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SUMMARY

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USSR

. Some Soviet Government offices possibly being dispersed:	3
. Some Soviet Government offices possibly seeing dispersion	
Comment: Acute housing	
shortages in Moscow may be the cause of these arrangements. How Soviet refugees arriving in Vienna have reported that some governments.	vever, nent
decentralization is in progress.	none
account and an en pro-	
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FAR EAST	`
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	NEAR EAST	
3.	Iranians consider government committed to nationalization of oil:	2410
	The US Embassy in Tehran reports that the Iranian people now regard their government as committed to the principle of nationalizing Iran's oil resources. Having been approved by the lower house of parliament, the nationalization proposal now goes to the Senate for ap-	3.3(h)(2)
	proval and the Shah for his endorsement. The lower house, after unanimously approving the proposal, granted the Parliamentary Oil Committee two more months to study the details involved in implementing the measure and provided that the Committee might employ foreign specialists to advise it. According to the Embassy, an American economist who was retained previously by the Iranian Government to advise it on the oil problem is reportedly attempting to work out a solution which will leave the impression with the Iranian public that the industry has been nationalized, although such will actually not be the case. Meanwhile, public demonstrations in favor of nationalizing the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company, Iran's only real oil industry, reportedly continue; the Embassy states that the situation is entirely dominated by emotions.	
		3.3(h)(2)
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EASTERN EUROPE

4. Yugoslav will to resist repo	ortedly low:	HEOSLI
	talk of war and	3.3(h)(2
	rumors of Soviet troop concentrations	()(
	on the Yugoslav border have created	
	great unrest among the Yugoslav people.	3.3(h)(2)
	Reportedly, families are preparing to	
leave Belgrade and persons not irrevocably compromised by association with Tito are trying to detach themselves from the regime in the hope		
that the Soviets will not mol	est the neutral element. The widespread	
	ny would quickly fall before a Soviet attack	
has allegedly weakened the	• •	
	' have successfully penetrated the army and	3.3(h)(2
•	acting under instructions to remain pas-	
sive until war breaks out.		

The US Air Attache in Belgrade reports that the population in the Vojvodina area has freely expressed to him its dissatisfaction with conditions and attributes its hardships to poor governmental management.

Comment: Numerous recent statements by Tito and other Yugoslav leaders regarding the threat of war have undoubtedly caused increased apprehension and unrest among the Yugoslav people. Furthermore, Yugoslavia's economic problems, which have been heightened by the 1950 crop failure, are probably augmenting Yugoslav dissatisfaction with the regime.

Previous reports about the state of Yugoslav morale have been conflicting: US Ambassador Allen in Belgrade believed, as of 9 February, that Yugoslav morale was high; on the other hand, a 12 February report from the US Embassy in London states that the British Ambassador in Belgrade was at that time troubled by the low state of public morale in Yugoslavia. US officials,

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who have traveled extensively throughout Yugoslavia in recent months, have noted no evidence indicating that the Yugoslav will to resist a Soviet attack has markedly declined.

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WESTERN EUROPE

) ,	Communists hope to exploit Parts sarines.	TO A
	According to US Embassy Paris, the of the French Communist Party was to meet on 17 March to plan a "case"	s scheduled cade of

railways and government agencies in the Paris region, in support of the Paris transport strike which began on 15 March. The Embassy reports that non-Communist union leaders do not feel that workers are prepared for long and bitter strikes, but believe that price rises and the hesitancy of management and government in making cost-of-living adjustments may materially benefit Communist election candidates.

wage increases has lead the non-Communist unions to collaborate with the Communist-led General Labor Confederation in the Paris transport strike—the first important instance of such collaboration since last spring. Union resources, however, are believed insufficient for a protracted Paris transport strike.

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