TISHKOV, B.N., fel'dsher (selo Malinovka, Stalingradskaya oblast')
Intravenous injections with a detached needle. Vel'd. i akush. no.6:51-53 Je '54. (MLRA 7:7) (INJECTIONS
*intravenous, with detached needle)

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,	Tishkov, I.A., Candidate of Historical Sciences
TITLE:	More Initiative in the Methodical Work of the Chairs of Social Sciences (Bol†she initsiativy v metodicheskoy rabote kafedr obshchestvennykh nauk)
PERIODICAL:	Vestnik Vysshey Shkoly, 1958, Nr 5, pp 33 - 37 (USSR)
ABSTRACT :	The development of the Soviet higher school during the last years is characterised by a marked growth of the systems of part-time tuition, especially that of instruction by corres- pondence. Therefore, the questions of work method with cor- respondence students is increasingly occupying the minds of the vuz workers, in this article concentrating on the social sciences, i.e. primarily of the Marx-Lenin theory, the Communist Party history, etc. It is necessary to im- prove the present forms of work in correspondence. The Vsesoyuznyy zaochnyy ekonomicheskiy institut (All-Union Economic Correspondence Institute) and the Severo-zapadnyy politekhnicheskiy institut (North-West Polytechnical Cor- respondence Institute) neve introduced the work
Card $1/2$	The Vsesoyuznyy zaochnyy mashinostroitel'nyy institut (All-Union Machine Construction Correspondence Institute)

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 2-26-2-2/25
 More Initiative in the Methodical Work of the Chairs of Social Sciences and the Vsesoyuznyy zaochnyy institut sovetskoy torgovii (All-Union Correspondence Institute of Soviet Trade) are mentioned as having obtained considerable experience on questions of method. The Chair of Marxism-Leninism of the Vsesoyuznyy zaochnyy institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta (All-Union Correspondence Institute of Kailroad Engineers) is severely criticized.
 ASSOCIATION: Ministerstvo vysshego obrazovaniya SSSK (USSK Ministry of Higher Education)
 AVAILABLE: Library of Congress Card 2/2

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755820005-8

AUTHOR:	Tishkov, I.A., Candidate of Historical Sciences 3-8-3/34
TITLE:	Instructive Results (Pouchitel'nyye rezul'taty)
PERIODICAL:	Vestnik Vysshey Shkoly, 1957, # 8, pp 15-18 (USSR)
ABSTRACT :	The author tells why the Chair for the History of the KPSS and Dialectical and Historical Materialism, of the Voronezh Agricultural Institute (Voronezhskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut) has been cited as an example for other chairs in Social Science. He mentions the names of the instructors M. K. Meshcherina, P. T. Khudyakov, D. S. Novokshchenov, who have either already obtained their degrees or prepared their theses. V.I.Smirnova has prepared her thesis for obtaining a candidate's degree, while P. Ye. Pavlenko, T.K. Teplyakov and A. V. Losev are conducting the necessary degree research work. The in- structors V. I.Chekalin, V.T.Ivankov and Yu.I.Padalkin are also occupied with such research. Dotsent M.K. Teplyakov, in charge of the Chair, is an able leader. The author also quotes a few deficiencies noted in the delivery of lectures and in the seminar work on dialectical "

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TISHKOV, Il'ya Alekseyevich; SEROV, I.D., red.; ZAKHARIKOV, A.N., red.izd-va; MURASHOVA, V.A., tekhn.red.

> [Postwar struggle of the Communist Party for the restoration and development of the socialist national economy, 1945-1953] Bor'ba Kommunisticheskoi partii za vosstanovlenie i razvitie sotsialisticheskogo narodnogo khoziaistva v poslevoennyi period, 1945-1953 gody; materialy k lektsiiam po kursu "Istoriia KPSS." Moskva, Gos.izd-vo "Vysshaia shkola," 1960. 121 p. (MIRA 14:12)

(Communist Party of the Soviet Union) (Russia-Bconomic conditions)

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SAN PARA

TISHKOV, Kharalanni Sounter (In caps); Given Names Country: Bulgaria Academic Degrees: not indicated Affiliation: Junior Scientific Collaborator, member of the staff of <u>Geografiya</u>, Editor: Tyanko YORDANOV Source: Sofia, <u>Geografiya</u>, No 1, 1961, pp 20-22 and p 24 Data: "The Present and Future of Weather Forecasts." (pp 20-22) "Dimitur Y. Dimitrov's Book <u>The Weather in Bulgaria</u>, Published by Science and Art (Nauka i Izkustvo) State Publishers, Sofia, 1960, 152 Pages " (p 24)

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HEALINE HEAL MARKET SCHOOLS (MARKED)

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TISHKOV, Kh.

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On certain peculiarities of the Mediterranean climatic influence in the Strandzha region. Izv Geog inst BAN 6:133-156 <sup>3</sup>62.

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TISHKOV, Kh. فيشور أبيكم وبيلاري المقادمان يشعن dottelle states a success

> Formation and spreading of humid tropical weather in eastern Bulgaria. Khidor i meteorolog 13 no.6:22-32 '64.

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TISHKOV, Khar. S., n. sutr.

学者的学习了理解生产的 网络眼镜 机原始管理器

Thirty years of meteorologic observations over the Musala Massif. Priroda Bulg 11 no. 6:104-107, 112 N-D '63.

1. Geografski i-t pri Bulgarskata akademiia na naukite.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755820005-8"

TISHKOV, Kh. S.

Certain new moments in applying the F. F. Fedorev and L. A. Chubukov complex method. Khidro i meteorolog 13 no. 1:31-37 464.

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SADIKOV, P.P.; ANAN'YEVA, S.A.; LEBEDEVA, T.P.; SMIRNOV, Ye.K.; PRIGOROVSKIY, V.F., inzh., red.; TISHKOV, L.B.; KATOLICHENKO, V.A.; PANIN; A.V.; NOSKOV, Yu.A.; TRIFONOVA, M.G.; KLEYMENOV, Ye.I.; BOBROVA, Ye.W.; tekhn.red.

> [Technical equipment for large general-purpose freight yards] Tekhnicheskoe osnashchenie krupnykh gruzovykh stantsii obshchego pol'zovaniia. Moskva, Gos.transp.zhel-dor izd-vo. 1958. 186 p. (Moscow. Moskovskii institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta. Trudy, no.161) (MIRA 12:2) (Bailroads--Yards--Equipment and supplies)

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	[Technological equipment	A.K., inzh., retsenzent; Pf A.K., inzh., retsenzent; Pf L.F., tekhn.red. of railroad stations] Tekhni loskva, Transzheldorizdat, 19 (Railroads-Stations) (Railroads-Equipment and s	cheskoe 63. (MIRA 16:6)
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CONTRACTOR DEPENDENCES IN A LONG DEPENDENCE OF THE

TISHKOV, L.B., inzh.
Speed of uncoupled cars at the points of "aiming" and "spacing"
on the classification tracks of automated hump yards. Vest.TSNII
HFS 22 no.5:12-17 '63. (MIRA 16:8)
(Railroads--Hump yards) (Automation)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

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LEBEDEVA, T.P.; STRAKOVSKIY, I.I.; TISHKOV, L.B.; LOMAKINA, N.N.; ZABELLO, M.L.; SADIKOV, P.P.; PETRUNENKOV, A.Ye.; BELENOV, V.K.; ARUTYUNOV, V.A., inzh., retsenzent; PETROVA, V.L., inzh., red.; BOBROVA, Ye.N., tekhn.red.

> [Basic requirements related to the technical equipment of classification yards] Osnovnye trebovaniia k tekhnicheskomu osnashcheniiu sortirovochnykh stantsii. Moskva, Transzheldorizdat, 1963. 218 p. (Its TRUDY, no.270). (MIRA 17:3)

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PUSIOVOYTOV, L.F., kund. tekhn. mark: STARROVERTY, L. . Land, 1970. 1981. Overall mechanization and automation of car plastitics ion on humps. Zhel. dor. bransp. 47 no.3:12-16 74 165. (M.FA. Rev 1.1 

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KURNOSOV, A. inzhener; TISHKOV, P. inzhener الاته والاندا الاسلىمان فالمقادمة Wider use of metallic supports. Mast. ugl. 4 no.1:15-16 Ja '55. (Mine timbering) (MLRA 8:6) NUMBER STREET STREET, ST

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KURNOSOV, A.M.; TISHKOV, P.A. Research and

> Water outbreak from sandstones occurring in the soil of coal seams in the "Pervomaiskaia" mine. Ugol' 29 no.4:38-40 Ap 154. (MLRA 7:2)

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1. Institut gornogo dela Akademii nauk SSSR (for Kurnosov). Institut goinege dela mademit mark book (for Kurnesev).
 Trest Pervomayskugel' (for Tishkov).
 (Voroshilovgrad--Coal mines and mining) (Coal mines and mining--

(Voroshilovgrad) (Water, Underground)

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PERIODICAL	(Vtoraya relaksatsiya v spin-syste Russian.) Zhurnal Eksperim. i Teoret. Fiziki pp 620 - 621 (USSR).	-		-	eraturakh
ABSTRACT	Received: 6/1957 The Investigation of paramagnetic	absorpt	Rev: ion in (	Lewed: 6, Cr(NO <sub>z</sub> ) <sub>z</sub> ,	/1957 .9H_0
	in parallel fields at 300° K by me lattice current led to the discove unusual for room temperatures. The which is shown in a diagram for the cycles of the oscillating field, h	ery of a absorp ne frequ	phenome tion cur ency	en on wi cve X"(I ~ = 160 m	hich is H <sub>  </sub> ), mega-
	right half width of the curve is of With increasing v the maximum of direction of the greater field str field:	of the o absorpt	rder of ion shit	300 Ørsi Ets towal	ted. rds the
	with increasing v the maximum of direction of the greater field str	of the o absorpt	rder of ion shit	300 Ørsi Ets towal	ted. rds the
CARD 1/3	right half width of the curve is of With increasing v the maximum of direction of the greater field str field: V in megacycles magnetic field strength (Ørsted)	of the o absorpt rength o 48	rder of ion shin f the co 93	300 Ørst Ets towar onstant r 131	ted. rds the magnetic 160

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PA - 2992 The Second Relaxation in a Spin System at Room Temperatures. The intensity of the maximum absorption (in comparison to the absorption at field strength H ) decreases in the investiga-ted interval of form 10 to 160 megacyeles with increasing frequency. At frequencies of the order of 600 megacycles the shape of the surve of paramagnetic resonance differs only from the ordinary curve  $\chi''(H_{||})$ , which is described by the formula  $\chi'' = (1 - F)^2 \rho_{g} \gamma$  developed by SHAPOSHNIKOV. The phenomenon discovered is apparently connected with a new form of a spin-spin relaxation, which was discovered by GORTER and DE VRIJER in chromium-potassium quartzes at temperatures of liquid hydrogen. GORTER and his collaborators then discovered this relaxation also in a number of other substances, but only, as was found in the case of the first experiments, at very low temperatures. At room temperature, as far as the author knows, this effect has up to now not been observed. CARD 2/3 

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The Second Relaxation in a Spin System at Room Temperatures. By means of the lattice current method the author is at present carrying out analogous investigations with other chromium salts and also with the salts on Mn<sup>++</sup>, Cu<sup>++</sup> and Fe<sup>++</sup>.

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ASSOCIATION: Physical-Technical Institute of the KAZAN' Branch of the Academy of Science of the USSR. PRESENTED BY: -SUBMITTED: 11. 12. 1956. AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

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AUTHOR:	Tishkov, P. G.	SOY/56-36-5-1/76
TITLE:	Measurement of the Spin-Latti	00 Relevanter m/
	in Some Mn <sup>++</sup> -Salt Solutions ( spin-reshetochnoy relaksatsii soley Mn <sup>++</sup> )	Terrent
PERIODICAL:	Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i t Nr 5, pp 1337-1341 (USSR)	eoreticheskoy fiziki, 1959, Vol 3
ABSTRACT :	time (L by means of measurement the coil of a resonance vibra- carried out by measurement of and using the formula $\Delta E = -2$	the absorption coefficient $\chi''$ $\pi_{\Lambda} \chi'' EQ$ , where E denotes the
Card 1/4	of relaxation time was carried of the type KV-1. Two methods 1) $\chi$ "-measurement in the broa	ance circuit. Determination lout by means of the Q-meter are, in principle, possible: d frequency range and
	construction of the $\chi''(\nu)$ -cur	ve; 2) $\chi$ "-measurement at 2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755820005-8

E consurement of the Spin-Lattice Relaxation Time SOV/56-36-5-1/76 in Some Mn<sup>++</sup>-Salt Solutions frequencies and computation of  $\mathcal{G}_{L}$  according to the formula developed by Casimir and Du Pret  $\chi'' = \chi_0 F_{\ell_{\perp}} \gamma / (1 + \beta_{\ell_{\perp}}^2 \gamma')$ ,  $F = H^2/(b/c + H^2)$ ; b/c is a constant characterizing the internal magnetic field in the paramagnetics. Experiments were carried out on  $Mn(NH_4)_2(SO_4)_2.6H_2O$  at the frequencies of 1; 1.5; 2 and 3 Megacycles, and on  $MnCl_2AH_2O$  at 3.5; 5.25; 7 and 10 Megacycles. In glycerin solutions of the latter salt work was carried out at 12, 21.5, 32 and 43 Megacycles at the molar concentrations of 3.9, 1.8, 0.9, 0.45 and 0.225 Mol/1. Results: 1200 1600 200 2400 2800 3200 1.1 3600 H [Oe] 1.45 1.7 2.1 2.45 2.7 SL. 108 3.1 1.4 1.7 1.95 2.3 2.7 2.9 3.15 1.4 1.65 1.85 2.15 2.5 2.75 3.05 Figure 1 shows the dependence of  $\beta_L$  on field strength Card 2/4 within the range of between 800 and 3200 oe at various 

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755820005-8 NY 1949年,此已是在1970年前的国际区,1970年的历史和1976年,1946年代的 Leasurement of the Spin-Lattice Relaxation Time SOV/56-36-5-1/76 in Some Mn<sup>++</sup>-Salt Solutions concentrations in form of a diagram. A family of nearly monotonously rising curves is obtained, which are near to one another especially within the range of low field strengths, i. e. the concentration of the paramagnetic salt exercises but little influence upon the spin-lattice relaxation times. Results: Curve Molar Concentration b/c **S**o 0.88.10<sup>-8</sup> Р 2.5.106 1 . 3.9 0.147 2.4.10<sup>6</sup> 2 0.95.10<sup>-8</sup> 1.8 0.15 2.27.10<sup>6</sup> 2.1.10<sup>6</sup> 3  $1.14.10^{-8}$  0.155  $1.5.10^{-8}$  0.17 0.9 4 0.45 0.17 The following holds according to Brons - Van Vlock:  $\beta_{L} = \beta_{o} \frac{b/c + H^{2}}{b/c + pH^{2}}$ Card 3/4 ę.,

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measurement of the Spin-Lattice Relaxation Time SOV/56-36-5-1/76 in Some Mn<sup>++</sup>-Salt Solutions Measuring results are in good agreement with this formula, as well as the Casimir-du Pret theory, if the spin-spin absorption is taken into account. The author finally thanks B. M. Kozyrev for supervising work and for his help, and he also thanks V. I. Avvakumov for taking part in the discussions. The applicability of the Q-meter for the purpose of such investigations was first pointed out by Yu. Ya. Shamonin. There are 1 figure, 1 table, and 11 references, 8 of which are Soviet. ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Kazanskogo filiala Akademii nauk (Physico-Technical Institute of the Kazan' Branch of the Academy of Sciences) SUBMITTED: July 2, 1958 Card 4/435 B (1

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AUTHORS:	Avvakumov, V. I., Gari Tishkov, P. G.	f'yanov, N. S., Kazyrev, B. M.,
FITLE:	Paramagnetic Resonance Electrolyte Solutions	and Paramagnetic Relaxation in
PERIODICAL:	Zhurnal eksperimental'n 1959, Vol 37, Nr 6, pp	noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1564-1569 (USSR) <sup>,</sup>
ABSTRACT:	MnO <sub>3</sub> , MnCl <sub>2</sub> , Cr(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> , experimental results sh	of the paramagnetic resonance ation in aqueous solutions of and $Cu(NO_3)_2$ . An analysis of the nowed that the complex $Cu^{2+}Y_6$ has
ard 1/4	V. I. Avvakumov, Zhur. 1959). This effect for solutions is dynamic ir	d stretched in the direction of s of the fourth order (cf. eskp. i teoret. fiz., 37, 1017, the hexahydrate complex in liquid nature (cf. B. M. Kozyrev, s, 19, 135, 1955). This means tha

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Paramagnetic Resonance and Paramagnetic Relaxation in Electrolyte Solutions

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in a given position of the ligand along the axes in a rectangular system of coordinates, the bipyramidal complex can be stretched in the direction of any three coordinates of the axes. All states in this case are energetically identical. In order to pass from one state into another, the system must overcome a potential barrier, which for the hexahydrate complex

 $\sim 1000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . It was calculated that the transfer proceeds at a frequency of  $\sim 10^{11} \text{sec}^{-1}$ . At the same frequency the returning of the electron density of the magnetic ion also takes place. This leads to an averaging of the g-factor. The electric field of the violet modification of the salt  $[Cr(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$  has

in the main a cubic symmetry which, because of the effect of the particles of the second coordinational medium, contains an admixture of the fields of lower symmetry. The fluctuation of the fields caused by these particles is sufficiently slow. The existence of such fields was confirmed by comparing the observed

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Paramagnetic Resonance and Paramagnetic Relaxation in Electrolyte Solutions

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width of lines in solutions with the period of the spin-lattice relaxation for 0.1 M solutions of  $\operatorname{Cr}^{3+}(\Delta H = 200 \text{ G}, P_1 \sim 10^{-8} \text{sec}).$  These fields are weaker than the axial fields in solid chromium alum, because the total spectral width in powdered alum is considerably wider than the width of a single line observed in solutions. In the green modification of  $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$  salts, the paramagnetic resonance line is still  $Cr(H_2O)_4X_2$ wider because the complex ' is less symmetrical. The magnetic complexes of Mn<sup>2+</sup> in diluted solutions have nearly a pure cubic symmetry, whereas in nonaqueous MnCl, solutions there were observed very wide resonance lines at a given relaxation period. This was explained by the presence of a strong axial component of the crystal field, which is caused by the presence of ionic molecules of the type  $X^- - Mn - X^-$ . The experimental values  $ho_1$  for a given magnitude of H  $_{
m O}$ in the case of  $Mn(NO_3)_2$  gradually increased upon dilution:

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Relaxation in	Resonance and Paramagnetic Electrolyte Solutions approximately 50-60% with a change by several moles up to 0.25 M. effect on the magnitude of this m data accord with the theory of S. K. A. Valiev (cf. Zhur. eksp. i 4 1958). The text contains a diagn 4 graphs; and 14 references, 10 S 1 U.K., 2 U.S. The U.K. and U.S. (1) U. Opik, M. H. L. Pryce, Proce 425, 1957; (2) B. R. McGarvey. J. 1232, 1957; (3) H. J. Mc Connell. 709, 1956.	The anion had a small phenomenon. These • A. Al'tshuler and teoret. fiz., 35, 974, ram of the setup; Soviet, 1 Dutch, references are: c. Roy. Soc., A238, Phys. Chem. 61
ASSOCIATION:	PhysTech. Inst. of the Kazan Br Sciences USSR (Fiziko-tekhnichesk filiala Akademii nauk SSSR)	ranch of Acad. ciy institut kazanskogo
SUBMITTED:	July 6, 1959	
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Tishkov, P. G., Vishnevskaya, G. P.

TITLE:

Paramagnetic Relaxation in Manganese Salt Solutions

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1960, Vol. 38, No. 2, pp. 335 - 340

TEXT: The authors measured the paramagnetic absorption in parallel and perpendicular fields in aqueous manganese salt solutions at concentrations of 0.25 mole/liter and more. In the paper under review, they report on the method applied and results obtained. Measurements were made with a Q-meter described in a previous paper (Ref. 1). It had already been shown there that the spin - lattice relaxation time  $f_L$  and the

constant b/c in liquid electrolyte solutions can be determined with a Q-meter by measuring  $\chi''$  at two frequencies, in which case it is necessary to effect a correction for spin - spin absorption according to I. G. Shaposhnikov (Ref. 3). For this purpose, the absorption in zero fields is measured and compared with that in perpendicular fields; it

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Paramagnetic Relaxation in Manganese Salt Solutions

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is furthermore assumed that the spin - spin absorption in fields  $\approx$  1,500 oe be negligibly small. Measurements were made at frequencies of 12, 21, 32, and 42 Mc/sec. All frequency combinations were used for the determination of  $\beta_L$ , except 32 with 42 Mc/sec, as these are much too similar. The calculated mean values of  $\beta_L$  for MnSO (1 mole/liter, 22°C) are given in Table 1 (in the dimension 10<sup>-6</sup> sec) for 7 field strength values between 1,200 and 3,600 0e. The values are between 1.18 ± 0.14 and 1.93 ± 0.05. The deviation of the values from the mean value is ±6%. The values of b/c for MnSO<sub>4</sub> solution (3.2 moles/liter, 22°C) are given in Table 2: b/c lies on an average at (2.48 ± 0.18) \*10<sup>-6</sup>, the deviation of the values from the mean value curves  $\lambda$  (H) in MnSO<sub>4</sub> (3.2 moles/liter, 300°K) at all of the four frequencies. The experimental  $\beta_L$  values of aqueous solutions of Mn(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, MnSO<sub>4</sub>, and MnCl<sub>2</sub> are with 10<sup>-8</sup> sec of the same order as with solid Card 2/4

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Paramagnetic Relaxation in Mangamese Salt Solutions

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substances. The function  $f_{L}(H)$  is well reproduced by the formula by

Brons-Van Vleck, as is shown in Fig. 2 by a comparison between experimental and theoretical curves for manganese nitrate, -sulfate, and -chloride solution (2 moles/liter). Fig. 3 illustrates the dependence of  $S_L$  on the type of anion and the concentration N, of Mn<sup>++</sup> ions in

aqueous solutions of these salts.  $\beta_{\rm L}$  is found to grow with increasing

dilution, especially in manganese chloride solutions. At low concentrations the difference of the  $\beta_L$  values of the three solutions decreases.

The rules observed are explained by the theory formulated by S. A. Al'tshuler and K. A. Valiyev (Ref. 7), in the same way as the temperature dependence of  $\beta_{L^9}$  which was experimentally investigated in

manganese nitrate solution (2 moles/liter) at -2, +22, and +58°C. Moreover, the dependence of the internal field constants b/c on the type of anion and on N was also investigated. It was found (Fig. 4) that b/c rises practically linearly with N, the fastest in the case of chloride, the slowest with nitrate. Fig. 4 illustrates, for MnCl2, the concentra-

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Paramagnetic Relaxation in Manganese Salt Solutions

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tion dependence of  $\Delta H$ ,  $\beta_{L^9}$  and  $\beta_{S}$  (spin-spin relaxation time). The paramagnetic resonance absorption line width  $\Delta H$  and the relaxation times L and S are linked by the relation  $\Delta H \approx 1/\beta_S + 1/\beta_L$ . It follows from the results obtained that the investigation of  $\gamma_L$  in electrolyte solutions permits the determination of the structure of such solutions. The authors finally thank B. M. Kozyrev for guidance and assistance given, as well as B. K. Silant'yeva for having taken part in the experiments. A. I. Rivkind is mentioned. There are 5 figures, 2 tables, and 12 references: 9 Soviet, 1 American, 1 German, and ASSOCIATION:

Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Kazanskogo filiala Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Physics and Technology of the Kazan<sup>®</sup> Branch of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

SUBMITTED: July 6, 1959

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TISHKOV, P. G., CAND PHYS-MATH SCI, "PARAMAGNETIC RE-LAXATION IN LIQUID SOLUTIONS OF SALTS OF ELEMENTS." [KAZAN'], 1961. (MIN OF HIGHER AND SEC SPEC ED RSFSR. KAZAN' ORDER OF LABOR RED BANNER STATE UNIV IHENI V. I. UL'YANOV-LENIN). (KL-DV, 11-61, 209).

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VISHNEVSKAYA, G.P.; TISHKOV, P.G.

Paramagnetic relaxation in vanadyl sulfate and its solutions. Dokl. AN SSSR 142 no.4:841-843 F 162. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Kazanskogo filiala AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom B.A.Arbuzovym. (Vanadium sulfate---Magnetic properties)

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	L 32665-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T RM ACC NR: AP6015044 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/66/008/005/0787/0789 AUTHOR: Prokop'yev, V. P.; Tishkov, P.G.; Shreybert, A. I.; Khardis, A. P. B	
-	ORG: Volgograd Politechnic Institute (Volgogradskiy politekhnicheskiy institut)	r I
	TITLE: Investigation of methylmethacrylate in the presence of <u>halonitro</u> peroxides by the coin-echo method	
•	SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 8, no. 5, 1966, 787-789	
	TOPIC TAGS: methylmethacrylate, polymerisation, peroxide, gel, proton interaction, spin relexation <sub>set</sub> pin-without method	
	ABSTRACT: Investigation of methylmethacrylate polymerization in the presence of 4-chloro-and-4-bromo-4,4-dinitrobutyryl peroxides was carried out at 50C and a peroxide concentration of 3.7x10-2 mol/1. Halonitroperoxides initiate the polymerization?of methylmethacrylate/without a noticeable gel effect. The nature of proton spin-lattice relaxation during polymerization with and without air was shown. Orig. art. has: 2 figures. [Based on authors' abstract] [NT]	
	SUB CODE: 07, 11/ SUBM DATE: 25Feb65/ ORIG REF: 002/ OTH REF: 007	i. T
	UDC: 66.095.26 + 678.744	
	<u>Card 1/1. BLG</u> UDC: 66.095.26 + 678.744	* : -

VISHNEVSKAYA, G.P.; KOZYREV, B.M.; TISHKOV, P.G.

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- Paramagnetic relaxation in concentrated aqueous solutions of (VO)<sup>2</sup>. Dokl. AN SSSR 152 no.3:644-646 S '63. (MIRA 16:12)
- l. Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Kazanskogo filiala AN SSSR i Kazanskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut. Predstavleno akademikom B.A.Arbuzovym.

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VISHNEVSKAYA, G.P.; TISHKOV, P.G.

Paramagnetic relaxation in vanadyl salt solutions. Dokl. AN SSSR 154 no.5:1149-1152 F'64. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Kazanskogo filiala AN SSSR i Kazanskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut. Predstavleno akademikom A.Ye. Arbuzovym.

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ACCESSION NR: AP4016513

S/0020/64/154/005/1149/1152

AUTHORS: Vishnevskaya, G.P.; Tishkov, P.G.

TITLE: Paramagnetic relaxation in vanadyl salt solutions

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady\*, v. 154, no. 5, 1964, 1149-1152

TOPIC TAGS: relaxation parameter, spin lattice relaxation, spin spin relaxation, vanadyl, vanadyl solution, acid medium, vanadium complex, glycerin, ion concentration, aqueous solution, vanadyl sulphate, solid sulfate, electron relaxation, exsiccator

ABSTRACT: This investigation deals with the determination of the spin-lattice and spin-spin relaxation time of vanadyl acqueous solutions with various acid contents and glycerin additions. VOCL solutions with concentrations of 3 and 4 mole/liter were selected for measuring purposes, and measurements were also made in aqueous and glycerin solution of vanadyl sulfate (VOSO<sub>4</sub> · 3H<sub>2</sub>O) with a concentration of about 1.5 mole/liter. Solutions with a maximum glycerin content were measured in a temperature range of 295 to 368K. It was found that the spin-lattice relaxation in aqueous-glycerin 1/3

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# ACCESSION NR: AP4016513 solutions undergoes a greater change than in aqueous solutions alone. It is assumed that the rapid change of the spin-lattice relaxation in aqueous-glycerin solutions with temperature is due to the fact that glycerin viscosity changes rapidly with temperature in relation to water viscosity. A careful investigation has been made of solid vanadyl sulfate as well as VOCl<sub>2</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O powder. The solid vanadyl chloride was prepared by drying a 6.5 mole/liter aqueous solution in an exsiccator with sulfuric acid. The temperature measurements made in VOSO4.3H O powder revealed that the spin-lattice relaxation time within the temperature range of 293 to 268K is not affected by the temperature, but there is a definite relationship with the temperature in a solution with the highest possible concentration $(\sim 3 \text{ mole/liter})$ . "In conclusion, we take the opportunity to express our sincere gratitude to B.M. Kozyrev for his supervision and con-tinuous assistance in the project." Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 1 2/3Card Service Service in the

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TISHKOY, Sergey Ivanovich [TSishkou, S.]; RABINOVICH, A., red.; KALECHITS, G. [Kelechyts, H.], tekhn.red.

> [Growing corn in White Russia] Vyroshchvanne kukuruzy u BSSR. Minsk, Dziarzh.vyd-va BSSR. Red.sel'skahaspadarchai lit-ry, 1959. 101 p. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Chlen-korrespondent åkademii sel'skokhozyøystvennykh nauk BSSR.

(White Russia--Corn (Maize))

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TISHKOV, V.M., insh.

What experience teaches. Vest. elektroprom. 34 no.3:56 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:8) 1. Glavnyy energetik tresta "Vorkutdorstroy." (Electric motors)

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PETRAKOVSKIY, A.P., inzh.; TISHKOV, Yu.Ya., inzh.; TISHCHENKO, O.I., inzh.; SOLODOVNIKOV, V.V., inzh.

Use of compressed air in intensifying open-hearth smelting with furnace operation by the scrap process. Stal' 23 no.12:1079-1082 D '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Zlatoustovskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod.

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TISHCHENKO, O.I.; OKHRIMOVICH, B.P.; TISHKOV, Yu.Ya.; KULAKOV, I.I.; KHRUSTAL'KOV, L.A.; VASILEVSKIY, P.A.; PASYUK, K.I.

New method of building arc furnace hearths. Metallurg 8 no.2:15-17 F '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Zlatoustovskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod i Chelyabinskiy institut ogneuporov.

13:42

(Electric furnaces-Design and construction)

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LEVENETS, N.P.; SAMARIN, A.M.; SEMIKIN, I.D.; KAZAKOV, V.E.; BEMBINEK, Ye.I.; PANYUKHNO, L.G.; SVINOLOBOV, N.P.; AVERIN, S.I.; SMIRNOV, V.M.; ZELENSKIY, V.D.; LAYKO, B.G.; TISHCHENKO, O.I.; OKHRIMOVICH, B.P.; DANILOV, A.M.; TISHKOV, Yu.Ya.; PANOV, M.A.; MARKELOV, A.I.; PETROV, A.K.; VASILEVSKIY, P.A.; PASYUK, K.I.; NESTEROV, V.I.; KHRUSTAL'KOV, L.A.; GLAZKOV, V.S.; MAKAGON, V.G.; FOMIN, G.G.; TRISHCHENKO, V.D.; KORZH, V.P.; SUYAROV, D.I.; ARSEYEV, A.V.; PAVLYUCHENKO, A.A.; ZHADAYEV, V.G.; KONDORSKIY, R.I.; MOROZOVA, I.A.; KOCHETOV, V.V.; PRUZHINER, V.L.; MALEVICH, I.A.; MALIOVANOV, D.I.; ZAKOVRYASHIN, I.I.; NOVSKIY, I.S.; NOVIKOVA, V.P.; GRISHIN, K.N.; MOSKOVSKAYA, M.L.; KORNEYEV, B.M.

Inventions. Met. i gornorud. prom. no.3:75-76 My-Je '64. (MIRA 17:10)

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-1-51 162/000/002/002/004 -1-51 162/000/002/002/004 Okhrimovich, B. P., Fishkov, Yu. Ya., Kailevakiy, P. A., Pesyuk, K. I. New raise ing method for hearths of steel furnaces Results of .xp2rimental and industrial rescirct are fiven and nearths auited with the probability of the second of the second of the second sufference of the second of the second of the second of the sufference of the second of the second of the second of the sufference of the second of the second of the second of the sufference of the second of second of the seco minter Results of experimental and industrial research are given and successions are name for repairing ranged bottoms of open hearths and AUTHORS: TITLE: Since July 1960, experiments of repairing hearths in cold state by conducted in the steel foundry). Since July 1960, experiments of repairing have 'ceen conducted in the steel of conduct foundry). The state of the FINIODICAL: works of the Zlatoustovsky netallurgicheskiy zavod (Zlatoust foundry). For repairing hearths in hot state, MTM(WPM) or MTK(WPK) powders are OVED FOR RELEASE: 02

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New rooming method for hearths ...

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molto on to the walls and vaults. To increase the decability of hearths of stell furnaces especially when melting high-quality steels, the former are we duced by ramming dry magnesite powder with a minimum content of 88% MgD. The greatest density of the working layer of hearths is obtained by using magnesite powders with a 65-75% content of the 4-0.1 mm fraction, 35-25% of a fraction < 0.1 mm including 25-15% < 0.06 mm. To improve the hearth density without a considerable reduction in refractoriness, up to 5% of titanomagnetite concentrate is added. Ramming and repairing hearths with dry magnesite powder increases their durability considerably and reduces the time of waiting and the consumption of magnesite powder and fuels. To promote the application of the new technique, the production of magnesite powder of the required grain composition will have to be applied, in the "Magnezit" plant. There are 3 tables and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Zlatoustovskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod (Zlatoust Foundry) (Okhrimovich, B. P., Tishkov, Yu. Ya.); Institut ogneuporov v. g. Satke (Institute of Refractories in Satka) (Vasilevskiy, P. A., Pasyuk, K. I.)

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TISHKOV, Yu.Ya.; KREST'YANINOV, V.F.; VASILEVSKIY, P.A.

Rammed hearth of a 190-ton furnace. Metallurg 8 no.5:13-15 My 163. (MIRA 16:7)

(Open-hearth furnaces---Maintenance and repair)

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IL'INA, N.V.; SOKHATSKAYA, G.A.; SHADRINA, M.N.; TISHKOVA, K.S.

Durability of lining of rotary kilns in 1962. TSement 29 no.5:9-11 S=0 '63, (MIRA 16:11)

1. Gosudarstvennyy vsesoyuznyy institut po proyektirovaniyu i nauchno-issledovatel'skim rabotam tsementnoy promyshlennosti i Vsesoyuznyy gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tsementnoy promyshlennosti.

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於。相關國際醫院

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IL'INA, N.V.; SOKHATSKAYA, G.A.; SHADRINA, M.N.; TISHKOVA, K.S. Analysis of the stability of linings of rotary kilns. TSement 28 no.6: 16-17 N-D 162. 1. Gosudarstvennyy institut po ptoyektirovaniyu predpriyatiy i (MIRA 15:12) nauchno-issledovatel'skim rabotam tsementnoy promyshlennosti i Gosudarstvennyy vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut (Kilns, Rotary) (Refractory materials)

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TISHKOVA, L.D.

Effect of pentoxyl on the healing of penetrating linear wounds of the cornea; an experimental study. Shor. nauch. trud. SCGMI no.14:108-113 '63. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Iz kafedry glaznykh bolezney (ispolnyayushchiy obyazannosti zaveduyushchego - dotsent D.I. Zatsepin) i iz kafedry gistologii i embriologii (zav... dotsent med. nauk A A. Kolosova) Rostovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

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TISHKOVA, L.D., ordinator.

Type injuries among agricultural machinery operators in the Rostov Province. Oft. zhur. 13 no.6:348-351 '58. (MIRA 12:1)

l. Iz glaznoy kliniki imeni K. Kh. Orlova (zav. - zasluzhennyy deyatel'
nauki prof. P.F. Arkhangel'skiy) Rostovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(IFTE--WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

(ROSTOV PROVINCE-AGRICULTURAL LABORERS-DISEASES AND HYGIENE)

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ISAGULYANTE, V.I.; TISHKOVA, V.N.; FAVORSKAYA, N.A.; OGANESYAN, R.O.

Substituted hindered phenols and their use as antioxidants for petroleum products. Trudy MNI no.23:42-61 '58. (MIRA 12:1) (Phenols) (Alkylation) (Petroleum products--Additives)

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ISAGULTANTS, V.I.; TISHKOVA, V.H.; PAPOK, K.K.; ZUSEVA, B.S. Hesearch in the field of the synthesis of additives for petroleum products. Report No.1: Synthesis of phenolates of sulfides and disulfides of substituted phenols. Trudy HNI no.23;31-41 '58. (MIRA 12:1) (Phenoxides) (Petroleum products--Additives)

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ISAGULYANTS, V.I., TISHKOVA, V.N., PAPOK, K.K., ZUSEVA, B.S.

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Synthesis of phenolates of sulfides and disolfides of substituted phenols. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; neft' i gaz 1 no.11:97-103 '58. (MIRA 12:5)

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<ul> <li>Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, 1959, Nr 16, p 414 (USSR)</li> <li>AUTHORS: Isagulyants, V.I., Tishkova, V.N., Papok, K.K., Zuseva, V.S.</li> <li>TITLE: Investigation in the Field of the Synthesis of Admixtures to Petroleum Products. Communication I. The Synthesis of Phenolates of Sulfides a Disulfides of Substituted Phenols</li> <li>PERIODICAL: Tr. Vses. ni. in-t po pererabotke neft1 1 gaza 1 polucheniyu Iskusst zhidk. topliva, 1958, Nr 7, pp 378-389</li> <li>ABSTRACT: With the aim of studying the synthesis of phenolates of sulfides and d sulfides of various substituted phenols and the effect of the composit and the structure on their properties as admixtures to lubricants, the</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>TITLE: Investigation in the Field of the Synthesis of Admixtures to Petroleum Products. Communication I. The Synthesis of Phenolates of Sulfides a Disulfides of Substituted Phenols</li> <li>PERIODICAL: Tr. Vses. ni. in-t po pererabotke nefti i gaza i polucheniyu iskusst zhidk. topliva, 1958, Nr 7, pp 378-389</li> <li>ABSTRACT: With the aim of studying the synthesis of phenolates of sulfides and d sulfides of various substituted phenols and the offset of the second to the sulfides of the second sulfides and the offset of the second sulfides of the second sulfides and the offset of the second sulfides of the second sulfides and the offset of the second sulfides of the second sulfides and the offset of the second sulfides of the second sulfides and the offset of the second sulfides of the second sulfides and the offset of the second sulfides and the offset of the second sulfides and the offset of the second second sulfides and the offset of the second sulfides and the offset of the second sulfides and the offset of the second second sulfides and the offset of the second secon</li></ul>
ABSTRACT: With the aim of studying the synthesis of phenolates of sulfides and d sulfides of various substituted phenols and the offect of the studying the
sulfides of various substituted phenols and the officer of the
authors synthesized and investigated several alkylphenolates containing various quantities of S. In the molecule, various alkyl radicals and v ious metals. It has been found that the solubility of the phenolates pends on the nature of the substituting radical and increases with an increase in the length of the side chain in the aromatic ring. Phenolate Card 1/2 with a long chain of $C_{4}$ or containing an aralkyl radical do not dissolve

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Investigation in the Field of the Synthesis of Admixtures to Petroleum Products. Communication I. The Synthesis of Phenolates of Sulfides and Disulfides of Substituted Phenols

in mineral oil. The most efficient admixtures are phenolates of alkali or alkali earth metals. An increase in the amount of S up to 13 - 15% improves the antioxidation properties of the phenolates. The most active admixtures are phenolates containing a tertiary alkyl radical with 8 - 10 carbon atoms. The initial substituted phenolates of the phenolates of efficient admixtures should be substituted phenols obtained in the alkylation of phenol by isoolefines, but not by chlorinated paraffin.

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ISAGULIANTS, V.I. (Loningrad); TISHKOVA, V.N. (Loningrad); FAVORSKAIA, N.A. (Loningrad); OGANESIAN, R.O. (Loningrad)

> Substituted shaded phenols and their use as antioxidant additives of mineral oil products. Tr. from the Tussian. Kem.tud.kozl.MTA 12 no.4:363-381 '59. (ERAI 9:4)

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AUTHORS:	also 3019) Isagulyants, V. I., Tishkova, V. N., Favorskaya, N. A.	
TITLE:	Synthesis of mineral-oil and motor-fuel additives on the basis of substituted phenols	•
PERIODICAL:	Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 20, 1961, 410-411, abstract 20M160 ([Tr.] Groznensk. neft. in-t, sb. 23, 1960, 132-136)	
following typ alkyl phenols ether groups amino salts of obtained from	es for the synthesis of multifunctional additives of the pes are given: metallic salts of sulfides and disulfides of s; metallic salts of diether dithiophosphoric acids, whose were obtained from disulfides of alkyl phenols; dialkyl of diether dithiophosphoric acids, whose ether groups were m disulfides of alkyl phenols; Ca and Ba phenolates obtained hylation of the condensation products of alkyl phenols with	ed V
by chlorometh CH O, by read	ction of the chloromethylated products with metallic salts	
CH_O, by read	ction of the chloromethylated products with metallic salts iophosphoric acids, and by subsequent treatment with Ca(OH	of -

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Synthesis of mineral-oil and	S/081/61/000/020/085/089 B110/B147	
or $Ba(OH)_2$ . A new method was worked out inhibiting additive 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4- dicresol (mixture of p-cresols and m-cre fraction in the presence of $H_2SO_4$ . By t the presence of a solvent, the alkylate in the solvent and into an aqueous alkal alkylation products of dicresol. The pe gasoline with an addition of I and some remain stable are indicated. [Abstracte:	methyl phenol (I) by alkylation of sols) with the butane-butylene reatment with aqueous alkali in is separated into a solution of I ine solution which contains other riods for which ethylated	
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8/081/61/000/020/075/089 B106/B147

AUTHORS: Isagulyants, V. I., Tishkova, V. N., Ivanov, S. K. TITLE: Ionites and their use in catalytic synthesis ŝ PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 20, 1961, 321, abstract 20L45 ([Tr.] Groznensk. neft. in-t, sb. 23, 1960, 137-145) TEXT: The alkylation reaction of phenol with a fraction of polymer gasoline in the presence of cationite Ky-2 (KU-2) was investigated under static conditions and according to a continuous system. The dependence of the phenol conversion rate on the temperature and reaction time was determined. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.] Card 1/1

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Utamiyeva, N. M.

科技会社会运行的法律研究

11.9700 AUTHORS:

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### CIA-RDP86-00513R001755820005-8

36.550 \$/081/62/000/006/086/117 B167/B101 Tishkova, V. N., Isagulyants, V. I., Chang Hsiu-cheng,

TITLE: Synthesis of diether dithiophosphoric acids and their derivatives on the basis of substituted phenols. Use of these materials as additives to petroleum products

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 6, 1962, 541, abstract 6M259 (Sb. "Prisadki k maslam i toplivam". M., Gostoptekhizdat, 1961, 34-48)

TEXT: Starting with diether dithiophosphoric acids (I), prepared from P2S5 and alkyl phenols in toluene solution, 35 compounds have been

synthesized and studied as possible anti-oxidant and wetting additives to motor oils. Their anti-oxidant action was studied in a solution of mineral oil MT-16 (MT-16) by the thermal oxidation stability fCCT 4953-49 (GOST 4953-49) and vaporizability FOCF 5737-53 (GOST 5737-53) methods; their wetting power was measured on a  $\Pi \exists B(PZV)$  apparatus. The Ca salts of I, the I of which was prepared by the reaction of  $P_2S_5$  with Card 1/3

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Synthesis of diether dithiophosphoric ... S/081/62/000/006/086/117 B167/B101

mono-alkyl phenol disulfides or with mono-alkyl phenols (alkyls: tert-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>, tert-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>11</sub>, and tert-C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>17</sub>), had both anti-oxidant and wetting properties, but the basic Ca salts had a stronger wetting action and **a** anti-oxidant action that the neutral Ca salts, which were powerful is the basic Ca salt of I prepared from the disulfide of tert-octyl phenol (the multifunctional additive  $HI - 22\kappa$  (IP-22k)) and also the neutral Ca salt differed little in activity from the Ca salts, but the Zn salts had a effect was observed with the Zn salt of I prepared from tert-octyl phenol, with a disulfide bridge. By neutralizing I with organic bases ( $\alpha$ -methyl ash-free additives were prepared. The neutralization was carried out in

a benzene medium at  $40^{\circ}$ C (amines) or  $160^{\circ}$ C (diamide). These ashless additives had no wetting action, but were good anti-oxidants, especially the guanidine salt of I prepared from octyl phenol disulfide. The esters of I, prepared from 1 mole of I and 1 mole of propylene oxide, also had

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Synthesis of diether dithiophosphoric ...

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no wetting action but were good anti-oxidants, and were furthermore effective stabilizers for oil solutions of other additives. A group of compounds of the type 2,2-methylene-bis(methyl-4-tert-octyl phenol 6-dialkyl dithiophosphate) phenolate was prepared by condensing a chloromethylated alkyl phenol or its disulfide with the sodium salt of I (1.5-3 hours' heating at 70-80° in ethanol solution, followed by neutralization of the condensation product with  $Ba(OH_2)$ ). Ethers of diamidodithiophosphates were prepared by the reaction of  $P_2S_5$  with

 $4-RC_{6}H_{4}OP(NH_{2})_{2}$  (in kerosene solution, 2 hours at 179-185°); neutralization with Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub> affords  $4-RC_{6}H_{4}OPNHP(S)(SH)NH$ . Compounds of the last two groups were similar in properties to the Ca and Ba salts of I. Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 3/3

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755820005-8

82959 s/065/60/000/004/003/017 E071/E435 15.6400 Isagulyants, V.I., Tishkova, V.N. and Grushevenko, I.A. AUTHORS : Production of Synthetic Lubricating Oils of the Type of TITLE: Polyglycol Esters 7 PERIODICAL: Khimiya i tekhnologiya topliv i masel, 1960, No.4, pp.8-13 A systematic investigation of condensation reaction of TEXT : propylene oxide/with phenols, /substituted phenols (butyl and actylphenols) and alcohols (propyl, isopropyl, isoamyl, heptyl, octyl and 2-ethylhexanol) was carried out in order to produce synthetic lubricating oils (polyglycol esters) and to test their Altogether 39 specimens of synthetic low temperature properties. The physico-chemical properties of polyglycol oils were prepared. esters based on propylene and phenols are given in Table 1, of those based on propylene and alcohols produced at atmospheric pressure are given in Table 2 and of those produced in an autoclave The experimental procedure is described in are given in Table 3. In respect of polyglycol esters based on phenols, some detail. the following relationships were found: 1. With increasing number of propylene groups in the molecule the Card 1/3

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82959 s/065/60/000/004/003/017 E071/E435 Production of Synthetic Lubricating Oils of the Type of Polyglycol Esters viscosity of polyglycol ester increases and its solidification temperature decreases. 2. With increasing molecular weight of the starting substituted phenol, the viscosity of the oil produced increases but its temperature-viscosity properties somewhat deteriorate. 3. Condensation of propylene oxide with phenol takes place easier than with a substituted phenol. In respect of esters based on alcohols the following relationships were found: The viscosity of a polyglycol ester increases with increasing 1. amount of propylene oxide added to the alcohol. 2. With increasing viscosity of polyglycol esters, their solidification temperature also increases as well as the ratio of √50/ √100. 3. With increasing number of carbon atoms in the molecule of alcohol, the absolute value of the viscosity and solidification temperature of the polyglycol ester increases. The value of the ratio of \$50/\$100 remains practically unchanged. Card 2/3 **新教室**之前, 

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82959 s/065/60/000/004/003/017 E071/E435 Production of Synthetic Lubricating Oils of the Type of Polyglycol 4. Polyglycolic esters produced from normal alcohols possess a higher solidification temperature than those produced from corresponding iso alcohols. Polyglycolic ester from experiment 13 was submitted to oxidation by air according to the VTI method, whereupon its resistance to oxidation was established. It was found that polyglycol esters based on propylene oxide and alcohols possess better low temperature properties than those based on phenols. starting components (propylene oxide and alcohol) polyglycol esters By varying the ratio of of various viscosity and good low temperature properties hcan be It was also shown that alcohols produced at present on an industrial scale (isopropyl) can be utilized for the purpose. There are 3 figures, 3 tables and 9 references: 3 Soviet and ASSOCIATION: MINKh i GP im. Gubkina (MINKh and GP imeni Gubkin) Card 3/3 

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755820005-8

The synthesis and properties ...

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viscosities at different temperatures are given for the I produced. Increasing the number of II groups in the I increases the viscosity of the I. The I produced on an alcohol base (gel points between -52 and -60°C) had better low-temperature properties than the phenol-base I (gel points between -28 and -43°C). The authors consider that it will be effective to add certain of the I to the compositions of additives for lubricating oils to improve their dispersing and cleansing properties. [Abstracter1s note: Complete translation.]

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海针网络出的网络沿岸洋海南省

MARGERET PROJECT

ISZAGULJANC, V.N. [Isagulyants, V.I.]; TISKOVA, V.N. [Tishkova, V.H.] GRUSEVENKO, I.A. [Grushevenko, I.A.]; FEJER, Domonkosne [Translator]

Preparing polyglycolether-type synthetic lubricants. Kem tud kozl MTA 20 no.1:33-39 '63.

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 Leningradi Tudomanyegyetem (for Tishkova, Grushevenko).
 Ormeny Tanacskoztarsasag Tudomanyos Akademiajanak rendes tagja (for Iszaguljanc.).

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•	ACCESSION NR: AT4008702 S/2982/63/000/044/0105/0109
	AUTHOR: Tishkova, V. N.; Isagulyants, V. I.; Papok, K. K.; Zuseva, B. S.
	TITLE: Synthesis of a new antioxidative fuel oil additive for engines operating under a loading
8 • . • . • .	SOURCE: Moscow. Institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promy*shlennosti. Trudy*, no. 44, 1963. Neftekhimiya, pererabotka nefti i gaza, 105-109
	TOPIC TAGS: lubricating oil, EP, extreme pressure, extreme pressure lubricant, antioxidant, lube oil additive, detergent additive, phosphorodithioic acid. diester calcium salt, dithiophosphoric acid.diestercalcium salt, AN-22K additive, phosphorodithioic acid.octylphenol diester, octylphenol, SB-3 detergent additive, detergent oil, detergent lubricating oil, lubricating oil detergent
	ABSTRACT: The authors synthesized lube oil additive AN-22K, a neutral calcium salt of the dioctylphenyl ester of dithiophosphoric acid, in four stages: 1) al- kylation of phenol with diisobutylene in the presence of the cationic reagent KU-2; 2) preparation of octylphenol disulfide by reaction of octylphenol with sulfur monochloride; 3) preparation of the diester of dithiophosphoric acid by reaction of the octylphenol disulfide with phosphorus pentasulfide; 4) neutra- lization of the acid obtained by calcium hydroxide. The additive is a solid of $\frac{1/2}{cord}$
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as a co exceede MN I-IP ASSOCIA	omposition addit ad the performan 2-22k and vniinp TION: Institut	ecoming yellow when powdered, an th lube oil MT-16. It produced ive in a 1:2 mixture with the su ce characteristics of the phosph -360. Orig. art. has: 2 tables neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy pro um chemistry and the gas inducto	the best results when used Ifonate additive SB-3 and orus-containing additives and 1 illustration.
		um chemistry and the gas industr	y)
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动用学科 经生产管理管理 经经济支援法

# CIA-RDP86-00513R001755820005-8

s/c65/63/c00/002/001/008 E075/E436

AUTHORS: Isagulyants, V.I., <u>Tishkova, V.N.</u>, Amar, Sh., Byl'chinskaya, M.

TITLE: Preparation of synthetic lubricating oils of the type of complex esters of mono- and dicarboxylic acids

PERIODICAL: Khimiya i tekhnologiya topliv i masel, no.2, 1963, 15-20

Adipic and sebacic acids were esterified at 120 to 140°C with isoamyl-n-hexyl, n-heptyl, n-octyl, 2-ethylhexyl, n-nonyl, and n-decyl alcohols, using cation exchanger KY-2 (KU-2) as catalyst (16% wt of the acids). Anion-exchanger AB-17 (AV-17) was used after the esterification to remove residual acids from To minimize the formation of acid esters (half esters) an excess of the alcohols (25 to 50% theoretical) was An ester of technical  $C_5 - C_6$  fatty acids with pentaerythrit-The yields for all the esters ranged from used. Di-2-ethylhexylsebacate, di-2-ethylhexyladipate ol was also prepared. and diisoamyladipate had setting points of less than -60°C and may be suitable as components of synthetic lubricating oils. Di-2-ethylhexylsebacate and the pentaerythritol ester are the most Card 1/2

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Preparation of synthetic ...

promising esters for practical applications (viscosity at  $100^{\circ}$ C: 3.20 and 4.32 cst respectively; setting points: -60 and -65°C respectively; viscosity indices: 155 and 138 respectively). The use of ion exchangers as esterification catalysts presents many advantages over catalysts such as ZnO and H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The advantages are: relatively low esterification temperature, high yields, possibility of using continuous esterification processes, ease of separation of the catalyst from the products. The catalyst can be used several times and can be regenerated easily. There are 3 tables.

ASSOCIATIONS: MINKh and GP imeni Gubkin

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755820005-8

ALLMENA, L.I., inzh.; TER.MOV, V...; GURVIGH, H.L. Mathods for doternin'ng the essential oil content of ergenol hasil. Masl.-zhir. pror. 27 no.7:34-36 Jl '61. (INA 14:7) 1. Tientral'naya Minichestar. Liborutoriya U ravleniye. pishchevoy promyshlennosti Kraenodarskogo sevanikioza (for Aleshina). 2. Matyrbovskiy efiremaslichn, soviersent "Milt" (for Tishova). 3. Kreanoerasyskiy eliremaslichnyy sovithez-zaved (for Curvich). (Essences and essential eils) (Basil(Botany))

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