

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

S/084/60/000/03/017/083 D047/D002

32(1)

AUTHORS:

4 -- --

Andreyev, V., Deputy Supervisor; Valerius, Yu.,

Deputy Supervisor

From the Distant to the Near ... (Landing Guide TITLE:

Radio Station)

Grazhdanskaya aviatsiya, 1960, Nr 3, pp 9-11 (USSR) PERIODICAL:

This is an account of the rules and regulations to be observed by pilots when bringing their aircraft in to ABSTRACT:

land. The landing scheme is based on glide-slope course lights and two guiding radio stations, which are all duplicated by landing radio locators. V. Aksenov,

aircraft commander, and M. Polkhovskiy, deputy commander of a Flying Unit Section, are severely criticized for having failed to observe these regulations on one occasion, thus causing their aircraft to touch

Card 1/2

S/084/60/000/03/017/083 D047/D002

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From the Distant to the Near ... (Landing Guide Radio Station)

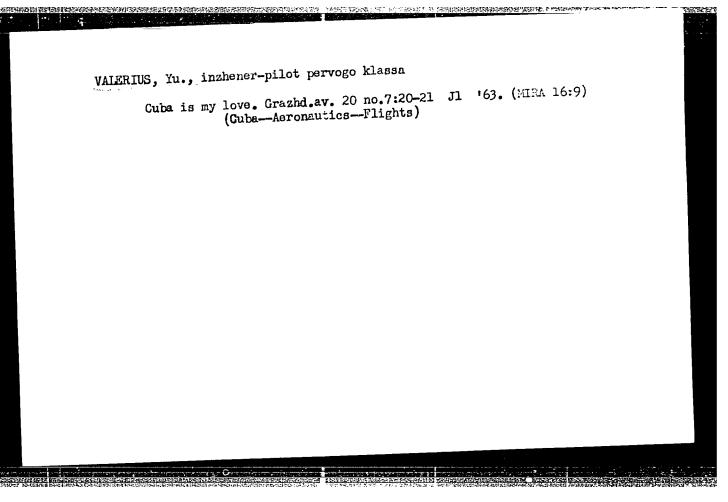
some treetops as it was coming in to land.

Upravleniye letnoy sluzhby i dvizheniya samoletov (Control of Flight Service and Aircraft Movement) (Andreyev); Letnyy otdel (Flight Department) ASSOCIATION:

(Valerius)

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3"



THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

VALERSHTEYN, I.; LUKINA, L., inzh.; SAF'YAN, B., inzh.

Gooperation is the pledge of success. NTO 5 no.11:19-20 N '63. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Predsedatel' soveta Nauchno-tekhnicheskogo obshchestva tipografii "Pechatnyy dvor" imeni A.M. Gor'kogo (for Valershteyn). 2. Chleny soveta Nauchno-tekhnicheskogo obshchestva tipografii "Pechatnyy dvor" (for Lukina, Saf'yan).

- 1. VALERYANOV, M., Eng.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Steam Power Plants
- 7. Steam-power assembly LPU-1, Moloch. prom., 14, No. 2, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April, 1953, Uncl.

ACC NR:	AP6035747	(A,N)	SOURCE CODE	: UR/0413/66	/000/019/011	7/0117
inventor:	Valer'yanov,	S. L.; Sakharo	v, A. N.; Mukhi	n, G. M.		
RG: non	10					
TITLE: F	Ruel pump cont	rol of an inte	rnal-combustion	engine. Cl	ass 46, No.	186813
SOURCE:	Izobreteniya,	promyshlennyy	e obraztsy, tov	arnyye znaki	, no. 19, 19	66, 117
COPIC TAC	S: fluid pun	mp, engine fuel	pump, internal	combustion	angine	
lever, ki irive. T engine, t manual dr arresting interacts	inematically of the control of the c	connected with the reliability of provided with two working suring spindle during	internal-combuthe spindle of in shutting off an arresting l faces. One surng manual supplus to the side	a foot-pedal the fuel su ever which i face restrain y of fuel, a	actuator, a pply when st s coupled wins the motion the other	nd a manual opping the the the n of the surface
UB CODE:	: 13/ SUBM DAT	E: 04Feb63				و ب
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Card 1/1		UDC: 62	1.43.038.5-521	· , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

ACCEPTED HAS	AIG001433

s/0000/63/000/0000/0003/0178

AUTHOR: Lyepuney, Boris Taley yenevich; Hikolayev, Hikolay Aleksandrovich

TITLE! At sette per aspera

SOURCE: Skyon' termii k svendam, Moskyn, 1962. Ind. Tervikin "Molodaya gvardira

TOPIC TAGES Spacesait

TEXT? A spacesuit has been designed which weight short nine and half kilograms and consists of several layers of mylem joined together by neoprone interlayers. The helmat is of special rubber and threads onto the suit. The possessource betteries for the spaceault are los cated on the back. A liquid, which forms a shield against radiation, enters and interlayer when the comment passes through a radiation belt or during solar flares. Liquid oxygen circulating in snother interleyer protects against overheating and at the same time absorbs carbon dioxide. This complicated spacesuit can be doned without help in short live miretes.

ACCESSION MR: AFGOOL433

abs The authors state that the development of a spaceguit of this type cost "one...foreign [non-Soviet] firm half a million dollars." However, they make no definite statement as to whether the suit discussed above was developed by the USSR or by some other country.

SPAC - item no. 23

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Card 2/2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

Z/059/62/000/003/004/007 D406/D301

AUTHORS:

Rezniček, Ivan, Engineer and Valeš, František, Engi-

neer

TITLE:

A new type of strain-gage dynamometer with low range

for control and checking of fatigue tests

PERIODICAL:

Zpravodaj VZLÚ, no. 3, 1962, 101-104

The VZIÚ (Aeronautical Research and Test Institute) The VZIU (Aeronautical Research and Test Institute)
has developed a new "14/tth" strain-gage dynamometer for precise
power measuring in aircraft strength tests and for controlling fatigue tests of entire aircraft parts. The dynamometer is built for
igue tests of entire aircraft parts. The dynamometer is built for
loads of 50 - 500 kg, and completes the VZIÚ series of dynamometers
for medium loads (400 - 6,000 kg) and heavy loads (10 - 14 tons).
The design of a suitable spring is rather complicated, since diaThe design of this load range would be too thin. The new "14/tth"
phragms for this load range would be too thin. The new "14/tth"
dynamometer (CSSR Patent applied for) uses a spring which is formed dynamometer (CSSR Patent applied for) uses a spring which is formed by milling-out a part of the exclusively turned rotor body. Cemented to the vertical portions of the spring are two independent strain-

Card 1/3

Z/059/62/000/003/004/007 D406/D301

A new type of strain-gage ...

gage systems (Mikrotechna M-120) with an adequate circuit for compensating ambient temperature effects and zero drift. The spring is made of "16251" steel which is subjected to a special heat treatment. The spring is fastened with eight screws to the rotor bearing, which has openings for power admission in its base. The strain-gage system is airtightly encapsulated with a rubber or metal membrane, protected with an "Epoxy 1200" resin coating, calibrated, and then installed into the test unit. The maximum tensile and compressive stalled into the test unit. The maximum tensile and compressive tension was set at $\sigma = 25 \text{ kg/mm}^2$, which gives a sufficient signal tension was not exceed the fatigue limit of the spring and the strain and does not exceed the fatigue limit of the spring are still gage. Since dynamometers for loads of 200 and 400 kg are still gage. Since dynamometers for loads of 200 and 400 kg are still under development, tests were so far performed with the 100-kg type only. Excessive loading of this dynamometer brought some difficulties such as impaired sensitivity, fatigue damage, especially on copper leads, and friction corrosion of parts not protected by Epoxy resin. The influence of eccentric forces is negligible; hysteresis does not exceed 0.1% of the maximum load. Because of its linearity and stability, this dynamometer can also be used for accurate statical measurements. Efforts must, however, be made to Card 2/3

	en e			Z/059/62/00 D406/D301	0/003/004/	007	
A new	type of stra	in-gage				i	
avoid a diap	the fatigue	damages (whi	in figures	. 2 tables	o observed gs and cor and 4 refe	in rect rences	•
KTechr	ting of leads nical editor:	Engineer mi					,
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Card	3/3				ار منهج میکند در محمد میکند میکند میکند در این		

VALES, J.

"Transformers of highest output and voltage."

ELEKTROTECHNICKY OBZOR, Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 48, no. 5, May 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions Index (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959

Unclassified

VALES, Jaroslav, inz.

Transformers of highest output and woltage. El tech obzor 48 nc.5: 228-233 My '59.

1. Zavody V.I.Lenina Plzen, n.p.

L 13399-66 ACC NR: AP6006746 SOURCE CODE: CZ/0082/65/000/004/0316/0321

Vales, J. AUTHOR:

ORG: none

TITLE: Psychological and social problems in disseminated sclerosis

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska neurologie, no. 4, 1965, 316-321

TOPIC TAGS: psychology, tissue disease, psychotherapy

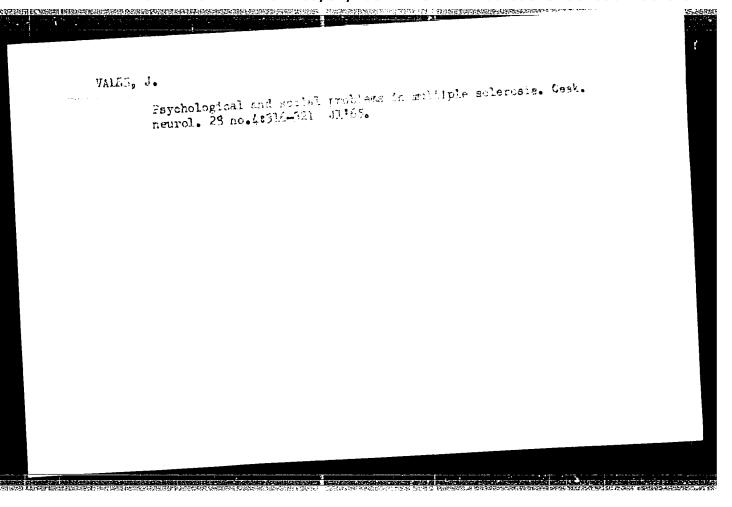
ABSTRACT: Disseminated sclerosis frequently attacks people in the prime of their life. As the illness is incurable, its psychological and social aspects are as important as the clinical ones. When the manner of walking becomes affected, the patients aften retire into a voluntary isolation; however, it is important to maintain the necessary amount of physical exercise to slow down the progress of the disease as much as possible. The frequent changes of the patients moods are described; the importance of an active adaptation to the disease is stressed. The dangers of a patient retreating into his disease and refusing to face life are discussed. The patient in the initial stages of the disease should not meet those who are already immobilized by it. The importance of social contacts of the patients is described, and a system of volunteers to visit these patients is suggested. The importance of adequate psychotherapy during the entire course of the disease is stressed. [JPRS] SUB CODE: 06,05 / SUBM DATE: none

VALES, Jaroslav, inz.

The agreements on mutual cooperation with the Bulgarian Academy of Agricultural Sciences and the German Academy of Agricultural Sciences. Vest ust zemedel 12 no.3:102-103 '65.

1. Administration of Scientific and Technical Development of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Resources, Prague.

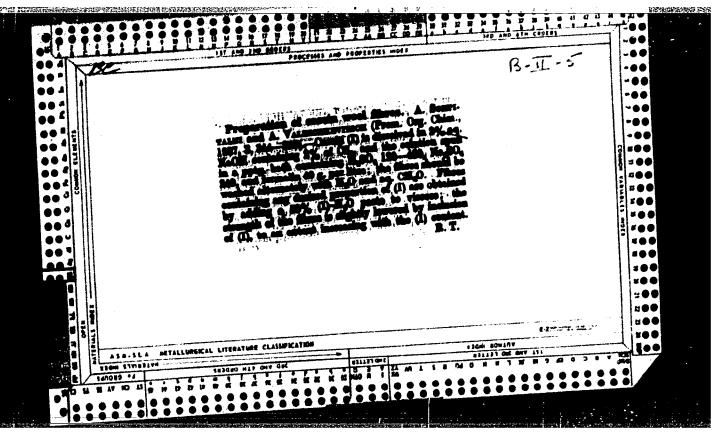
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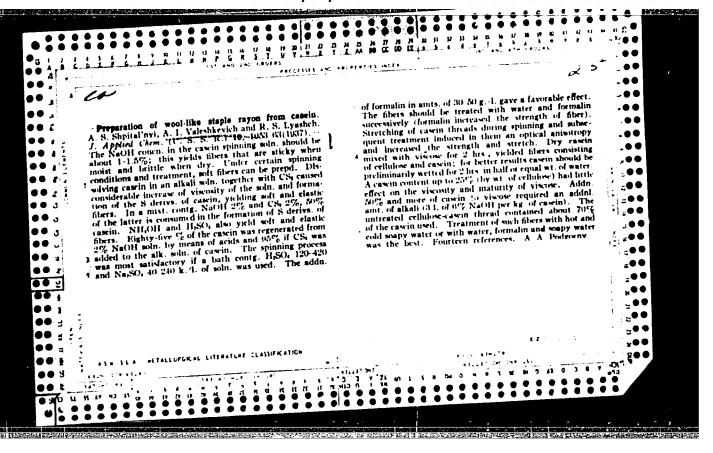


VALES, K.

Collective contracts and their fulfillment, p. 170, SKLAR A KERAMIK (Ministerstvo lehkeho prumyslu) Praha, Vol. 5, No. 8, Aug. 1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 4, No. 12, December 1955





S/020/62/146/006/001/016 B172/B186

Brish, N. I., Valeshkevich, I. N. AUTHORS:

The Fourier method for differential equations containing a second derivative with respect to time TITLE:

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 146, no. 6, 1962, 1247-1250

TEXT: Differential equations of the type

$$Au + \frac{\hat{3}^2u}{dt^2} = f(x,t)$$

are considered wherein

Au = $\frac{\left|\alpha\right| = \left|\beta\right| \leq m}{\left|\alpha\right| = \left|\beta\right| \leq m}$ is a self-adjoint operator in a domain Ω with the boundary S of the (x_1, \dots, x_n) space and where $\alpha = (\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n)$, $|\alpha| = \alpha_1 + \dots + \alpha_n$, $\alpha = \alpha_1 + \dots + \alpha_n$ $D^{\alpha} = \partial^{\beta} \partial x_{1}^{\alpha 1} \dots \partial x_{n}^{\alpha n} a_{\alpha \beta}(x)$ are real functions, symmetrical with respect to permutation of subscripts. A constant $C_0 > 0$ is assumed to exist so that x > 0

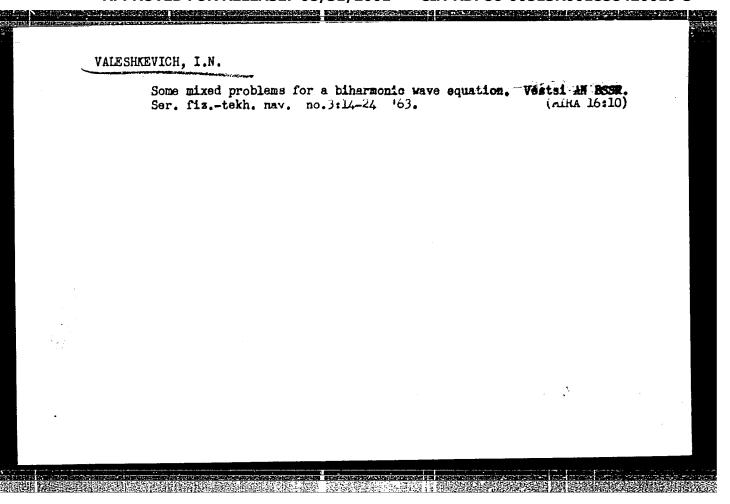
CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

5/020/62/146/006/001/016 B172/B186 The Fourier method for differential... is satisfied for each real vector 5 and for any xf... Applying a method by one of the equation (1) and a shown that the mixed problem for the is satisfied for each real vector 5 and for any xto. Applying a method by 0. A. Ladyzhenskaya it is shown that the mixed problem for the equation (1) and the conditions the inequality $u\Big|_{t=0} = \varphi(x), \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}\Big|_{t=0} = \psi(x)$ $\frac{\partial^{k} u}{\partial r^{k}}\Big|_{r=0} = 0 \ (k=0, 1, ..., m-1)$ and the conditions can be solved by a Fourier arrangement, namely by $u(x,t) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} v_i(x) \left(q_i \cos \sqrt{\lambda_i t} + \frac{\psi_i}{\sqrt{\lambda_i}} \sin \sqrt{\lambda_i t}\right)$ ł AS. $+\sum_{i=1}^{\infty}\frac{v_{i}(x)}{\sqrt{\lambda_{i}}} \int_{0}^{t} f_{i}(\tau) \sin \sqrt{\lambda_{i}} (t-\tau)d\tau$ PRE. SUBM. Card 2/3

Card 3/

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R0018584200



VALESHKO, G.I.	
Transactions of the Laboratory (Seeks) of Aeromethods, AS USSR V.7, Materials of 7th AU Indept Conf. Aerial Survey (Dec. 56): Mossow, 1959, Kudritskiy, D.M. [Leningradskiy gidrometeorologicheskiy institutes.]	, 331pp.
Leningrad Hydrometeorological Institute]. Photogrammetric Methods in Hydrology and Hydrography	208
Popov. I.V. [Gosudarstvennyy gidrologicheskiy institut - State	
Hydrological Institute]. Use of Aerial Photographs in Investigating River-Bed Processes	209
Veleshko, G.I. [Gidroenergoproyekt - All Union Association for	
Hydroelectric Developments]. Aerial Photographs Applied to the Study of Hydrological Conditions in Rivers During Ice-Gang	212
Afanas'yev, A.I. [Tsentral'nyy institut prognozov - Central Institute	
of Weather Forecasting]. Use of Aerial Photographs of Snow Cover for Hydrological Computations	217
Vendrov, S.L. [Giprorechtrans - State Institute of Inland-Waters	
Transport Planning and Scheduling]. Application of Aerial Photography to Exploration Programs Administered	
Card 9/15	

Aerial photogrammetry in studying hydrological characteristics of rivers during the period of ice flow. Trudy Lab.
aeromet. 7:212-216 '59. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Gidroenergoproyekt.
(Aerial photogrammetry)
(Ice on rivers, lakes, etc.)

1,0020 s/035/62/000/008/090/090 A001/A101 24,3300 3,4000 (4303)

AUTHORS:

Valeshko, G. I., Indichenko, I. G., Trukhanenko, M. V.

TITLE:

New devices for geographic deciphering and transferring contours

from aerial photographs onto maps

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Astronomiya i Geodeziya, no. 8, 1962, 34, abstract 8G275 (In collection: "Geogr. 1 kh.-vo", v. 10, Moscow,

1961, 75 - 77)

New devices for compiling general geographic maps are described; they were developed by the laboratory of aerophotomethods at the Geographical Division of MGU. In distinction from existing stereoscopes, the MCM-2 (PSI-2) mirror stereoscope ensures complete survey of the entire overlapping area of a pair of aerial photographs. Small size of the device makes it possible to carry it in the side pocket of an observer. The visual field of the stereoscope is 110 x 160 mm, Simplest measurements can be performed under the stereoscope by means of devices of parallax-meter type. Stereo spectacles are mounted in any standard rim into which plane-parallel glasses are inserted. Optical wedges with refraction angle of 14 -18° are glued to the lower parts of the glasses, the upper part of the glasses, intended for observation of the country, can be smoked, if a highly lighted country

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S/035/62/000/008/090/090 A001/A101

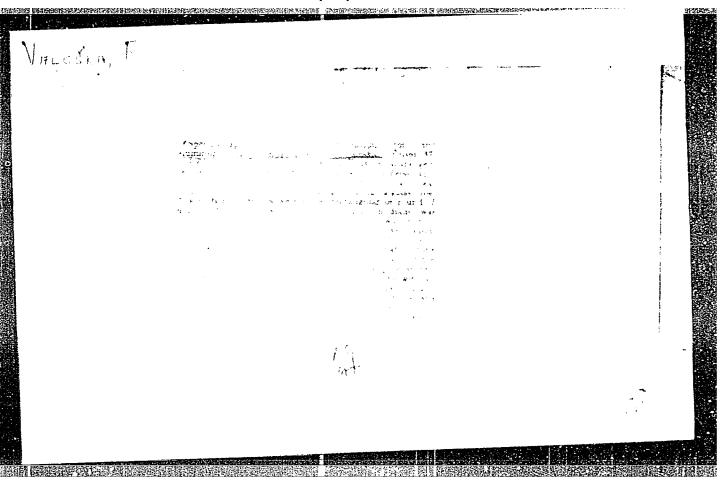
New devices for geographic deciphering and ...

is observed. Such a design makes it possible to observe the stereoscopic country model from aerial photographs and the country directly. To determine, from aerial photographs, relative elevations and slopes on the country, a stereo altimeter and a stereo declinometer have been developed. The stereo altimeter makes it possible, without additional calculations, to determine mutual elevations up to 400 m directly on the device. Measurements of slopes of the country are made with the stereo declinometer by means of the stereoscope on aerial photographs of 18 x 18 cm size with elliptical marks, and measurements of slopes oriented along the direction of bases with dash marks. A strictly definite angle of ellipse turn or dash marks corresponds to every certain slope angle of the country. On this basis, nomograms have been plotted which are used for slope angle determination.

V. Agafonov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/2



- VALESKALNS, P.
- USSR (600) 2.
- Peace
- Soviet Union, a powerful bulwark of peace and security for all nations. Latv. PSR Zin. Akad. Vestis, no. 11, 1950.

Monthly List Of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953. Unclassified.

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

٦	VALESKAINS.	P.,	Prof.
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USSR (600)

4. Latvia - Communism

Great contribution to the Marxist-Leminist theory. Latv. PSR Zin Akad Vestis No. 6

April____1953, Uncl. 9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress,

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

lates Kaln, P.I.

USSR/General Division. Conservation of Nature.

A-5

THE STREET WAS A THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur. Biologiia, No 4, 1958, 14247

Author : Valeskaln P.I.

Inst : -: The Tasks of Conservation of Nature in the Latvian SSR Title

Orig Pub: Okhrana prirody i zapovedn. delo vSSSR, 1957, No 2, 70-76

Abstract: An enumeration of the more interesting monuments of nature which are subject to conservation under the 1952 law: Kemerskiy Forest and Lake Kanierskoie, the district of Slitere, the island

Moritssale (on Lake Uzma; preserved since 1912), the maritime heather wastelands of Grini, Lake Engurskoie (the location of a massive nesting place of water fowl, among which are swanshipunov [a steppe swan]), Lake Papskoye, several parks (Kazdangskiy, Skriverskiy, Tervetskiy, Koknese), and others. Brief

information is given on the nature of these places. Salmon

-15-1/2 Card:

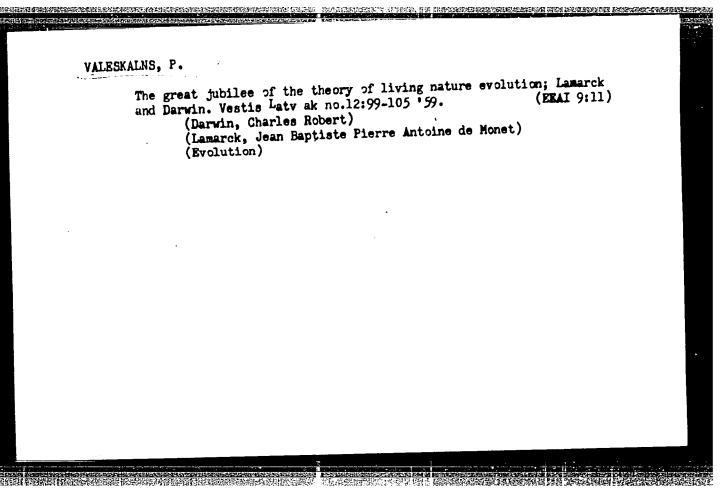
VALESKALMS, P.

GEHERAL

PERIODICAL: VESTIS. NO. 1, 1008

VALESKALUS, P. Plan for scientific-research work of the Latvian Academy of Sciences in 1958. In Russian. p. 15

Monthly list of East European A cessions (EEAI) IC, Vol. 8, No. 2 February 1959, Unclass.



VALESKALN, P. [Valeskalns, P.], akademik (Riga)

Scientific research work of the Latvian Academy of Sciences in 1960.
Vestis Latv ak no.1:5-16 '60. (EEAI 9:11)

1. Akademiya nauk Latviyskoy SSR.
(Academy of Sciences of the Latvian S.S.R.)

VALESKAIN, P.I. [Valeskalns, P.I.]

Rapid development of Latvian science. Manka i zhyttia 10 (MIRA 13:7)

no.7:58-60 J1 '60.

1. Vitse-president AN Latviyskoy SSR, Riga. (Latvia--Research)

VALESKALNS, P. For the creative development of science. Vestis Latv ak no.9:3-7 '61. 1. Latvijas PSR Žinatnu akademijas vice presidents.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3"

STRADYN', Ya. [Stradins, J.]; VALESKALN, P. [Valeskalns, P.]

Janis Prieditis, Latvian revolutionist and chemist. Vestis Latv ak no.10:127-133 '61.

(Prieditis, Janis, 1876-1908)

NOT THE ORDER OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

VALESKALN, P. [Valeskalns, P.] The 150th anniversary of the Patriotic War of 1812. Izv. AN (MIRA 16:1)

1. Vitse-prezident AN Latviyskoy SSR.

Latv. SSR no.10:3-9 162.

(Russia-Invasion of 1812)

VALESKAIN, P.I. [Valeskalns, P.] (Riga)

Present stage and prospects of scientific research in Latvia.
Vop. ist. est. i tekh. no.13:57-63 162. (MIRA 16:5)

(Latvia—Research)

VALIDERO, A. Ye.

Boots and Boot Sugar - Uzbekistan

Sugar beet assimilation in Uzbekistan. Sakh. prom. 26, No. 2, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1952 1953, Unci

MILLER, Frantisek, prof. dr.; VALESOVA, Eva, dr.

Spider fauna of the limestone steppes of the Radotin Valley in Gentral Bohamia. Cas entom 12 no.2:180-188 (64.

1. Institute of Applied Entomology of the Faculty of Agronomy, Higher School of Agriculture, Brno, Zemedelsia I (for Miller). 2. Entomological Department of the Central Research Institute of Food Industry, Prague 5, Na belidle 21 (for Valesova).

de state of the st	Resources of water power in the countries of the Damube Valley and their distribution. Nauch. trudy Brev. un. 63:209-237 158. (MIRA 11:6) 1. Yerevanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet, kafedra ekonomicheskoy						
	geografii.	(Danube Valley-Power resources) (Danube Valley-Water resources development)					
·							

VALESYAN, Lemvel Akopovich; STANOVOVA, L., red.izd-va; OVASAPYAN, A., tekhn.red.

[Geography of hydroelectric power resources and plants in foreign countries in the Danube Valley] Geografiia gidroenergoresursov i gidroenergetiki zarubezhnykh Pridunaiskikh stran. Erevan, Izd-vo (MIRM 13:6) Erevanskogo univ., 1959. 168 p.

(Danube Valley--Hydroelectric power)

STEPANYAN, L.A., red.; ARUTYUNYAN, A.B., red.; BAGDASAHYAN, A.B., prof., doktor geogr. nauk, glav. nauchnyy red.; DAVTYAN, G.S., red.; MARTIROSYAN, G.M., red.; MARUKHYAN, A.O., red.; MKRTCHYAN, S.S., red.; URUSOV, V.V., red.; SHAKHBAZYAN, M.S., red.; ALLAKHVERDYAN, G.O., kand. ekonom. nauk zam glav. nauchnogo red.; ARUTYUHYAN, N.Kh., akademik, red.; VALESYAN, L.A., kand. geogr. nauk, red.; DUL'YAN, S.M., kand. geogr. nauk, red.; YEHEYAN, S.T., red.; ZOGRAHYAN, L.N., kand. geogr. nauk, red.; KOCHARYAN, G.A., prof., red.; POGOSYAN, Kh.P., prof., doktor geogr. nauk, red.; RUTKOVSKAYA, M.S., starshiy red.; SAVELO, A.F., tekhn. red.; YAROSHEVICH, K.Ye., tekhn. red.

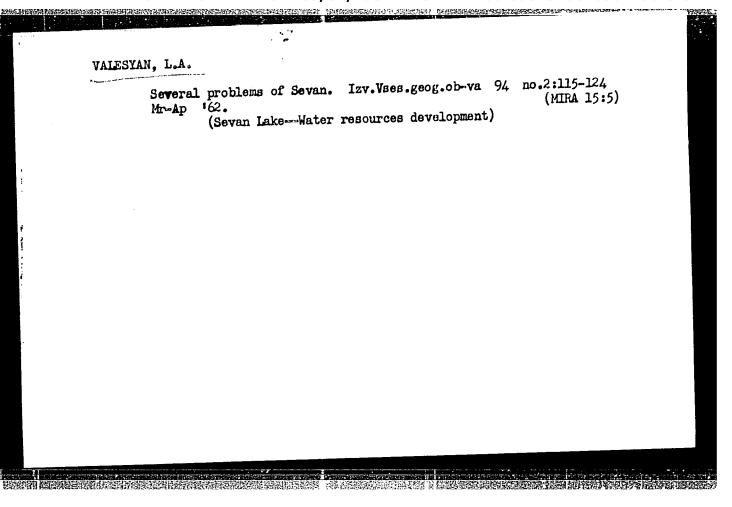
[Atlas of the Armenian Soviet Socialist Republic] Atlas Armianskoi Sovetskoi Sotsialisticheskoi Respubliki. Erevan, Akad. nauk Armianskoi SSR; glav. upr. geodez. i kartografii MG i ON SSSR, 1961. 111 p. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Minskaya kartograficheskaya fabrika Glavnogo upravleniya geodezii i kartografii Ministerstva geologii i okhrany nedr SSSR (for Urusov).

2. Akademiya nauk Armyanskoy SSR (for Arutyunyan). 3. Chlen-korrespondent AN Armyanskoy SSR (for Yeremyan).

(Armenia—Maps)

Adı Iz	Administrative and territorial division of the Armenian S.S.R. Izv.AN Arm.SSR. Geol.i geog.nauki 15 no.6:35-48 '62. (MIRA 16:2) 1. Institut geologicheskikh nauk AN Armyanskoy SSR, sektor geografii. (Armenia—Administrative and political division)							
						.m e N		1 P ':



VALESYAN, L.A.; DUL'YAN, S.M.; YEGIAZARYAN, Ye.A.

Basic trends in the development of economic geography in Joviet Armenia. Iz ist.est.1 tekh. 2:332 162.

(MIRA 18:4)

9(2), 25(1,5)

SOV/28-59-10-4/36

AUTHORS:

Valesyan, Sh.G., and Koganskiy, S.D.

TITLE:

Working of Parametric Series for Electric Exe-

cutive Devices

PERIODICAL:

Standartizatsiya, 1959, Nr 10, pp 17-19 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In the current seven years, production in machine-building and metal-working industry will be doubled. In this connection, construction of normal machines and devices acquires a great importance. The 1959-1960 Plan provides for compilation of work "Parametric Series of Electric Executive Devices for Regulation and Distance Control of Technical Processes (Output Parameters)"; it is to be worked out by the Special Construction Bureau of Standardization and Normalization TsNII of Complex Automation (SKBSN TsNIIKA). Electric executive mechanisms are power designs incorporated into the systems of automatic regulation and remote control over-production processes. The constant speed executive devices are at present manufactured according to their output para-

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SOV/28-59-10-4/36

Working Out of Parametric Series for Electric Executive Devices

INCOME TRANSPORTED TO THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

meters conforming to the GOST 7192-54 "Automatic Some points of this instruction need Performance of executive to be made more exact. devices should be determined, depending on the requirements of manufacturing processes, and given in percentages of the full scope of regulation. In GOST 7192-54 there is no regulation for ejection of the output unit of electrical executive devices with a transmitting movement of the outgoing stem. standard does not stipulate the switching-off of the three-phase electric motors of small power (30, 50 and 80 w) by means of magnetic starters. In accord with para 3 GOST 7192-54 the power of electromotors is limited to 1,000 w; however, it contradicts para 5 of the same standard. Since for a combination of large torques with quick functioning and self-braking, more powerful electromotors (7-8 kw) are required. Design Bureau "Avtomatika" (Kirovokan) has prepared a project for working out a parametric series for electric executive devices according to

Card 2/3

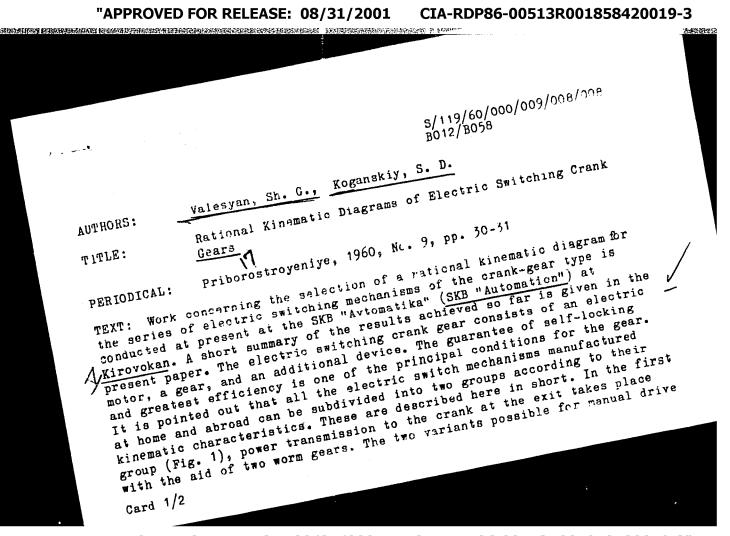
SOV/28-59-10-4/36

Working Out of Parametric Series for Electric Executive Devices

是在1913日中最多和利率和自转移的自动结合在和1950年的新疆中的影响的影响的自然的影响。(1915年的1916年)上下的50万万,但由于影响的影响的影响的影响自动和1968年的**和1950年中**最多的影响

their output parameters (see Table on p 18). The project of SKBSN provides only for a parametric series for torque, time of one turn, and for the number of turns of the output device depending on the type of executive mechanism. However, these standards are not sufficient for a correct evaluation of the full volume of work when constructing executive devices. This part of the project needs to be completed. Working parametric series for electric executive devices will permit a decrease in their diversity and variety, and speed up the process of computing constructions of new electric executive devices. There is 1 table.

Card 3/3

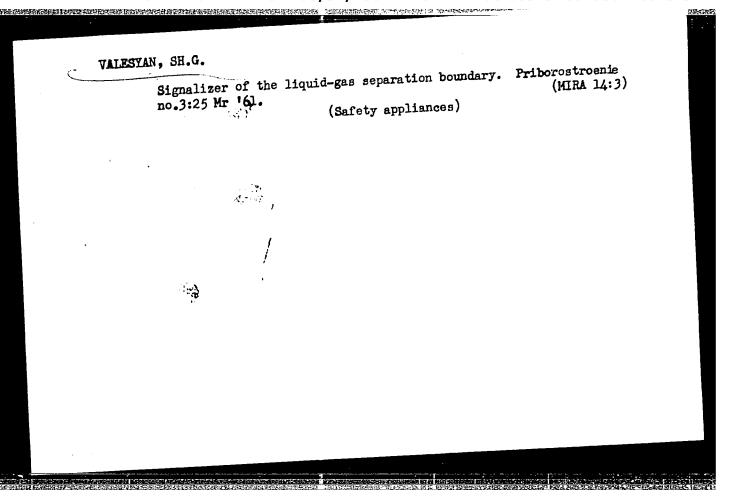


Rational Kinematic Diagrams of Electric Switching Crank Gears

S/119/60/000/009/008/008 B012/B058

are shown (Figs. 1a and 1b) and described. A worm gear (Fig. 2) is sufficient for a short response time (1-60 seconds). In the second group, power transmission from motor to crank takes place with the aid of some pairs of spur gears (Fig. 5). It is pointed out that it is appropriate to combine the positive properties of both groups. Such a construction is shown in Fig. 4. Power transmission for the latter takes place with the aid of some pairs of spur gears and a worm gear at the exit. This variant is highly efficient and corresponds to the self-locking conditions. A further variant of a switching mechanism with a manual drive is shown in Fig. 5. This drive is built in the form of a "differential", and is combined with a device for limiting the maximum load (Fig. 5a). The construction shown in Fig. 5b is described as being most promising. A plane-tary gear with two internal teeth, combined with a two-sided overrunning clutch, is used here. There are 5 figures.

Card 2/2



VAIESYAN, Sh.G., insh.

Standardisation of electroc actuating units used in automatic control systems. Priborostroenie no.4:21-22 Ap '65.

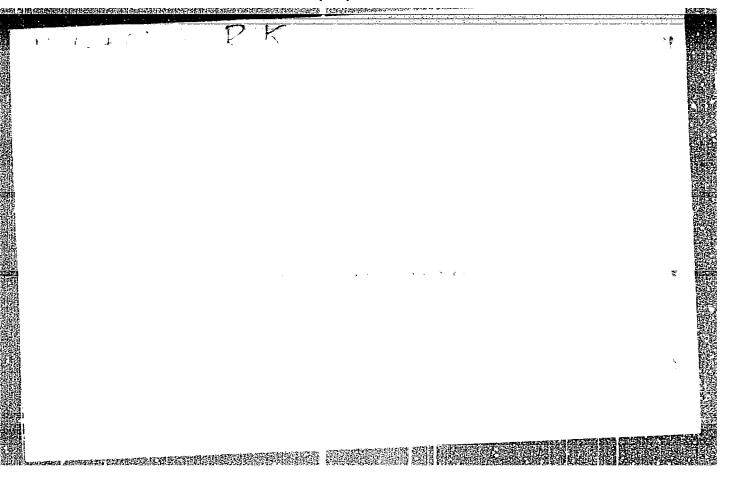
(MIRA 18:5)

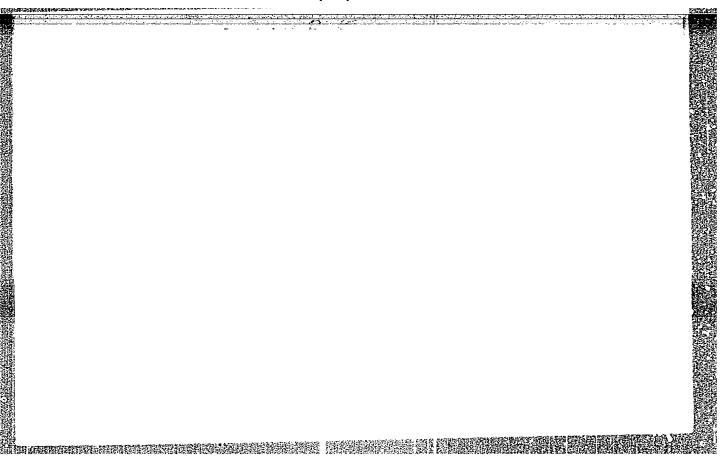
VALESYAN, V.P. KRITSKIY, S.N., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; SOKOLOVA, T.F., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

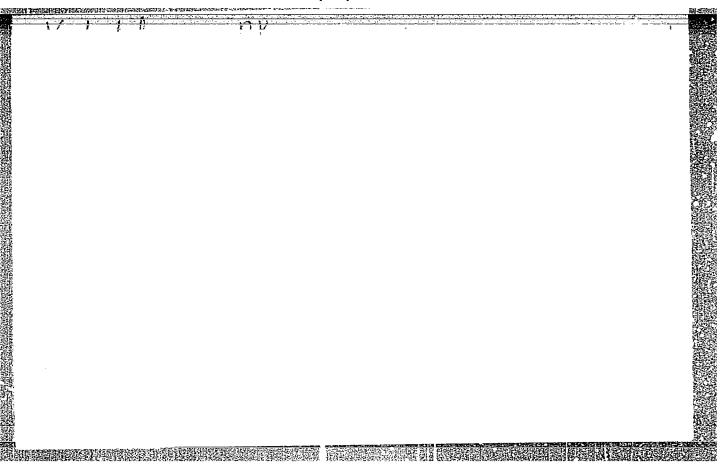
[Investigation of runoff of mountain rivers of the Armenian S.S.R.] Issledovanie stoka gornykh rek Armianskoi SSR. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1955. 79 p. (MLRA 8:8)

(Armenia--Runoff)

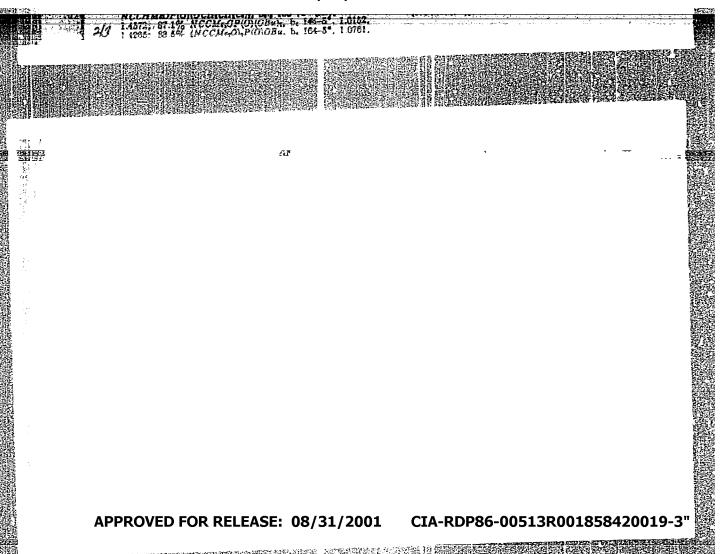
VALESYAN, V.F. Hydraulics Shortcomings in modern h	nydrology. Izv. AN SSSR. Otd.tekh. nauk No. 1, 1952	
9. Monthly List of E	ussian <u>Accessions</u> , Library of Congress, <u>August</u>	1952 1953, Uncl.











VALETDINOV, R.K.

20-6-20/42

AUTHORS: Gil'm Kamay, Kuznetsov, Ye. V., and Valetdinov, R. K.

TITLE: Cyan Substituted Dialkylphosphates (O tsianzameshchennykh dial-

kilfosfitakh)

PERIODICAL: Doklady AM SSSR, 1957, Vol. 116, Nr 6, pp. 965 - 968 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Hitherto the cyanic substitutes of the ether of the phosphorous acid have not been described. Because the introduction of the

cyanogen group into the molecule of the dialkylphosphite must strongly modify its properties, the authors studied the interaction reaction of equimolar quantities of some ∞ -cyanhydrines with phosphorus-trichloride. Thereby it has been stated that this reaction passes on formation of a mixture of products, and so of chloran-passes of the ∞ -cyanalkyl- and the di- ∞ -cyanalkylphosphorous acids as well as of tri- ∞ -cyanalkylphosphites. A scheme of the reactions following one another is mentioned. The latter compound will not be changed into the second above-mentioned acid, in spite of difficult reaction conditions (high concentration of the reagents), although the here known regrouping of Arbuzov could be expected. By the aid of manifold fractioned destillations altogeth-

er 21 C-cyanogen substituted phosphites and their chloranhydrides er 21 have been isolated from the mixture of reactions (table 1). They

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20-6-20/42

Cyan Substituted Dialkylphosphates

are achromatic liquids fuming in the moist air. Furthermore, the saponification reaction of the chlorarhydrides of the di-d-cyanalkylphosphorous acid has been studied under different conditions. With an exactly measured quantity of water in the etheric medium and at the presence of pyridine, this reaction leads to the formation of acid cyanogen substituted ethers of the phosphorous acid. Table 2 shows 6 of those compounds including their properties. The isolated di- o -cyanogen alkylphosphorous acids are achromatic liquids with a weak smell. They retain as derivatives of the trivalent phosphor us in difference to the not cyanogen substituted acids. Since more than a half century Arbuzov has drawn the conclusion that all mean ethers of the phosphorous acid are built up on the base of the trivalent phosphorus, meanwhile the acid itself and its acid ethers contain a pentavalent phosphorus. Already at that time Arbuzov expressed the conception about a possible existence of the phosphorous acid and its acid ethers as tautomeric forms:

RO P O RO P --- OH

Card 2/4

20-6-20/42

Cyan Substituted Dialkylphosphates

According to Arbuzov the structure I has the free form of the acid. In solutions it may be existing in the tautomeric form. These conclusions have been brightly confirmed by the recent physical-chemical investigations (ref. 4-6). At the phosphites mentioned the tautomeric equilibrium seems to be removed in the direction of the trivalent phosphorus. Therefore the position of the equilibrium of the acid ethers is also dependent on the quality of the radicals (ref. 7). Furthermore, it has been stated by the authors that the di- α -cyanogen-containing radicals also show properties of the mixed ethers of the phosphorous acid. By the influence of heating-up the hydroxyl group within them is exchanged intermolecularly by a corresponding radical. But, in the case of the di- α -cyanisopropylphosphorous acid containing a terminary radical, this practically will not be so. There are 2 tables, 7 Slavic references.

Card 3/4

20-6-20/42

Cyan Substituted Dialkylphosphates

ASSOCIATION: Enser' Institute of Chemical Tachnology im. S. M. Kirov

(Kazanskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut im. S. M. Kirova)

PRESENTED: June 6, 1957, by B. A. Arbuzov, Academician

SUBMITTED: June 3, 1957

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 4/4

VALMEDINOV, k.K., Card Chem Sci-(diss) "Synthesis of oyen-1791 esters of of phosphoric acids and some of their properties." Kazan', 1958.

20 pp (min of Higher Education USSR. Main Administrations of Technological VUZ. Kazan' Chem-lecha Inst im S.M. Kirov), 150 copies (KL, 30-58, 123)

- 2/ m

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

AUTHORS:

Kuznetsov, Ye. V., Valetdinov, R. K.

SOV/79-29-1-49/74

TITLE:

On the Reaction of α, γ -Dichlorohydrin of Glycerin With PCl , POCl 3 and PSCl 3 (O vzaimodeystvii α, γ -dikhlorgidrina glit-

serina s PCl₃, POCl₃ i PSCl₃)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 1,

pp 235 - 238 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In continuation of the papers by Kabachnikov (Ref 1) and other chemists (Refs 2-5) the authors found that glycerin- $\alpha, \gamma\text{-dichlorohydrin}$ reacts with PCl $_3$ (1:1) under formation of a mixture of products the constants of which are given by the table. The former two, the chloranhydrides of bis- $\beta,\beta^{\,\prime}\text{-dichloro}$ isopropyl- and $\beta,\beta^{\,\prime}\text{-dichloro}$ phosphoric acid are heavy fluids fuming in the air. The third is a viscous, colorless and non-smelling oil and does not react with CuCl and phenyl azide. The transformation of the compound of trivalent phosphorus into the compounds of pentavalent phospho-

Card 1/3

rus probably proceeds according to the scheme one suggested

Detological description of the second state of

On the Reaction of α,γ -Dichlorohydrin of Glycerin With SOV/79-29-1-49/74 PCl₃, POCl₃ and PSCl₃

by Kabachnikov with respect to tris-β-chloro-ethyl phosphite (Ref 2). In the case of saponification of chloranhydride of bis-β,β'-dichloro-isopropyl phosphoric acid with water in ether solution, in connection with the binding of chloro hydrogen to pyridine, the corresponding acid was the result (boiling point $145-147^0$ at 0.4 mm). In the case of reaction of a, y-dichlordydrin of glycerin with phosphoroxy chloride a mixture of products is formed: the chloraphydride of β,β' dichloro isopropyl phosphoric acid (ClCH2)2CHOPOCl2, the chloranhydride of bis-β,β'-dichloro-isopropyl phosphoric acid $[(ClCH_2)_2CHO]_2POC1$ and the tris- β , β '-dichloro-isopropyl phosphate [(ClCH2)2CHO]3PO. The first of the three chloranhydrides has hitherto been unknown (constants in the experimental part). Tris- β , β '-dichloro-isopropyl phosphate, as already earlier synthesized by Jones could not be preserved in pure state by the authors. Thea, y-dichlorohydrin of glycerin reacts with phosphorus sulfochloride less easily than with PCl, or POCl, only in the case of boiling of the

Card 2/3

The Care and Constitution of the Constitution

On the Reaction of a, γ -Dichlorohydrin of Glycerin With SOV/79-29-1-49/74 PCl₃, POCl₃ and PSCl₃

reaction mass. In this connection it was impossible to preserve certain reaction products. There are 1 table and

5 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Kazanskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni S. M.

Kirova (Kazan Chemotechnological Institute imeni S. M. Kirov)

SUBMMITED: October 28, 1957

Card 3/3

18 S CERTIFICATION OF THE SECONDARY OF T

·5 (3)
AUTHORS:

Kuznetsov, Ye. V., Valetdinov, R. K. SOV/79-29-6-53/72

TITLE:

Synthesis of the Triallyl Phosphate (Sintez triallilfosfata)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 6, pp 2017 - 2018

(USSR)

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ABSTRACT:

The synthesis of the triallyl phosphate from allyl alcohol and phosphorus oxychloride (Ref 2) has been described in publications. The reaction takes place in a solution of toluene in

presence of pyridine at a temperature of -35°. It is pointed out that the distillation which takes place thereby, proceeds under decomposition of the reacting substances, and often leads to an explosion. It seems to be difficult to obtain a sufficient quantity of a pure product in this way. Only the boiling temperature at a pressure of 0.5 mm is mentioned. The authors worked out a new synthesis of the triallyl phosphates which consists of an oxidation of triallyl phosphite, while dry oxy-

gen is passed through it (70-80°). This synthesis is simple and does not require low temperatures; there is no danger of explosion during the distillation. The synthesis takes place in two stages: 1) According to A. Ye. Arbuzov and V. M. Zoroastrova

Card 1/2

Synthesis of the Triallyl Phosphate

SOV/79-29-6-53/72

(Refs 3,4) triallyl phosphite is synthesized: 3CH₂—CH-CH₂OH+PCl₃ + 3C₆H₅N — (CH₂—CH-CH₂O)₃P + 3C₆H₅N . HCl

2) The oxidation of the triallyl phosphite, according to the method developed by the authors is carried out as follows:

 $(CH_2 - CH - CH_2O)_3P + 0.50_2 \longrightarrow (CH_2 - CH - CH_2O)_3PO$

The progress of the oxidation is checked by the change of the refractive index of the light. The separation of the mixture of diallyl phosphite and triallyl phosphite is somewhat difficult, because the boiling temperatures are close to each other. Triallyl phosphate was obtained in pure state. Its constants were determined for the first time. There are 5 Soviet refer-

ences.

ASSOCIATION: Kazanskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni S. M.

Kirova (Kazan' Chemical-technological Institute imeni S. M.

Kirov)

SUBMITTED: Apr

April 9, 1958

Card 2/2

s/081/62/000/021/027/069 B117/B101

THE STATE OF THE S

AUTHORS:

Roytburd, Ts. Ya., Valetdinov, R. K.

TITLE:

Synthesis of tetrahydroxymethylene phosphonium chloride and

its reactions

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 21, 1962, 204, abstract 21Zh238 (In collection: Materialy 1-y Konferentsii wolodykh nauchn. rabotn. g. Kazani, 1959, Sekts. khim. Kazani, 1960,

91 - 97)

TEXT: A method was developed for decomposing metal phosphides (Al, Cu, etc.) with water. The method consists in adding water to a liquid suspension (CH3OH, alcohol, acetone, etcl) of AlP. Vigorous stirring during the reaction of PH3 with CH20 and HCl gives (HOCH2)4PCl (I) which, together with BaCO3, is converted into (HOCH2)3PO (II) and, together with Na2CO3, into (HOCH2)2POOH (III). Polycondensation with dibasic acids becomes increasingly difficult in the order III, II, I resulting in the formation of fusible, transparent resins with obviously linear structure. These self-Card 1/3

Synthesis of tetrahydroxymethylene...

S/081/62/000/021/027/069 B117/B101

extinguishing resins are soluble in organic solvents. 355 g of finely ground AlP and 350 ml of acetone are put into a reaction vessel, after which No is bubbled through the apparatus for 10 min. 355 ml of water is PH3, together with 850 g of 35% CH20 and added in drops while stirring. 270 ml of 35% HCl, is filled into the reaction vessel with a stirrer until a specific gravity of 1.130 is reached. Finally, the solution is boiled down in vacuo at $\sim 80^{\circ}$ C until the residue crystallizes (yield of I, 99.9% (in relation to CH20); m.p., 151°C (from alcohol)). 1 mole of I mixed with 0.5 mole of BaCO3 in 0.2 l water is boiled for 6 hrs, the filtrate being evaporated in vacuo. II is extracted from the residue with 150 ml of absolute alcohol (yield of II, 80%; m.p., 44 - 45°C (from alcohol; very, hygroscopic). 190.5 g of I and 106 g of NaCO3 are boiled in 0.2 l of water for 8 hrs, whereupon the water is distilled off. Using 100 ml of concentrated HCl, the oily compound III is extracted from the residue, with a yield of 84.5%. 14 g of II and 1.5 g of phthalic anhydride are kept at 120°C for 4 hrs and, at the end of the reaction, the temperature is raised to 180°C. Thus a solid, transparent, vitreous, yellowish resin was Card 2/3

Synthesis of tetrahydroxymethylene...

5/0**5**1/62/000/021/027/069 **B117/B101**

obtained (m.p., 110 - 120°C). The elastic, rubber-like polymer obtained from III and sebacic acid combines well with polyethylene which it renders self-extinguishing with a content of 20%. See RZhKhim, 1961, 23Zh245. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

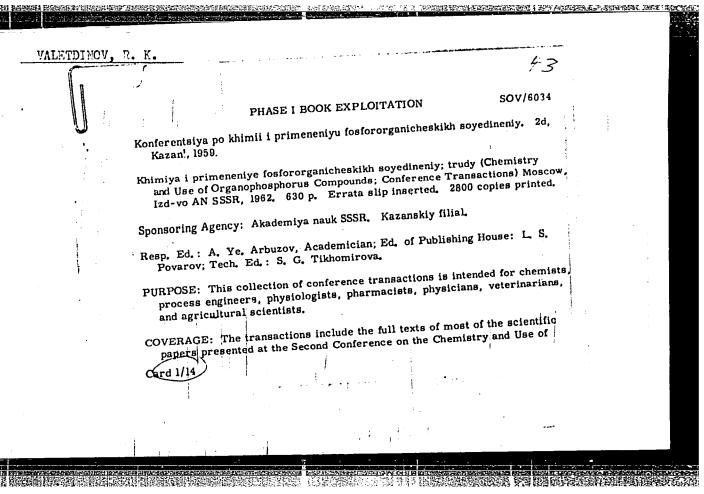
Card 3/3

KUZNETSOV, Ye.V.; KAMAYEVA, Ye.B.; VALETDINOV, R.K.; ROYKH, A.I.

Interaction between & hydroxy acids and phosphorus trichloride.
Zhur.ob.khim. 31 no.9:3013-3015 S '61. (MIRA 14:9)
(Acids, Organic) (Phosphorus chloride)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001 CI

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3



SOV/6034 Chemistry and the Use of Organophosphorus (Cont.) Organophosphorus Compounds held at Kazan' from 2 Nov through 1 Dec 1959. The material is divided into three sections: Chemistry, containing 67 articles; Physiological Activity of Organophosphorus Compounds, containing 26 articles; and Plant Protection, containing 12 articles. The reports reflect the strong interest of Soviet scientists in the chemistry and application of organophosphorus compounds. References accompany individual reports. Short summaries of some of the listed reports have been made and are given below. TABLE OF CONTENTS:[Abridged]: 3 Introduction (Academician A. Ye. Arbuzov) TRANSACTIONS OF THE CHEMISTRY SECTION Gefter, Ye. L. [NII plastmass (Scientific Research Institute of Plastics, Moscow]. Some Prospects for the Industrial Use of Organophosphorus Compounds Card 2/14

Chemistry and the Use of Organophosphorus (Cont.)

SOV/6034

296

when 0.001 to 0.1 mol of methyl iodide per mol of cyclic phosphonite is used. They form polyphosphonates with molecular weights of 270 to 3200.

Kuznetsov, Ye. V. R. K. Valetdinov, and M. I. Bakhitov [Kazanskiv khimikotekhnologicheskiy institut Im. S. M. Kirova (Kazan' Institute of Chemical Technology imeni S. M. Kirov)]. Substituted Organophosphorus Compounds as Monomers of High-Molecular Substances

Cyano-substituted esters of phosphorus acids have been obtained and it has been shown that carboxy-substituted and amine-substituted organophosphorus compounds and polymer products based on them can be prepared. Amine-substituted esters of phosphorus acids have been synthesized; the synthesis can be made either with chlorides of alkylphosphonic acids or with esters of phosphorus acids. Methods of synthesis of phosphorus-containing thiokols have been developed, and it has been shown that a new type of phosphorus-

containing polyurethan can be obtained by the reaction of diisocyanates, phosphites, and dialkyl phosphonates.

Card 8/14

LYZENTSEVA, M.A.; VALETDINOV, R.K.; KUZNETSOV, Ye.V.

Fireproofing treatment of cotton fabrics. Trudy KKHTI no.30:
170-173 '62. (MIRA 16:10)

AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

ACCESSION NR: AT4033989

s/0000/63/000/000/0076/0080

AUTHOR: Kuznetsov, Ye. V.; Valetdinov, R. K.; Vershinina, G. M.

TITLE: Phosphorus-containing polyesters and polyamides of the aliphatic series

SOURCE: Geterotsepny*ye vy*sokomolekulyarny*ye soyedineniya (Heterochain macromolecular compounds); sbornik statey. Moscow, Izd-vo "Nauka," 1963, 76-80

TOPIC TAGS: polyester, polyamide, phosphorus containing polyester, phosphorus containing polyamide, aliphatic polyester, aliphatic polyamide, polycondensation, refractory polymer

ABSTRACT: The article reports on polycondensation reactions involving bis (beta-carboxyethyl) phosphine oxide (previously synthesized by the authors through hydrolysis of a bis (beta-cyanocthyl) phosphine oxide) and ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, glycerol a-chlorhydrin, or hexamethylene diamine. These reactions were carried out to study the preparation of phosphorus-containing polyesters and polyamides of the aliphatic series. Principles of a second order reaction governed for

Card' 1/2

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i	ACCESSION NR: AT4033989	
	the range of temperatures 165-185C and reaction times of 30-240 min.	
	All the polymers obtained, except those based on glycerol a-chlorhydrin, were colorless, transparent, nonflammable, had significatnly higher	
	melting points than comparable polymers lacking a P atom (i.e., 50-170C), and were suitable for fiber of film production. Reaction	!
	, rate constants and activation energies were determined. Orio and	
	has: 1 figure and 5 tables.	
	ASSOCIATION: Kazanskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut im. S. M. Kirova (Kazan Institute of Chemical Technology)	. 1
!	Ditto.	•
	SUB CODE: OC, GC NO REF SOV: 008 OTHER: 002	
		* *
li.	Card 2 / 2	

KUZNETSOV, Ye. V.; VALETDINOV, R. K.; ROYTBURD, TS. Ya.

Synthesis of aliphatic phosphorus containing dicarboxylic acids. Zhur. ob. khim. 33 no.1:150-153 *63. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Kazanskiy khimike-tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni S. M. Kirova.

(Phosphorus acids)

KUZNETSOV, Ye.V.; SOROKINA, T.V.; VALETDINOV, R.K.

Realkylation of his- and tris (\$-cyanoethyl) phosphines.

Zhur. ob. khim. 33 no.8:2631-2634 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Kazanskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni S.M. Kirova.

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skira,	, Ivan Fomich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; VALETOV, A.I., inzhener, redaktor; YUDZON, D.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor	
	[Railroad cars] Vagony. Moskva, Gos.transp.zhel-dor.isd-vo, 1955 451 p. (MIRA 9:3) (RailroadsCars)	
		32.50

Ualetou, A.I.

BELAVENTSEN, N.V., inzh.; BOGDANOV, F.Ya., inzh.; KAMAMOV, L.G., inzh.;
VALETOV, A.I., inzh.red.; BOBROVA, Ye.N., tekhn.red.

[Menual for foremen of car wheel shops] Hukovodstvo masteru kolesnogo tsekha. Moskva, Gos.transp.zhel-dor. izd-vo, 1957. 279 p.

(MIRA 11:2)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo putey socobshcheniya.

(Gar wheels)

KRIVORUCHKO, Nikolay Zakharovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; SLUSHAYENKO, A.M., dotsent, retsenzent; YELISEYEV, F.G., dots., retsenzent; LERNET, K.S., dots., retsenzent; KIYANOV, P.I., inzh., retsenzent; TSIMIDANOV, V.M., inzh., retsenzent; DOMOFEYEV, V.G., inzh., retsenzent; KAIEDENKOV, S.S., inzh., retsenzent; KOROLEV, A.N., inzh., retsenzent; LOKSHIN, Kh.A., inzh., retsenzent; FIRSOV, S.I., inzh., retsenzent; SHAKURSKIY, K.D., inzh., retsenzent; UTKIN, A.V., tekh., retsenzent; VAIETOV, A.I., inzh., red.; BOBROVA, Ye.N., tekhn. red.

群都是到的影影性的影响,我们就是是我的,我们就是是我们的影响,我们就是一个一个人的一个人,这个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人

[Operation, management, and repair of rolling stock] Vagonnoe khoziaistvo. Moskva, Vses.izdatel'sko-poligr.ob"edinenie M-va putei soobshcheniia, 1961. 319 p. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Kafedra "Konstruktsiya, remont i ekspluatatsiya vagonov" Rostovskogo instituta inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta (for all except Valetov, Bobrova).

(Railroads-Rolling stock)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3"

KASHCHEYEV, Nikolay Tarasovich; VALETOV, Aleksandr Ivanovich; KOMAHOV, Sergey Georgiyevich; POGOREIYY, B.G., inzh., retsenzent; SARANTSEV, Yu.S., inzh., red.; BOBROVA, Ye.N., tekhn. red.

[Manual on the structures and equipment of railroad car maintenance and repair depots] Spravochnik po sooruzheniam i oborudovaniiu vagonnogo khoziaistva. Moskva, Transzheldorizdat, 1962. 423 p. (MIRA 15:6)

<mark>BANANENDERALINGERSENTENDE</mark>NDENDENDENDENDENDENDENDEN EN TOT DE UNE DE TENDENDEN DE TENDENDEN DE SENDE DE SENDE

(Railroads-Repair shops)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001858420019-3"

TIMOFEYEVICHEVA, O.A.; VALETOV, N.N.; ANUROV, N.S.

Apparatus for measuring interfacial tension between two liquids. Zhur. fiz.khim. 37 no.10:2361-2362 0 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii imeni N.S.Kurnakova AN SSSR, Moskva.

AID P - 4864

PROVIDED THE SERVICE OF THE SERVICE

Subject

: USSR/Engineering

Card 1/2

Pub. 103 - 24/26

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Author

: Valetov, V. I.

Title

Apparatuses for determination of most efficient method

of cutting.

Periodica '

: Stan. i instr., 2, 43-44, F 1956

Abstract

Brief description and photographs of four such apparatuses which were awarded the highest prizes in the All-Union competition for the most efficient designs previously reported in this magazine (No. 12, 1955, p. 34). They are: 1) the Universal Logarithmic Device, designed by L. P. Bakanov, 2) the "Mekhanik" calculating apparatus, designed by M. I. Sobolev, 3) Calculator for methods of cutting, an electrical apparatus, designed by K. Skrzhivan and E. Makh (Czechoslovak), and 4) the "Pribor Tekhnologa" (apparatus of a technologist),

AID P - 4864

Stan. 1 instr., 2, 43-44, F 1956

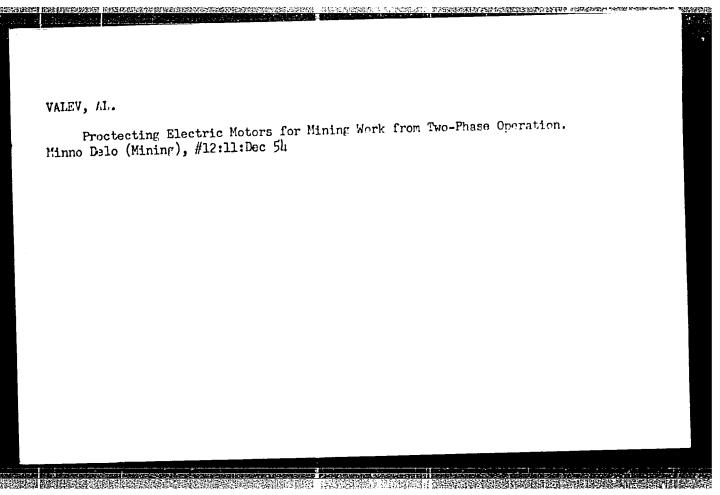
Card 2/2 Pub. 103 - 24/26

designed by D. M. Gurevich. Four photos.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

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VALEYEV, Sh.V.; ZUBKOV, P.S., red.; SMIRNOVA, I.I. red.; ZAYNULLIN, I.Kh.,

[Special features of growing seed corn] Osobennosti vozdelyvaniia kukuruzy na semena. Pod red. P.S. Zubkova. Kazan!, Tatknigoisdat. 1957. 44 p. (MIRA 11:10)

NESTEROV, S.N.; VALETOV, V.V., inzhener, redaktor; TEMKIN, A.B., redaktor; GENICH, V.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsenzent; UVAROVA, A.F., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Establishing norms for use of materials in machine building plants; method of determining consumption rates of basic and subsidiary materials for plants engaged in mass and large-scale production. Normirovanie raskhoda materialov na mashinostroitel'nykh savodakh; metodika opredeleniia norm raskhoda osnovnykh i vspomogatel'nykh materialov na sagodakh massovogo i krupnoseriinogo proizvodstva. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1955. 187 p. [Microfilm] (MLRA 8:12) (Machinery industry)

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TYAMSHANSKIY, N.D.; VALETOV, V.V., inzhener, retsenzent; MANIN, N.I., inzhener, redektor; POL SKAYA, R.G., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

เราเลย เราะเรื่องเราะเกษตระสุดใหม่สำนุญการเราะเกราะระ

[Material procurement for shops and sections of a machine building plant] Material noe snabzhenie osnovnykh tsekhov i uchastkov mashino-stroitel nogo zavoda. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashino-stroit. lit-ry, 1956. 143 p.

(Machinery industry)

TEVEROVSKIY, P.A., inzhener; KURSKAYA, N.P.; VALETOV, V.V., glavnyy inzhener; MATVEYEVA, Ye.N., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Time norms for founding work] Normativy vremeni na leteinye raboty.

Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1956.

(MLRA 10:1)

162 p.

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo stankostroitel'noy i instrumental'noy promyshlennosti. Nauchno-issledovatel'skoye byuro tekhnicheskikh normativov. 2. Nauchno-issledovatel'skoye byuro tekhnicheskikh normativov (for Teverovskiy, Kurskaya, Valetov) tekhnicheskikh normativov (for Teverovskiy, Kurskaya, Valetov) (Younding--Production standards)

VAFFICITE V, V. VI

AID P - 4312

Subject

: USSR/Engineering

Card 1/1

Pub. 128 - 12/26

Author

: Valetov, V. V., Engineer

Title

Instruments for Calculating the Most Efficient Operation

in Cutting: Results of the All-Union Contest.

Periodical

: Vest. mash., #3, p. 42-44, Mr 1956

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Abstract

: Four instruments for calculating data necessary for the most efficiently operating cutting machines are described:

1) universal logarithmical slide-rule instrument, 2) mechanical instrument for calculating the cutting of steel and cast iron, 3) electrical instrument working on the principle of resistance measurements, 4) electrical instrument based on the Wheatstone resistance bridge.

Photos.

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VALETOV, V.V

25(1)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

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'Nauchno-issledovatel'skoye byuro tekhnicheskikh normativov

Rezhimy rezaniya chernykh metallov instrumentom, osnashchennym tverdym splavom; obrabotka reztsami, frezami, sverlami, zenkerami i razvert-kami (Cutting Regimes for Machining Ferrous Metals With Carbide Tools; kami (Cutting Regimes for Machining Ferrous Metals With Carbide Tools; Single Point Tools, Milling Cutters, Drills, Countersinks, and Reamers) Moscow, Mashgiz, 1958. 207 p. No. of copies printed not given.

Sponsoring Agency: Glavniiproyekt pri Gosplane SSSR.

Ed.: V.V. Valetov, Engineer; Managing Ed. for Literature on the Economics and Organization of Production (Mashgiz): T.D. Saksaganskiy.

PURPOSE: The tentative time standards in the book are intended as reference in machine-building plants and design offices for setting time standards and planning manufacturing processes and for designing with metal cutting equipment.

COVERAGE: The book presents time standards for cutting ferrous metals with carbide tools. Cutting time standards are given for carbon and alloy (chromium and chromium nickel) machine steels, steel castings, Card 1/14

Cutting Regimes (Cont.)

SOV/1426

heat-resistant steels and gray and malleable cast iron for the following processes: a) external (longitudinal or transverse) turning and single-point tool thread cutting on horizontal and vertical lathes b) boring on lathes, vertical lathes and boring machines c) planing and shaping d) milling (on milling machines) with face, plain, disk and end milling cutters e) drilling, countersinking and reaming on drilling and other machines. The time standards are based on recent work by NIBTN (Scientific Research Office of Technical research institutes: Standards), data from the following scientific ENIMS (Experimental Scientific Research Institute of Metal-cutting Machines), VNII (All-Union Instrument Scientific Research Institute), LPI (Leningrad Polytechnic Institute im. Kalinin), TsNIITMASh (Central Scientific Research Institute for Heavy Machinery Building), KuAI), NIAT (Scientific Research Institute for Aviation Technology), Stankin (Moscow Marine Tool Instrument Institute imeni I.V. Stalin), MAMI (Moscow Auto Mechanic Institute); from the metal-cutting laboratories of NKMZ (Novo-Kramatorskiy Heavy Machinery Plant in Kramatorsk) and ZIL (Plant imeni Likhachev, formerly ZIS in Moscow). Data was used from observations of metal-cutting processes made in plants: "Krasnyy proletariy" (Red Proletarian) imeni A.I. Yefremov, imeni Ordzhonikidze, MZMA (Moscow Small-Automobile Plant), Card 2/14