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ACCESSION NR: AP403	7572	
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KIRILLOVA, L.F.; NIKITIN, V.A.; PANTUYEV, V.S.; SVIRIDOV, V.A.; STRUNOV, L.N.; KHACHATURYAN, M.N.; KHRISTOV, L.G.; SHAFRANOVA, M.G.; KORBEL, Z.; ROB,L.; DAMYANOV, S.; ZLATEVA, A.; ZLATANOV, Z.; YORDANOV, V. [Iordanov,V.]; KANAZIRSKI, Kh.; MARKOV, P.; TODOROV, T.; CHERNEV, Kh.; DALKHAZHAV, N.; TUVDENDORZH, D.

Elastic pp and pd-scattering at small angles in the energy range 2 - 10 Eev. IAd. fiz. 1 no.3:533-539 Mr '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Ob"yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy. 2. Vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche, Praga (for Korbel, Rob). 3. Fizicheskiy institut Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk, Sofiya (for Damyanov, Zlateva, Zlatanov, Yordanov, Kanazirski, Markov, Todorov, Chernev). 4. Institut khimii i fiziki, Ulan-Bator, Mongol'sakaya Narodnaya Respublika (for Dalkhazhav, Tuvdendorzh).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

L 22122-66 EM(1)SOURCE CODE: UR/0056/66/050/001/0076/007 ACC NR: AP6004922 AUTHOR: Kirillova, L. F.; Nikitin, V. A.; Sviridov, V. A.; Strunov, L. N.; Shafranova, M. G.; Korbel, Z.; Rob, L.; Zlateva, A.; Markov, P. K.; Todorov, Khristov, L.; Chernev, Kh.; Dalkhazhav, N.; Tuvdendorzh, D. ORG: /Kirillova; Nikitin; Sviridov; Strunov; Shafranova/ Joint Institute of Nuclear Research, Dubna (Ob"yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy); [Korbel; Rob/ Czechoslovakian Higher Technical School, Prague (Chekhoslovatskoye Vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche); Zlateva; Markov; Todorov; Khristov; Chernev Physics Institute, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia (Fizicheskiy institut Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk); /Dalkhazhav; Tuvdendorzh/ Institute of Chemistry and Physics, Mongolian Academy of Sciences, Ulan-Bator (Institut khimii i fiziki Mongol'skoy Akademii nauk) 21 TITLE: Real part of the pp elastic scattering amplitude at 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 Gev SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 50, no. 1, 1966, 76-77 TOPIC TAGS: proton scattering, elastic scattering, scattering amplitude, differential cross section, nuclear scattering 2 Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

L 22122-66 ACC NR: AP6004922

ABSTRACT: This is a continuation of earlier work by the authors (Phys. Lett. v. 13, 93, 1964) in which they present results of the measurements of the real part of the nuclear elastic scattering amplitude for an energy of 4 Gev, and more precise data for energies 2, 6, 8, and 10 Gev, taking into account the relativistic corrections. The experimental technique was described elsewhere (PTE no. 6, 18, 1963). The differential cross section was measured in the interval  $0.003 \le |t| < 0.2 (Gev/c)^2$  (t = momentum transfer squared). The analysis of the obtained data as well as those reported by others was based on the Bethe formula (Ann. of Phys. v. 3, 190, 1958) with allowance for radiative corrections. The results agree well with the theoretical curve proposed by Soding (Phys. Lett. v. 8, 286, 1963), up to an energy of 20 Gev, above which some discrepancy appears. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 2 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 25Aug65/ ORIG REF: OOl/ OTH REF: 008 Card 2/2 BK

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and a start of the second starts for STRIDEN, F.H. 120-6-30/36 Otroshchenko, V.A., Sviridov, V.A., Tolstov, K.D., AUTHORS: and Shal'nikov, A.I. Solid Hydrogen Targets on the Surface of Photographic Emulsions (Tverdyye vodorodnyye misheni na poverkhnosti TITLE: fotoemul'sii) PERIODICAL: Pribory i Tekhnika Eksperimenta, 1957, No.6, pp. 110 - 111 (USSR). It is difficult to study interactions between elementary particles and protons and deuterons which are included in ABSTRACT: nuclear emulsions because their number is small compared with the total number of nucleons bound in the nuclei of the emulsion. This is still true even when the emulsion is specially loaded with deuterium and hydrogen. To remove this difficulty, it is convenient to have a target of solid hydrogen or deuterium deposited directly on the surface of the emulsion. In this method of preparation of targets the temperature of the emulsion cannot be greater than 12 to 15 °K. Because of this, the temperature dependence of the sensitivity of MIKFI-R emulsions was investigated (Ref.1). Already at 20 °K, the sensitivity of emulsion is down by a factor of 2 and therefore it is difficult to use this emulsion with mini-Card1/2 mum ionisation particles. However, different types of 

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AUTHOR :	Belyakov, V.A., Kozlova, L.G., Sviridov, V.A. Tolstov, K.D.	
TITLE:	Dependence of the Sensitivity of Nuclear Emulsions on Temperature Within the Range of 2-300 K	
PERIODICAL:	Zhurnal nauchnoy i prikladnoy fotografii i kinematografii 1959 Vol 4, Nr 6, pp 427-429 (USSR)	
ABSTRACT :	The author reports on recent Soviet study of the depen- dence of the recording properties of various nuclear emulsions on temperature within the range of 2-300 K. The results of the first experiments were published in the paper of N.A. Dolina, V.A. Sviridov, K.D. Tolstov and E.N. Tsyganov / Ref 1_7. Subsequently, an attempt was made to improve the recording properties of the emulsion NIKFI R 400 $\mu$ by a change in the processing con- ditons. Curve 1 of the graph (taken from the paper of V.A. Belyakov, L.G. Kozlova, V.A. Sviridov, K.D. Tol- stov and E.N. Tsyganov / Ref 2_7 ) corresponds to the	~
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# SOV/77-4-6-5/16

Dependence of the Sensitivity of Nuclear Emulsions on Temperature Within the Range of 2-300  $\,\rm K$ 

Table). The grain density at exposure within the range of 2-215° K averages 15-17 grains per 100, of particle track. The fog is approximately constant. The layers were processed under conditions recommended by the firm of Ilford. Comparative data on NIKFI and Ilford emulsions are given in the graph. There are 1 graph, 1 microphotograph, 1 table and 4 references, 3 of which are Soviet and 1 English.

ASSOCIATION: Ob"yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy (Joint Institute of Nuclear Research)

SUBMITTED: September 23, 1957

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# S/120/60/000/005/037/051 E032/E314

Sensitivity and Thermal Conductivity of Nuclear Emulsions at Low Temperatures

at 0.1, 0.3, 1.6 and 300  $^{\circ}$ K. The results obtained are summarised in the following table: Absolute sensio. 0

		Temperature, K			tivity at 300 <sup>°</sup> K _ (blobs/100µ)	
Emulsion	300	1.6	0.3	0.1		
NIKFI-R	100%	$(36^{+15}_{-10})\%$	(31 <sup>+15</sup> -10)%	(21 <sup>+15</sup> -10)%	~ 60	
Ilford G-5	100%	(69 <u>+</u> 15)%	æ	(70 <u>+</u> 15)%	~ 25	

Card 2/3

## CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

V.A TRIDOV 32991 s/641/61/000/000/018/033 B108/B102 24.6500 Mikhaylina, K. M., Nomofilov, A. A., Romanova, T. A., AUTHORS : Sviridov, V. A., Tikhomirov, F. A., Tolstov, K. D. Interaction of 14.1-Mev neutrons with Li<sup>6</sup> and Li<sup>7</sup> TITLE: Krupchitskiy, P. A., ed. Neytronnaya fizika; sbornik statey. SOURCE: Moscow, 1961, 249 - 257 TEXT: Interaction of 14.1-Mev neutrons with Li<sup>6</sup> and Li<sup>7</sup> nuclei was studied both with targets prepared from Ilford E, photoemulsions bearing the lithium and with targets of metallic lithium isotopes. The latter method was used for small angles of the departing particles. The mean number of Li nuclei in the photoemulsion was  $2.3 \cdot 10^{19}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>. The integral neutron flux striking the emulsion at right angles was about  $10^8$  cm<sup>-2</sup>. Altogether, 412 events were recorded on a 2.5  $cm^2$  area. 96 events were from the reaction  $\text{Li}^6(n,t)\alpha$  with a cross section  $\sigma = 27 \pm 6$  mb. Seven  $\text{Li}^6(n,p)\text{He}^6$  reactions with a cross section of about 5 mb were found, moreover Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

# CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

V.A IRIDOV . Ċ NIEITIN, V. A., ROMOFILOV, A. A., SVIRIDOV, V. A., SLEFETS, A. and STRUKOV, L. N. "Differential Cross Section of the Elestic  $\Lambda^--\rho$ -Sectoring of Mesons with the Mamentum 3,8 Gev/C on Small Angles and Inelestic  $\Lambda^-\rho$ -Sectoring with a Small Memontum Transfer" report presented at the Intl. Conference on High Energy Physics, Geneva, h-11 July 1962 Joint Institute For Nuclear Research Laboratory of High Energies, Dubna, 1962 Contraction of the

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KIRILLOVA, L.F.; NIKITIN, V.A.; NOMOFILOV, A.A.; SVIRIDOV, V.A.; STRUNOV, L.N.; SHAFRANOVA, M.G.

Elastic scattering of protons at small angles at energies of 6 and 10 Gev. Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 45 no.4:1261-1266 0 . (MIRA 16:11) 163.

1. Ob"yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy.

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BFREZHNOY, A.I.; SVIRIBOV, V.A.; KULAGIN, P.G.

Investigating the antif(aming preperties of polyorganosiloxane compounds used for drilling fluids. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 7 no.3:25-30 '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet i UkrVNIIgaz.

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### ACCESSION NR: AP4019254

one of their experiments (International Conference on High-Energy Physics, CERN, 1962). Stacks of polyethylene film and of films of a copolymer of ethylene with propylene, 0.2 to 20 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> thick, were irradiated by the internal proton beam of the proton synchrotron at 9 GeV. The percentage loss due to diffusion was measured with a 95 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> polystyrene scintillator. The diffusion losses obtained under different exposures ranged from 9 to 14% with an average of  $11.8 \pm 1\%$ . These losses were found to be independent, over a wide energy range, of both radiation intensity and energy or character of irradiating particles. "The authors are grateful to M. Shafranov and L. Strunov for help and useful discussions."

ASSOCIATION: Ob"yedinenny\*y institut yaderny\*kh issledovaniy (Joint Institute of Nuclear Research)

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<pre>+est geometry. For con </pre>	is given. The peak for ela	intion of particles emitted ing mean free paths in a 25% stically scattered protons has according than obtained with a	
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RIDEL', E.I., kand. tekhn. nauk; SVIRIDOV, V.A., inzh.; SHCHEPETIL'NIKOV, V.A., doktor tekhn. nauk

Automatic hook designed at the Moscow Institute of Railroad Engineers, Mekh. i avtom. proizv. 19 no.8:29 Ag '65. (MIRA 18:9)

BERFEZHNNY, A.I.; KULAGIH, P.G.; SVIRIDOV, V.A.; LEVCHENKOV, A.T.; TITARENKO, N. Kh.
Foam damper on an organosilicone base for clay muds. Evrenie no.3:16-17 '64. (NIRA 18;5)
1. Ukrainskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo institute prirodnogo gnza i trest "Poltaveneftegezrezvedke".

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

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SOV/128-59-5-11/35 18(5)Sviridov, V.G., Engineer AUTHOR: Minor Mechanization in the Foundry Shops of the Urals TITLE: Automobile Plant Liteynoye Proizvodstvo, 1959, Nr 5, pp 21-23 (USSR) PERIODICAL: This article has been published in the periodical "Tekhnologiya Avtomobilostroyeniya 1959 Nr 1 (19)", ABSTRACT: (The Technology of Auto Engineering). In recent years the output of gray cast iron could be increased by 15% and the output of maaleable cast iron by 20%. The mechanization is mainly applied to the transportation of sand, molds, and other parts by conveyer, as well as to an automátic loading and unloading device. The change to mechanization has been done by the laborers of the plant themselves by overtime and on Sundays. Fig. (1) shows as enquipment operated by compressed air for taking finished parts into the conveyer. Fig. (2) shows an equipment for lifting parts up and down. By Fig. (3) an equipment for transportation of molding. sand to mold making machines is shown. Figs. (4) and Card 1/2

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SOV/128-59-5-11/35

Minor Mechanization in the Foundry Shops of the Urals Automobile Plant.

(5) show the conveyer device for the transportation of molds. Fig. (6) gives an illustration of a device for the elimination of small iron pieces out of the molding sand by magnets. Fig. (7) shows a continuous device for taking heavy loads up and down, e.g. iron frames, molds, etc. There are 7 diagrams

Card 2/2

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SHUL'GA, M.S. (g. Chernovtsy); SIDORYCHEVA, A.G.; SVIRIDOV, V.I. (Rostov-na-Donu); SHEKHTERMAN, M.E. (g. Tiraspol'); ZHIGALOV, K.S. (pos. Bilimbay Sverdlovskoy oblasti); SERYAKOV, A.A. (Murom); SAKEVICH, N.M. (Vitebsk); KAZANTSEV, I.I. Readers suggestions. Fiz. v shkole 21 no.6:80-81 N-D '61. 1. Turochakskaya srednyaya shkola Gorno-Altayskoy avtonomnoy oblasti (for Kazantsev). (Physics--Experiments)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001



# CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0





APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

MAKAROCHKIN, Andrey Mikhaylovich; SVIRIDOV, Viktor Mikhaylovich; TIKHONOV, Konstantin Kuz'mich; ZABELLO, M.L., kand.tekhn. nauk, red.; KHITROVA, N.A., tekhn.red.

[Resources for improving the operations of railroad divisions] Rezervy uluchsheniia ekspluatatsio nnoi raboty otdeleniia dorogi. Moskva, Vses.izdatel'sko-poligr.ob"edinenie M-va putei soobshcheniia, 1960. 63 p. (MIRA 13:6) (Railroads--Management)

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28-27-21




# CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

SVIRIDOV, V.M., inzh.

Improvement of the operation of dust-collecting devices. TSement 31 no.4:16 J1-Ag '65. (MIRA ] (MIRA 18:8)

1. Podol'skiy tsementnyy zavod.

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44364-66 EWT(d)/EWP(c)/EWP(k)/T/	$\frac{EWP(v)/EWP(1)  IJP(c)}{SOURCE CODE:  UR/0101/66/000/002/0020/0021} \\ \leq UB$
ACC NR: AP6021385 (A)	Levushkin, L. N. (Engi-
WTHOR. Yamshchikov, V. S. (Candida	te of technical sciences); Levushkin, L. N. (Engi- Sviridov, V. M. (Engineer)
UTHOR: <u>Yamshchikov, V. S.</u> (Candida eer); <u>Bondarenko, V. G</u> . (Engineer);	Sviridov, v. n. Juger
RG: Moscow Institute of Radioelect	ronics and Mining Electromechanics (Moskovskiy elektromekhaniki); Podol'sk Cement Plant (Podol'-
nstitut Fauloeicku olan	
Kly LSemenchy	in the quality control of carbonate rocks
TITLE: The use of ultrasonic waves	in the <u>quality control</u> of carbonate rocks
SOURCE: Tsement, no. 2, 1966, 20-2	
TOPIC TAGS: cement,	
sonic wave propagation	ying ultrasonic wave propagation for quality control ne cement industry was investigated. A correlation
ABSTRACT: The reasibility of in the	ting ultrasonic wave propagation for quarty values of the correlation the carbonate rocks and the rate of ultrasonic the carbonate rocks of 2500 m/sec corresponds
between the mineral composition	Maximum wave propagation of the the ultra-
to dolomite-free rocks. For rocks sonic wave propagation is 2500-200	containing from 0 to 16-20% dolomite, the distribution of the 0 m/sec. The accuracy of the determination of the ultrasonic wave propagation technique is ±2%. Be-
carbonate rock composition by	
	UDC: 666.94.022 : 620.179.16
Card 1/2	

ſ	L 44364-66 ACC NR: AP6021385 cause of the high degree of accuracy and simplicity, the ultrasonic way method is recommended for use by the cement industry. Orig. art. has:	ve propaga 1 table.	O	
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### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

ISUPOV, TR.G.; SVIRIDOV, V.P.

Device for discharging petroleum products from the lower part of tank cars. Transp. i khran. nefti i nefteprod. nc. 1:33-34 (MIRA 17:5) 164. 

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po transportu i khraneniyu nefti i nefteproduktov.



SVIRIDOV, V.P.; ISUPOV, Yu.G.; SKOVORODNIKOV, Yu.A.; YURTAYEV, V.G.

Device for heating high-viscosity petroleum products in tank cars. Transp. i khran. nefti i nefteprod. no.9:20-22 '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po transportu i khraneniyu nefti i nefteproduktov.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001







YEDIGAROV, S.G.; SVIRIDOV, V.P.; BOLDOV, N.G. Fouring mazut form tank cars with car dumpers. Trudy NIITransneft' (MIRA 18:2) no.3:77-83 '64. 

### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

YABLONSKIY, V.S. [deceased]; 3VIRIDOV, V.P.; MUKHAMEDZYANOV, Sh.S. Curved trajectories of free flooded streams. Trudy NIITransneft' no.3:84-93 '64. (MIRA 18:2)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0



**三元**法不动和**的**有关

22231 S/093/61/000/002/002/003 A051/A129

Asaturyan, A. Sh.; Sviridov, V. P., and Boldov, N. G.

E: The motion of a real liquid in conical tubes and nozzles

TITLE:

PERIODICAL: Neftyancye Khozyaystvo, no. 2, 1961, 60-64

TEXT: The authors have applied the method of similarity and dimensions (Ref. 7) for investigating the motion of viscous liquids in tubes of varying crosssections as opposed to Bernoulli's equation of continuity:  $Q = \mu F / \frac{2}{2} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4}$ , g the where  $\mu$  is the discharge coefficient, F the cross section area,  $F = \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4}$ , g the gravity acceleration, H the pressure under which the liquid flows. The difficulty in using the latter equation is said to be the correct determination of  $\mu$ ; an analysis of the obtained experimental data in this work showed, however, that formula (1) can be used for a viscous liquid flowing through conical tubes, where the discharge coefficient  $\mu$  is a function of the Reynolds number R. The latter relationship was derived by the authors in assuming that the created motion of the viscous liquid in the horizontal conical tube in each cross-section is determined by the interaction of forces of inertia, pressure and internal friction. These forces are characterized by the following parameters:  $Q, \Delta F, C, \nu$ , d,

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### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0



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22231 S/093/61/000/002/002/003/ A051/A129

The motion of a real liquid ...

The apparatus consists of a tank 1 creating pressure along 10 m. The liquid from tark 1 enters the measuring capacity 7 passing through the pipeline 2, through the nozzle 6. The liquid discharge was regulated by tap 4. The pressure change during the motion of the viscous liquid in the conical tubes was measured in crosssections A and B, using a sensitive two-liquid manometer 9. Fig. 2 is a graph showing the characteristic features of the motion of the viscous liquid in the conical tubes. In the interval  $3 \cdot 10^3 < R < 2 \cdot 10^5$  the function / hardly depends on R. In the interval  $10 \leq R < 3 \cdot 10^3$  / does not depend on the angle of taper at all. At  $10 \leq R < 300$  the liquid flow in the conical nozzles is laminated, but no strictly linear law of this flow is observed, just as in the cylindrical tubes. A comparison of the data obtained by the authors with those of Al'tshul (Refs. 4, 9) and theoretical calculations made by Wuest (Ref. 10) showed that no linear relationship of the type /t = AR (5) results from equation (3) in the same interval (10  $\leq$  R  $\leq$  300) of R. Results obtained from calculations made with equation (5) by other authors did not correspond to the experimental data obtained in this work. This discrepancy is explained by the fact that a conical tube of varying cross-sections shows much greater resistances to the liquid flow than round apertures in a thin wall do. A transfer from the laminar to the turbulent movement is noted at the critical value of R:  $R_k = 300 \div 330$ . In the interval

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### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

SVIRTÓOV, V.T.

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256171

USSR/Electronics - Radio Relay Sep/Oct 52 Lines

"Survey of Foreign Literature: The Use of Decimeter and Centimeter Radio Relay Lines in the Telemechanical Installations of Large Power System Combines," R.G. Mirimanov and Y.T. Sviridov

Avtomat i Telemekh, Vol 13, No 5, pp 592-610

Survey of radio relay lines, including a general discussion of such lines and descriptions of several US lines, namely the Boston-New York line, the transcontinental line, and the Bonneville Fower System line. Lists 14 US sources.

256171

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

## CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

SVIRIDCY, V.T. MIRIMANOV, R.G.; SVIRIDOV, V.T. Review of foreign literature on the use of microwave radio relays in remote-control units of high-power pool systems. Avtom. i telem. 14 no.1:59-87 Ja-F '53. (Remote control) (Microwaves) (Flectric power distribution)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

SOV/109-3-7-17/23

AUTHORS: Kislov, V. Ya., Sviridov, V. T., Chetkin, M. V.

A Non-Slowed Wave in the System Consisting of a Coaxial TITIE: Helix and a Centre Conductor (Nezamedlennaya volna v sisteme koaksial'no raspolozhennykh spirali i tsentral'nogo provodnika)

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, 1958, Vol 3, Nr 7, DP 964-966 (USSR)

The radius of the helix is a and its winding angle is  $\boldsymbol{\psi}$  . ABSTRACT: The radius of the centre conductor is c . It is assumed that the helix satisfies the usual boundary conditions, while the boundary conditions for the centre conductor are expressed by Eqs.(2) and (3), where  $\mu_1$  is the permeability of the

centre rod,  $\sigma$  is its conductivity and  $\omega$  is the angular frequency. By employing the above boundary conditions the dispersion equation of the system is in the form of Eq.(4), where I, ..., K1 are the modified Bessel functions; k is the wave number,  $\beta$  is the propagation constant, and  $\varepsilon$  and  $\mu$  are the permittivity and permeability of free space. If  $\gamma \alpha \ll 1$  and  $\gamma c \ll 1$ , Eq.(4) can be written as Eq.(5), which can further be simplified and written as Eq.(5). If the solution of Eq.(6) is in the form of Eq.(7), the perturbation  $\chi$  is

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SOV/109-3-7-17/23 A Kon-Slowed Wave in the System Consisting of a Coaxial Helix and a expressed by Eq.(9). From Eq.(9) it is seen that ctg \$ should be greater than 1 , which is normally fulfilled in a practical helix. From this it is concluded that in the helix-centre conductor system it is possible to obtain nonslowed waves having a low attenuation; this results in the appearance of a parasitic feedback between the input and the output of the tube. The paper contains 4 Soviet references. SUBMITTED: January 17, 1958. 1. Electromagnetic waves--Mathematical analysis Card 2/2

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PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/3274

Sviridov, Vladimir Timofeyevich

4 控制 的复数

6(7)

Radioreleynyye linii svyazi (Radio Relay Communications Systems) Moscow, Gos. izd-vo fiziko-matem. lit-ry, 1959. 78 p. (Series: Nauchno-populyarnaya biblioteka) 35,000 copies printed.

Ed.: A.I. Kostiyenko; Tech. Ed.: S.S. Gavrilov.

PURPOSE: The booklet is intended for the general reader.

COVERAGE: The author briefly describes the development of radio relay systems in the Soviet Union and in other countries. He outlines the principles of multichannel transmission, describes the construction and operation of radio relay systems and presents examples of their application in communications, television, power systems, and other areas. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Introduction

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### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

IZYUMOVA, Tamara Ivanovna; SVIRIDOV, Vladimir Timofeyevich; KUZNETSOV, V.A., red.; LARIONOV, G.Ye., tekhn.red. [Hollow and ribbon wave guides] Polye i lentochnye radiovolnovody. Moskva, Gos.energ.izd-vo, 1960. 95 p. (Massovaia radiobiblioteka, no.379). (Wave guides) .

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AUTHOR	R: Sviridov, V. T.			1	
and a "d	ielectric" impedance	ce and waveguide TM- plane		"metallic"	1
SOURCE	: Radiotekhnika i el	ektronika, v. 9, no. 1,	, 1964, 101-107	1	
TOPIC I SHF elec	TAGS: TM mode, TM ctron device, SHF de	1 mode propagation, T vice delay, SHF device	M mode propagat e delay structure		
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SVIRIDOV, V.V.

5 1 1 1 1 1 1

New data on diabases in the northwestern Caucasus. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; geol. i razv. 2 no.1:52-59 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:10)

1.Rostovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. (Caucasus, Northern--Diabase)

國語意思

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

BARANOV, I.Ya.; SVIRIDOV, V.V.

Intrusive rocks in the Urup copper-pyrite deposits in the northwestern Caucasus. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; geol.1 razv. 2 no.8: (MIRA 13:4) 83-89 Ag '59.

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet. (Urup region (Caucasus, Northern) -- Chalcopyrite)

3(5)	SOV/11-59-8-5/17
AUTHOR:	Sviridov, V.V.
TITLE:	New Data on Granitoids of the Main Mountain Ridge of the North-Western Caucasus
PERIODICAL:	Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR,Seriya geologicheskaya, 1959, Nr 8, pp 50 - 66 (USSR)
ABSTRACT: Card 1/4	This is a detailed description of granitoids located in the zone of the Main Mountain Ridge of the North- Western Caucasus: the Upper-Urushten massif in the basin of tributaries of the upper part of the Urush- ten, Sinyaya and Imeretinka rivers; the Pereval'naya subzone situated to the south of the Upper-Urushten massif (granitoids of the Dzitaku, Pseashkha and Pere val'naya mountains) and large dioritic gneiss and gabbro-gneiss blocks in the upper parts of the Kishi and Laura rivers. Brief information on the petrogra- phy of the zone has previously been given I.Ya. Bara- nov, L.A. Vardanyants, A.G. Kobilev and G.D. Afanas'- yev. The tectonic structure of the Upper-Urushten

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SOV/11-59-8-5/17 New Data on Granitoids of the Main Mountain Ridge of the North-Western Caucasus

> massif is very complicated. The massif is composed mainly of microclinic granites with inclusions of quartz diorites, biotitic granodiorites and orthoclase granites. The author considers these inclusions as the youngest formations of the massif. Similar formations in other eastern regions were also considered by I.I. Bessonov, I.A. Baranov and G.R. Chkhouta as the youngest Hercynian intrusions of the Main Mountain Ridge. The complicated structure of the massif is explained, according to the author, by its multiphase formation. The author divides all granitoids of the Pereval'naya subzone into 2 large groups. The first group is composed of plagioclase granites with albitite and quartz-plagioclase granites. Granitoids of this group are similar to those of the Urushten Massif described by G.D. Afanas'yev formed in the Lower Paleozoic Period. The second group is composed of microclinic granites and granodiorites.

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SOV/11-59-8-5/17 New Data on Granitoids of the Main Mountain Ridge of the North-Western Caucasus

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As the Lower Carboniferous formations were metamorphized by these intruding rocks, the age of this group can be fixed as that of the Middle-Paleozoic period. Dioritic gneisses and gabbro-gneisses of the upper parts of the Kishi river are metamorphized to such an extent that they no longer contain any remains of eruptive rocks and form normal amphibolic gneisses and amphibolites. Gneisses of the upper part of the Laura river are metamorphized only in their deeper parts, their central parts still preserve the characteristic of slightly metamorphized rocks. Chemical composition and characteristics of all of the above mentioned granitoids and gneisses and their quantitative-mineralogical composition are given in tables 1, 2, 4. Analyses were made by V. Podol'skaya in the chemical laboratory of the Severo-Kavkazskoye geologicheskoye upravleniye (North-Caucasian Geological Administration) Main chemical characteristics or granitoids and gneisses of the zone of the Main

Card 3/4

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New Data Granitoids of the Main Mountain Ridge of the North-Western Caucasus

> Mountain Ridge, as determined by A.N. Zavaritskiy, are given in table 3. Optic constants of potassium - soda feldspars from the granitoids of the Upper-Urushten Massif and the Pereval'naya subzone are given in table 5. There are 5 tables, 2 maps and 9 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Rostovskiy na Donu gosudarstvenny universitet (The Rostov-na-Donu State University)

SUBMITTED: April 16, 1958

Card 4/4

1 S 1

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

BARANOV, I.Ya.; SVIRIDOV, V.V.

Dikes and copper-pyrite ore formation in the Urupskiy deposit of the Northern Caucasus. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; geol. i razv. 3 no.5:98-100 My '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Rostowskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet. (Urupskiy region--Copper ores) (Urupskiy region--Pyrites)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

# CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

SYIRIDOV, V.V. Goncerning R.P. Tuzikov's article "Genetic characteristics of Urup pyrite deposits (Northern Caucasus)." Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geol. 25 no. 3:110-112 Hr '60. (Urup Valley--Pyrites) (Urup Valley--Pyrites)

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SVIRIDOV, V.V.

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Remarks on the article at V.I.Smirnov and T.IA.Goncharova "Geologic characteristics of the formation of pyrite deposits in the western part of the Northern Coucasus." Izv.AN SSSR.Ser. geol. no.3:110-111 Mr '61. (MIRA 15:2) (Caucasus, Northern-Pyrites) (Smirnov, V.I.) (Goncharova T.IA.)

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	1 37092-66		IJF(c)	SOURCE CODE: UR/0250/66/010/001/0011/0014	
1		AP6017592		77)	
1	AUTHOR: 1	Potapovich,	A. K.; Svirido	lov, V. V.; Makatun, V. N.; Branitskiy, G. A. B	
	ORG: Inst University TITLE: Pa	<u>itute of Pb</u> <u>im. V. I.</u> aramagnetic	vsics, AN BS Lenin (Belorus centers in iri	SSR (Institut fiziki AN BSSR); Belorussian State	
		- Daan Dal	Jody v. 10. 1	no. 1. 1900, $11-14$	<b>2</b>
	TOPIC TAGS	5: silver o structure,	compound, elect paramagnetic :	ion, PCLYCRYSTAL, GAININA IRRADIATION	
	ABSTRACT: fluence o EFR spect	To compare f ionizing ) ra in irradi t is capable	the character radiation and iated polycrys of deep phot	er of formation of <u>paramagnetic tentration</u> ultraviolet light, the authors have investigated the stalline silver oxalate. This material was chosen tolysis and radiolysis with formation of metallic	
	tested. of silver oxalic ac	These were sulfite in id, and pre with mercur	oxalic acid, paration from y-quartz lamps	precipitation from solutions of silver nitrate with ammonia solutions. The irradiation was at room tem- bes and with $\gamma$ rays from Co <sup>80</sup> (72 r/sec). The EFR constitution of the second temperature of the second	10
	spectra w	ere measure	e EPR signals	to spectrometer having a sensitivity is appeared in s prior to irradiation, but EPR signals appeared in th both $\gamma$ rays and ultraviolet. The signals disap- the heated above 100C. Three different types of signal	5
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were observed. One consisting of five unequal Line, and the third a single asymmetrical line first signal can be explained by attributing it a hyperfine structure from three nonequivalent signal is not perfectly clear, and the third si This report was presented by AN BSSR Academicia 2 figures.	with superimposed fine structure. The t to a paramagnetic center that produce silver ions. The nature of the second ignal can be attributed to impurities.
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•	ACC NR: AP6018765 SOURCE CODE: UR/0070/66/011/003/0375/0380	
	AUTHOR: Sviridov, D. T.; Sviridova, R. K.; Smirnov, Yu. F.	
	ORG: Institute of Crystellography AN SSSR (Institut kristellograbii AN SSSR)	
	TITLE: Problems of the configurations of the d <sup>N</sup> -electrons in a <u>crystal</u> field. Construction of the wave functions for complex configurations	
	7  SOURCE: Kristallografiya, v. 11, no. 3, 1966, 375-380	
	TOPIC TAGS: electron distribution, crystal chemistry, wave function	
	ABSTRACT: The article presents a method for calculating the one and two-part genealogical coefficients for cubic groups which is applicable to the analysis of multipart configurations in a strong cubic field; the properties of these quantities are discussed. The article gives complete tables of calculated values of these coefficients for groups $3/4$ , $3/4$ , and $6/4$ . The article starts with a discussion of the method of classification of the states of d-electrons in a cubic field. It then proceeds to calculation of the genealogical coefficients which are used in the construction of the wave functions, and then to calculation of the matrix elements of the mathematical operators. It concludes with	
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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0
 SVIRIDOV, V.V.; MAKAREVICH, I.A.
 Kinetics of the thermal decomposition of silver oxalate in an (MIRA 12:10) '59.
 1.Predstavleno akademikom AN ESSR N.F. Vermolenko. (Silver oxalates) (Gases)

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### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

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SVIRIDOV, V.V.; SAY, A.A.

Kinetic characteristics of thermal decomposition of mechanical mixtures and solid solutions of nickel and cobalt formates. Dokl. AN BSSR 5 no.l0:448-451 0 \*61. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Belorusskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni V.I.Lenina.
Predstavleno akademikom AN BSSR N.F.Yermolenko.
(Nickel formates) (Cobalt formate) (Systems (Chemistry))

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STASHONOK, V.D.; SVIRIDOV, V.V.

Photographic properties of gelatin layers containing silver acetylide. Zhur. nauch. i prikl. fot. i kin. 6 no. 3:186-192 My '61.

关关键 表现所 **电**等应用 在 **1** 3

1. Belorusskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. V.I. Lenina. kafedra neorganicheskoy khimii, g. Minsk. (Photographic emulsions)

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### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

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SVIRIDOV, V.V.; BRANITSKIY, G.A.

Catalytic activity of silver obtained in the photochemical decomposition of silver oxalate. Dokl. AN BSSR 7 no.6:387-390 Je '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Belorusskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni V.I. Lenina. Predstavleno akademikom AN BSSR N.F. Yermolenko.

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Sviridov, Vadim Vasil'yevic	emistry of solit inorganic ma tverdy kh neorganicheskikh ve a shkola", 1964, 369 p. ilin	ビナ) Liter (Fotokhimiya i eshchestv), Part l us., biblio.
	y, radiochemistry, silver had hydroxyhaloid acid salt, ph	Logenide, nitric aci
Foreword 3 Ch. I. Introduction 6 Ch. II. Basic features of Ch. III. Photochemistry a Ch. IV. Photolysis and ra hydroxyhaloid acid sait	the interaction of rediation and radiochemistry of silver adiolysis ofnitric acid, hydr	azoic acid, and
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### CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

SVIRIDOV, V.V.; BRANITSKIY, G.A.; POTANINA, L.V.

Effect of the preliminary gamma-irradiation and heating on the activity of the Ag/Ag222C4 catalyst. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; khim. i khim. tekh. 7 no.4:577-582 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Kafedra neorganicheskoy khimii Belorusskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. V.I. Lenina.

# CIA-RDP86-00513R001654130010-0

SVIRIEOV, V.V.; BRANITSKIY, G.A.

24.427月42月4日4月25月21月1日4月24月24日24

Particular features of the kinetics of silver oxalate thermal decomposition. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; khim. i kh:m. tekh. 7 no.4:691-693 164.

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1. Kafedra neorganicheskoy khimii Belorusskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. V.I. Lenina.

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ADAMOVICH, T.P.; SVIRIDOV, V.V.; LOBANOK, A.D.
Particular features of crystallization in the systems of coprecipitation of copper hydroxides and trivalent iron. Dokl. AN BSSR 8 no.5:312-315 Wy '64. (MIRA 17:9)
1. Belorusskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lenina. Predstavleno akademikom AN BSSR N.F. Yermolenko.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001



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SVIRIDOV, Vadim Vasil'yevich; VASIL'YEVA, Galina Ignat'yevna; ULAZOVA, Anna Romanovna; MALISHEVSKAYA, Lidiya Ivanovna; LITVINSKAYA, T., red.; MINCHUKOVA, T., red.
[Handbock of problems and exercises in inorganic chemistry] Sbornik voprosov i uprazhnenil po neorganicheskoi khimii. Binsk, Vysshaia shkola, 1965. 212 p. (MIRA 18:7)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

EVIRIPOV, V.V. [Svirydau, V.V.]; TARAYKOVSKAYA, G.I. [Taraikouskaia, H.I.]; POTAPENKO, R.M. [Fatspenka, R.M.]

Formation of cobalt ferrite from coprecipitated cobal+ and iron hydroxides. Vestsi AN BSSR.Ser.khim.nav. no.2:52-60 \*65. (MTRA 18:12)

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Gra potential of spessartites in the northwestern Caucasus. Tav. vys. ucheb. zav.; geol. i razv. 8 no.9:73-78 S 165. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Rostovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

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SVIRIDOV, Yu.A.	8 - C
Regulating flame jets in air preheaters for blast furnaces. Hul. TSNIICHM no.15:41 157. (MIRA 11:5)	
1. Kuznetskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat. (Blast furnaces) (Electronic control)	
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