TSITSVASHVILI, Sh.I.

Influence of a forced rise of air on the vertical stability of the atmosphere. Meteor. i gidrol. no.5:47-52 My *65.

(MIRA 18:4)

1. Zakavkazskiy nauchno-issledovatel skiy gidrometeorologicheskiy institut.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSILASHVILI, G. N.

USSR/Mines
Mining Methods
Roofs

"Controlling Roofs in Cleaning Cuts of the Chiaturak
Mines," G. N. Tsitsilashvili, Mining Engr, 22 pp

"Gornyy Zhur" No 3

Describes various methods of roofing support and
mining development used at Chiaturak. Illustrates
the use of emergency supports (S.U.R.S.), and explains how use increases work productivity.

LC

51770

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TOWNERG, S., starshiy inzh.; TSITSIASHVILI, M., inzh.

Hew loading and unloading techniques used in Leningrad's harbor.

Mor. flot 19 no.2:28-33 F '59. (MIRA 12:3)

1.TSentral'noye proyektno-konstruktorskoye byuro po portam.

(Leningrad--Harbor) (Loading and unloading)

TO THE STATE OF TH

TSITSIASHVILI, Sh.I.

Problem of so-called heboid psychopathia. Sud.-med.ekspert. 3 no.1:50-54 Ja-Wr '60. (MIRA 13:5)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sudebnoy psikhiatrii imeni V.P. Servskogo (dir. - dotsent G.V. Morozov). (SCHIZOPHRENIA)

TSITSIASHVILI, Sh. I., Cand Med 201 -- (diss) "Clinic, course and problem."

psychiatric jurisprudentFel evaluation of the simple form of shizophrenia." Mos, 1958, 15 pp (Second Mos State Med Inst im H.I. Pirogov) 220 copies (KL, 27-58, 118)

- 227 -

GERTSRIKEN, S.D.; TSITSILIANO, D.D.

Investigating self-diffusion in silver by the method of the boundary problem: Fiz. met. i metalloved. 6 no. 1:89-94 158.

(MIRA 11:8)

1. Kiyevskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Silver)
(Diffusion)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

SOV/126-6-1-11/33

AND THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

AUTHORS: Gertsriken, S. D. and Tsitsiliano, D. D.

TITLE: Self-Diffusion in Silver Studied by Tracer Methods

(Issledovaniye samodiffuzii v serebre metodom

konechnoy zadachi)

PERIODICAL: Fizika Metallov i Metallovedeniye, 1958, Vol 6, Nr 1,

pp 89-94 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Ag 110 is deposited on one side of annealed silver foil 25-40 μ thick by electrolysis; diffusion is done in vacuo with two specimens with their active sides turned inwards pressed together. The residual Ag 110 is then measured from the γ-ray emission (some silver evaporates). The foil is sampled by electrolysis, from the active side, until all activity is removed. Table 2 shows the results obtained, Table 1 being an auxiliary table for the parameters involved. Fig. 2 and Table 3 summarize the results; Table 4 compares these results with those given by others, and the agreement is found to be good. The method has the advantage of being rapid even at low

Card 1/2

SOV/126-6-1-11/33

Self-Diffusion in Silver Studied by Tracer Methods

diffusion rates. The result can be represented as D = 1.084 exp(-44,800/RT) cm²/sec. There are 2 figures, 4 tables and 5 references, 3 of which are Soviet, 2 English.

ASSOCIATION: Kiyevskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Kiyev State University)

SUBMITTED: July 6, 1956

Card 2/2 1. Silver-Diffusion 2. Silver-Electrodeposition

3. Silver--Electrolysis

GERTSRIKEN, S.D.; TSITSILIANO, D.D.

Analysis of self-diffusion in silver and in its alloys by means of the finite problem. Nauk povid. KDU no.1:30-32 '56. (MIRA 11:4) (Silver alloys) (Diffusion)

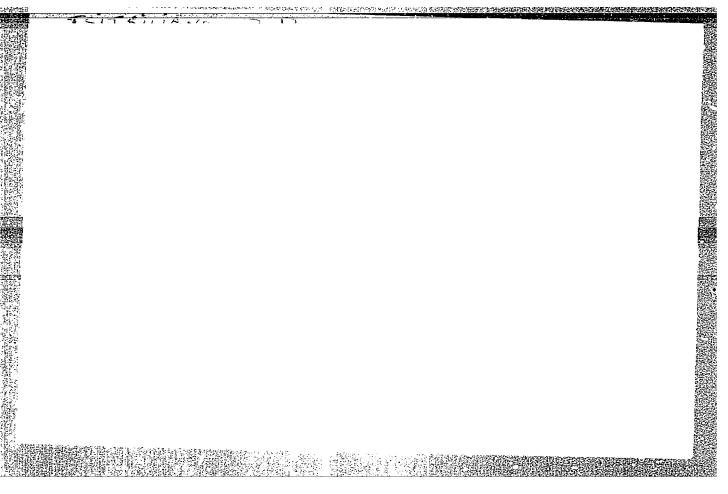
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY HAS A STREET OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

GERTSRIKEN, S.; TSITSILIANO, D.

Determining the absolute value of the self-diffusion coefficient along grain boundaries and boundary width. Issl. po zharopr. eplav. 3:161+167 '58. (MIRA 11:11)

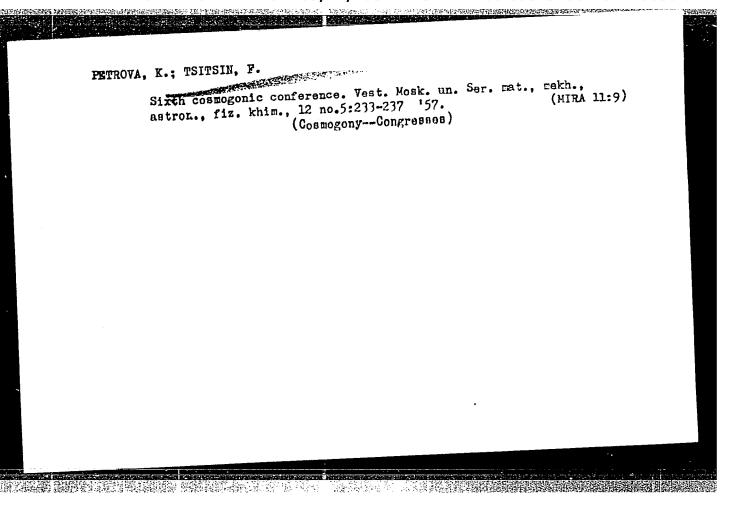
(Crystal lattices) (Metal crystale) (Diffusion)



RUDICH, Sergey Ivanovich, kand.tekhn.nauk; TSITSILIANO, Denis Denisovich, kand.tekhn.nauk; NAGORNY, A.G. [Nahornyi, A.H.], red.; CHEREVATSKIY, S.A. [Cherevats kyi, S.A.], tekhn.red.

[Mechanization of the procurement and placement of local fertilizers] Mekhanizatsiia zahotivli ta vnesennia mistsevykh dobryv. Kyiv, Derzh.vyd-vo sil's'kohospodars'koi lit-ry URSR, (MIRA 15:5) 1961. 150 p. (Ukraine-Fertilizers and manures)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"



CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

TSITSIH, F. A.

AID - P-64

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Subject

: USSR/Astronomy

Card

: 1/1

Author

: Tsitsin, F. A.

Title

: A Simple Solution of V. G. Fesenkov's Theorem

Periodical

: Astron. zhur., V. XXXI, 1, 80, Ja - F 1954

Abstract

The theorem of V. G. Fesenkov (1940), assumes that if the surfaces of stellar density in the Galaxy are similar and distributed on ellipsoids of rotation occupying similar positions, then the galactic concentration is equal to $(A/C)^3$, where A and C are the large and small semi-diameters of the Galaxy respectively. Simple mathematical reasoning proves the theorem. One graph and two Russian references are

given.

Institution:

Department of Stellar Astronomy, Moscow State

University

Submitted: July 1, 1953

TSITSIN,F.A. Direction of rotation of spiral galaxies. Astron.tsir.no.157: 10-12 F'55. (MIRA 8:10) 1. Gosudarstvennyy astronomicheskiy institu imeni P.K.Shternberga. (Stars--Clusters)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

MIKISHA, A.M.; TSITSIN, F.A.

Some problems in the theory of the galactic potential. Astron.zhur.
33 no.6:885-889 N-D '56. (MLRA 10:1)

1. Gosudarstvennyy astronomicheskiy institut imeni P.K. Shternberga.
(Stars—Distribution) (Milky Vay)

MSITSIN, F.A.

25-8-41/42

AUTHOR:

Tsitsin, F.A., Scientific Collaborator of the State Astronom-

ic Institute imeni Shternberg

TITLE:

The Comet Arenda-Rolana (Kometa Arenda-Rolana)

PERIODICAL:

Nauka i Zhizn', 1957, # 8, p 63 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In April 1957, a faintly illuminous celestial body could be observed in the north-western sky. This was the comet Arenda-Rolana, discovered by Belgian astronomers in the fall of 1956. After several months of observation, it was established that this comet approaches the sun more closely than any other comet and 3 times closer than the Earth, at a distance of about 50 million km. The work done by foreign and Russian observatories disclosed that this comet possesses, apart from the ordinary train a second, long and thin tail going in the opposite direction. The appearance of this comet took many astronomers by surprise, because comets approaching the sun periodically have already been studied and their movements are generally known. It is believed that the Arenda-Rolana probably approached the sun about one thousand years ago and afterwards nothing more was seen

Card 1/2

The Comet Arenda-Rolana

25-8-41/42

or heard about it.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

AUTHORS: Mikisha, A. M. and Tsitsin, F. A.

TITLE: On the distribution of mass in the Galaxy. (K voprosu o

raspredelenii mass v galaktike).

PERIODICAL: Astronomicheskii Zhurnal, 1957, Vol.34, No.1, pp.45-54. (USSR).

ABSTRACT:

A method for the determination of the mass distribution in the Galaxy has been given and discussed by Lindblad (1) and Parenago (2). Since neither "rigid rotation" (homogeneous spheroid; force in the galactic plane directly proportional to distance from the centre), nor "Keplerian rotation" (all mass concentrated in the nucleus; force in galactic plane inversely proportional to distance from the centre) are realised in the Galaxy, the above workers concluded that part of the mass is concentrated in the nucleus and the rest is distributed in the Galaxy (uniformly, in the first approximation). Assuming this, they try the following law of force:

 $F = F_1 + F_2 = \alpha R^{-2} + \beta R$.

It is now pointed out that the above law is not an empirical one but results from the adoption of the particular model of the Galaxy. In their later work Lindblat and Parenago abandon, in fact, the above model and calculate not the mass of a homogeneous spheroid but the mass of a homogeneous flat disc. The correct formulation of this problem, given in this paper.

On the distribution of mass in the Galaxy. (Cont.)

The lollowing symbols are used: δ - density of the nucleus, R - distance of the sun from the centre of the Galaxy, R_G - radius of the Galaxy, G - gravitational constant, m_1 - mass of the nucleus, M - mass enclosed within a sphere of radius R₀, m_2 - mass of the Galaxy without the nucleus, M - general mass of the Galaxy (with nucleus), F - force at a distance R₀, F' - derivative of the force, e - density at a distance R₀, and M₁ and M₂ - parameters to be determined.

Initial distribution. A spherically symmetrical heterogeneous system is fully determined when the density $\P(R)$ is given. The four equations (4) and (8) may be solved for the four unknowns \P_0 , δ , M_1 , M_2 , if a functional form is assumed for $q(R, M_1, M_2)$. It has been shown by Kukarkin and Parenago that

 $\mathfrak{E}(\mathbb{R}, \mathfrak{M}_1, \mathfrak{M}_2) = \mathfrak{M}_1 \exp(-\mathfrak{M}_2 \mathbb{R})$

Assuming this form and putting r = 1.5 Kparsecs; R_o = 7.2 Kparsecs; R_G = 13 Kparsecs;

A = 19.5 Km/sec/Kparsecs; B = -13 Km/sec/Kparsecs one obtains (as a result of the solution of (4) and (8)): $m_1 = 0.61 \times 10^{10} \text{ sun masses}$

 $m_2 = 10.7 \times 10^{10} \text{ sun masses}$

On the distribution of mass in the Galaxy. (Cont.)

Homogeneous model. Taking a homogeneous model for the above initial heterogeneous distributions, equations (10), (11), (12), lead to:

 $m_1 = 0.72 \times 10^{11} \text{ sun masses}$

 $\overline{\mathbf{m}}$ = 1.79 x 10¹¹ sun masses

It may be shown, using equation (8), that

 $g(R_0) = g_0 = 7.96 \times 10^{-25} \text{ gm/cc.}$

This is seven to eight times less than the observed value in the Solar Vicinity. This indicates that the density distribution is far from being spherical.

The quantity N_2 is equal to $-\frac{d}{dR}(\ln r)$ (see eq.9). In the initial distribution, it turns out to be 0.63 Kparsec⁻¹, which leads to $-\frac{d}{dR}(\lg r) = 0.27$ Kparsecs⁻¹

Observational data for this quantity are:

0.25 : 0.27 Kparsecs⁻¹ (spherical component)
0.11 : 0.16 Kparsecs (plane component)

The agreement of the numerical value of the logarithmic gradient of density in the galactic plane with observed value for stars of the spherical component suggests that dynamic influence of the component is higher than is usually assumed.

On the distribution of mass in the Galaxy: (Cont.)

Next, it is supposed that the <u>initial distribution</u> is an heterogeneous spheroid. Here it was assumed that

r = 1.5 Kparsec; R_o = 8 Kparsec;

A = 19.5 Km/sec Kps; B = -13 Km/sec/Kps.

The symbols used are: r - radius of the equatorial section of the nucleus, R - radius vector in the equatorial plane of the spheroid, M - mass enclosed within a spheroid of major semi-axis R , e - eccentricity of the meridian section of the spheroid, and $\epsilon = \sqrt{1-e^2}$.

The parameters \mathbf{M}_1 , \mathbf{M}_2 , δ and ϵ are obtained from the set of equations (14), where $F_1(R)$ and $F_2(R)$ are the attractive forces due to the nucleus and the spheroid respectively. The attraction due to an heterogeneous spheroid with the nucleus removed, $F_2(R_0)$, is then written down in the form of an integral. The latter is replaced by a sum of finite terms to simplify calculations, and the four equations (14) are solved for \mathbf{M}_1 , \mathbf{M}_2 , δ and ϵ . This leads to the following:

 $m_1 = 3.47 \times 10^9 \text{ sun masses}$ $m = 1.26 \times 10^{11} \text{ sun masses}$

Thus, the mass of the nucleus is 2.75% of the total mass of the initial heterogeneous spheroidal distribution.

On the distribution of mass in the Galaxy. (Cont.)

If the above initial distribution is represented by a homogeneous model, i.e. a homogeneous spheroid of the same with a nucleus, then

$$m_1 = 0.70 \times 10^{11} \text{ sun masses}$$

 $m = 1.24 \times 10^{11} \text{ sun masses}$

Here the mass of the nucleus is 56.5% of the total mass.

Thus the attempt to represent a heterogeneous spheroidal distribution by a homogeneous model leads to an over-estimation of the mass of the nucleus by a factor of twenty!

The method used above for the model of a heterogeneous spheroid with constant ϵ , may be used to construct a model which will correspond (approximately) to a real Galaxy. In this, the Galaxy is considered as consisting of a homogeneous spheroidal nucleus and of a spheroid of variable density. The latter spheroid is conditionally divided into two spheroidal parts, one inside the other, the two parts being separated by a spheroidal layer through the sun (R = 8 Kps). Here ϵ is taken as variable in the inner spheroid and constant for the outer one. This allows one to disregard the contribution due to the dividing layer which passes through the sun. Thus $\epsilon = \epsilon$ (R), where

$$\varepsilon = \varepsilon_R = \text{constant.}$$
 $(R \leqslant r)$
 $\varepsilon = aR + b$ $(r \leqslant R \leqslant R_0)$

On the distribution of mass in the Galaxy. (Cont.)

$$\varepsilon = \varepsilon_{0} = \text{constant} \quad (R \geqslant R_{0})$$

$$a = \frac{\varepsilon_{0} - \varepsilon_{r}}{R_{0} - r} \quad ; \quad b = \frac{\varepsilon_{r}R_{0} - \varepsilon_{0}r}{R_{0} - r} \quad ; \quad \varepsilon_{r} = 1/2$$

The following values are then obtained: $M_2 = 1.07 \times 10^{-22} \text{ gm/cc.}$

$$-\frac{d}{dR} \lg s = 0.16 \text{ Kps}^{-1}$$

$$e_0 = 1/9$$

$$e(R) = -0.0598R + 0.5897 \qquad (r \leqslant R \leqslant R_0)$$

$$M_1 = 1.07 \times 10^{-22} \text{ gm/cc}$$

 $\delta = 0.62 \times 10^{-22} \text{ gm/cc}$
 $M_1 = 0.64 \times 10^{10} \text{ sun masses}$
 $M = 1.87 \times 10^{11} \text{ sun masses}$

$$m_1 = 0.64 \times 10^{10} \text{ sun masses}$$

Thus, M_1 is 3.5% of the general mass. It is pointed out that in the case of a homogeneous spheroidal model the figure was 60% (a factor of 17).

Results of the present paper are summarised in the Table on p.54. Column headings: Number (I), Model (II), logarithmic gradient of density $\frac{d}{dR}$ (lg \P) (Kps-I) (III), Mass of nucleus m_1 (sum masses) (IV), General mass of Galaxy M(V), Relative mass

On the distr by ion of as in the Galaxy. (Cont. of nucleus $\alpha = \frac{m_1}{m}$ (VI), Over-estimation of the relative mass of the nucleus due by assuming homogeneous model $\frac{\alpha_{hom}}{\alpha}$ (VII), ϵ (VIII).

In column (II); Row 1: Heterogeneous sphere with spherical homogeneous nucleus; Row 2: Heterogeneous spheroid with a spheroidal homogeneous nucleus (ε = const.); Row 3: Heterogeneous spheroid with spheroidal homogeneous nucleus (ε variable).

Column VII in the above table indicates that the homogeneous model cannot be assumed even as a rough approximation. Model No.3 leads to an estimation of the mass of the Galaxy and its nucleus, of the density in the galactic plane, and the variation of the concentration of matter in the galactic plane as a function of the distance from the centre of the Galaxy. 2 Tables and 1 Figure. 7 references, 5 of which are Russian.

State Astronomical Institute imeni P. K. Shternberg.

Recd. July 9, 1956.

AUTHOR: Mikisha, A. M. and Tsitsin, F. A.

33-4-19/19

TITIE:

On the application of the Virial Theorem to the mechanics of stellar systems. (O primerenii teoremy

o viriale v dinamike zvezdnykh sistem.)

PERIODICAL: Astronomicheskiy Zhurnal, Vol.34, No.4, 1957, pp. 678-680

ABSTRACT: It is shown that in a system of material points which obey Newton's law of gravitation, and whose moment of inertia is a linear function of time (or a constant), the magnitude of the potential energy is equal to twice the magnitude of the kinetic energy.

It is claimed that this statement is more general than that given by Parenago ("Kurs zvezdnoi astronomii", 3rd ed., page 397). Parenago states that the relation

 $2T + \Omega = 0$

holds for "stationary or linearly non-stationary systems".

The author gives an example where the system is non-stationary and the condition I = constant is also satisfied (I is the moment of inertia). The Virial

Card 1/2

On the application of the Virial Theorem to the mechanics of stellar systems.

Theorem as formulated by the author applies in this case but in Parenago's formulation it does not. There are no figures, tables or references.

SUBMITTED: January, 30, 1957.

ASSOCIATION: Sternberg State Astronomical Institute. (Gos. Astronomicheskiy In-T im. P. K. Shternberga)

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

ISITSIN, F. A.

25-2-36/43 AUTHOR:

Tsitsin, F.A., Scientific Co-Worker of the State Astronomical

Institute imeni Shternberg

TITLE:

Atalia (Ataliya)

PERIODICAL: Nauka i Zhizn', 1958, # 2, p 77 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Atilia - a small planet, belonging to the family of asteroids, was first discovered in 1903. It has a diameter of 25 km and its light intensity is too weak to be seen with the naked eye. For years Atalia disappeared from the firmament,

but was re-discovered in 1953.

ASSOCIATION: State Astronomical Institute imeni Shternberg (Gosudarstvenniy

Astronomicheskiy institut imeni Shternberga)

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 1/1

VORONTSOV-VEL'YAMINOV, B.A.; DOKUCHAYEVA, O.D.; YEFREMOV, Yu.I.; KOZARENKO, B.I.; KARIMOVA, D.K.; KOSTYAKOVA, Ye.B.; LOZIHSKIY, A.H.; MANOVA, G.A.; TSITSIH, F.A.; SHAROV, A.S.

Observations of Arend-Roland's comet (1956 h). Astron.tsir. no.180:2-4 My '57. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Gosudarstvennyy astronomicheskiy institut im. P.K. Shernberga, Moskya.

(Comets--1956)

ACC NR: AP6010552

SOURCE CODE: UR/0026/65/000/011/0094/0101

AUTHOR: Tsitsin, F. A.

ORG: State Astronomical Institute im. P. K. Shternberg, Moscow (Gosudarstvennyy astronomicheskiy institut)

TITLE: Space and intelligent beings

SOURCE: Priroda, no. 11, 1965, 94-101

TOPIC TAGS: extraterrestrial life, interplanetary space, planetary satellite, proba-

ABSTRACT: A critical philosophical examination of some existing theories and a series of arguments are presented by the author to support his viewpoint that life in the universe is not uncommon and to refute some existing concepts. The A. I. Oparin and V. G. Fesenkov book entitled "Life in the Universe", which states that only one of 10⁵-10⁶ stars may be the sum of a habitable world, is used as a basis for examining the methods of mathematical probability as they are used to predict the extent of life in the universe. The proposition of I. S. Shklovskiy that one of the satellites of Mars is artificial is examined in detail and refuted. In conclusion, the author speculates that the convergent evolution of independent civilizations and their carriers is most probable. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 1 table.

SUB CODE: 03,12,06/

SUBM DATE: none/

ORIG REF: 004 UDC: 523.07

Card 1/1

MIKISHA, A.M.; TSITSIN, F.A.

Formula for relaxation time. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 3: Fiz., astron. 20 no.5:74-77 S-0 165.

1. Kafedra zvezdnov astronomii Moskovskogo universitets. Submitted June 1, 1964.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, F.A. Cosmos and intelligent beings. Friroda 54 no.11:94-101 '65.

(MIRA 18:11)

1. Gosudarstvennyy astronomicheskiy institut im. P.K.
Shternberga, Moskva.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN F.A.

Some problems affecting an axiomatic construction of the dynamics of stellar systems. Trudy Astrofiz. inst. AN Kazakh. SSR 5:211-218 '65. (MIRA 18:6)

TSITSIN, F.A.

Definition of the "volume" concept for systems of a corpuscular nature. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 3:Fiz., astron. 18 no.5:54-57 S-0 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Kafedra z vezdnoy astronomii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.

VORONTSOV_VIL'YAMINOV, Boris Alaksandrovich; KRASNOGORSKAYA, Alisa Arkad'yevna; Prinimali uch#stiye: TSITSIN, F.A.; PONOMAREVA, G.A.; MAKAROV, A.N.; KUKARKIN, B.V., prof., otv.red.; YERMAKOV, M.S., tekhn.red.

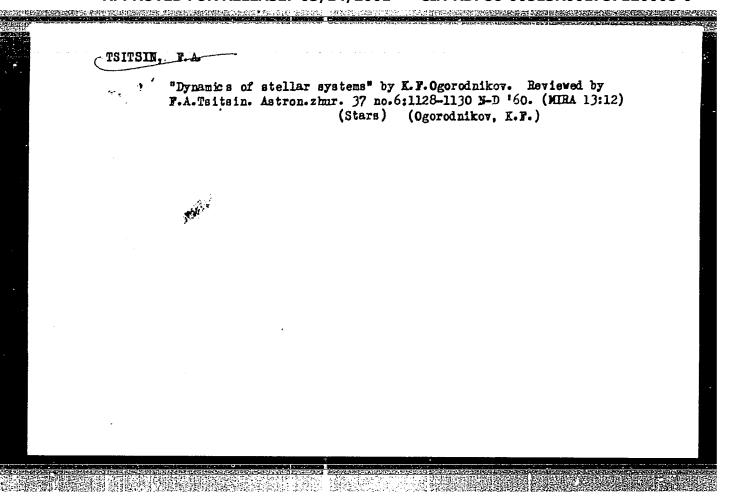
[Morphological catalog of galaxies. Part 1. Catalog of 7,200 galaxies with declinations from 90 to 45] Morfologicheskii katalog galaktik. Chast' 1. Katalog 7200 galaktik ot 90 do 45 skloneniia. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk.univv., 1962. 205 p. (Moscow. Universitet. Gosudarstvennyi astronomicheskii institut. Trudy, vol.32). (MIRA 16:2) (Galaxies—Catalogs)

DIBAY, E.A.; TSITSIN, F.A.; SHAROV, A.S.

Letter to the editor. Astron.zhur. 38 no.3:566 My-Je '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Gosudarstvennyy astronomicheskiy institut imeni P.K.Shternberga. (Stars-Clusters)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"



DIBAY, E.A.; TSITSIN, F.A.; SHAROV, A.S.

Applying the virial theorem to the dynamics of star clusters.

Astron.zhur. 37 no.4:659-664 J1-Ag 160. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Gosudarstvennyy astronomicheskiy institut im.P.K.Shternberga. (Stars--Clusters)

TSITSIN, F.A.

White nights. Nauka i zhizn' 27 no.7:79 Jl 160. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Gosudarstvennyy institut imeni P.K. Shternberga. Moskva. (Twilight)

S/033/60/037/04/004/012

AUTHOR: Dibay, E.A., Tsitsin, F.A. and Sharov, A.S.

TITLE: On the Application of the Virial Theorem to the Dynamics

of Stellar Clusters

PERIODICAL: Astronomicheskiy zhurnal, 1960, Vol. 37, No. 4, pp 659 - 664

TEXT: The so-called Virial theorem, which connects the potential and kinetic energies of a stationary cluster, can be expressed in the form:

 $2T + \Omega = 0 \tag{1}$

For a stellar cluster, the kinetic energy is given by Eq (2), where m_i is the mass of a star, v_i is the velocity and

ik the distance between stars i and k. Assuming, for simplicity, that the stellar masses in the cluster are the same, the potential energy is given by Eq (3), where M = mn and represents the total mass of the cluster and R is a mean of the distances between the various stars and is given by Eq (4).

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s/033/60/037**&**04/004/012 E032/E314

On the Application of the Virial Theorem to the Dynamics of Stellar Clusters

According to Ambartsumyan (Ref.1), R should be of the order of the radius of the cluster. Using Eq.(3). R can be written in the form given by Eq. (5). In order to calculate the potential energy, it is convenient to replace the discrete mass distribution by a continuous one and this does not introduce a large error if the number of stars is not too low. If the potential energy is defined as the energy necessary to remove all the stars to infinity, then the potential energy of spherically symmetric configurations is of the form given by Eq. (6) and hence the required expression for R is of the form given by Eq. (7). This formula can be used to calculate R for various models of stellar clusters. In the present paper, only those models are considered in which the density is finite in the centre and does not increase in the outward direction. For a uniform sphere in which the density is constant and independent of radius, $\Re = (5/6)a$, where a the radius of the sphere. If the density varies according to

Card 2/5

S/033/60/037,004/004/012 E032/E314

On the Application of the Virial Theorem to the Dynamics of Stellar Clusters

the law:

$$P(r) = P_0(1 + r^2)^{-5/2}$$

then \widetilde{R} is given by Eq.(9). Finally, if the density falls off exponentially with distance, then \widetilde{R} is given by Eq.(10). \widetilde{R}/a is plotted as a function of a in Fig. 1 for the last two models, respectively. The analysis is then applied to multi-layer distributions. For a two-layer distribution defined by:

$$\frac{a}{b} = \ell \leqslant 1 \quad \frac{\delta}{\rho} = \eta \leqslant 1 ,$$

where a and b are the radii and ρ and b are the densities of the inner and outer zones, \tilde{R}' is given by Eq. (11). Numerical calculations based on this formula are

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S/033/60/037/004/004/012 E032/E314

On the Application of the Virial Theorem to the Dynamics of Stellar Clusters

given in Fig. 2 and Table 2. In the case of a three-layer model, defined by:

$$\frac{b}{-} = m \leqslant 1 \quad \frac{\varepsilon}{P} = \gamma \leqslant 1$$

where c and ϵ are the radius and the density of the third zone, respectively, R is given by Eq. (12) and the corresponding numerical calculations are given in Table 3 and Fig. 3. It is concluded from these calculations that the quantity R is usually 0.3 - 0.6 of the radius. Since it is usually assumed in the dynamics of stellar clusters that R is equal to the radius of the cluster, the characteristics of clusters obtained from the Virial theorem must be altered in the light of the present results. The applicability of the Virial theorem to stellar clusters still remains an open question.

 $\sqrt{}$

Card 4/5

s/033/60/037/004/004/012

On the Application of the Virial Theorem to the Dynamics of

There are 3 figures, 3 tables and 5 references: 4 Soviet and

ASSOCIATION:

Gos. astronomicheskiy in-t im. P.K. Shternberga (State Astronomical Institute im. P.H. Shternberg)

SUBMITTED: November 16, 1959

Card 5/5

3(1)

SOV/25-59-2-42/48

AUTHOR:

Tsitsin F.A.,
Institute

Research Assistant of

of the

TITLE:

Observations of Mars (Nablyudeniya za Marsom)

PERIODICAL:

Nauka i zhizn', 1959, Nr 2, p 77-78 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author gives a short account of some observations made of the planet Mars in 1956. According to most observers the atmosphere of the planet was by far less transparent than in other years. A thick haze did not permit observation of its surface. The numerous socalled canals, with the exception of fifty of larger size, could not be seen. Sometimes bright white spots and streaks appeared on the surface - snow, hoar-frost or mist. In early September an interesting phenomenon was observed; the southern polar cap disappeared for two weeks. Evidently, it was hidden behind a haze in the planet's atmosphere resulting from a

Card 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

Observations of Mars

SOV/25-59-2-42/48

dust storm. The investigations of the Soviet astronomer N.P. Barabashev have shown that the atmospheric part of the cap, which consists of light clouds pervious to infrared rays, was dispersed by the same storm. The astronomer N.N. Sytinskaya has established that the color of the dust particles was similar to the color of the continents. In this way it was possible to assume that this was really dust whirled up by the wind from the surface of the continents. The observations confirmed the circumstance already previously noticed by N.N. Barabashev, that the polar caps, evidently of reddish color, are neither compact nor half-transparent. The disturbed state of the Martian atmosphere at the time of opposition was also proved by swiftly moving, yellowish dust clouds thousands of kilometers long. Some of them could be

Card 2/3

Observations of Mars

SOV/25-59-2-42/48

observed for weeks. The atmospheric haze cleared up only at rare intervals, and only at these times did the view of the planet

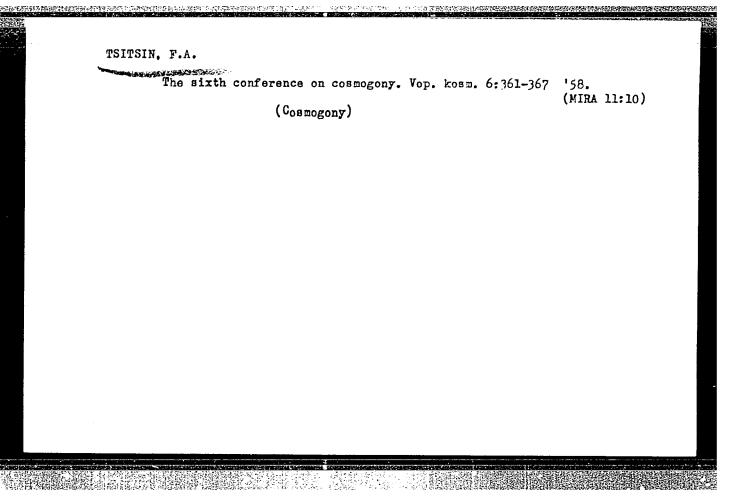
improve.

ASSOCIATION:

Gosudarstvennyy astronomicheskiy institut imeni Shternberga (State Astronomic Insti-

tute imeni Shternberg)

Card 3/3



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	Voprosy koamoganii, t. 6 (Problems in Cosmogony, Vol. 6) Mose Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1958. 367 p. 2,000 copies printed.	ow,		
	Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Astronomicheskiy a	1		j
	ARTICLES			
	Magnitskiy, Y.A. On the Origin and Evolution of Continents			
	Baranov, V.I. Absolute Age	5		1 1
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	Levin, B. Yu. History of the Moon's Rotation and the Rheological Properties of Its Material			
	Alfvan H. On the Ordern of the Terrestrial Planets	56 63		
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	Raskol, Ye. L. Conference of the Committee on Cosmogony Devoted to Examining the Possibilities on Cosmogony	4		
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TSITSIN, M.A., inzh.

Electric power supply for the Kachkanar Mining and Ore Dressing Combine. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; gor. zhur. 5 no.10:143-145
'62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Sverdlovskiy sovet narodnogo khozyaystva. Rekomendovana kafedroy gornoy elektrotekhniki.

(Kachkanar region--Electricity in mining)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

LIPOV, Pavel Petrovich; TSITSIN, Mikhail Alekseyevich. Prinimala uchastiye
VESELKOVA, K.S., kand.tekhm.nauk; ABRAMOV, V.I., otv.red.;
GALANOVA, V.V., tekhm.red.; PROZOROVSKAYA, V.L., tekhm.red.

[Mining mechanic's handbook] Spravochnik megagornorudnykh predpriiatii. Izd.2., perer. Moskva, Gos.nauchnotekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu, 1961. 787 p.

(MIRA 14:6)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, Mikhail Alekseyevich; ABRAMGV, V.I., red.izd-va; KONDRAT'YEVA, M.A., tekhn.red.; BERESLAVSKAYA, L.Sh., tekhn.red.

[Mine electrician] Shakhtnyi elektroslesar'. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu, 1960. 259 p.

(Electricity in mining) (MIRA 13:8)

(Electricity in mining)
(Mining machinery--Equipment and supplies)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

PHASE I TREASURE ISLAND BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REPORT

AID 379 - I

BOOK

Authors: LIPOV, P. P. and TSITSIN, M. A.

Full Title: HANDBOOK FOR MECHANICS OF ORE WINING INSTALLATIONS

Transliterated Title: Spravochnik mekhanika gornorudnykh

predpriyatiy

Publishing Data

Originating Agency: None

Publishing House: State Scientific and Technical Publishing House

of Literature on Ferrous and Non-Ferrous Metals

Date: 1953 No. pp.: 1076

No. of copies: 13,000

Editorial Staff

Editor: None

Tech. Ed.: None

Editor-in-Chief: None

Appraiser: None

Call No.: AF-France 1953

Others: A list of 16 names of those who took part in the editorial

work is given

Text Data

Coverage: This handbook contains technical data and characteristics on equipment used in ore-mining enterprises, directions for its choice and its calculation, and also information on its operation and repair. The information, data and instructions appearing in this book were compiled taking into account existing standards and operation and safety rules. Diagrams, graphs, tables, etc.

1/5

Spravochnik mek			priyatiy	AID 379 - I	
This is a	well-compil	led handbook.			

USSR/Diseases of Farm Animals - Diseases Caused by Arachno-Entoms.

R-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 12, 1958, 54931.

Author : Tsitsin, N. B., Cherkasskiy, Ye. S.

Inst

Title : Activated Creolin.

Orig Pub: Nauka i peredov. opyt v s. kh., 1957, No 7, 50-58.

Abstract: Activated creolin (AC), a homogenious mass with a

1.5-1C percent Y-isomer HChCH (hexachloro-cyclchexan), or containing DDT, or with both in any proportion mixed with water creates stable emulsions. The technological process is described and the advantages of manufacturing AC with 2 percent of Y -HChCH in a plant are pointed out. Scab mites are destroyed after a single submersion of sheep into a one-percent emulsion

Card: 1/3

USSN/Diseases of Farm Animals - Diseases Caused ty Arachno-Entoms. ::-Z

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Bicl., No 12, 1958, 54931.

of AC with 0.12-C.15 percent of Y -isomer of HChCh at 18° / C.7. AC has a prophylactic effect lasting for 6-9 months. More than 200 million sheep and other farm animals have been successfully treated with AC against scab mites and other parasites. After the fur was treated with a one-percent emulsion of AC (of sables, polar foxes, ermines, etc.), it remained mothproof for 3 years. AC is effective in combating warble flies and cattle ticks, and may be used in order to control malaria mosquitos (Anopheles), flies and common parasites. In various concentrations, AC emulsion kills plant lice, mites, meal worms, stinkbugs in the covered ground; plant lice, caterpillars of the lilac moth, larvae of the thickwalled willow

Card : 2/3

9

USSR/Diseases of Farm Animals. Diseases Caused by Arachno-Entoms.

R-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 12, 1958, 54931.

sawfly on fields; grain pests in grainairies; and in the form of aeroscl bombs it destroys various pests of different arboreal species.

Card : 3/3

SHCHERBAKOVA, A.A., kand. biol. nauk, otvetstvennyy red.; TSITSIN, N.V., akademik, red.; SUKACHEV, V.N., akademik, red.; BAZILEVSKAYA, N.A., prof., red.; MEYYER, K.I., prof., red.; BLYAKHER, L.Ya., prof., red.; ANTOHYUK, L.D., red. izd-va; MAKKOVICH, S.G., tekhn. red.

[Carl Minnaeus; a collection of articles] Karl Minnei; sbornik statei. Moskva, 1958. 257 p. (MIRA 11:9)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut istorii yestestvoznaniya i tekhniki.

(Linne, Carl von, 1707-1778)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, N.V.

Charles Darwin and some problems of biology. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. biol. 24 no.6:832-838 N-D *59. (MIRA 13:4)

1. The Main Botanical Garden, Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R., Moscow.

(PLANT BREEDING)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, N.V., akademik; ZAGORODNYY, L.S.; SILEVA, M.N.

Ordening seed potatoes before winter storage. Priroda 49 no.5:94-95 My 160. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad AN SSSR, Moskva. (Seed potatoss)

30(1) SOV/30-58-12-16/46 Tsitsin, N. V., Academician AUTHOR: International Meeting of Horticulturists (Mezhdunarodnaya TATLE: vstrecha sadovodov) Vestnik Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Nr 12, pp 64 - 68 (USSR) PERIODICAL: The 15th International Congress of Horticulture, Vegetable ABSTRACT: Growing and Cultivation of Decorative Flowers was held in Nice (France) from April 11 to 18, 1958. It was attended by 666 delegates from 41 countries. The Soviet Union was represented by delegations of the VASKhNIL and the AS USSR. A total number of 170 lectures and reports were heard. The congress was held under the sign of the collaboration of science and practice. The author of this article held a lecture on hybridization ("telehybridization") in the theory and practice of horticulture. V. A. Rybin (USSR) reported on the method of resynthesis in plum cultivation. P. I. Lapin (USSR) spoke about the introduction of tree-shrub plants in Moscow. The delegates of the VASKhNIL reported on: D. D. Brezhnev on the state and the prospects of scientific research in the field of vegetable cultivation in the Card 1/2 USSR.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

International Meeting of Horticulturists

SOV/30-58-12-16/46

- V. V. Kolesnikov on results and prospects of research in the field of isotope application in fruit cultivation.
- P. K. Ursulenko on biologic and physiologic foundations of fruit fertility of apple trees.
- M. Yu. Gushchin on ways and methods of improving assortments of fruit and berry cultures in the UkrSSR.

 The Soviet delegation visited the Scientific Agronomical Center in Versailles. An International Floricultural Show is to be held in Paris in May, 1959, in which the USSR will be represented. In its decisions, the congress underlined the necessity of intensifying research in the field of plant introduction. A recommendation was advanced to the International Society of Horticulture to establish a special committee for problems of plant introduction.

Card 2/2

: ROHTUA

Tsitsin, N.V., Academician

SOV-25-58-7-16/56

TITLE:

Improving Varieties ("luchshaya sorta)

PERIODICAL:

Nauka i zhizn', 1958, Er 7, pp 30-32 and p 34 (USUR)

ABSTRACT:

In 1957 the Gosudarstvennaya komissiya po sortoispytaniyu (State Commission for the Testing of Seed Varieties) distributed (by districts) 20 varieties of bread grain, 28 of forage, 4 of corn, 8 of groats, 8 of oil-bearing plants, 2 of sugarbeets, etc. The introduction of high-yield varieties will result in richer crops and additional food for the Soviet population. Soviet selectionists and geneticists must still solve important tasks to boost yield and quality in agricultural production. There are 3 drawings.

1. Agriculture--USSR

Card 1/1

26-58-7-27/48

AUTHORS:

Tsitsin, N.V., Academician; Rubenkov, A.A., Candidate of

Biological Sclences

TITLE:

Distant Hybridization of Big-Horned Cattle (Otdalennaya

gibridizatsiya krupnogo rogatogo skota)

PERIODICAL:

Priroda, 1958, Nr 7, pp 104-106 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Cross breeding of local cattle strains with zebu bulls has increased the fat content of the milk by 5%. The chosen zebu strains, according to the data of V.K. Markov, had a milk of up to 7 - 8% fat, 4.49% albumin, 17.23% dry substance, the caloricity equalling 1,100. Distant hybridization also brought about a substantial weight increase, a higher amount of milk yield and an extended lactation

period.

Card 1/2

There are 4 photos.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

Distant Hybridization of Big-Horned Cattle

26-58-7-27/48

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-eksperimental'noye khozyaystvo "Snegiri" - Moskovskaya

Oblast' ("Snegiri" Scientific Experimental Husbandry -

Moscow Oblast;)

1. Cattle--Rearing--USSR

Card 2/2

TSITSIN, N.V.; LUNEVA-NAZAROVA, M.Z.

Biological and economic characteristics of the hybrid tomato No.258. Biul. Glav. bot. sada no.51:36-40 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad AN SSSR.

TSITSIN, N.V., akademik; CHEHKASSKIY, Ye.S.; PROTSENKO, Ye.P.; MAZIN, V.V.; LYADOVA, G.L.; KILIMNIK, Ye.Ye.

Effect of the insecticidal and fungicidal repellent dust (IFRD-1) on cabbage clubroot. Dokl. AN SSSR 143 no.4:972-975 Ap '52. (MIRA 15:3)

TSITSIN, N.V., akademik; CHERKASSKIY, Ye.S., prof.; BUSHCHIK, T.N., kand. biolog.nauk; SHMAL'KO, V.F., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; LYADOVA, G.L., agronom; KILIMNIK, Ye.Ye., agronom;; HELYAYEVA, A.S., agronom

Preparation for controlling the cabbage maggot. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 7 no.7:33-34 Jl '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad AN SSSR. Oporno-pokazatel'nyy sovkhoz imeni Moscow ta-i Sovkhoz imeni Gor'kogo.

(Moscow Province-Cabbage maggot-Extermination)

(Insecticides)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

FBITSIN, Bikolai Veeil'evich, 1898Winter and perennial wheat problems; wheat hybrids. Moskva, Sel'khosgis, 1935. 99 p. (53-56512)
S9191.W9T7

"Innovations in Agriculture", Issue 1, 1937

Doklady Mademii Nauk SESR, Vol 59, No 7, Mar 1948, ppl341-44

U-3398

TSITSIN, NIKOLAI VASIL'EVICH, 1898Forage plants of the Western Siberian chernozem belt
Omsk, Omskoe obl. gos. izd-vo, 1939
305 p.

	orania de la prima de la prima de la companya de l
Pyrethrum cenerarifolium	
Moskva Moskovskii rabochii, 1941.	
38 p.	

TSITSIN, NIKOLAI VASIL'EVICH, 1898The All-Soviet Agricultural Exhibition of 1941
Moskva Gospolitizdat, 1941.
94 p.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, Nikolai Vasil'evich, 1898-

Supplementary plant resources in the service of our native land Moskva, Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR, 1944. 58 p. (Akademiia nauk Soiuza SSR. Nauchno-populiarnaia seriia) (50-1:0904)

SB108.R9T8

1. Botany, Economic. 2. Botany-Russia.

AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

TSITSIN, N. V. , Academician

"Perspective Selections in Creation of Winter Crops, Stabilized for Winter Planting"

Vestnik Akademii Naul SSSR, No 1-6, 1944 (Tab Con)

U-1551

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, N. V. (Academician, Laureate of the Stalin Frize) and CHERKASSYIY, E. 3. (Senior Scientific Cowerker, Candidate of Veterinary Sciences, Academician N. V. Tsitsin's Laboratory of Flant Feisons). Classification of wood-resin creclins, their mass use in range diseases of animals and the effect on the quality of wool.

Source: Veterinariya; 4-5; April/May 1945 uncl TAECON

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSI", ".V.

RT-790 Grain problem--basic link in the agricultural system Zernovaia problema--osnovnoe zveno v sisteme sel'skogo khoziaistva. Moscow. 1947, 23 pp.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, Eikolai Vasil'ovich, ed.

Nothode for testing the varieties of field grops. Moskva, Sel'khosgis, 1947. 350 p.

TSITUIN, N. V. (ed.)& Offices

RT-1067 (Hand ook on the approval of a pricultural crops. I. Grain c.ops (m.eat, rye, barley, oats) Extracted from:

RNA property of the property of the pricultural crops. I. Grain c.ops (m.eat, rye, barley, oats) Extracted from:

RNA property oats) E

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#Br., Scientific Assearch Anstitute of Grein Agriculture, Menchinovka (-1/27-)

"The Rubus Flagellares Mill. and Aubus Sexatilis L. Mybrid," Not. A3, 57,
No. 8, 1947
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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, N.V.

RT-791 Methods of creating new cultivated plants (Distant hybridization) Puti sozdaniia novykh kulturnykh rastenii (Otdelennaia zibridizatsiia). Moscow. 1943, 22 pp. (Translation does not include illustrations).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, N.V.

Tsitsin, N.V. "For the cooperation of the botanical gardens of the USSR," Byulleten' Glav. Botan. sada, Issue 1, 1948, p. 3-6

SO: U-2888, Letopis Zhurnal'Hykh Statey, No. 1, 1949

TSITSIN, N. V.

22414. Tsitsin, N. V. BOTANICHESKIYE SABY SOVETSKOGO SOYUZA NA NOVOM ETAPE. BYULLETEN' GLAV. BOTAN. SADA, VYP. 2, 1949, S. 3-9

SO: LETOPIS' No. 30, 1949

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, N. V. rum A. claneum? ("599," "186," etc.). Reference is make to bushy hybrid varieties of this type, achieved without resultant drooping of the ears. Herein, properties of hybrids with "blue" Agropyinformation on which will be published later. USSR/Biology (Agriculture) - Hybridization eties of wheat were developed and very high yields ditions, plant diseases, etc., and give unusually high yields. Using this method, perennial variwheat which are resistent to adverse climatic condeveloping both winter and summer varieties of sistance of perennial quack grass was utilized in modification of the resulting plants, the high re-By crossing wheat with quack grass and controlled "In Sot Garden, Acad Sci USSR USSR/Biology (Agriculture) - Hybridization "Byul Glav Bot Sada" No 9, pp 3-12 (Contd) Sep 51 Sep 20612 206II2 7

TSITSIN, N. V.

Rye

Ramose winter rye. Biul. Glav. bot. sada. No. 10, 1951.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952. Unclassified.

TOITOIN, WINCHAL VABILITIES, ENG.	
Wild growing plants in the service of the national economy; public lecture.	
Moskva, Znanie, 1952.	
22 p•	

- 1. TSITSIN, N. V., PETROVA, K.A.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Grasses
- 7. Elymus and its biological charcteristics, Sov.agron. 10 no. 11, 52

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953, Unclassified.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

- 1. TSITSIN, B. V.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Grain
- 7. Prospects for productiveness of grain crops. Biul. Glav. bot. sada no 12 152

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953. Unclassified.

وعناسم أدواع	
1.	TSITSIN, N. V., Acad.
2.	USSR (600)
4.	Botanical Gardens - Congresses
7.	Results of the conference of the representatives of botanical gardens of the U.S.S.R. Vest. AN SSSR 22, no. 12, 1952.
9.	Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, May 1953, Unclassified.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

Sci USSR

"Priroda" Vol 41, No 6, pp 33-41

done at the Garden, mentions that bearing of fruit by hornbeams (a plant which is insuffi-

ciently acclimated in wo seew and consequently

Describes the Main Bot Garden as it is at present and as it will be after projected expansion has taken place. In describing work being

USSR/Biology - Botany, Medicinal Plants

"The Largest Leboratory of Soviet Botany," Acad N. V. Tsitsin, Dir, Main Bot Garden Moscow, Acad

Jun 52

TSITSIN, N. V.

229T5

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0

constricting the trunk with a wire Refers to work on the acclimatization of other plants.

Says that work on the cultivation of Far-Eastern actinidia, ginseng, and Schizandra chinensis

has been begun.

does not bear fruit there) could be induced by

WAIN BOT GARDEN MOSCOW, ACAD SCI USSR

TSITSIN, N.Y.; NAZAROVA, M.Z.

Experiments with remote vegetative-sexual hybridization of plants.
Isvest. Akad. Nauk S.S.S.R., Ser.biol. '53, 20-35. (MLHA 6:3)
(CA 47 no.15:7602 '53)

1. Glavnyy Botan. Sad. Akad. Nauk S.S.S.R.

TSITSIN, N. "Largest botanical laboratory of the Soviet Union. Tr. from the Russian" (2.6 (Bulgarska Akademmia Na Naukite) Sofiya Vol 2 No 5 Sept/Cot 1953	7) PRIRODA
SO: East European Accessions List Vol No 8 Aug 1954	
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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757120008-0"

TSITSIN, N.V., akademik.

Remote hybridization of plants. Est. v shkole no.3:8-17 My-Je '53.
(MLRA 6:5)
(Hybridization, Vegetable)

TSITSIN, N.V.

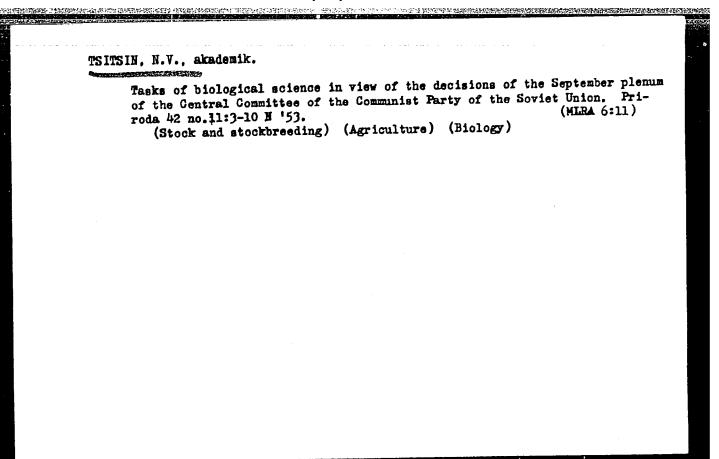
Tasks of Soviet botanical gardens in the development of science and in increasing the productive forces of the country. Biul.Glav.bot. sada no.15:5-17 '53. (MIRA 9:1)

1.Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad Akademii nauk SSSR.
(Botany, Economic) (Botanical gardens)

(Botany, Economic)

TSITSIN, N.V., akademik.

Wild plants which are of use to the national economy. Priroda 41 no.7:22(HLRA 6:6)



USSR / Cultivated Plants. Fruit Trees. Small Fruit Trees.

M - 7

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., 1958, No 16, 73162.

Author : Tsitsugin, I. V. Inst : Not given.

Title : The Chokeberry - A Valuable Berry Bush.

Orig Pub: Sad i ogorod, 1958, No 2, 67.

Abstract: No abstract.

Card 1/1

141

Growth rate in the red alga Hhodymenia palmata L. on the littoral of the Bering Sea. Dokl.AH SSSR 91 no.3:663-665 Jl '53. (MLRA 6:7)

- 1. Hurmanskaya biologicheskaya stantsiya Akademii nauk SSSR (for Kuznetsov).
- 2. Akademiya nauk SSSR (for TSitsyn).
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