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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

D/ORPA-77-071

January 18, 1977

File:
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[Redacted]

Deputy Director
Office of Political Research
Central Intelligence Agency
McLean, Virginia 20505

STAT

Dear [Redacted]

It is again time to prepare the annual tabulation of Government funding of external research on foreign affairs for publication in our quarterly newsletter FAR Horizons (see enclosed winter 1976 issue). To meet our publication deadline, please supply the information requested in the enclosed survey form and return it to this office no later than January 31.

done 24 Jan

If all new and updated information on your agency's FY 1976 projects has been submitted to this office, we will be happy to compile the USC/FAR Funding Table total from our records. In this case, please check the appropriate box in Section I of the enclosed form.

Please contact Mr. Dallas Lloyd (telephone 235-9423) if you have any problems of definition or procedure.

Thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely yours,

Barbara W. Morlet

(Mrs.) Barbara W. Morlet
Deputy Director for
Research Services
Office of External Research

Enclosures:

1. FAR Horizons, Winter 1976
2. USC/FAR Funding Table Survey
3. USC/FAR "Research Universe"

FAR HORIZONS

Vol. IX-No. 1

Winter 1976



FEDERAL FUNDING OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS RESEARCH

FY 1975

In this issue . . .

Twenty agencies of the Federal Government reported total obligations of \$27,818,776 for research on foreign affairs in the **FY 1975 FAR annual survey**. The various programs are described in an article beginning on this page; a breakdown of FY 1975 obligations by agency appears in the table on page 2; and a 5-year comparison table is on pages 4 and 5.

Far East experts will be interested in the research climate in **Malaysia**, page 7, and the release of computerized U.S. Government data on the **PRC**, page 8.

The **social science press** describes new journals in four geographic areas: Canada, Middle East, Latin America, U.S.S.R. (page 9).

An **index** to the contents of *FAR Horizons*, volume VIII, 1975, appears on page 12.

Quarterly Newsletter of the
UNDER SECRETARIES
COMMITTEE
SUBCOMMITTEE ON
FOREIGN AFFAIRS RESEARCH
(USC/FAR)

In response to the latest Government-wide survey by the Secretariat of the Under Secretaries Committee, Subcommittee on Foreign Affairs Research (USC/FAR), 20 departments and agencies of the Federal Government, representing 48 different research programs, reported a total of \$27,818,776 in obligations for foreign affairs research in fiscal year 1975. This represents a decrease of \$1,252,596 from FY 1974. A detailed breakdown of the information by individual agency appears in the tables on pages 4 and 5.

Of the departments and agencies included in this year's table, five reported increases over fiscal year 1974 in their support for foreign affairs research, i.e., the National Science Foundation (NSF), \$1,884,979; the Department of Defense (DOD), \$899,125; the Department of Commerce, \$18,057; the Department of the Treasury, \$192,197; and the Federal Energy Administration; \$155,092. Funding of foreign affairs research by the USC/FAR member agencies¹ amounted to \$16,623,381 in FY 1975, down \$1,543,574 from the total obligations reported by these agencies in the previous fiscal year.

The agencies of the Federal Government supporting mostly basic research—NSF, the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH), and the Smithsonian Institution—obligated a total of \$6,423,849 for foreign affairs research projects in FY 1975, an increase of \$1,178,045 over FY 1974. The remaining agencies represented on the funding table, i.e., all those not included above as either USC/FAR member agencies or basic research-sponsoring agencies, reported total obligations for foreign affairs research in FY 1975 of \$4,771,546, a decrease of \$887,067 from FY 1974.

As it has been for the past several years, in FY 1975 the Agency for International Development (A.I.D.) was the leading Federal agency in providing support for foreign affairs research. Figures reported by A.I.D. show a decrease in its total foreign

¹ Agency for International Development, Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, Department of Defense, National Security Council Staff, Department of State, and U.S. Information Agency.

**U.S. Government Agency Obligations
for Foreign Affairs Research, FY 1975**

affairs research obligations of \$1,648,704 for FY 1975, considerably more modest than the \$7 million plus decrease reported in FY 1974. Within A.I.D., amounts obligated for population research, bureau-funded research, and the Central Research Program increased over FY 1974 levels; however, the amount obligated for Institutional (211d) Grants went to \$700,000 in FY 1975.

In second place as a source of foreign affairs research funds for the third fiscal year in a row was NSF with a total reported obligation of \$5,421,537 in FY 1975. In third place was DOD, reporting a total of \$3,270,036 in obligations, and in fourth place was the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW), its total FY 1975 obligations of \$2,282,184 representing a decline of \$977,124 from FY 1974.

In FY 1975, as in FY 1974, the annual funding table was compiled initially on the basis of information on foreign affairs research contracts and grants submitted by various U.S. Government agencies cooperating in the current project reporting system of the USC/FAR. Under this system, the project information is entered into the Department of State computer and later published in an annual *Inventory of Government-Supported Research Projects on Foreign Affairs*. On the basis of the stored project information, the computer was also able to generate a printout for each agency included in the FY 1975 *Inventory*. The printout listed by title for each agency subunit those foreign affairs research projects newly initiated, ongoing, or recently completed that were included in the current project reporting system. Also shown on each agency printout was the USC/FAR project number and the agency's assigned contract number for each project, and the amount of foreign affairs research funds, if any, obligated for each project in FY 1975, the amount obligated by each subunit, and the total amount obligated by the agency.

* The current project reporting system is limited to foreign affairs external research projects that involve application or advancement of the social sciences and humanities as these bear substantively on foreign areas and international relations. Excluded are those research projects that bear solely on U.S. domestic affairs and those involving exclusively the physical and biological sciences and their related technologies.

Agency for International Development			
<i>Central Research</i>	\$3,496,688		
<i>Central Research (population)</i>	3,131,263		
<i>Bureau-funded Research</i>	3,362,976		
<i>Institutional (211d) Grants</i>	700,000		\$10,690,927
Department of Agriculture			39,641
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency			161,633
Department of Commerce			
<i>National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin.</i>	58,938		
<i>U.S. Travel Service</i>	169,333		
<i>Office of Economic Research</i>	20,000		248,271
Department of Defense			
<i>Army</i>	201,455		
<i>Air Force</i>	394,000		
<i>Advanced Research Projects Agency</i>	2,046,881		
<i>International Security Affairs</i>	627,700		3,270,036
Energy Research and Development Administration			85,000
Executive Office of the President			
<i>National Security Council</i>	93,000		
<i>Central Intelligence Agency</i>	242,934		335,934
Federal Energy Administration			382,000
General Services Administration			240,012
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare			
<i>Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Admin.</i>	1,004,811		
<i>Health Resources Admin.</i>	467,652		
<i>National Institutes of Health</i>	349,405		
<i>Office of Education</i>	86,696		
<i>Social and Rehabilitation Service</i>	367,372		
<i>Center for Disease Control</i>	6,248		2,282,184
Department of Justice			67,822
Department of Labor			
<i>Bureau of International Labor Affairs</i>	662,949		
<i>Employment and Training Admin.</i>	64,036		726,985
National Endowment for the Humanities			
<i>Division of Fellowships and Stipends</i>	242,751		
<i>Division of Research Grants</i>	559,199		801,950
National Science Foundation			
<i>Division of Social Sciences</i>	2,475,787		
<i>Office of International Programs</i>	1,122,950		
<i>Office of Science Information Service</i>	20,000		
<i>Div. of Mathematical and Computer Sciences</i>	858,400		
<i>Div. of Exp. Research & Systems Analysis</i>	482,000		
<i>Office of National R. & D. Assessment</i>	125,000		
<i>Science and Technology Policy Office</i>	215,300		
<i>Div. of Adv. Environmental Research & Tech.</i>	122,100		5,421,537
Overseas Private Investment Corporation			18,000
Smithsonian Institution			200,362
Department of State			
<i>Bureau of Intelligence and Research</i>			
<i>Office of External Research</i>	493,853		
<i>Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs</i>			
<i>American Research Scholars</i>	848,708		
<i>Centers for Research and Study Abroad</i>	253,161		
<i>Research and Evaluation Program</i>	238,796		
<i>Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs</i>	4,666		
<i>Bureau of Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs</i>	25,000		1,864,184
Department of Transportation			175,000
Department of the Treasury			263,697
United States Information Agency			543,601
GRAND TOTAL			\$27,818,776

Agencies cooperating in the current project reporting system were asked to review the printouts to insure that all their foreign affairs research projects were included and to confirm that the figures accurately reflected the total amount of funds obligated for foreign affairs in FY 1975 (through contracts and grants). The USC/FAR definition of foreign affairs research covers all projects dealing with some aspect of foreign areas or international affairs and includes both those conducted overseas and those carried out within the United States.

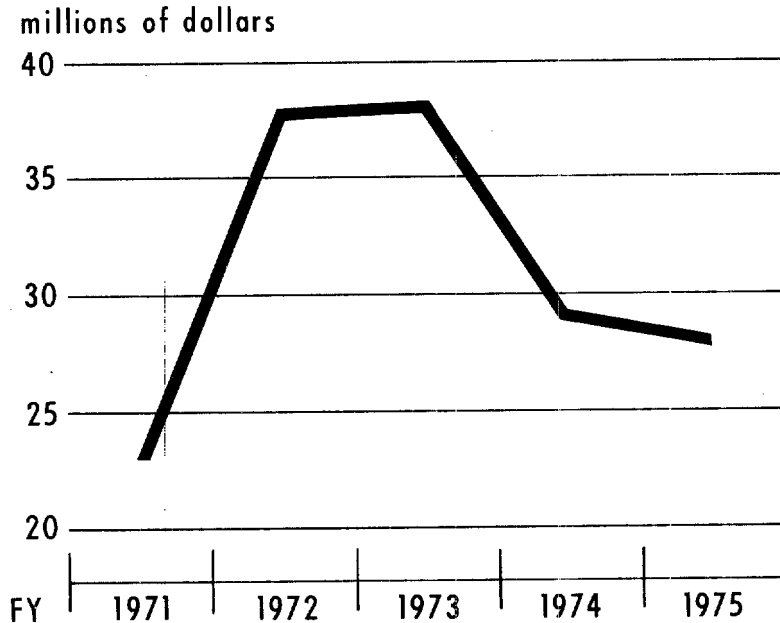
Agencies were also encouraged to provide a brief current description of their research program(s) for publication along with the FY 1975 funding table. These are presented below. Not all departments and agencies included in the funding table are represented since many do not maintain continuing programs of foreign affairs research.

Agency for International Development: A.I.D. carries out programs of research on and evaluation of the process of economic development in less developed countries; the factors affecting the relative success and costs of development activities; and the means, techniques, and other aspects of development assistance.

Department of Agriculture: The *International Programs Division of the Agricultural Research Service* administers foreign research activities under the Special Foreign Currency Research Program and related legislation.

Arms Control and Disarmament Agency: The ACDA external research program concentrates on specialized studies in support of priority arms control issues. The selection of projects is based on consideration of the importance and respective priorities of the various arms control issues to be faced by the Agency and the extent to which external research can assist in their resolution.

Department of Defense: The DOD contract and grant programs for foreign area research are designed to assist in the solution of problems related to the DOD overseas missions by developing knowledge about cultures, leadership and military capabilities, and intentions of other nations; to provide analysis and recommendations concerning policy studies; to develop an understanding of significant security possibilities and problems which may develop over the next decade and



The above graph shows funds obligated for foreign affairs research by Government agencies for FY 1971 through FY 1975.

the implications for planning technology development; and to develop a foundation of information on matters relevant to the DOD mission.

National Security Council: The external research projects supported by the NSC Staff emphasize problem and opportunity analysis and policy guidance. The geographic and subject focus of this research is not constant, as a deliberate effort to retain flexibility to respond to the evolution of policy issues is maintained.

Department of Health, Education, and Welfare: Foreign affairs research sponsored by HEW adds an international dimension to activities serving HEW program goals in health, alcohol and drug abuse, education, rehabilitation, social security, and social welfare.

Federal Energy Administration: Research in the field of international relations is conducted primarily by the *Office of International Energy Affairs*. In addition to regular in-house ongoing studies by the permanent professional staff covering energy in all its ramifications worldwide, FEA/IEA sponsored seven contract studies for FY 1975. Of these, two studies were published as parts of the *International Assessment of Project Independence*, and a third was published privately under

the title, *An Evaluation of the Options of the U.S. Government in Its Relationship to U.S. Firms in International Petroleum Affairs*. Other contract studies concerned the cost of alternative financial and institutional mechanisms in the United States, the impact of the oil embargo on Europe and Japan, the U.S. petroleum import interruption probability, and a systematic analysis of Saudi Arabia's plans for international development.

General Services Administration: The *Federal Preparedness Agency* of GSA along with various other assigned responsibilities carries out research designed to explore the implications for civil preparedness programs of developments in weapons technology and changes in strategic targeting doctrine by adversary powers.

Department of Labor: The research program of the *Bureau of International Labor Affairs* focuses on the effects of international trade, investment, and other international developments on the economic status of U.S. workers.

National Endowment for the Humanities: The *Division of Research Grants* supports original basic research and editing projects in the humanities and in those areas of the social sciences that have hu-

manistic content and employ humanistic methods. In particular, the Division's programs are aimed at building up the materials and resources necessary for conducting humanistic research in the United States. Awards are made through the *Division of Fellowships* to free an individual so that full-time study or research can be pursued for 1 year or less. The *Office of Planning and Analysis* designs and supports projects that lie outside the activities of the other program divisions. The Youth Grants Program, which supports humanities projects by persons under 30 years of age, is located within this office.

National Science Foundation: NSF initiates and supports fundamental and applied research in all the scientific disciplines, including the social and behavioral sciences. This support is made through grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements awarded to universities and nonprofit and other research organizations. Most of this research is directed to unresolved scientific questions concerning fundamental life processes, natural laws and phenomena, fundamental processes influencing man's environment and the forces impacting on man as a member of society as well as on the behavior of his society. Additional research focuses on selected societal problems of national importance and contributes to the knowledge required for their practical solution.

Smithsonian Institution: Grants are awarded to U.S. universities and museums for basic research in the anthropological sciences, principally archeology; biological sciences; astrophysical and earth sciences; and museum programs in six excess foreign currency countries. In FY 1975, 43 foreign affairs research projects were supported.

Department of State: The External Research Program, managed by the *Office of External Research, Bureau of Intelligence and Research*, provides a series of intellectual links between the Department of State's operating, planning, and analytical offices, on the one hand, and academic institutions, individual scholars, and other private specialists, on the other. The content of the program varies from year to year to reflect the changing needs of the Department.

The *Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs* supports evaluation studies of the international exchange programs it administers under the

5 Years of Foreign Affairs Research:

U. S. Government Agency Obligations for

Agency	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
Agency for International Development					
Central Research	\$ 3,074,191	\$ 6,900,000	\$ 2,999,000	\$ 2,470,422	\$ 3,496,688
Central Research (population) ¹	-----	2,000,000	7,257,000	2,221,000	3,131,263
Bureau-funded Research	-----	1,200,000	6,223,000	2,360,726	3,362,976
Institutional (211d) Grants	-----	5,200,000	3,008,000	5,287,483	700,000
	\$ 3,074,191	\$ 15,300,000	\$ 19,487,000	\$ 12,339,631	\$ 10,690,927
Department of Agriculture					
Agriculture Research Service	415,057	486,158	196,185	134,749	39,641
International Programs Division	-----	-----	-----	105,045	-----
Economic Research Service	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 415,057	\$ 486,158	\$ 196,185	\$ 239,794	\$ 39,641
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency					
	181,966	210,080	166,409	513,333	161,633
Department of Commerce					
Bureau of the Census	-----	-----	285,630	148,000	-----
Bureau of International Commerce	-----	60,000	87,218	-----	-----
U.S. Travel Service	-----	62,798	174,380	55,000	169,333
Bureau of International Economic Policy	16,000	-----	-----	-----	-----
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin	-----	-----	-----	27,214	58,938
Office of Economic Research	-----	-----	-----	-----	20,000
	\$ 16,000	\$ 122,798	\$ 547,228	\$ 230,214	\$ 248,271
Department of Defense					
Army	1,733,000	1,754,000	1,511,000	475,000	201,455
Navy	444,073	-----	-----	-----	-----
Air Force	530,000	248,500	485,600	400,000	394,000
Advanced Research Projects Agency	1,092,000	2,353,000	2,101,000	1,364,731	2,046,881
International Security Affairs	700,000	930,000	872,000	131,180	627,700
	\$ 4,499,073	\$ 5,285,500	\$ 4,969,600	\$ 2,370,911	\$ 3,270,036
Energy Research and Development Administration²					
	-----	-----	-----	86,204	85,000
Executive Office of the President					
National Security Council	450,000	350,000	230,000	96,000	93,000
Office of Emergency Preparedness ³	40,000	20,000	-----	-----	-----
Central Intelligence Agency	-----	-----	-----	415,261	242,934
	\$ 490,000	\$ 370,000	\$ 230,000	\$ 511,261	\$ 335,934
Federal Energy Administration					
	-----	-----	-----	226,908	382,000
General Services Administration					
Federal Preparedness Agency	-----	-----	-----	-----	240,012
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare					
Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Admin. ⁴	-----	-----	815,476	1,554,766	1,004,811
Food and Drug Admin.	-----	87,500	-----	-----	-----
Health Services and Mental Health Admin. ⁵	2,487,447	6,411,968	-----	-----	-----
Health Resources Admin.	-----	-----	810,286	367,320	467,652
Health Services Admin.	-----	-----	104,690	40,006	-----
National Institute of Education	-----	-----	158,941	5,700	-----
National Institutes of Health	726,737	-----	347,951	487,758	349,405
Office of Education	1,318,513	213,389	414,920	442,091	86,696
Social Rehabilitation Service	3,856,511	305,996	324,656	332,651	367,372
Social Security Admin.	33,500	60,000	60,000	-----	-----
Center for Disease Control	-----	-----	-----	29,016	6,248
	\$ 8,422,748	\$ 7,078,853	\$ 3,036,920	\$ 3,259,308	\$ 2,282,184
Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Office of International Affairs	-----	-----	-----	38,476	-----
Department of the Interior					
Office of International Activities	-----	-----	136,500	196,500	-----

¹ Starting in 1972, money spent for population research is reported separately.
² Formerly Atomic Energy Commission.
³ Abolished by Reorganization Plan 1 of 1973. Functions transferred to Department of the Treasury, Department of Housing and Urban Development, and General Services Administration, effective July 1, 1973.
⁴ Established under Executive Order of September 25, 1973.
⁵ Abolished by reorganization order, effective July 1, 1973. Functions transferred to the Center for Disease Control, the Health Resources Administration, and the Health Services Administration.

Foreign Affairs Research, FY 1971-75

Agency	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
Department of Justice					
Law Enforcement Assistance Admin.	—	—	—	—	67,822
Department of Labor					
Bureau of International Labor Affairs	—	—	560,725	783,197	662,949
Employment and Training Admin. ⁶	62,891	—	—	11,251	64,036
	\$ 62,891	—	\$ 560,725	\$ 794,448	\$ 726,985
National Aeronautics and Space Administration					
Office of International Affairs	—	85,000	—	100,000	—
National Endowment for the Humanities					
Office of Planning and Analysis	—	—	107,064	352,000	—
Division of Fellowships and Stipends	34,000	136,950	228,516	265,731	242,751
Division of Research Grants	57,412	709,582	710,945	291,502	559,199
	\$ 91,412	\$ 846,532	\$ 1,046,525	\$ 909,233	\$ 801,950
National Science Foundation					
Division of Social Sciences	4,411,720	5,378,150	5,789,947	3,228,030	2,475,787
Office of International Programs	—	26,120	—	49,328	1,122,950
Division of Mathematical and Computer Sciences ⁷	—	—	—	168,500	858,400
Division of Advanced Productivity Research and Technology ⁸	—	—	—	37,700	—
Office of National R. & D. Assessment	—	—	—	11,400	125,000
Office of Science Information Service	—	—	—	—	20,000
Division of Exploratory Research and Systems Analysis ⁹	—	—	—	41,600	482,000
Science and Technology Policy Office	—	—	—	—	215,300
Division of Advanced Environmental Research and Technology	—	—	—	—	122,100
	\$ 4,411,720	\$ 5,404,270	\$ 5,789,947	\$ 3,536,558	\$ 5,421,537
Overseas Private Investment Corporation					
	—	—	—	—	18,000
Smithsonian Institution					
Office of International Programs	202,745	229,350	300,780	800,013	200,362
Department of State					
Bureau of Intelligence and Research	444,513	914,261	655,743	840,430	493,853
Office of External Research	—	—	—	—	—
Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs	286,582	276,739	427,700	902,412	848,708
American Research Scholars Assistance to Centers for Research and Study Abroad	—	384,640	329,125	307,658	253,161
East West Center	—	389,556	—	—	—
Research and Evaluation Program	—	152,755	161,500	169,512	238,796
Grants to Institutions for Projects	317,000	—	—	—	—
Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs	—	60,099	—	—	4,666
Bureau of Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs	—	—	—	—	25,000
	\$ 1,048,095	\$ 2,178,050	\$ 1,574,068	\$ 2,220,012	\$ 1,864,184
Department of Transportation					
Office of International Transportation Programs	—	—	—	—	175,000
Department of the Treasury					
	—	—	—	71,500	263,697
United States Information Agency					
Office of Research	624,215	668,000	585,560	627,068	543,601
USIS Posts	159,461	244,527	149,119	10,000	—
	\$ 783,676	\$ 912,527	\$ 734,679	\$ 627,068	\$ 543,601
GRAND TOTALS	<u>\$23,699,574</u>	<u>\$38,509,118</u>	<u>\$38,776,566</u>	<u>\$29,071,372</u>	<u>\$27,818,776</u>

⁶ Formerly Manpower Administration.
⁷ Formerly Office of Computing Activities.
⁸ Formerly Division of Advanced Technology Applications.
⁹ Merged with Office of Exploratory Research and Problem Assessment.
¹⁰ Figure not available.

Foreign Affairs Act and research designed to stimulate future program development. These are contract studies managed by the Bureau's Office of Policy and Plans.

U.S. Information Agency: Research projects are conducted to find ways to reach and inform foreign populations, ascertain their attitudes on key international issues, and describe their communications habits and media preferences. Research projects are undertaken also to examine patterns of influence in foreign societies and to evaluate the effectiveness of USIA products and programs.

Social Science Research Bibliography

New volumes of the **International Bibliography of the Social Sciences—Economics, Political Science, Social and Cultural Anthropology, and Sociology**—are now available. Compiled by the International Committee for Social Sciences Documentation in cooperation with UNESCO, these volumes present a continuing, detailed record of social science research published throughout the world.

They classify contributions from all countries, in all languages, and in whatever form they appear. Included are books, articles, and reports, with special attention given to official government publications. Materials are listed under English and French subject headings; each volume also has author and subject indexes, as well as periodicals consulted.

Current editions are:

Economics, Vol. 22, July 1975, ISBN: 06070-5, 425 pp., \$47.95.

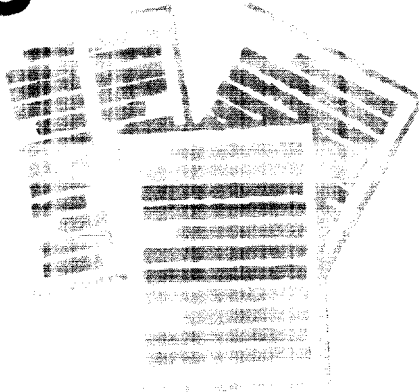
Political Science, Vol. 22, July 1975, ISBN: 24148-3, 307 pp., \$37.95.

Social and Cultural Anthropology, Vol. 19, August 1975, ISBN: 01065-1, 430 pp., \$48.00.

Sociology, Vol. 23, July 1975, ISBN: 30054-4, 340 pp., \$39.95.

Volumes dating back to 1960 are available. For information on them or to order any of the above, write to Aldine Publishing Co., 529 South Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill. 60605.

NAMES in the NEWS



On September 1 **Prosser Gifford**, dean of the faculty and professor of history at Amherst College, was named deputy director of the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars. On leave from Amherst, where he became dean of faculty in 1967, Dr. Gifford has worked closely with the Fellows, notably those from abroad, and has led informal seminars among scholars working in related fields. He is also developing the center's "resources, environment and interdependence" program, in addition to assuming a heavy administrative load. His past positions include assistant to the president of Swarthmore College (1956-58), and assistant professor at Yale University (1964-67) where he developed a special program allowing undergraduates to spend a nonacademic year working in Third World nations.

Economics Professor **Max Langham** of the University of Florida has joined the staff of The Agricultural Development Council, Inc. In December he began work in Singapore as research coordinator of the Regional Research and Training Program.

This is a new position staffed under the terms of a grant from the International Development Research Centre of Canada. Dr. Langham will begin acquainting himself with social science research activities throughout Asia. He will coordinate research-oriented seminars and workshops, individual research projects sponsored by the council, assist in thesis research activities of fellows in Asia, and continue research interests of his own. His major pro-

fessional interests are in production economics, research methods, and development of linear programming and econometric models.

Formerly with the Agency for International Development, **Sidney Weintraub** was an assistant administrator for interagency development coordination and a career Foreign Service specialist in international finance and economics until his retirement in November. On January 16 he assumed the new Dean Rusk Chair at the Lyndon B. Johnson School of Public Affairs at the University of Texas in Austin.

Dr. Weintraub was chosen as the first recipient of the Rusk Chair, which was named in honor of the former Secretary of State under Presidents John F. Kennedy and Lyndon B. Johnson. The school has offered a graduate program of research and training for careers in public service since 1970.

Last fall the National Science Foundation announced a newly organized committee at the National Academy of Sciences, the Committee on the Social Sciences. It includes three psychologists: **Eleanor Jack Gibson** of Cornell University; **Gardner Lindzey**, new director of the Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Studies at Stanford University; and **James March**, also of Stanford. The 16-member group, headed by **Herbert Simon** of Carnegie-Mellon University, will conduct a year-long in-depth study of the National Science Foundation's behavioral and social science research programs. Its final report is due by July 31.

FAR Horizons

Published quarterly for the interagency USC/FAR (UNDER SECRETARIES COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS RESEARCH) by the Office of External Research: Madeline Naumann, editor, Department of State, 2201 C Street, NW., Washington, D.C. 20520. (Tel.: 235-9426, area code 703.)

USC/FAR reports to the National Security Council's Under Secretaries Committee which was directed by the President in February 1971 to assure coordination of foreign affairs research supported by the Federal Government. USC/FAR concerns itself with the planning and programing of external research activities supported by member agencies; with cooperative arrangements on matters of interagency concern; with the exchange of research information and the improved utilization of external research results; and with relations with the nongovernmental research community. The Office of External Research, located in the Bureau of Intelligence and Research of the Department of State, provides the Secretariat for the Subcommittee on Foreign Affairs Research.

USC Chairman: CHARLES W. ROBINSON, *Deputy Secretary of State*

USC/FAR Chairman: HAROLD H. SAUNDERS, *Director, Bureau of Intelligence and Research*

USC/FAR Executive Secretary: F. RAYMOND PLATIG, *Director, Office of External Research*

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Department of the Treasury
Department of Commerce
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare
Office of Management and Budget
Central Intelligence Agency
National Science Foundation

Use of funds for printing this publication approved by the Office of Management and Budget (November 22, 1972).

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OPPORTUNITIES FOR RESEARCH: MALAYSIA

The Government of Malaysia has established procedures for authorizing, supervising, and evaluating research carried out in Peninsular Malaysia by foreign scholars. Similar procedures have also been established by the state governments of Sabah and Sarawak on the island of Borneo. Among the factors considered by the Malaysian Government in evaluating research applications are the sensitivity of the research topic, the seriousness of the topic in Malaysian eyes, the academic and public reputation of researchers and their sponsors, and the relationship of researchers and/or their sponsors to the Government or its academic institutions.

Sensitive issues include:

- special position of the Malays (as regarding land ownership and Government economic programs),
- sovereignty of the rulers (in their respective states),
- national language (Malay) and use of other languages (Chinese, English),
- legitimate interests of non-Malays,
- qualifications for citizenship, and
- communal issues, including the Islamic religion.

How to Apply

Responsibility for approval of research by foreign scholars in Peninsular Malaysia in all fields lies with the Board of National Unity. In the process of clearing fieldwork, the board, which is attached to the Prime Minister's Department, may consult with pertinent universities or research institutes within Malaysia.

Procedures for handling applications are as follows:

Applications must be submitted through the nearest Malaysian Embassy, High Commission, or Con-

sulate on forms which they will supply. Application for a visa for the period of research should be made at the same time.

The four-page form is submitted in quadruplicate with four passport-size photographs. In addition to the usual personal particulars, it includes questions about the researcher's affiliations with any government, requests a supporting letter from the head of the sponsoring department or institution, and asks for a brief statement of the topic, scope, duration, and techniques to be used.

The Malaysian Foreign Service post retains one copy of the application and forwards three to the Immigration Department in Kuala Lumpur. That department distributes one copy to the Board of National Unity and one copy to the Home Affairs Ministry.

If this procedure is not followed, i.e., if researchers submit applications directly to the Board of National Unity, board officials warn that delays will occur in processing. If applications are correctly submitted, the minimum time for approval or denial is 8 weeks. *After the application is submitted, questions or supplementary data* may be sent directly to the board as follows:

Director of Research
Board of National Unity
Prime Minister's Department
Jalan Dato Onn
Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

When foreign scholars enter Peninsular Malaysia to begin approved research, they must visit the Board of National Unity to obtain a special identity card. (Extra copies of passport photos should be brought for this purpose.) At this time they must give the address of a local resident who will know their whereabouts, and they are put under the nominal supervision of a relevant Government office or department of a national university. From time to time, scholars may be asked to report on the progress of the research.

When the research is completed, the Board of National Unity may ask to review questionnaires, notes, tapes, photographs, or other material derived from the research before permission to leave is granted.

Scholars must submit a summary of their research findings before leaving Malaysia and furnish the Board of National Unity with a copy of the study when completed.

Sabah and Sarawak

The Malaysian Federal Government does not control admission of foreign researchers into Sabah and Sarawak, nor does it have control over the state immigration offices. Scholars planning to do research in those states should write directly to the state governments at the following addresses:

The Honorable
Permanent Secretary to the
Chief Minister
Chief Minister's Department
Kota Kinabalu
Sabah, Malaysia

The Honorable
State Secretary for Sarawak
Kuching
Sarawak, Malaysia

Letters of application to the above should contain the same type of information requested in the application form for Peninsular Malaysia. Processing time reportedly is somewhat less—about 2 weeks. Researchers planning to work both in Peninsular Malaysia and in Sabah or Sarawak may make application to the two state governments after arrival on the peninsula, but it is recommended that applications be submitted simultaneously to the Federal and State Governments.

For further information, contact:

Embassy of Malaysia
2401 Massachusetts Avenue, NW.
Washington, D.C. 20008

COMPUTERIZED DATA ON CHINA

The U.S. Government has taken steps to enhance the availability to private scholars of its unclassified data on the People's Republic of China. In 1972 the USC/FAR (National Security Council Under Secretaries Committee, Subcommittee on Foreign Affairs Research) agreed on the desirability of increasing the exchange of well-ordered data between the Government and the academic community. Professor Davis B. Bobrow of the University of Maryland, in a study commissioned by the Department of State,¹ concluded that a full-fledged data bank would not be feasible as the instrument for such an exchange. He did, however, make recommendations for improving scholarly awareness of, and access to, unclassified Government data on China.

Acting on these recommendations, the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), has agreed to make certain unclassified computer tapes on China available for public sale. These were prepared for the use of U.S. Government officials; and their format, coverage, and contents are designed to meet the specific requirements of the users.

The following tapes can now be ordered from the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Va. 22161:

Chinese Contact File (Order #PB 248750/AS; \$97.50 domestic, \$122.50 foreign)

This computer file identifies Chinese officials who have met with foreign delegations visiting the People's Republic of China. The data base is the *People's Republic of China Daily Report*, published by

¹ "The Feasibility of Establishing an Information Center on China," by Davis B. Bobrow, November 1974.

FBIS (Foreign Broadcast Information Service). Each entry provides:

- Name of the Chinese official (Wade-Giles romanization without aspirates or umlauts),
- Country of origin of the visiting individual or delegation,
- Type of contact (e.g., diplomatic, economic, scientific, etc.) and a simple description of the individual or group involved, and
- Reported dates of the delegation's stay in China.

Accompanying documentation describes each field and includes keys to terms and abbreviations used (macronyms for each field, cross-reference tables for countries and for types of contacts).

The file covers the period January 1972 to November 1975. Supplementary files containing information subsequent to November 1975 are to be issued semiannually. The individual price for supplementary tapes is \$97.50 domestic, \$122.50 foreign. Purchasers may request standing subscriptions to the supplementary tapes.

Bibliography of Literature from the Campaign to Criticize Lin Piao and Confucius (Order #PB 246631/AS; \$97.50 domestic, \$122.50 foreign)

This is a selective bibliography of English translations of articles written in the People's Republic of China from July 1973 to January 1975 during the campaign to criticize Lin Piao and Confucius. Articles that seemed either authoritative or potentially influential in determining the course of the campaign were selected. In general, articles written by representatives of the masses and low-level officials of the government, the People's Liberation Army, and the Chinese Communist Party were not included.

Each entry provides:

- Author's name,
- Primary and secondary sources with publication date and source of the English translation,
- Trigraph of the province and name of the city in which the article was published or broadcast,
- Publication date and title of the article with brief descriptive notes, where needed.

The abbreviations used are the standard abbreviations for the Hong Kong Press Surveys and those used in the reference aid *Appearances and Activities of Leading Personalities of the People's Republic of China*.

No supplementary files are planned.

Supplement to the Directory of Officials of the People's Republic of China, 1975 (Order #PB 246395/AS; \$97.50 domestic, \$122.50 foreign)

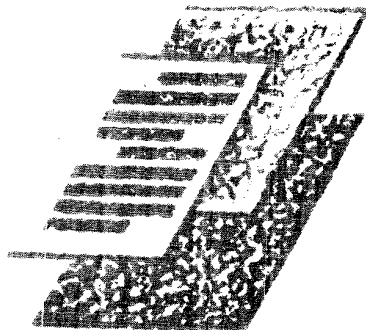
These tapes identify Chinese officials reported in major positions since the publication of the *Directory of Officials of the People's Republic of China, April 1975*, a CIA reference aid available to the public through the Document Expediting (DOCEX) Project, Exchange and Gift Division, Library of Congress, Washington, D.C. 20540.

Each entry provides:

- Name of Chinese official (Wade-Giles romanization with aspirates and a separate umlaut indicator field);
- Standard Telegraphic Codes, if available, for the name of the official;
- New position and organization affiliation;
- First day identified in the position;
- Location (by province in China, by country outside of China); and
- Page number cross-referenced to the directory.

The file is based primarily on Chinese news sources as reported in the *FBIS Daily Reports*. Documentation accompanying this file includes the macronym and description for each field and a cross-reference table for location of the official.

Supplementary files will be issued semiannually.



SOCIAL SCIENCE press

The Canadian Journal of Sociology offers publishing opportunities to Canadian sociologists as well as social scientists living abroad who have an interest in the development of sociology in Canada. The editors of this journal, published at the University of Alberta, note that during the last decade, while the number and quality of sociologists in Canada have grown rapidly, there has not been a corresponding increase in published material. They welcome all scholarly contributions that advance the discipline of sociology, regardless of subject matter or methodology. Manuscripts should be submitted in duplicate, along with two copies of an abstract.

Published quarterly the first issue was released in spring 1975. Individual subscriptions are \$12.50 per year; institutions and libraries, \$25.

Send requests concerning manuscripts, advertising, and subscriptions to **The Canadian Journal of Sociology**, Department of Sociology, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada T6G 2E1.

A new quarterly, the **Jerusalem Journal of International Relations**, provides a forum for scientific studies in international relations and discussion of the special role of the Middle East in international developments. Published since fall 1975 by The Leonard Davis Institute for International Relations¹ of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, the journal includes empirical and policy oriented studies on such topics as the interrelations between Middle

¹The Institute is dedicated to the development and support of theoretical and applied research in all branches of international relations, with special emphasis on the Middle East and on Israel's foreign policy.

East politics and the policies of the major powers; Israeli-Arab relations and relations among the Arab states; and the various aspects of current efforts to achieve peace in the Middle East.

Recent and forthcoming articles include: "A Proposal for Peace in the Mid-East" by Morton Kaplan, "Coalitions in the Arab World" by Yair Evron and Yaacov Bar Simantov, "Transnational Terrorism and World Politics" by Martha Crenshaw Hutchinson, and "The Great Powers, the Indian Ocean and the Persian Gulf" by William Griffith. Reviews of relevant new books also appear in each issue.

An annual subscription for institutions or libraries is \$25; for individuals, \$15. Send orders to Holmes & Meier Publishers, Inc., 101 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10003.

The **Journal of Urban History** is concerned with varied methodologies and the history of cities and urban societies in all periods of human history and in all geographic areas of the world. The editors are including material that is analytical or interpretive rather than purely descriptive. Special attention is given to articles offering important new insights or interpretations; utilizing new research techniques or methodologies; comparing urban societies over space and/or time; evaluating the urban historiography of varied areas of the world; or singling out the unexplored but promising dimensions of the urban past for future researchers. In addition to reflecting the current state of urban history, the journal also hopes to shape the emerging field and direction of historical research for an international body of scholars. It will include articles, as well as interviews and review essays.

Published quarterly in November, February, March, and August, the subscription rate for institutions is \$20 per year; professionals and teachers, \$12; full-time college and university students, \$10. Send orders to Sage Publications, Inc., 275 South Beverly Drive, Beverly Hills, Calif. 90212.

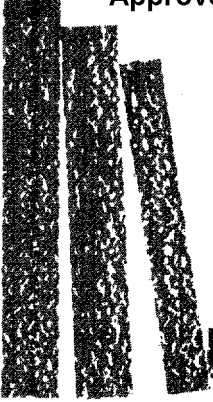
The Population and Development Review seeks to advance knowledge of the interrelationships between population processes and socioeconomic development and to provide a forum for discussion of related issues of public policy. Published quarterly by the Population Council, it examines such issues as the current patterns of demographic trends and how they relate to development; the consequences of these trends on human welfare and how their benefits and costs are distributed; and public policies and how they mitigate the social costs of population change, increasing its benefits.

Among the articles in the second issue, published in December 1975, are "Health Programs and Population Growth" by Samuel H. Preston, "How Do We Know the Facts of Demography?" by Nathan Keyfitz, and "Why High Birth Rates Are So Low" by John Bongarts. This issue also includes a report on the 1974 World Population Conference and 15 pages of abstracts of selected publications from the council library.

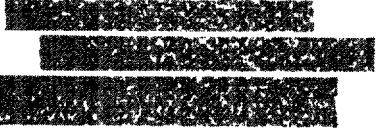
Send manuscripts and correspondence to: **Population and Development Review**, The Population Council, 245 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10017.

Soviet World Outlook is a new monthly newsletter published by the Current Affairs Press for the Center for Advanced International Studies, University of Miami. Edited by Mose L. Harvey and Foy D. Kohler, it will report on Kremlin views critically affecting U.S. interests, examine Soviet statements for a key to understanding Soviet actions, and seek to inject the Kremlin's views into U.S. debate on relations with the U.S.S.R. The second issue, dated February 13, 1976, discusses Angola, Middle East strategy on Palestine, and the Soviet war doctrine.

For subscriptions (\$48 per year) write to Dodd L. Harvey, **Soviet World Outlook**, University of Miami, Center for Advanced International Studies, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C. 20036.



recent PUBLICATIONS



United States International Trade Policy and the Trade Act of 1974. Senate Committee on Finance. January 29, 1976. 39 pp. 75¢.

U.S. Trade Embargo of Vietnam: Church Views. Hearing before the Subcommittee on International Trade and Commerce. House Committee on International Relations. November 17, 1975. 47 pp.

U.S. International Energy Policy October 1973 November 1975. Economic and Foreign Policy Series 11. Department of State Pub. 8842. December 1975. 47 pp. Limited copies available free of charge from: Mrs. Barbara King, Department of State Distribution, Rm. B-844F, Washington, D.C. 20520.

U.S. Policy Toward Southern Africa. Hearings before the Subcommittee on African Affairs. Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. June 11, 13, and 16; July 9, 10, 14, 23, 24, 28, and 29, 1975. 527 pp. (Stock No. 052-070-03195-6). \$4.80.

Listed below are publications that concern foreign areas and international affairs. The majority are U.S. Government publications and are for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, unless otherwise noted. Prices are subject to change without notice. Publications from other sources are also included. When no price is given, copies are usually available in limited quantities from the issuing office.

Background and Status of the Multilateral Trade Negotiations. Provides background on the U.S. participation in the international, multilateral trade negotiations. 1975. 74 pp. (Stock No. 052-070 02742-8). 90¢.

Directory of Visiting Lecturers and Research Scholars. The 1975-76 edition lists over 500 visiting scholars in the United States under the auspices of the Fulbright-Hays program. The breakdown is by academic disciplines: name, country, home institution, host institution, duration of stay, and lecture or research project. Copies are available from: Council for International Exchange of Scholars, 11 Dupont Circle, Washington, D.C. 20036.

The Economic Impact of Forthcoming OPEC Price Rise and "Old" Oil Decontrol. Hearings before the Subcommittee on Consumer Economics. Joint Economic Committee. July 10 and 14, 1975. 112 pp. \$1.80.

Fellowships and Grants. Brochure describing the 1975-76 Social Science Research Council program. Limitations, fellowships and grants of other organizations, application procedures, and deadline dates are stated. 1975. 30 pp. Available free of charge from: Social Science Research Council, Fellowships and Grants, 605 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10016.

Human Rights in Chile. Hearing before the Subcommittee on International Organizations. House Committee on International Relations. December 9, 1975. 36 pp. 65¢.

Human Rights in Haiti. Hearing before the Subcommittee on International Organizations. House Committee on International Relations. November 18, 1975. 137 pp. \$2.10.

International Commodity Agreements. A report of the U.S. International Trade Commission. Subcommittee on International Trade. Senate Finance Committee. November 1975. 189 pp. \$2.70.

The National Endowment for the Humanities 1975-76 Program Announcement. Describes how grants are awarded and how to apply for fellowships. 42 pp. For copies,

address inquiries to: NEH Public Programs, Education, Fellowships, and Research Grants Division, Office of Planning, 806 15th St., NW., Washington, D.C. 20506.

Services Available to HUD-Related Businesses in International Trade. Identifies both governmental and nongovernmental organizations which have services available to U.S. businesses interested in international trade opportunities in the fields of housing and community development. October 1975. 45 pp. U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. \$1.10.

Negotiation and Statecraft. Part 4. With Panel on the International Freedom to Write and Publish. Hearings before the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations. Senate Committee on Government Operations. November 18, 1975. 299 pp. \$2.20.

The Palestinian Issue in Middle East Peace Efforts. Hearings before the Special Subcommittee on Investigations. House Committee on International Relations. September 30, October 1, 8, and November 12, 1975. 293 pp. \$2.60.

The Press and Foreign Policy. Panel discussion before the Subcommittee on Future Foreign Policy Research and Development. House Committee on International Relations. September 24, 1975. 34 pp.

Protecting the Ability of the United States to Trade Abroad. Hearing before the Subcommittee on International Trade. Senate Committee on Finance. October 6, 1975. 71 pp.

Report by Congressional Advisers to the Seventh Special Session of the United Nations. House Committee on International Relations and Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. October 13, 1975. 67 pp.

Research Materials on Twentieth Century China: An Annotated List of CCRM (Center for Chinese Research Materials) Publications. A comprehensive listing (1968 thru 1974) containing bibliographic descriptions of 1,126 titles. June 1975. 346 pp. Available in hard copy (\$12.50) and paperback (\$8.50). Order from: Center for Chinese Research Materials, 1527 New Hampshire Ave., NW., Washington, D.C. 20036.

Security Supporting Assistance for Zaire. Hearing before the Subcommittee on African Affairs and the Subcommittee on Foreign Assistance. Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. October 24, 1975. 49 pp.

Technology and Economic Growth. Hearings before the Subcommittee on Economic Growth. Joint Economic Committee. July 15 and 16, 1975. 187 pp. \$2.40.

United States Grain and Oil Agreements with the Soviet Union. Hearing before the House Committee on International Relations. October 28, 1975. 71 pp. 85¢.

U.S.S.R. Research List

The Department of State's Foreign Affairs Research Documentation Center has recently published a bibliography of its holdings on the U.S.S.R. covering research studies received from June 1971 to December 1975. A limited number of copies are available on request from the Office of External Research (address below).

Titled *Special Foreign Affairs Research Papers Available: U.S.S.R.*, it is the second of seven planned cumulative geographic listings. This issue was preceded by a volume on the People's Republic of China and will be followed by the American Republics, Near East and South Asia, East Asia and the Pacific, Europe, and Africa. The bibliographies are special editions of the monthly accessions list, *Papers Available*, (see item on page 11).

The Documentation Center facilitates the exchange between the Government and the academic community of information on completed research related to foreign areas and international affairs. It collects and disseminates studies produced under Government-funded research awards as well as unpublished papers prepared by private scholars. Scholars and research organizations are invited to send papers that have been prepared for academic and professional meetings and other recently completed unpublished studies to the Documentation Center, Office of External Research, Department of State, Washington, D.C. 20520. Tel. (703) 235-9420.



African Center for Women

Termed as a "path to progress for African women," the African Training and Research Centre for Women was formally inaugurated in spring 1975. It grew out of the work of the Women's Programme, U.N. Economic Commission for Africa (ECA), and is located in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.

The center will assist governments and voluntary agencies, including women's organizations, in strengthening the roles of women in the African region by integrating them more effectively into the development effort of their respective countries. It is intended to be a permanent feature of the African development scene.

The work of the center includes:

- Formal and apprentice in-service training;
- Organization of a volunteer corps consisting mainly of skilled African women who will serve in countries other than their own;
- Applied research in areas of greatest need, e.g., relationships between education, employment, and family size; marketing and business; and national policies and legislation; and
- Production of information and resource materials for promoting the advancement of women in all sectors of society.

Thus far programs of the center have included workshops in 15 countries on the training of rural trainers and development planners on income producing activities and special programs related to food storage and preservation, communications and program planning, and other subjects to improve the quality of life in rural areas. Seminars have been conducted in approximately 15 or 20 countries that have stressed the functions and services of these types of machinery and their role

of women in development.

To finance the center and promote its activities, an African Women's Development Fund is being established by the ECA in collaboration with the All Africa Women's Conference and the United Nations and its specialized agencies. This fund will be raised from among women's organizations in Africa and the industrialized world, governmental and nongovernmental organizations, foundations, and individuals.

Fulbright-Hays Awards, 1977-78

More than 500 awards for university lecturing and postdoctoral research in more than 75 countries will be made to U.S. citizens for academic year 1977-78, the 30th year of the senior Fulbright-Hays program. Americans with doctorates or college teaching experience may request announcements of openings in their fields of specialization; requests should indicate preferred countries or areas and probable dates of availability. Those wishing to receive future announcements should ask to be placed on the Council for International Exchange of Scholars (CIES) Register of Scholars. The computerized register, which is updated regularly, currently totals some 15,000.

CIES reviews more than 2,500 applications annually for openings in programs planned abroad by binational educational foundations and commissions in some 45 countries and by U.S. embassies in about 45 others. Some 1,000 nominations are made each year for the more than 500 awards; about 75 percent are for lecturing and 25 percent for research. All Fulbright-Hays grantees are selected by the Board of Foreign Scholarships, whose members are appointed by the President to oversee the program and to provide policy guidance.

Applications for 1975-76 are under review at present, but some awards are still open to application. For inquiries about remaining openings and for future announcements, write to CIES, 11 Dupont Circle, Washington, D.C. 20036.

Foreign Affairs Research Papers Available

Monthly accessions list of papers
acquired by the Foreign Affairs
Research Documentation Center

- Includes research on all geographic areas and the political, social, military, economic, scientific, and technological dimensions of international relations.

- Cites papers (for the most part unpublished) obtained from scholars, private research organizations, and government sources.

- Includes title, author, affiliation, length, as well as sponsor and/or meeting (where applicable).

Edited and issued by the Office of External Research, U.S. Department of State. Order by single copy (75¢) or annual subscription (\$8.40) from:

Superintendent of Documents
Government Printing Office
Washington, D.C. 20402

Inventory of Government-Supported Research Projects on Foreign Affairs

Annual publication of the
Office of External Research
U.S. Department of State

- Five unclassified volumes which cite Government contract and grant research projects initiated, in progress, and completed during fiscal year 1975.

- Projects involve application or advancement of the social sciences and humanities as these bear substantively on foreign areas and international relations.

- Information includes funding agency, contractor, total funding, research objectives, and resulting studies.

FY-75 volumes available as follows:

I—American Republics: 74 pp.; \$4.50; PB 248931/AS

II—East Asia: 103 pp.; \$5.50; PB 248943/AS

III—Europe: 153 pp.; \$6.75; PB 248944/AS

IV—Near East, South Asia and Africa: 130 pp.; \$6.00; PB 248945/AS

V—International Relations: 323 pp.; \$9.75; PB 248946/AS

Volumes I-V (set); \$28.00; PB 248941-SET

All volumes are available in microfiche at \$2.25 each.

Order from:

National Technical Information
Service (NTIS)
U.S. Department of Commerce
5285 Port Royal Road
Springfield, Va. 22161

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OFFICE OF EXTERNAL RESEARCH
BUREAU OF INTELLIGENCE AND RESEARCH
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

USC/FAR FUNDING TABLE SURVEY, FY 1976

(Please supply the information requested below and return this form to INR/XR/RS, Room 432 SA-6, Department of State, Washington, D.C. 20520, on or before January 31, 1977.)

I. Total Government agency obligations for foreign affairs research should include funds obligated through contracts, grants, loans, or allocations to other agencies for projects as defined in the attached USC/FAR "Research Universe." Funds for research performed wholly within the United States but dealing with some aspect of foreign areas or international affairs should be included as well as funds obligated for research conducted wholly or partly overseas. Funds made available to other Government agencies for research supported by them but performed externally should also be included. Funds to support research conducted "in-house" (whether in your agency or another) should not be included. (Check one.)

Current information on all FY 1976 projects has already been submitted to the Department of State's Office of External Research (INR/XR/RS) and FY 1976 funding statistics for the USC/FAR Funding Table should be compiled by that office.

Use the following updated totals in compiling the USC/FAR Funding Table:

<u>Agency and Subunit*</u>	<u>FY 1976 Obligations**</u>
(Copied from FY 1975 Funding Table)	(July 1, 1975 - June 30, 1976)

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

Central Intelligence Agency

*Note any changes in agency and/or subunit designation, add new ones if necessary.
**Transitional Quarter obligations should not be included in these totals.

II. Brief description of the "scope" of your research program. (Check one.)

Use the description in the winter 1976 issue of FAR Horizons.

Use the following description:

No description, following previous practice.

(Continue on reverse, if necessary)

STAT

Official Submitting Data

Title

Deputy Dir. CIA Rep / USC/FAR

THE USC/FAR "RESEARCH UNIVERSE"

The scope of research activities to be included in USC/FAR planning, project reporting and documentation activities is specified in the USC/FAR Terms of Reference (published in a Special Supplement to the May 1971 issue of FAR Horizons). For the convenience of officers in Member and other Agencies who supply information or documents for USC/FAR activities, pertinent excerpts from the Terms of Reference are reproduced below:

"The USC/FAR is concerned with the full range of needs of the national security foreign affairs process which may be met in whole or in part from research involving the application or advancement of the social-behavioral sciences or humanistic studies."

"The USC/FAR takes the broadest possible view of national security foreign affairs, and concerns itself not only with the political-military dimensions of national security and foreign affairs but with all geographic areas and the full range of functional dimensions of international affairs in which the distinctions between foreign and domestic affairs are increasingly blurred. Within that broad view

"A. The USC/FAR is directly concerned with

"1. All external (contract and grant) social-behavioral and humanistic research and studies^{1/} supported by member agencies the purposes of which are:

- "a. To detect or clarify situations and trends;
- "b. To anticipate problems and opportunities;
- "c. To review, evaluate, and plan national policies and programs - political, military, economic, social, technological, cultural, etc.;
- "d. To illuminate and improve the management, organization, and conduct of national policy;
- "e. To improve and advance theory, methods, and data in disciplines and fields which have a bearing on the above purposes.

"2. Such external research activities of member agencies as:

- "a. Short-term or ad hoc research programs and projects;
- "b. Continuing research programs conducted by Federal Contract Research Centers or other contractors or grantees;
- "c. Research abroad funded through excess foreign currencies;
- "d. Institutional support and other general-purpose grants to, or arrangements with, academic or other private institutions for the advancement or application of knowledge relevant to foreign affairs;
- "e. Research conferences, symposia, etc.;
- "f. Data and information collections, services and systems related to research.

"B. The USC/FAR is indirectly concerned (for information purposes^{2/} only) with research activities in the above categories of nonmember agencies."

^{1/} Research and studies in the social-behavioral and humanistic fields are directed toward an understanding of human institutions and groups and of individuals as members of groups. They include research and studies of the implications for man and society of developments in the life, physical, and environmental sciences and in mathematics and engineering. The social-behavioral and humanistic disciplines and fields include: anthropology, demography, economics, geography, history, intercultural communications, international relations, law, linguistics, philosophy, political science, psychology, social statistics, sociology and various multidisciplinary combinations thereof."

^{2/} Currently, the information purposes of the USC/FAR are served through two activities: the inventorying of government-supported research projects in progress and operation of the Foreign Affairs Research Documentation Center.