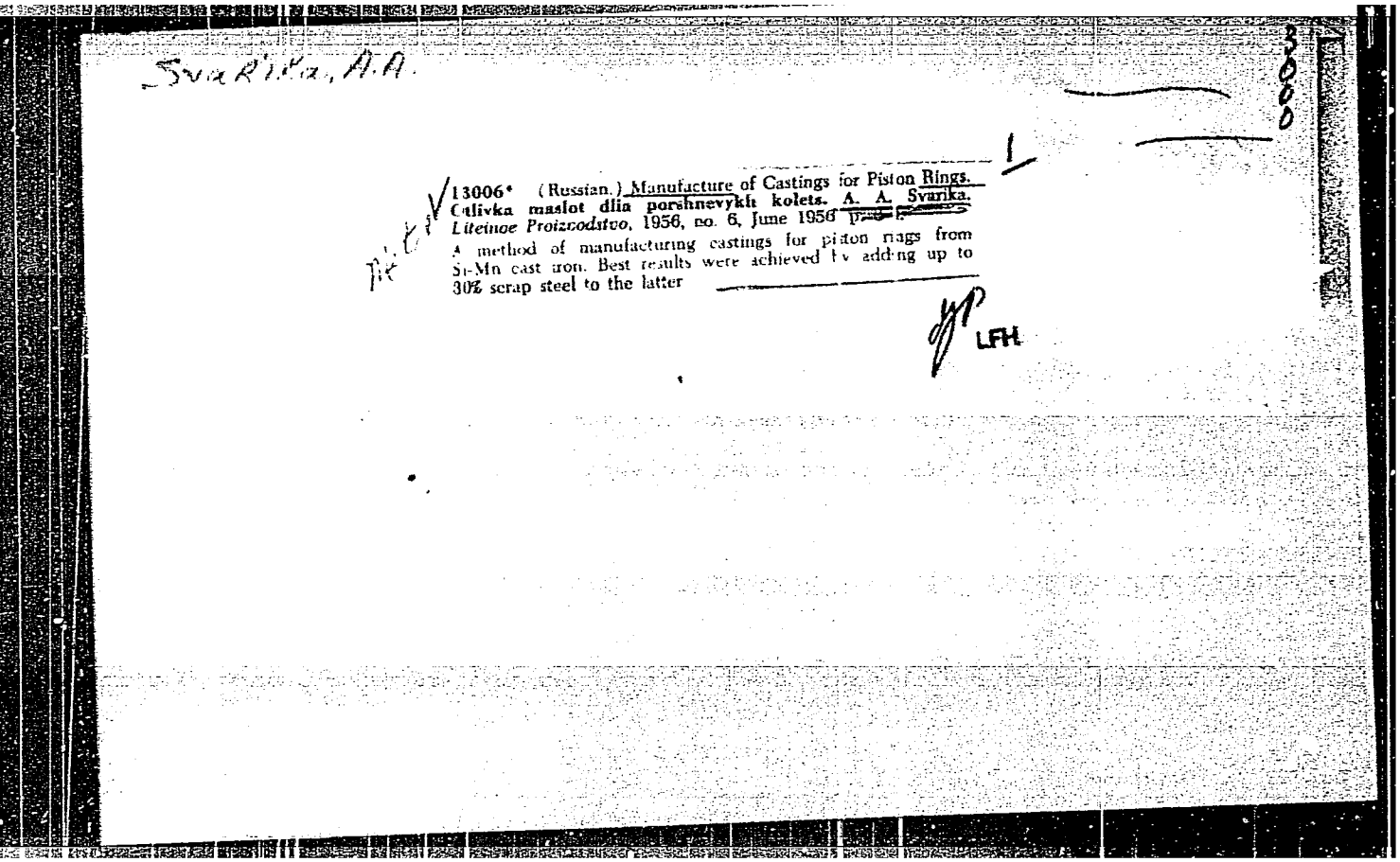

Svarika, A.A.

3000

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13006* (Russian.) Manufacture of Castings for Piston Rings. Otlivka maslot dlia porshnevykh kolets. A. A. Svarika. *Liteinoe Proizvodstvo*, 1956, no. 6, June 1956 p. [illegible]

A method of manufacturing castings for piston rings from Si-Mn cast iron. Best results were achieved by adding up to 30% scrap steel to the latter

LFH

SVARIKA, A.A., inzhener.

Centrifugal casting of nonferrous alloy sleeves. Lit.proizv. no.4:28-30 Ap '57. (MLRA 10:5)
(Centrifugal casting) (Nonferrous metals--Founding)

Causes of Blowhole Formation During Centrifugal Casting of Tin Bronze

alloys (in the range Cu-Sn, Cu-Zn, Cu-Al). The fight against the formation of these "candles" in lead bronze is the elimination of the gas and the air from the surface of the metal molds, together with the employment of blackening not generating gas. There is 1 diagram

SVARIKA, A.A.

Bentonite clay from the far northeast. Lit. proizv. no.10:40-41 O '60. (MIRA 13:10)

(Soviet Far East--Bentonite)

SVARIKA, A.A.

Technology of the centrifugal casting of bushings. Lit. proizv. no.3:8-9 Mr '61. (MIRA 14:6)

(Centrifugal casting)

SVARINSKAYA, R. A. Cand Biol Sci -- (diss) "Physiological changes in the potato under the influence of hydrazide of ~~malenie~~ maleic acid." Mos,1957. 16 pp 22 cm. (Acad Sci USSR. Inst of Physiology of Plants im K.A. Timiryazev). 100 copies. (KL, 23-57, 110).

RAKITIN, Yu.V.; SVARINSKAYA, R.A.

Effect of maleic hydrazide on physiological changes in potatoes [with summary in English]. Fiziol.rast. 4 no.2:138-149 Mr-Ap '57.

1.Institut fiziologii rasteniy im. K.A. Timiryazeva Akademii nauk SSSR, Moskva.

(Potatoes) (Pyridazine)

SVARINSKAYA, K. A.

"Physiological Changes in Potatoes as a Result of the Action of Maleic Acid Hydracid."

dissertation defended for the degree of Candidate of Biological Sciences at the Inst. for Plant Physiology im K. A. Timiryazev.

Defense of Dissertation (Jan-Jul 1957)
Sect. of Biological Sciences
Vest. AN SSSR, 1957, v. 27, No. 12 , pp. 118-120

OVCHAROV, K.Ye.; POVOLOTSKAYA, K.L.; ZEMSKAYA, V.A.; SVARINSKAYA, R.A.; SEDENKO, D.M.

Weed control on fields where broad-leaved plants are grown. Itogi nauki: Biol.nauki no.2:549-581 '58. (MIRA 14:4)

(Herbicides)

OVCHAROV, K.Ye.; POVOLOTSKAYA, K.L.; ZEMSKAYA, V.A.; SVARINSKAYA, R.A.; SEDENKO, D.M.

Destroying woody plants and controlling weeds in meadows, pastures, and nurseries. Itogi nauki: Biol.nauki no.2:582-608 '58. (MIRA 14:4)

(Herbicides)

RAKITIN, Yu.V.; SVARINSKAYA, R.A.

Desiccation of the aerial part of potato plants by the use of chemicals before harvesting. Fiziol.rast. 5 no.5:458-460 S-O '58. (MIRA 11:11)

1. Institut fiziologii rasteniy imeni K.A. Timiryazeva AN SSSR, Moskva.
(Potatoes) (Plants, Effect of drying agents on)

ZAGORODNIY, Vladimir Anisimovich [Zahorodniy, Volodymyr]; SVARNIK, I., red.; BURKATOVSKAYA, TS. [Burkatovs'ka, TS.], tekhred.

[The Lenin Collective Farm] Imeni Lenina. L'viv, Knyzhkovo-zhurnal'ne vyd-vo, 1960. 25 p. (MIRA 14:1)
(Ternopol Province--Collective farms)

GLOTOV, Vasiliy Ivanovich[Hlotov, V.I.]; SVARNIK, I.[Svarnyk, I.], red.; NEDOVIZ, S., tekhn. red.

[Secretary of a district party committee; sketches]Sekretar raikomu; narysy. L'viv, Knyzhkovo-zhurnal'ne vyd-vo, 1961. 58 p. (MIRA 15:12)

(Sokal' District--Rural conditions)

SVAROVSKAYA, T.L.

Hemostatic properties of preserved muscle tissue of human fetuses. Ortop., trav. i protez. 20 no.10:34-38 O '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Iz kafedry gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - prof. A.N. Okulova) Omskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - prof. I.S. Novitskiy).
(TISSUE EXTRACTS pharmacol.)
(MUSCLES extracts)
(BLOOD COAGULATION pharmacol.)