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SUMMARY

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_	New MIG type identified in Soviet Far East:	÷
	the appearance of a new MIG type in the Soviet Far East, identified as the MIG-19.	
	Comment: This is additional evidence that the modifications known to be under way on the MIG-15 have resulted in a new operational version of the standard Soviet jet fighter.	
,	the effective dive brake area	3.3(h)(2)
L	in the MIG's then in production was being increased 70 percent, and that additional modifications were being made. Larger dive brakes would improve the maneuverability of the MIG.	
	FAR EAST	
2.	FAR EAST New Chinese Communist army reported in Korea:	

Comment: In the past all armies which have come to Korea from the 4th Field Army have been attached to the 13th Army Group. Until this reported move, the 44th Army had been stationed near Canton.



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SOUTHEAST ASIA

	3.3(h)(2)
Meanwhile, the American Army Attache in aigon stated that in northwestern Tonkin, during the past week, 40 truvere reported by the French moving south from the Tonkin border to f Laokay to Yen Bay. Normal traffic on this route is four trucks perceek.	cks wn
	3.3(h)(2)
The Army Attache's report supplements nconfirmed information mproved Chinese transportation facilities north of Laokay, and sug- ests the possibility that this western route will assume more impor- ance in the future. Most Chinese supplies to the Viet Minh have in	3.3(h)
he past entered Tonkin by routes considerably to the east.	

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in northwestern Tonkin.



	NEAR EAST - AFRICA					
4.	Russians voice suspicion of Point IV activities in northern Iran:					
	Prime Minister Mossadeq reported to Ambassador Henderson on 3 February that Russia is suspicious of Point IV activity in the Caspian area and has	3.3(h)(2)				
	pointed out that the program 'is beginning to post announcements as though it were an integral part of the Iranian Government.' Mossadeq said he did not believe that Iran or Point IV would suffer if the latter transferred its activities further south.					
	Comment: Moscow has adopted a conciliatory attitude toward the liquidation of the fisheries agreement, but is unlikely to accept any foreign activity in this sensitive area without bringing pressure on the Iranian Government.					
5.	Britain prepared to compromise on retention of British officials in the Sudan:					
	The British Ambassador in Cairo has been authorized to accept the Egyptian demand that the British relinquish all administrative posts in the Sudan within three years	3.3(h)(2)				
	according to an Embassy officer. In return, Britain insists that the self-determination procedure take place under international supervision and that Egypt accept the British proposal on safeguards for the southern Sudan.					
	Comment: This British decision would provide the solution to one of the two major barriers to an Anglo-Egyptian agreement.					



6.	Khartoum	may	seek	political	solution	from	Sudan	Parliament:

The Sudan Government is considering asking 3.3(h)(2) Sudanese political leaders to have the parliament determine the country's future if the current Anglo-Egyptian talks break down, according to the American Liaison itish officials in the Sudan Government believe

Officer in Khartoum. British officials in the Sudan Government believe that Sudanese leaders would agree to elections on this basis.

Comment: There is no indication that London supports this proposed course of action, particularly since its ambassador in Cairo has received instructions which reportedly "go a long way" toward meeting the Egyptian position.

The Sudan Government's suggestion would be adamantly opposed by Egypt.

EASTERN EUROPE

7. Czechs prepare to institute propaganda broadcasts to Africa and Asia:



On 29 January the Czech Ministry of Foreign Affairs informed its representatives in Turkey, Indonesia, Belgian Congo and South Africa of a plan to institute short-wave broadcasts to those areas during the second half of 1953.

Comment: Czechoslovakia will be the first Eastern European Satellite to broadcast regularly and openly to Asia and Africa, and appears to be assuming the leadership among the Satellites in supporting Soviet propaganda to these areas.

On 25 November the Ministry of Foreign Affairs informed Czech missions outside the Orbit that it was preparing to start the worldwide distribution of French and English-language editions of an official Czech magazine.

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3.5(c)

3.3(h)(2)

WESTERN EUROPE

	Foreign Minister Gruber has told the three Western High Commissioners that Austria "would pay almost any price" to get the Russians out of the country. He urged that the negotiations scheduled to start on 6 February be prolonged as long as possible in an effort to ascertain whether the "Soviet price" is one which the Austrian Parliament would consider bearable with Western help.	3.3(h)(2)
	Comment: The USSR is unlikely to sign a treaty at this stage. The Western deputies, however, are agreed to an eventual detailed review of the long draft if this is desired by the Soviet Union. In this case there would be strong pressure from the Austrians, British, and French to accept its economic articles.	
^	Errorch municipal classicus mars delars Assambles EDC debutes	
9.	French municipal elections may delay Assembly EDC debate: French National Assembly debate of the EDC treaty cannot be expected until May, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Foreign Affairs Committee. He explains that under the most favorable circumstances the treaty could not come to the Assembly floor before 15 April, when the imminence of the municipal elections, now tentatively scheduled for 3 May, would postpone a debate.	3.3(h)

pressure.



3.3(h)(2)

3.3(h)(2)

10. France apparently prepared to make concessions on Tunisia:

France is now prepared to make concessions on Tunisia going beyond the 1952 reform program, according to a spokesman for the French Residency in Tunis. He states that

both Premier Mayer and Foreign Minister Bidault feel that the time for a settlement is approaching. Progress in this direction, however, will depend on Tunisian willingness to cooperate.

Bidault, according to this spokesman, will accept a resumption of negotiations by direct conversations between the Bey and the Resident. He is ready to consider Tunisian suggestions for 'far-reaching changes' in the program proposed by France last year.

The American Consul General in Tunissees a fair chance that this new approach will succeed, but enumerates various obstacles still to be overcome.

Comment: Mayer appears to be adopting a more realistic policy on Tunisia than Pinay and may be more willing to follow a line closer to the 1952 UN General Assembly resolution urging resumption of French-Tunisian negotiations.

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