

VOROB'YEV, V.A., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, professor; ORIGOR'YEV, P.N.,
doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, professor, redaktor; GRINBERG, I.F.,
redaktor; PANOV, L.Ya., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Building materials] Stroitel'nye materialy. 2-e izd. rasshirennoe
i perer. Pod red. P.N.Grigor'eva. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry po
stroit. materialam, 1953. 358 p.
(MLRA 7:10)
(Building materials)

VOROB'YEV, V.A., professor.

"Building materials." A.V.Konorov, M.N.Koshurnikov. Reviewed by V.A.
Vorob'ev. Stroi.prom. 32 no.6:48 Je '54. (MLRA 7:6)
(Building materials)

VOROB'YEV, Vasilii Aleksandrovich, professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk;
KOLOKOL'NIKOV, Vadim Sergeyevich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk;
SKAVRONSKIY, Boris Ivanovich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor.
KONTSEVAYA, B.M., redaktor; TORSHINA, Ye.A., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Ceramic facing materials] Keramicheskie oblitsevchnye materialy.
Moskva, Vses. uchebno-pedagog. izd-vo, Trudrezervizdat, 1955. 48 p.
(Building materials) (MIRA 9:5)

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk;
KULOKOVNIKOV, V.S., dotsent, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; IVANOV,
O.M., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsensent; SHCHEPETOV, A.M.,
kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; nauchnyy redaktor; GORSHKOV, A.P.,
redaktor izdatel'stva; TOKER, A.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Building materials and elements] Stroitel'nye materialy i detalii.
Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry po stroit. i arkhitekture, 1956. 284 p.
(Building materials) (MLRA 10:3)

VOROB'YEV, V.A., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, professor; KOLOKOL'NIKOV,
V.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Textbook on building materials ("Principles of building for the railroad system." M.A. Persianov. Reviewed by V.A. Vorob'ev, V.S. Kolokol'nikov). Transp.stroi. 6 no.5:31-32 My '56.(MIREA 9:8)
(Building materials) (Railroad engineering)

VOLOB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, prof. doktor tekhn.nauk; KOLOKOL'NIKOV,
Vadim Sergeyevich, dots., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHCHEPETOV, A.M.,
nauchnyy red.; GURIN, A.V., red.; RAKOV, S.I., tekhn.red.

[Textbook on materials for builders] Materialovedenie dlia
stroiteli. Moskva, Vses. ucheb.-pedagog. izd-vo Trudrezervizdat,
1957. 278 p.
(Building materials)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860820018-7

VOROB'YEV, V. A.

VOROB'YEV, V.A., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; POPOV, L.N., dots., kand.tekhn.
nauk.

A new effective technique of making cellular concretes. Gor.khoz,
Mosk. 31 no.11:27-30 N '57.
(Concrete) (MIRA 10:12)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860820018-7"

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Alekseevich, prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, zasluzhennyy
deyatel' nauki i tekhniki; FEDOSEYEV, Georgiy Petrovich, inzh.;
ISLANKINA, T.I., red.; SAVCHENKO, Ye.V., tekhn.red.

[Local building materials] Mestnye stroitel'nye materialy.
Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie," 1959. 31 p. (Vsesoiuznoe obshchestvo
po rasprostraneniiu politicheskikh i nauchnykh znanii. Ser. 4.
Nauka i tekhnika, no.2)
(Building materials)

L 32699-66 EWT(d)/EWT(m)/EWP(c)/EWP(v)/T/EWP(k)/EWP(1) IJP(c)

ACC NR: AP6014422 (A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0381/65/000/005/0033/0037

AUTHOR: Vorob'yev, V. A.

ORG: Tomsk Polytechnic Institute im. S. M. Kirov (Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut)

TITLE: Radiation defectoscopy of construction materials and of structures by means of betatron bremsstrahlung 14

SOURCE: Defektoskopiya, no. 5, 1965, 33-37

TOPIC TAGS: concrete, betatron, bremsstrahlung, flaw detection

ABSTRACT: The application of betatron bremsstrahlung to the detection of defects in reinforced concrete is described. The present work is an extension of earlier work by the author (Kandidatskaya dissertatsiya, Tomskiy politekhn. inst., 1965). The experimental results are presented graphically (see Fig. 1). It is concluded that by means of stereo-betatron bremsstrahlung it is possible to detect flaws in reinforced concrete and also to determine displacements of reinforcing rods in the concrete structure of up to 1.5 thickness.

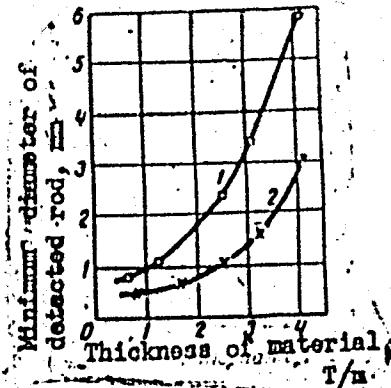
UDC: 620.179.16

Card 1/2

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ACC NR: AP6014422

Fig. 1. Dependence of detection of steel rods on the thickness of the concrete by means of betatron bremsstrahlung of maximum energy of 30 Mev. 1 - concrete; 2 - steel.



Orig. art. has: 4 graphs.

SUB CODE: 11,13/SUBM DATE: 02Jun65/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2 BLG

L 38511-66 EWT(m)/T/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD/JB

ACC NR: AP6018767

SOURCE CODE: UR/0070/66/011/003/0398/0400

AUTHOR: Vorob'yev, V. A.

ORG: Tomsk Polytechnic Institute im. S. M. Kirov (Tomskiy
politekhnicheskiy institut)TITLE: Absorption of a narrow bundle of bremsstrahlung with a maximum
energy of 200 thousand electron volts in monocristalline alkali-halides

SOURCE: Kristallografiya, v. 11, no. 3, 1966, 398-400

TOPIC TAGS: bremsstrahlung, alkali halide, absorption potassium chloride,
potassium bromide, potassium compound, iodide, absorption coefficient, crystal surfaceABSTRACT: The article describes the dependence of the absorption of
bremsstrahlung in monocrystalline potassium chloride, potassium bromide,
and potassium iodide on the thickness of the sample, taking into account
the change in the spectral composition of the radiation in passing
through the crystal. If ΔE_0 is the energy of the primary radiation
absorbed in a surface layer of the crystal Δx , and ΔE_1 is the energy
absorbed in the crystal layer Δx , separated from the surface by a
thickness of crystal x_1 , then ΔE_1 can be determined, with the condition
that the number of quanta on the surface of both layers is equal to the
following expression:

$$\Delta E_1 = \Delta E_0 \frac{\mu_t}{\mu_0} = k \cdot \Delta E_0$$

UDC: 548.0

Card 1/2

L 38511-66

ACC NR: AP6018767

where μ_1 is the coefficient of absorption, determined for a layer of crystal with a thickness of Δx at a depth x ; μ_0 is the coefficient of absorption, determined for a surface layer of the crystal with a thickness Δx . The article gives a figure showing the values of the correction coefficient k , calculated from experimental data on measurements of the absorption coefficients for bremsstrahlung with a maximum energy of 200 thousand electron volts in potassium chloride, potassium bromide, and potassium iodide. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 07, 20/ SUBM DATE: 20Apr65/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2 llb

L 02017-67 EWP(c)/EWP(k)/EWT(d)/EWT(m)/T/EWP(l)/EWP(v)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD/HW

ACC NR: AM6005023

(N)

Monograph

UR

77

Vorob'yev, A. A.; Gorbunov, V. I.; Vorob'yev, V. A.; Titov, G. v.

76

Betatron defectoscopy of materials and products (Betatronnaya defektoskopiya materialov i izdeliy) Moscow, Atomizdat, 65. 0177 p. illus., biblio. 2,000 copies printed. B71

TOPIC TAGS: spectroscopy, spectroscopic analysis, spectrophotometric analysis, beta spectroscopy, beta rays, beta beams, electron density, electron emission, electron detection, electron flaw, electron energy, particle beam

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book describes the principles of exploitation of inductive electron accelerator - betatrons in defectoscopy of plated materials and industrial articles. Different methods of betatron defectoscopy are described, as well as their possibilities and deficiencies. This book is a practical handbook for industrial workers working on problems of defectoscopy of plated materials and other articles, as well as for the candidates and scientists working in the field of defectoscopy.

TABLES OF CONTENTS:

Introduction—3

Weakening of emitting rays as they travel through the matter—6

Physical processes as brake rays travel through materials—13

Card 1/3

UDC:620.179.15+621.384.613

L 02017-67

ACC NR: AM6005023

- Factors of accumulation as wide beams travel—24
Estimation of intensity of signals after the weakening of emitting rays—27
Plan of action and working principles of betatron—29
The selection of betatron structure for the control of quality of materials and particles—32
Energetic division of brake rays from betatron targets—36
Angular division of rays from betatron targets. Formation of beam rays—41
Regulation and stabilization of maximum energy of betatron rays—45
Betatron structure use in defectoscopy—52
Principles of betatron defectoscopy—60
Geometric formation in translucence—62
Photographic methods of betatron defectoscopy—70
The practice of photographic method of defectoscopy—76
Appearance of deficiencies—82
Radiography with the help of two rays—94
Ionized method of betatron defectoscopy—97
Scintillated method of betatron defectoscopy—105
Visual method of betatron defectoscopy—124
Detection of minimum deficiency—127
Determination of change of material density with the help of betatron brake ray—132
The use of complex betatron defectoscopes for the control of steel plated materials and welded seams—136
The use of betatron in the control of rolling in metallurgy—140

Card 2/3

ACC NR: AM6005023

Control of welding with the translucence of betatron brake ray--146
Translucence of welding in production capacity with translucence of betatron PME-3
--150
Mobile betatron defectoscopic laboratory with its own electric power generator--153
Stationary betatron defectoscopic laboratory--155
Determination of area of usage of γ -emitted radioactive isotopes and transparent
betatron rays--161
Advantages of betatron defectoscopy--164
Problems of safety while working with betatron--169
Conclusion--171
Bibliography--175

SUB CODE:20, || SUBM DATE: 20Jul65/ ORIG REF: 033/ OTH REF: 014

1st
Card 3/3

ACC NR: AM6012201

Monograph

UR/

Vorob'yev, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich (Honored Scientist, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor)

Technology principles of construction materials made from plastics (Osnovy tekhnologii stroitel'nykh materialov iz plasticheskikh mass) Moscow, Izd-vo "Vysshaya shkola", 65. 0323 p. illus., biblio. 14,000 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: general construction, structural materials, synthetic material, heat resistant materials, structural plastics, polymer, conjugated polymer, polymer physical chemistry

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This is a textbook intended for students at engineering faculties and construction institutes of higher learning. It deals with the technology of the most important construction materials made from plastics, which are either in use, or are intended for introduction into industry in the future. The polymer technology is described briefly in this book, nevertheless, there is enough of material to be used in the production organization of polymer processing into construction materials and parts. The study of raw and ready made materials in this book is barely touched upon, since these problems are treated in a special (textbook) used during a special lab course approved by the board of education for the construction-engineering faculties.

Chapters I, II, IV, VI, VII, and the introduction were written by the Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor, V. A. Vorob'yev; chapter III, was written by the

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AM6012201

Candidate of Technical Sciences, Docent, G. P. Pedoseyev, and Chapter V, was written by the Candidate of Technical Sciences, R. A. Andriyanov.

TABLE OF CONTENTS (abridged):

- Foreword—3
Introduction—4
Ch. I. Construction materials based on polymers—10
Ch. II. Polymers—17
Ch. III. Materials for walls—91
Ch. IV. Materials for floors—132
Ch. V. Heat and sound proofing materials—189
Ch. VI. Pipes and mouldings—243
Ch. VII. Roofing, waterproofing and sealing materials—279
Bibliography—320

SUB CODE: 11,07 / SUBM DATE: 05Jul65 / ORIG REF: 036

Card 2/2

ACC NR: AM6008336

(A)

Monograph

UR/

Vorob'yev, Vasilii Aleksandrovich (Honored Scientist and Technologist; Professor;
Doctor of Technical Sciences)

Manufacture and use of plastics in construction (Proizvodstvo i primeneniye plast-
mass v stroitel'stve) Moscow, Stroyizdat, 65. 0234 p. illus., biblio. Textbook
for students at civil engineering institutes and faculties. Errata slip inserted.
13,000 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: plastic industry, heat resistant material, construction material, general
construction, polymer physical property

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This textbook deals, in short, with the history of the de-
velopment of technology of the plastic materials. The properties of plastic ma-
terials used in construction are also described. Described are different groups of
polymer construction materials which are highly in use in construction technology,
or are being considered for the introduction into the construction technology. These
materials are for walls (wood shaving, wood fibrous slabs, thick plastic, coated
slabs and wall paneling); materials for floors are (lynoleums, and tiles); heat and
sound proof materials (penopolystyrene, penopolyvinichlorid, mipor, penopolyuteran
and others). Group for roofing airtight materials is (glassplastic, izol and polymer
slabs).

The book ends with the description of molded products (baseboards, handrails and

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Card 1/2

ACC NR: AM5008336

others), pipes and sanitary installations made on the polymer bases. The information based on the technology of their manufacture, properties and features in construction application is given. This handbook is intended for students of civil and sanitary-technical faculties of construction institutes. It can be of interest to engineers and technicians, as well as for qualified construction workers.

TABLE OF CONTENTS (abridged):

- Foreword -- 3
- Ch. I. Basic information about polymer materials -- 5
- Ch. II. Synthetic polymers -- 16
- Ch. III. Wall materials -- 46
- Ch. IV. Floor materials -- 77
- Ch. V. Heat and sound proof materials -- 144
- Ch. VI. Roofing, waterproof and airtight materials -- 175
- Ch. VII. Molded parts -- 203
- Ch. VIII. Pipes, sanitary technical parts and equipment -- 209
- Bibliography -- 232

SUB CODE: 11,13 / SUBM DATE: 08Jul65/ ORIG REF: 037/ OTH REF: 011/

Card 2/2

KOROVIN, A.I.; VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Effect of low soil temperatures at the beginning of vegetation
on nitrogen fixation by forage beans in relation to the amount
of nitrogen fertilizer. Fiziol.rast. 12 no.6:103-1086 N-D '65.
(MIRA 12:12)

1. Vostochno-Sibirskiy biologicheskiy institut Sibirskego
otdeleniya AN SSSR, Irkutsk. Submitted August 25, 1964.

VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Using radiation defectoscopy of building materials and
structures with betatron bremsstrahlung. Defektoskopiia
no. 5:33-37 '65 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut imeni Kirova.

VOROB'YEV, V.A., inzh.; GORBUNOV, V.I., inzh.; POKROVSKIY, A.V., inzh.

Scintillation indication method for the flaw detection in thick-walled welded joints by bremsstrahlung of a betatron. Svar. proizv. no.7:14-15 J1 '65. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut imeni Kirova.

KOROVIN, A.I.; VOROB'YEV, V.A.; KURETS, V.N.

Thermal-vegetative chambers with the regulation of soil and air temperature for experiments with plants. Izv. SO AN SSSR no.12; Ser. biol.-med. nauk no.3:141-144 '64. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Vostochno-Sibirskiy biologicheskiy institut Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR, Irkutsk.

VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Causes of converter slag frothing during nickel matte processing.
(MIRA 18:5)
TSvet. met. 38 no.4:39-40 Ap '65.

VOROB'YEV, V.A.; GORBUNOV, V.I.; TITOV, G.V.; CHAKHLOV, V.I.

Use of betatrons for quality control of welds. Zav. lab. 31 no.2;
236-237 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut im. S.M.Kirova.

SHAKHMURADOV, M.K.; VOROB'YEV, V.A.; ZEYNALOV, B.K.;
MAMEDALIYEV, G.M.; ALIYEV, S.M.

Manufacture of face tiles from compositions of polystyrene and petroleum
polymer resins with the aid of the plasticizer "Plastiazan 1". Azerb.
khim. zhur. no.1:15-17 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Institut neftekhimicheskikh protsessov AN AzerSSR.

VOROB'YEV, V.A.; RUDENKO, V.N.

Absorption of betatron bemsstrahlung by crystals of alkali halide
salts of great thickness. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; fiz. 8 no.2:174-175 '65.
(MIRA 18:7)

1. Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut imeni Kirova.

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, zasl. deyatel' nauki i tekhniki, prof., doktor tekhn. nauk. Prinimali uchastiye: FEDOSEYEV, G.P. dots., kand. tekhn. nauk; ANDRIANOV, R.A., kand. tekhn. nauk

[Manufacture and use of plastics in building] Proizvodstvo i primenenie plastmass v stroitel'stve. Moskva, Stroizdat, 1965. 234 p.
(MIRA 18:9)

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, zasl. deyatel' nauki i tekhniki doktor tekhn. nauk prof.; Prinimali uchastiye: FEDOSEYEV, G.P., kand. tekhn. nauk, dets.; ANDRIANOV, R.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; KOSHKIN, V.G., nauchn. sotr., kand. tekhn. nauk retsentz; MARTYNOV, A.P., red.

[Principles of the technology of plastic building materials]

Osnovy tekhnologii stroitel'nykh materialov iz plasticheskikh mass. Moskva, Vysshiaia shkola, 1965. 323 p.

(MIRA 18:9)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut novykh stroitel'nykh materialov (for Koshkin).

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VOROB'YEV, A.A.; BORZHAEV, V.A.; FILIPPOV, M.F.; VOROB'YEV, V.A.

International Colloquium on Betatrons. Atom. energ. 18 no.2:
193-193 F 165. (KhM 18:3)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001860820018-7"

KOROVIN, A.I.; VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Effect of low soil temperature at the beginning of vegetation
on the growth of leguminous plants and the formation of tubers
on their roots. Izv. SO AN SSSR no.8 Ser. biol-med. no. 2:
29-32 '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Vostochno-Sibirskiy biologicheskiy institut Sibirskogo otde-
leniya AN SSSR, Irkutsk.

VOROB'YEV, V.A., doktor tekhn. nauk; BYKOV, A.S., inzh.

Stopping the shrinkage of linoleum by the impregnation method. Strci.
mat. 10 no.8:10-11 Ag '64. (MIRA 17:12)

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Card 1/2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001860820018-7"

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, zasl. deyatel' nauki i tekhniki
RSFSR prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; Prinimali uchastiye:
MIKUL'SKIY, V.G., kand. tekhn. nauk, dots.; GORLOV, Yu.P.,
st. prepod.; MARTYNOV, A.P., red.; GARINA, T.D., tekhn.red.

[Laboratory manual for the general course on building
materials] Laboratornyi praktikum po obshchemu kursu struc-
itel'nykh materialov. Moskva, Vysshiaia shkola, 1964. 297 p.
(MIRA 17:4)

ACCESSION NR: AP4012271

S/0089/64/016/001/0069/0071

AUTHOR: Vorob'yev, V. A.

TITLE: The gamma-field structure of a plane isotropic source Cs¹³⁷

SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 16, no. 1, 1964, 69-71

TOPIC TAGS: gamma-field, scattered radiation, isotropic source,
angle function, air-equivalent medium, gamma-quanta, hard quanta,
cutoff boundary, integral intensity, momentum method, half space,
Cs¹³⁷

ABSTRACT: The semi-analytical Monte Carlo method has been used to calculate the spectral angle function of a scattered gamma-radiation from an infinite plane isotropic source Cs¹³⁷ ($E_0 = 0.661$ Mev) in an air-equivalent medium at distance H (H equals 0.5, 1 and 2 free paths) from the source. The surface density of the source activity was taken as 1 quantum/cm².sec. A clearly outlined peak with a maximum in the E = 0.3 Mev region is observable at short distances from the source (H = 0.5). An analytical calculation of the spectral-angular distribution of a singly scattered gamma-radiation revealed

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4012271

that the mentioned peak was formed by first generation gamma-quanta scattered at an $\sim 70^\circ$ angle. A rapid growth of intensity in the soft region is noted when angle α is increased to above 90° in the gamma-radiation spectrum. In the integral energy intensity, the share of the gamma-radiation coming from the rear half space amounts to about 26% for distances equal to 0.5 and 1 path, and drops to 21% with $H = 2$.

"In conclusion, the author thanks R. M. Kogan and I. M. Nazarov for their valuable comments, and G. N. Kas'yanov for his assistance in the calculations."

Orig. art. has: 3 Figures and 1 Formula.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 03May63

DATE ACQ: 14Feb64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH

NR REF Sov: 002

OTHER: 003

Card 2/2

VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Structure of the gamma field of a Cs¹³⁷ plane isotropic source. Atom.
energ. 16 no.1:69-71 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:2)

TEPLITSKAYA, R.B. ; VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Determination of chemical composition of the solar atmosphere.
Astron.zbir. : 40 no.6 :1016-1024 N-D '63. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Astronomicheskaya observatoriya Odesskogo gosudarstvennogo
universiteta.

SHAPIRO, Izrail' L'vovich; LOZENTSVAK, David Leont'yevich;
VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Alekseyevich; MAYSKAYA, N.I., red.;
PYATAKOVA, N.D., tekhn. red.

["Robotron" R-12 and its joint operation with "Askot"
accounting machines] Robotron R-12 i ego rabota sovmestno
s bukhgalterskimi mashinami Askota. Moskva, Gosstatizdat,
1963. 139 p. (MIRA 17:2)

VOROB'YEV, V.A., inzh.

Methods of construction and count in the manufacture of woolen
grey fabrics. Nauch.-issl.trudy TSNIIshersti no.16:73-91 '61.
(MIRA 16:11)

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Sample: Atentaya operativa, t. 15, no. 1, 1963, 68-70

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001860820018-7"

MUKHAMEDOV, A.M.; VOROB'YEV, V.A., kand. yur. nauk, red.

[Protection of people's property is a sacred duty of
every Soviet citizen] Okhrana narodnoi sobstvennosti -
sviashchennyi dolg kazhdogo sovetskogo grazhdanina.
Ashkhabad, Ob-vo po raspr. polit. i nauchn. znani
Turkmeneskoi SSR, 1962. 40 p. (MIRA 16:9)
(Socialist property)

MALININ, Yu.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; KEL'TSEVA, Z.A., inzh.; VOROB'YEV, V.A., inzh.

Method of studying the composition of the liquid phase of hardening
cement. Trudy NIITSement no.17:39-44 '62. (MIRA 16:5)
(Cement--Analysis)

VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Organization of a public health administration in a consolidated
rural district. Zdrav.Ros.Feder. 7 no.3:4-9 Mr '63.

(MIRA 16:3)

1. Zaveduyushchiy Leningradskim oblastnym otdelom zdravookhraneniya.
(PUBLIC HEALTH, RURAL)

VOROB'YEV, V.A., inzh.; KHONYAKIN, R.F., inzh.

Some problems in the mechanization of drilling operations. Bezop. truda
v prom. 7 no.2:14 F '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Upravleniye Nizhne-Volzhskogo okruga Gosudarstvennogo komiteta pri
Sovete Ministrov RSFSR po nadzoru za bezopasnym vedeniyem rabot v
promyshlennosti i gornomu nadzoru.
(Oil wells—Equipment and supplies)

VOROB'YEV, V.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

More discussion of the determining of the coefficient of fullness of the fabric. Tekst.prom. 22 no.10:47-49 O '62.
(MIRA 15:11)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut
sherstyanoy promyshlennosti.
(Weaving)

BLOKHIN, Boris Nikolayevich, prof.; GALAKTIONOV, Aleksandr Alekseyevich, dots.; VOROB'YEV, V.A., prof., retsenzent; KHIGEROVICH, M.I., prof., retsenzent; IVANOV, O.M., dots., retsenzent; RUFFEL', N.A., dots., retsenzent; KOKIN, A.D., retsenzent; ZHELUDKOV, V.I., inzh., nauchnyy red.; LYTKINA, L.S., red.izd-va; KASIMOV, D.Ya., tekhn. red.

[Finishing materials and operations] Otdelochnye materialy i raboty. Moskva, Gosstroizdat, 1962. 275 p. (MIRK 15:7)

1. Zaveduyushchiy kafedroy "Organicheskiye stroitel'nyye materialy i plastmassy" Moskovskogo inzhenerno-stroitel'nogo instituta im. V.V.Kuybysheva (for Vorob'yev). 2. Kafedra "Stroitel'nyye materialy" Moskovskogo inzhenerno-stroitel'nogo instituta im. V.V.Kuybysheva (for Khigerovich, Ivanov).
3. Kafedra "Tekhnologiya stroitel'nogo proizvodstva" Moskovskogo inzhenerno-stroitel'nogo instituta im. V.V.Kuybysheva (for Ruffel'). 4. Glavnnyy inzhener Upravleniya otdelochnykh rabot Glavnogo upravleniya po stroitel'stvu i vosstanovleniyu zheleznodorozhnykh mostov (for Kokin).

(Building--Details)

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, zasl. deyatel' nauki i tekhniki
RSFSt, doktor tekhn. nauk; KOLOKOL'NIKOV, Vadim Sergeyevich,
kand. tekhn. nauk; Prinimal uchastiye FEDOSEYEV, G.P., inzh.;
SHUBENKIN, P.F., prof., nauchnyy red.; LAFAZAN, M.I., red.;
DORODNOVA, L.A., tekhn. red.; PERSON, M.N., tekhn.red.

[Study of materials for masons and concrete workers] Materialo-
vedenie dlia kamenshchikov i betonshchikov. Moskva, Proftek-
izdat, 1962. 250 p.

(Building materials)

VOROB'YEV, V.A., doktor tekhn.nauk; SMELYANSKIY, V.L., inzh.

Polymer-cement mortars for fastening ceramic facing. Stroi.
mat. 8 no.6:34-36 Je '62. (MIRA 15:7)
(Polymers) (Mortar) (Facades)

YEVDOKIMENKO, A.I.; ZABEREZHNYY, I.I.; RAFALOVICH, I.M.; REZNIK, I.D.;
Prinimali uchastiye: SHERMAN, B.P.; KUDRIN, A.N.; GALITSKIY, L.M.;
SERPOV, V.I.; VOROB'YEV, V.A.; STEPANOV, A.S.; RODIONOVA, N.M.;
BUNTOVNIKOV, A.S.; YEVDOKIMOVA, L.Ye.

Air blast preheating for shaft furnaces. Tsvet. met. 33 no.10:12-
20 O '60.
(MIRA 13:10)

1. Gosudarstvennyy institut po tsvetnym metallam (for Yevdokimenko,
Zaberezhnyy, Rafalovich, Resnik, Rodionova, Buntovnikov, Yevdokimova).
2. Ural'skiy nikel'evyy zavod (for Sherman, Kudrin, Galitskiy,
Serpov, Vorob'yev, Stepanov).

(Air preheaters)
(Metallurgical furnaces--Equipment and supplies)

VOROB'YEV, V.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Design and construction method of loom state fabric specimens.
Tekst.prom. 22 no.4:14-47 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sherstyany
promyshlennosti (TSNIIShersti).
(Weaving)

15.8000

S/191/62/000/009/001/012
B101/B144

AUTHORS: Vorob'yev, V. A., Andrianov, R. A.

TITLE: Continuous production of foam polystyrene directly from the monomer

PERIODICAL: Plasticheskiye massy, no. 9, 1962, 6 - 9

TEXT: A method is described whereby azo-bis (isobutyro nitrile) (Porofor 4X3-57 (ChKhz-57)) acts as initiator of the styrene polymerization, and simultaneously as foaming agent by liberation of N₂. 3 - 7% Porofor are dissolved in styrene, heated to 60 - 75°C and pressed at 10 atm into the polymerization coil to prevent premature foaming. Along the polymerizer the temperature is raised from 80 to 100°C. From the polymerizer the material reaches an extruder where gas is made to form rapidly by heating to 120 - 140°C and foaming takes place in the funnel-shaped outlet. Products of various shapes can be obtained by designing the outlet accordingly. In the case of flat products (plates) a pressure compensation chamber is provided between extruder and outlet. Foam polystyrenes with a density of 0.01 - 1.0 g/cm³, compression strength Card 1/2

✓B.

S/191/62/000/009/001/012
B101/B144

Continuous production of foam...

Continuous production of foam...
 20.0 kg/cm², impact strength 0.8 kg/cm², and water absorption 0.08% by weight after 24 hr were produced. Foam plastics of vinyl acetate, methyl methacrylate and their copolymers with styrene got by this method are now being tested at present. As complete automation is possible there need be no risk to the operators from the development of toxic tetramethyl succinodinitrile. There are 4 figures and 1 table.

Card 2/2

VOROB'YEV, V.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Method of design and calculation of loom-state fabrics. Tekst.prom.
22 no.3:59-62 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sherstyanoy
promyshlennosti. (Textile fabrics)

SINYAKOV, A.B.; VOROB'YEV, V.A. (Leningrad)

"IL" photoelectronic machine for the measurement of pattern surfaces. Shvein.prom. no.5:9-10 Jl-Ag [i.e.S-p] '61.

(MIRA 14:10)

(Photoelectric measurements)

(Clothing industry--Equipment and supplies)

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, zasluzhennyj
deyatel' nauki i tekhniki RSFSR. Prinimali uchastiye: GLYBIN, V.S.,
starshiy prepodavatel'; DENISOV, A.A., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent;
KOMAR, A.G., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent; PODOSEV, G.P., starshiy
prepodavatel'. MARTYNOV, A.P., red.; VORONINA, R.K., tekhn.red.

[Building materials] Stroitel'nye materialy. Izd.3., rasши-
rennoe i perer. Moskva, Vysshiaia shkola, 1962. 496 p.
(MIR 15:5)

(Building materials)

VOROB'YEV, V.

State Bank objectives in the further consolidation of currency circulation. Den. i kred. 19 no.7:3-13 Jl '61. (MIRA 14:7)
(Money)

KHONYAKIN, R.F., inzh.; VOROB'YEV, V.A., inzh.

More attention to the improvement of oil well drilling rigs. Bezop.
truda v prom. 4 no. 5:16 My '60. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Upravleniye Nizhne-Volzhskogo okruga Gosgortekhnadzora RSFSR.
(Oil well drilling rigs—Technological innovations)

KARASEV, K.I., kand. khim. nauk; MEDVEDSKAYA, Ye.A., inzh.; MAMUROVSKIY, A.A., otd. red.; POPOV, A.N., red.; VOROB'YEV, V.A., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk, zasl. deyatel' nauki, red.; SHITOVA, L.N., red. izd-va; RYAZANOV, P.Ye., tekhn. red.

[Instructions for using organic and emulsion thinners for oil pigment pastes in construction] Instruktsiiia po primeneniiu v stroitel'stve organicheskikh i emul'sionnykh razbavitelei dlia gustotertykh maslianykh krasok. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i stroit. materialam, 1960. 8 p. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Akademiya stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut novykh stroitel'nykh materialov. 2. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Mamurovskiy). 3. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Popov).
(Thinner (Paint mixing))

VOROB'YEV, V. A., Dr. Medic. Sci. (diss) "Contact Photographic Impression of Mucous Coating as Method of Diagnosis of Diseases of the Stomach," Leningrad, 1961, 22 pp. (1st Leningrad Medic. Inst.) 300 copies (KL Supp 12-61, 282).

VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Cooperative work of a province department of public health with
medical and research institutes. Zdrav. Ros. Feder. 4 no.6:22-
26 Je '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Zaveduyuchshiy Leningradskim oblastnym otdelom zdravookhraneniya.
(LENINGRAD PROVINCE--MEDICAL CARE)

VOROB'YEV, V.A., zasluzhennyj vrach BSSR

Torsion of the gall bladder in a four-year-old child. Zdrav.Belor.
5 no.12:49-50 D '51. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo otdeleniya Lidskoy gorbol'nitsy (glavnnyj
vrach M.G. Shabanov).
(GALL BLADDER--DISEASES)

VOROB'YEV, V...

Photocards his method for the early diagnosis of stomach cancer.
Zaporozhie. 1 print. 1 Khr. t no. 4:292-295 J1-Az '51.

(Mkt. 12:11)

1. Pe'istricheskii nauchno-tekhnicheskii institut, Leningrad.
(PHOTOGRAPHY, MEDICAL) (STOMACH--CANCER)

UKHOV, B.S., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk [deceased]; VOROB'YEV, Y.A., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki i tekhniki; EGOROV, Yu.A., prof., doktor iskusstvovedcheskikh nauk; STRAMENTOV, A.Ia., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; SIROTKIN, V.P., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; TOROPOV, A.S., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; KRYLOV, B.A., kand.tekhn. nauk; SHREYBER, A.K., kand.tekhn.nauk; OSMOLOVSKIY, M.S., dotsent, kand.arkhitertury, inzh.-arkhitektor; POGODIN-ALEKSEYEV, G.I., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, obshchiy red.; NAYMOV, N.A., dotsent, kand.tekhn. nauk, nauchnyy red.; KOKOSHKO, A.G., red.; NAUMOV, K.M., tekhn.red.

[Industrial and residential construction; textbook for higher party schools] Promyshlennoe i grazhdanskoe stroitel'stvo; uchebnoe posobie dlia vysshikh partiynykh shkol. Moskva, 1959. 434 p.

(MIRA 13:2)

1. Kommunisticheskaya partiya Sovetskogo soyuza. Vysshaya partiynaya shkola. 2. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury (for Stramentov). 3. Rukovoditel' kafedry promyshlennogo proizvodstva i stroitel'stva Vysshey partiynoy shkoly pri TSentral'nom komitete Kommunisticheskoy partii Sovetskogo soyuza (for Pogodin-Alekseyev.)

(Construction industry) (City planning)

SOV/49-59-7-7/22

AUTHOR: Vorob'yev, V. A.TITLE: On the Possibility of Applying a Screened Detector in
Radiometric Prospecting from an AircraftPERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Seriya geofizicheskaya,
1959, Nr 7, pp 995-1002 (USSR)ABSTRACT: The author considers the deflection of a "recording
radiometer" where the amplitude of an anomaly A_y and
the mean deflection D_y are related, as shown by Eq (1).

It was found that the best results of recording a high
value of this relationship, i.e. a value of R , was
obtained from a deeply screened detector with an aniso-
tropic characteristic. Due to the low relationship of
the spectral field $B(\mu r)$ (Eq (2)) and the working height
of the aircraft (25-100 m), the number of pulses recorded
by the detector can be considered proportional to the in-
tensity of the γ -radiation. The intensity of the γ -field
can be defined as Eqs (3) and (4), where μr - distance
between the primary γ -quantum energy E Mev, q - volu-
metric concentration of the radioactive matter, S -
cross-section of the source of radiation, r - distance
between the detector and the source of radiation

Card 1/4

SOV/49-59-7-7/22

On the Possibility of Applying a Screened Detector in Radiometric Prospecting from an Aircraft

($r \gg l/\mu_3$), μ_3 and μ_B - linear coefficients of absorption of the primary γ -radiation in rocks and air, respectively, k - coefficient describing the nature of the radioactive matter, β - angle between the perpendicular to the earth's surface and the direction to the source. The value of $qS/2\mu_3$ in Eq (4) represents the energy of the source, and the last term in the square brackets represents the inclination factor. The intensity I_{source} in the case of uranium and thorium can be calculated within 10% accuracy from Eq (5), where $A(h)$ - intensity of the γ -field at the height h . The value of the recorded intensity $I_3(h, \Omega)$ (Ω - angle of detector) can be calculated from Eqs (6) and (7) or Eqs (8) and (9) for the height $h = 25-100$ m or a mean height $h = 50$ m, respectively.

Card 2/4

SOV/49-59-7-7/22

On the Possibility of Applying a Screened Detector in Radiometric Prospecting from an Aircraft

The function $i_3(\Omega)$ can be calculated as Eqs (11)-(13) for various types of screen. The total ionization effect I_{Ψ} can be calculated from Eq (14). The data recorded by the detector cannot represent an exact character of the γ -field. Thus, a correction, Eq (15), should be introduced. Then Eq (14) will take the form of Eq (16) and R will be expressed by Eq (17) where the value of τ depends on v (Eq (18)). As a result of the correction, the recorded curve (Fig 1) can be described by the function $y(x)$ in Eqs (19) or (20) (where v - aircraft velocity). The maximum value of $y(x)$ can be described by the recorded amplitude as a relationship of the angle of the detector θ and the constant time τ . The effect of a circular screen on the recorded data can be determined when the functions v_{ort} (Eq (21)) and $i_3(\theta)$ (Eq (8)) are substituted into Eq (17). Thus the formula (23) can be derived. Fig 2 illustrates the relationship (24), showing a strong independence of R_{max} in respect of i_{Ω} .

Card 3/4 The relationship between θ_{ort} and i_{Ω} can be defined

SOV/49-59-7-7/22

On the Possibility of Applying a Screened Detector in Radiometric
Fropecting from an Aircraft

as Eq (25). The efficiency of the results obtained can be calculated from Eq (26). All the above calculations were made for a detector with a vertical axis. Other cases were not investigated but it can be stated that the function $\Theta(\phi)$ describing the screen's bearing can be defined as Eq (27). Thus, the value of R_{\max} in respect to R_{source} cannot differ by more than ζ (Eq (28)). Thanks are given to R. M. Kogan and I. M. Nazarov for advice and criticism. There are 2 figures and 14 references, of which 7 are Soviet and 7 English.

ASSOCIATION: Akademiya nauk SSSR, Institut prikladnoy geofiziki
(Academy of Sciences USSR, Institute of Applied Geophysics)

SUBMITTED: November 9, 1958.

Card 4/4

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 16 Vol 7/2 Cancer Feb 59

805. *Diagnosis of gastric and oesophageal diseases by means of photochemical imprints of the mucosa (Russian text)* VOROB'EV V. A. Pediat. Med. Inst., Leningrad Vopr. Onkol. 1958, 4/4 (436-441) Tables 1 Illus. 4

A methylhydroquinone developer is introduced by means of a sound and left for 2 min. Then follows a 2nd sound with a special rubber balloon (stomach-shaped) covered with a photosensitive emulsion. This balloon is inflated and kept pressed against the gastric wall for 4 min. The impression of the mucosal relief thus obtained led to an incorrect diagnosis in only 3 out of 58 cases.

SOV/77-4-4-8/19

17(7)

AUTHOR:

Vorob'yev, V.A.

TITLE:

A Photographic Method of an Early Recognition of
Stomach Cancer

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal nauchnoy i prikladnoy fotografii i kinemato-
grafii, 1959, Vol 4, Nr 4, pp 292-295 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author presents a photographic method to invest-
igate the human stomach. The method works by the
principle of chemography. One gets a relief of the
cover of the stomach of a living person. For this
purpose a special technical installation is elaborat-
ed (Figure 1), which consists of a thin rubber balloon.
This rubber balloon has the size and the shape of the
human stomach. The outside of this "rubber stomach"
is covered with a layer of photographic emulsion.
The emulsion has following qualities: Photosensi-
tivity: 7-10 GOST units, contrast factor: 2.5-3.0,
haze stability: 8-10 min., silver contents: 6.2-6.5%,
viscosity: 6-7 centipoise. Before the photo-balloon
is put into an empty stomach, the stomach is washed

Card 1/2

SOV/77-4-4-8/19

A Photographic Method of an Early Recognition of Stomach Cancer

with metholhydrochinon solution of following consistence: 0.56 g methol, 0.36 g hydrochinon, 7.6 g sodium-sulphide and 100 ml boiled water. For about 4 minutes the emulsion layer gets in contact with the stomach. Malignant tumors are recognized on the balloon photograph by the more dense consistence of the image. There are 3 diagrams.

ASSOCIATION: Leningrad, Pediatriceskiy meditsinskiy institut
(Leningrád Institute for Pediatric Medicine)

SUBMITTED: June 23, 1958

Card 2/2

VOROB'IEV, V.A. (Novyy Biryusyak, Checheno-Ingushskaya ASSR).

How to simplify the counting of shield bugs. Zashch. rast. ot
vred. i bol. 3 no. 5:40 S-0 '58. (MIRA 11:10)
(Eurygaster)

VOROB'YEV, V. A.

AUTHOR

VOROB'YEV, V.A.

56-740/66

TITLE

The Probability of the Re-charge of Nucleons with the Energy $3 \cdot 10^9 - 10^{10}$ eV on the Occasion of the Interaction with Nuclei in the Air.

(Veroyatnost' perezaryadki nuklonov s energiyey $3 \cdot 10^9 - 10^{10}$ eV pri vzaimodeystvii s yadrami vozdukha. - Russian)

PERIODICAL

Zhurnal Eksperim. i Teoret. Fiziki 1957, Vol 33, Nr 7, pp 264-265 (USSR)

ABSTRACT

On the occasion of the interaction of high-energy nucleons (some BeV and more) with the nuclei of the air the main part of the energy (about 70%) is carried off by a flying-off nucleon. This nucleon, in turn, produces a star. Now the dependence of the charge of this nucleon on the charge of the impinging nucleon is of interest. The protons and neutrons with the energies $3 \cdot 10^9 - 10^{10}$ eV investigated here may experience the same interaction with the nuclei of the air. The probability of a re-charge of a high-energy nucleon on the occasion of the collision with a nucleus of the air is denoted here with $1-\alpha$, i.e. α denotes the probability that the greatest part of the energy of the star produced by the proton (neutron) is carried away by a nucleon-active proton (neutron). The deviation from the direction of the primary nucleon is neglected here.

CARD 1/3

56-7-40/66

The Probability of the Re-charge of Nucleons with the Energy $3 \cdot 10^9 - 10^{10}$ eV on the Occasion of the Interaction with Nuclei in the Air.

Here the cascade equations for the passage of the nucleons can be solved fairly easily if it is assumed that the energetic spectra of the nucleons do not depend upon depth. This assumption agrees well with experimental data on high-energy cosmic radiation. A formula is given here for the dependence of global proton fluxes and neutron fluxes. The absorption coefficient μ , according to the results obtained by numerous experiments, is equal to $60 \text{ g} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2}/120 \text{ g} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2} = 0,5$. The existence of multiply charged nucleons in the primary cosmic radiation (mainly He) increases the number of protons and neutrons by the same amount which does not depend upon α . The results of two independent series of experiments can be used for the determination of α . These two series of experiments are given here in detail. In a diagram the computed fluxes of the charged energy-rich particles for $\alpha = 0,5$ and $\alpha = 0,8$ are compared with experimental data. α is apparently equal to $0,7 - 0,8$.

(With 1 Illustration and 1 Table)

CARD 2/3

56-7-40/66

The Probability of the Re-charge of Nucleons with
the Energy $3 \cdot 10^9 - 10^{10}$ eV on the Occasion of the Inter-
action with Nuclei in the Air.

ASSOCIATION: Institute for Applied Geophysics of the Academy of Sciences
of the USSR.

(Institut prikladnoy geofiziki Akademii nauk SSSR)

PRESENTED BY:-

SUBMITTED: 5.10.1956, re-submitted on 2.4.1957

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

CARD 5/3

VOROB'YEV, V.A.: SHKODNIK, M.I.

Operational velocity cycle of the KP-100-L flax tow scutching
unit. Tekst. prom. 18 no.6:50-51 Je '58. (MIRA 11:7)

- 1.Glavnyy inzhener Chernigovskogo I'nopen'kotresta (for Vorob'yev).
- 2.Zaveduyushchiy tsentral'noy laboratoriyy Chernigovskogo
I'nopen'kotresta (for Shkodnik).
(Textile machinery) (Flax)

VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Overcharge probability of $3 \cdot 10^9$ -- 10^{10} ev energy nucleons due to
interaction with air nuclei. Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 33 no.1:
264-265 Jl '57. (MLRA 10:9)

1. Institut prikladnoy geogiziki Akademii nauk SSSR.
(Nucleons) (Nuclear reactions)

VOROB'YEV, V.A. (Leningrad, P-49, Bol'shay Pushkarskaya, d.1, kv. 2)

Photochemical imprint of the mucosa as method of diagnosis in diseases of the stomach & esophagus [with summary in English]; Vop. onk. 4 no. 4:436-441 '58 (MIRA 11:9)

1. Iz kliniki gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - prof. A.A. Rusanov) Leningradskogo pediatricheskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - prof. N.T. Shutova).

(STOMACH, dis.

diag., photochem. imprint of mucosa, technic (Rus))

VOROB'YEV, V.A.

Hospitals serving several districts are centers of specialized service for the rural population. Zdrav.Ros. Feder. 2 no.8i3-9
Ag '58 (MIRA 11:10)

1. Zaveduyushchiy Leningradskim oblastzdravotdelom:
(MEDICINE, RURAL)

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; KOLOKOL'NIKOV,
Vadim Sergeyevich, dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk. Prininali uchastiye:
POPOV, L.N., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; GZIBIN, V.S., assistent.
SEIPAYER, A.L., red.izd-va; KL'KINA, E.M., tekhn.red.

[Production of mineral binders] Proizvodstvo mineral'nykh viazhu-
shchikh. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i stroit.
materialam, 1960. 303 p.
(Binding materials)

VOROBIEV, V.A.

Perforation of the esophagus by a foreign body with its complete
egress into the soft tissue of the neck. Zdrav.Belor. 4 no.3:
58-59 Mr '58. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo otdeleniya Lidskoy gorodskoy bol'nitsy
(glavnnyy vrach N.D. Mashikhina).
(ESOPHAGUS--FOREIGN BODIES)

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, zasl. deyatel' nauki i tekhniki
RSFSR, prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; Prinimali uchastiye:
KOLOKOL'NIKOV, V.S., kand.tekhn.nauk, dots.; FEDOSEYEV, G.P.,
starshiy prepodavatel'; MARTYNOV, A.P., red.; GARINA, T.D.,
tekhn. red.

[Building materials and products] Stroitel'nye materialy i de-
tali. 2., izd. rashirennoe i perer. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo
"Vysshiaia shkola," 1962. 399 p. (MIRA 16:3)
(Building materials)

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, zasl. deyatel' nauki i tekhniki,
prof.; KOROVNIKOVA, Vera Vasil'yevna, kand. tekhn. nauk;
FEDOSEYEV, Georgij Petrovich, starshiy prepodavatel';
CHERNOV, Ye., red.; USTINOVA, S., tekhn. red.

[Plastic building materials] Stroitel'nye materialy iz plastičeskikh mass. [By] V.A. Vorob'ev, V.V. Korovnikova, G.P. Fedoseev. Moskva, Mosk. rabochii, 1962. 179 p.
(MIRA 16:3)

(Building materials) (Plastics)

VOROB'YEV, Vladimir Aleksandrovich; MEN'SHENINA, V.A., red.

[Calculation methods for the construction of woolen yarn
and fabrics] Metod rascheta pri postroenii shorstianoi
priazhi i tkani. Moskva, Izd-vo "Legkaia industriia,"
1964. 162 p. (MIRA 17:7)

VOROB'YEV, V.D.; NIKISHIN, G.I.

New data on the free-radical reaction of alcohols with olefins.
Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. khim. no. 14332-139 '66.

(MIRA 1981)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.B.Zelinskogo AN SSSR.
Submitted April 28, 1965.

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S/079/60/030/011/003/026
B001/B066

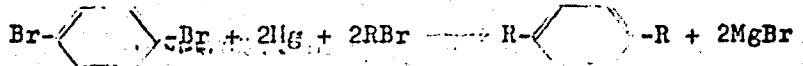
11.12.10

AUTHORS: Nikishin, G. I., Vorob'yev, V. D., and Lubuzh, Ye. D.

TITLE: Physical Properties of 1,4-Dialkyl Cyclohexanes

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1960, Vol. 30, No. 11,
pp. 3548-3554

TEXT: The authors synthesized in a previous study (Ref. 1) 1,4-dialkyl benzenes according to the scheme



(R - normal alkyl radicals C₄ - C₉). They hydrogenated in the present study p-dialkyl benzenes, and studied some physical properties of the resultant 1,4-dialkyl cyclohexanes hitherto unknown. Hydrogenation was conducted in a rotating autoclave at 210-230°C, at an initial pressure of 110-130 atm, by means of a nickel catalyst; their separation was carried out chromatographically. After purification on a column filled with

Card 1/3

86498

Physical Properties of 1,4-Dialkyl
Cyclohexanes

S/079/60/030/011/003/026
B001/B066

silica gel, the resultant dihexyl-, diheptyl-, dioctyl-, and dinonyl cyclohexanes were recrystallized from alcohol. The melting points of dihexyl- and diheptyl cyclohexanes were determined at a constant temperature of 0-2°C (Table 1). This table also compares the properties of the resultant octyl- and dodecyl cyclohexanes with those of the monoalkyl cyclohexanes corresponding to them with respect to the molecular weight. The physical constants of 1,4-dialkyl cyclohexanes (with normal radicals) approximately agree with those of the monoalkyl cyclohexanes corresponding to them as to molecular weight. Diagram 1 shows the direct proportional ratio between the melting point, D_4^{20} , n_D^{20} , and the number of carbon atoms in the alkyl radical of 1,4-dialkyl cyclohexanes.

The mean exaltation value of the molecular refraction (ΔMR_D) is +0.10. The viscosity values are given in Table 2 (Ref. 2). Diagram 2 gives the logarithm of the viscosity as a function of temperature. Diagram 3 illustrates the dependence of the logarithm of viscosity of 1,4-dialkyl cyclohexanes on the number of carbon atoms in the alkyl radical. Diagram 4 shows the dependence of the molar extinction coefficient ϵ of the 2925 cm^{-1} band in their molecules on the number of CH_2 groups. The infrared spectra

Card 2/3

86498

Physical Properties of 1,4-Dialkyl
Cyclohexanes

S/079/60/030/011/003/026
B001/B066

of all compounds show intense bands at 1375 and 1450 cm^{-1} corresponding to the deformation vibrations of the CH_3 and CH_2 groups. In the spectrum of diisoamyl cyclohexane, the 1375 cm^{-1} band is split into two bands (1350 and 1385 cm^{-1}), which is indicative of branching. There are 5 figures, 3 tables, and 10 references: 3 Soviet, 2 US, 1 German, 5 British, and 1 French.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk SSSR
(Institute of Organic Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences
USSR)

SUBMITTED: January 2, 1960

Card 3/3

VOROB'YEV, V. F., Engr. Cand. Tech. Sci.

Dissertation: "On Protection of Animals in Electrified Farms Against Injuries by Electric Current." All-Union Sci Res Inst of Mechanization and Electrification of Agriculture—VIMI, 30 Dec 47.

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17 p. (Kafedra Sovetskoy Ekonomiki)
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1. Direktor Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta
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ZEMLYANOV, M.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; VOROB'IEV, V.P., inzhener;
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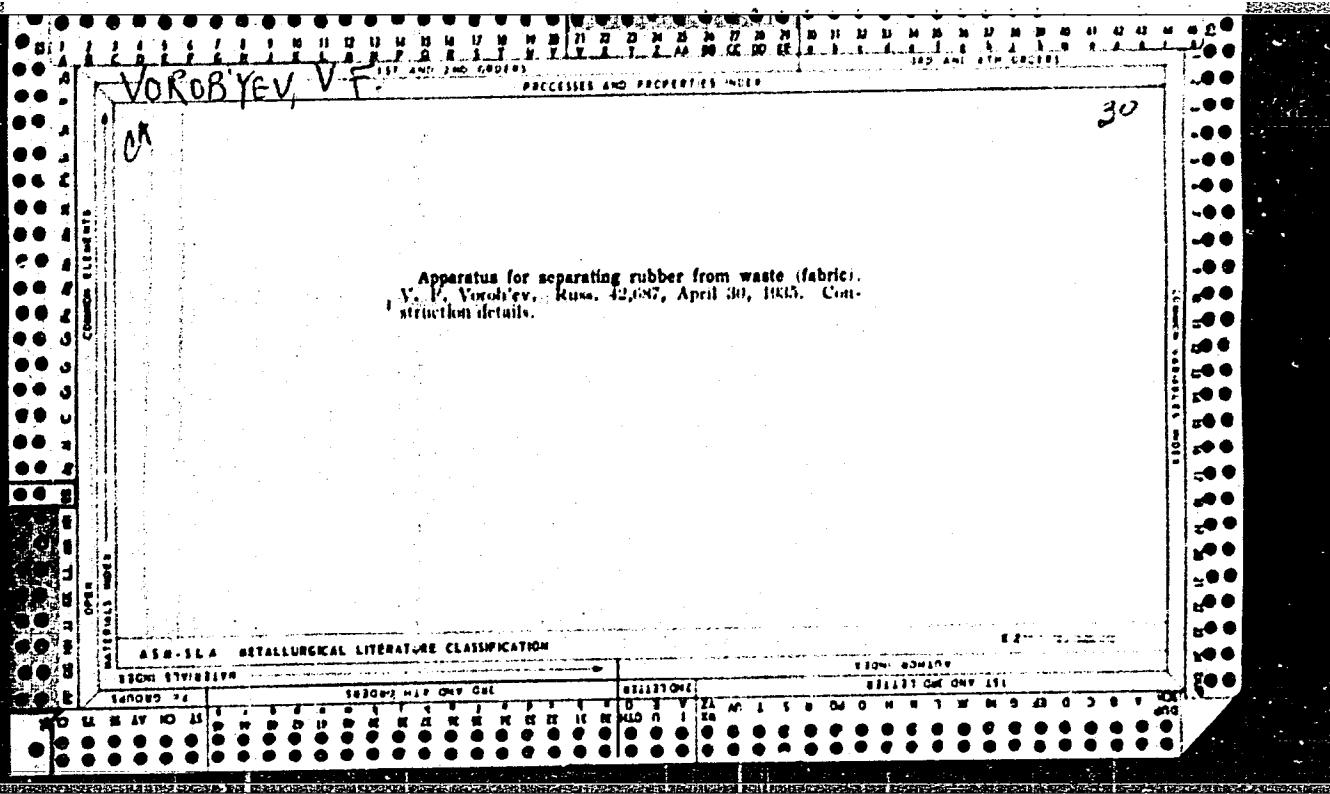
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RAKOV, S.I., tekhnicheskij redaktor

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vmutrizavodskogo transporta, kanatnykh podvesnykh dorog i kabel'kranov.
(Cranes, derricks, etc.)

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