	<u> </u>	17 Decembe	r 195 4 3.30
		Copy No.	<u> </u>
			· 7 V
·			
CURRE	NT INTELLIGENC	E BULLETIN	
	17		
NO CI	JMENT NO. 43 HANGE IN CLASS. 10 ECLASSIFIED		
CLAS NEXT	S. CHANGED TO: TS S C REVIEW DATE:		•
	I: HR 70-2 :: 7/1/80 REVIEWER:		•
Of	ffice of Current Int	alligança	
O.	ince of Guirent Int	emgence	
CENTR	RAL INTELLIGEN	CE AGENCY	

Approved for Release: 2019/08/13 C03009184

SUMMARY

GENERAL

1. Comment on Soviet Foreign Ministry statement on Formosa (page 3).

2. Comment on Soviet note threatening annulment of pact with France (page 3).

FAR EAST

3. Delay in Swedish-Swiss response on problem of Korean Neutral Commission indicated (page 4).

4. South Korean government fears popular opposition to peaceful unification weakening (page 5).

5. Chinese Communist junks may be engaged in amphibious training (page 5).

SOUTHEAST ASIA

6. Recent campaign illustrates Vietnamese army's negligible effectiveness (page 6).

NEAR EAST - AFRICA

- 7. Iranian officers do not expect to fight in the event of Soviet aggression (page 7).
- 8. Greek cabinet member expects severe political crisis (page 7).
- 9. Moroccan nationalists decide to adopt anti-American attitude (page 8).

EASTERN EUROPE

10. Yugoslavs reported opening diplomatic relations with Peiping (page 9).

WESTERN EUROPE

11. Rome embassy estimates annual trade profits of Italian Communists at \$7,000,000 (page 9).

LATIN AMERICA

12. Uruguay prepared to assist in defense of Costa Rican sovereignty (page 10).

GENERAL

1.	Comment on Soviet Foreign Ministry statement on Formosa:
	The harsh tone of the Soviet communique of 15 December on Formosa and its linking of American 'aggressive
	aims" in Asia with the rearmament of West Germany indicate that the purpose of the communiqué is to generate fear in the Western camp that such actions are leading directly to war. There is an increasing emphasis on this point in Soviet and Chinese Communist propaganda and in official statements as the French debate on ratification of the Paris agreements draws closer.
	The statement is another step in Moscow's documentation of Communist China's claims to Formosa. The Soviet Union and China are building up a case against the American position on Formosa on the grounds that it violates Chinese territorial integrity and sovereignty, and that it constitutes unwarranted interference in China's internal affairs.
	Like Khrushchev's speech in Peiping on 30 September and the joint Sino-Soviet communiqué of 11 October, this statement contains no pledge of Soviet military commitment to a Chinese campaign against Formosa. All of these pronouncements have made a distinction between the Chinese claims against Formosa, which are endorsed by the "Soviet government," and the stated Chinese intention to "liberate" the island, with which the "Soviet people" sympathize.
2.	Comment on Soviet note threatening annulment of pact with France:
	The statement in the Soviet note to France on 16 December that "ratification of the Paris agreements will annul the French-Soviet treaty" is far more specific and unequivocal than Soviet hints to this offect in the last few days
	unequivocal than Soviet hints to this effect in the last few days. This indicates that Moscow still believes there is a substantial possibility of preventing ratification by the French assembly. The Kremlin can be expected to take other measures toward that end

probably more by use of threats than by offers of concessions-before or during the assembly debates which begin 20 December.

National Assembly will probably use the Soviet demarche in a last minute effort to delay the ratification debate due to open on 20 December. In addition, Gaullist deputies can be expected to give more attention to General de Gaulle's reiterated warnings that Western persistence in arming Germany without negotiations with the East might lead to "impulsive" Soviet countermoves imperiling peace.

Nevertheless, the chances for ratification on 23 December are still considered good despite the threat to implementation suggested by the current French-German difficulties over the Saar.

FAR EAST

3. Delay in Swedish-Swiss response on problem of Korean Neutral Commission indicated:

Swedish foreign minister Unden has declared that the Swedish-Swiss reply to the allied request for disposing of the Neutral Nations Supervisory Com-

mission in South Korea could not be expected until January, according to the American embassy in Stockholm.

Comment: The delay in the Swedish-Swiss response and the lack of any action to remove the neutral inspection teams from South Korea raise the possibility of new South Korean threats and steps against Polish and Czech representatives. Following General Hull's warning that he would protect the teams, South Korea withdrew its threat to act against the Communists if the teams did not leave the country by 29 November.

Action at this time by "unofficial" armed patriotic groups would provide Rhee with a dramatic issue to divert attention from any steps he contemplates against his recently emboldened political opposition.



unification	
	Comment:
,	
travel and among man	Informed Koreans still oppose unifica- mmunist terms, but Pyongyang's recent proposals for postal exchanges appear to have had a great appeal by South Koreans who prefer at least limited contacts with to the bleak prospect of living indefinitely in a untry.
Chinese Co	mmunist junks may be engaged in amphibious training
	Approximately 900 junks operating in areas near Macao on the South China coast have been commandeered by Communist authorities since 1 September
	and refitted and painted black, according to reports from American military liai-
	and refitted and painted black, according
	and refitted and painted black, according to reports from American military liai-

past Macao to Shangchuan Island, off the Kwangtung coast, about 40 miles southwest of Macao. The other half left the Macao area, apparently en route to Shangchuan, in early November. The junks were laden with supplies and manned by crews wearing army uniforms.

Comment: The Chinese Communists could use these junks, which are capable of transporting a total of about 45,000 troops, to train crews for future amphibious operations. Amphibious training could be held at Shangchuan with little risk of detection

The weather there is suitable for amphibious training in winter.

SOUTHEAST ASIA

The Vietnamese army's recent indecisive campaign against a dissident faction of the Hoa Hao in South Vietnam is a further illustration of inability to plan, execute and support even a minor operation
 opposition, according to the American army

The attaché comments that the combat effectiveness of Vietnamese army units, when compared with the probable strength of future Viet Minh opposition, approaches zero.

Cut, with a force estimated at 2,500 men, has been harassing the countryside west of Saigon for several months. The Vietnamese army force involved against him totaled up to ten battalions, or roughly 7,000 men.

17 Dec 54

any artillery support.

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

NEAR EAST - AFRICA

The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, lieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American d British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the oblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	Iran would not fight the Soviet army but would "just turn over to the Reds all e arms, equipment, ammunition and other things the United ates has given us as MDAP and other aid. In return the Rusans will not only show mercy on Iran but will also pay us some aksheesh." The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, elieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the roblem for them.
Iran would not fight the Soviet army but would 'just turn over to the Reds all earms, equipment, ammunition and other things the United ates has given us as MDAP and other aid. In return the Rusans will not only show mercy on Iran but will also pay us some ksheesh." The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, lieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American d British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the oblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	Iran would not fight the Soviet army but would 'just turn over to the Reds all e arms, equipment, ammunition and other things the United ates has given us as MDAP and other aid. In return the Rusans will not only show mercy on Iran but will also pay us some aksheesh." The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, elieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the coblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces are incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and ealization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.
would 'just turn over to the Reds all e arms, equipment, ammunition and other things the United ates has given us as MDAP and other aid. In return the Rusans will not only show mercy on Iran but will also pay us some ksheesh." The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, lieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American d British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the oblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	would 'just turn over to the Reds all e arms, equipment, ammunition and other things the United ates has given us as MDAP and other aid. In return the Rusans will not only show mercy on Iran but will also pay us some aksheesh." The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, elieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American and British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the roblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces are incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and ealization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.
The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, lieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American d British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the oblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, elieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American described for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and calization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.
The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, lieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American d British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the oblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	ates has given us as MDAP and other aid. In return the Rusans will not only show mercy on Iran but will also pay us some ksheesh." The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, lieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American d British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the roblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces be incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and calization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.
The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, lieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American d British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the oblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	The American army attaché comments at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, elieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American de British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the roblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces be incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and ealization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.
at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, lieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American d British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the oblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, elieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American described British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the roblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces re incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and ealization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some ranian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near sture.
at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, lieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American d British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the oblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	at many Iranian officers, including those on the General Staff, elieve that in the event of an attack by the USSR, huge American described British forces will immediately appear in Iran and solve the roblem for them. Comment: The Iranian armed forces re incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and ealization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some ranian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near sture.
e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	re incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and calization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.
e incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	re incapable of effective defense against a Soviet attack, and calization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.
alization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the offirs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	calization of this has produced a defeatist attitude among some anian officers. Neither the army's capabilities nor the officers' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.
rs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.	rs' morale is likely to be improved significantly in the near ture.
ture.	ture.
eek cabinet member expects severe political crisis:	reek cabinet member expects severe political crisis:
reek cabinet member expects severe political crisis:	reek cabinet member expects severe political crisis:

17 Dec 54

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Page 7

	Comment:
	young activist group within the Greek Ra
which seeks to repsive political and pro-Western lines	place the "old guard" and direct a more aggree economic program which would still be along
	The storm of public indignation precip
tated by news of th	ne UN's adoption, with the Greek delegate's
concurrence, of a	resolution tabling the Greek motion concerni
	threatens the Papagos regime and may hasten
its collapse.	
Moroccan national	ists decide to adopt anti-American attitude:
	Many Moroccan nationalist leaders had decided to turn definitely against the United States because of its recent programme that the United Nations
	French stand in the United Nations,
	These
	These accept Communist support as preferable to
continued colonial	These
continued colonial all American prod Americans.	These accept Communist support as preferable to ism. They are considering a boycott against lucts, and some are counseling attacks agains The American diplomatic agent in
continued colonial all American prod Americans. Tangier believes to	These accept Communist support as preferable to ism. They are considering a boycott against lucts, and some are counseling attacks agains The American diplomatic agent in that this is a fairly accurate portrayal of
continued colonial all American prod Americans. Tangier believes to nationalist feeling in Morocco unless	These accept Communist support as preferable to ism. They are considering a boycott against lucts, and some are counseling attacks agains. The American diplomatic agent in that this is a fairly accurate portrayal of s. He fears for the safety of American bases
continued colonial all American prod Americans. Tangier believes to nationalist feeling in Morocco unless	These accept Communist support as preferable to ism. They are considering a boycott against lucts, and some are counseling attacks against that this is a fairly accurate portrayal of s. He fears for the safety of American bases the French government takes strong measur
continued colonial all American prod Americans. Tangier believes to nationalist feeling in Morocco unless to cope with the M	These accept Communist support as preferable to ism. They are considering a boycott against lucts, and some are counseling attacks against that this is a fairly accurate portrayal of s. He fears for the safety of American bases the French government takes strong measur loroccan situation.

17 Dec 54 CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Page 8

TOP SECRET
Approved for Release: 2019/08/13 C03009184

EASTERN EUROPE

10,	Yugoslavs reported opening diplomatic relations with Peiping:
	Comment: Since the announcement of Marshal Tito's current trip to Southeast Asia, there have been varying reports that Yugoslav-Chinese Communist negotiations
	have been arranged.
Į	Yugoslavia has long advocated Western recognition of the Peiping regime to ensure against its domina-
	tion by the Soviet Union. While Belgrade has said the initiative
	was up to Peiping, since the latter had never accepted the original Yugoslav offer in 1949 to open relations, Tito may take any
	opportunity offered on this trip to conduct negotiations.
	Peiping is almost certainly willing to
	establish diplomatic relations with Yugoslavia as a part of the
	current Soviet campaign to improve relations with Belgrade.
	WESTERN EUROPE
11.	Rome embassy estimates annual trade profits of Italian Commu-
	nists of \$7,000,000:
	Italian press reports that the Italian
	Communist Party (PCI) profits
	\$50,000,000 a year from Orbit trade
	17 Dec 54 CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN Page 9

Approved for Release: 2019/08/13 C03009184

with Italy are greatly exaggerated, according to the American embassy in Rome. The embassy estimates these profits at about \$2,000,000 from legal trading activities, plus not more than \$5,000,000 from illegal trade.

Comment: The Italian under secretary of foreign commerce last July estimated the PCI's annual profit from legal trade at \$2,300,000, and denied that the PCI was able to carry on illicit trade. He stated that the income from trade was a small part of the party's total income of between \$61,000,000 and \$76,000,000.

One of the aims of Scelba's anti-Communist campaign, as reaffirmed on 4 December, is to reduce drastically PCI trade profits. Although one government-sponsored company has been set up to control trade with Communist China, little real progress has been made. The PCI is so deeply entrenched in this trade through hidden transactions, covert firms, and tacit support from non-Communist companies paying blackmail that only a determined government effort could have any real results.

LATIN AMERICA

	in case of
	any acts against the sovereignty of Costa
	Rica," Uruguay "is ready to assume all
	the responsibility which is hers within
the scope of the le	egal instruments uniting the American republics.
	Uruguay is also prepared to seek Latin
American gunnont	for a declaration to this effect in the Council
	American States (OAS).
of Organization of	American States (OAS).
of Organization of that an attempt to	American States (OAS). Comment: There are numerous reports

TOP SF.CRFT
Approved for Release: 2019/08/13 C03009184

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Page 10

17 Dec 54

Effective OAS action to protect the Costa Rican government might be impossible, since the anti-Figueres governments would probably either try to justify their involvement in any attack as a defensive action or claim that any move against Figures was an internal revolt.

17 Dec 54

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Page 11