		17 July 1957  Copy No. 136
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Approved	d for Release:	2019/12/10	C03185	637

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1.	USSR M	ΑY	HAVE	SUBMARINE	WITH	UNCONVENTIONAL
	PROPIII	LSIC	N SVS	TEM		

The United States navy has reported that "a probable submarine, not US or known friendly," detected 110 miles off the Virginia coast during April frequently maneuvered while submerged at speeds in excess of 18 knots. The high speeds were maintained over a considerable period of time with little or no opportunity to charge batteries for at

Comment

least 20 hours.

The high speeds frequently used by the above boat appear to preclude the use of the conventional combination of battery and electric motor propulsion. A hydrogen peroxide or nuclear propulsion system would have enabled the submarine to perform as described. No Soviet submarine equipped with either of these systems has yet been identified. According to a National Intelligence Estimate (SNIE No. 11-6-57), a Soviet atomic submarine "could be in operation well before 1960."

The most modern Soviet long-range sub-
marines known to exist are the "W-" and "Z-class" units,
which are believed to be conventionally powered, having max-
imum submerged speeds of about 13 and 14 knots respectively
for periods of no longer than one hour.

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2. DEVALUATION O	OF FRENCH FRANC HINTED

Comment The French government's new economy program would tend to put France in a better position than heretofore to reap the maximum benefit from devaluation.

There have been recurring rumors of devaluation during the financial crisis this year, and, according to a press report of 14 July, investors in all European countries have been uneasy over such a possibility. One leading French financial publication has declared that this is the time for devaluation. There have also been reports that devaluation might be one of the conditions Bonn would require for a West German loan to France.

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	Japan on 1 July formally presented to the China Committee in Paris its proposals for the export of certain strategic items to Communist China during the remainder of 1957. These proposals represent Japan's maximum position.
with the China The Japanese h List II items,	The items under study by the China Conton International List II and are not connected Special List, which Japan abolished on 16 July ave insisted that they will honor quotas on but will not accept other restrictions which do ly to trade with the European Communist bloc

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## 4. LAOTIAN CABINET CRISIS

Comment on:	
	Prime Minister-designate Katay's chance of success in his second attempt to form a government appears slim. He is again opposed by the left-wing National Union Party and the small Democratic Party. It now appears that, at best, he can hope for
	a favorable margin of one or two votes.

He is also reported to be under pressure from elements withing his own Nationalist Party to withdraw in favor of former prime minister Souvanna Phouma.

In the event that Katay withdraws or is defeated a second time, Souvanna would probably be designated to form a government. His prospects appear favorable. Should Souvanna head a new government, he would be in a position to press for a coalition government with the Pathet Lao in view of the assembly's ratification of his 28 December agreement with Pathet chief Souphannouvong.

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5.	PRESIDENT AND	PRIME	MINISTER	APPARENTLY
	<b>CO-OPERATING</b>	ON WES	T PAKISTA	N

Comment on:	
wardy who is now	President Mirza's action on 15 July restoring the provincial government in West Pakistan reportedly was taken in consultation with Prime Minister Suhratouring the United States.

There had been some indication recently that Mirza was taking advantage of Suhrawardy's absence to strengthen the position in West Pakistan of his own Republican Party and thereby check the prime minister's growing political power in the province. Suhrawardy's reported concurrence in the lifting of President's Rule appears to reduce the possibility of a split between the two leaders in the immediate future.

However, the return of the Republican Party to power in West Pakistan, while assuring the support Suhrawardy needs in the national coalition, will also impede the prime minister's effort to build a strong branch of his own Awami League in the western province. This could result eventually in renewed friction between Suhrawardy and Mirza.

6. NASR RE BULGAN	EPORTEDLY TRYING TO ARRANGE KHRUSHCHEV- IN VISIT
	Egyptian President Nasr is trying to ar-
	range a visit to Egypt and Syria by Soviet
	leaders Khrushchev and Bulganin,
	Their
trip woul	d be made in August or September and would take the
-	the visit to the USSR Nasr had planned for 15 August.
	ortedly fears that his absence from Egypt would be the
_	r an attempted coup or popular uprising, but does not
wish to s	show his uneasiness by an outright cancellation.

Comment

Since Nasr first announced in 1955 that he intended to visit the USSR, the trip has been repeatedly postponed. It is unlikely that his latest change of plans is caused by fear of a coup or uprising. The recent parliamentary elections revealed sources of dissatisfaction and opposition, but no serious threat to his regime. In addition, a visit to Egypt by the top Soviet representatives would probably have greater prestige value for Nasr than would a trip by him to the USSR.

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## 7. NASR CONSIDERING MOVE TO FORCE RELEASE OF BLOCKED DOLLARS

	Nasr reportedly intends to request
	that the International Monetary Fund
	seek payment of the \$30,000,000 Egyp-
	tion dobt out of the commonly stalls
	tian debt out of the approximately
	Egyptian funds blocked by the United States
following nation	Egyptian funds blocked by the United States nalization of the Suez Canal last July.
following nation	Egyptian funds blocked by the United States

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## 8. STALINISTS CONSOLIDATE CONTROL OF BULGARIAN PARTY

the triumvirate of and Yugovapparation of the party te its control of the Bulg months, however, it ha	dership in Bulgaria of Chervenkov, Zhivkov, rently has used the occa- house-cleaning in Moscow garian party. During the as been applying some of Bulgaria, hoping thereby nce.
emier, and two member dieved to have been oppo- their party positions at central committee, e three men have been in re charged with factiona om their government pos	politburo member and as of the central committee sed to Chervenkov were rea 11-12 July plenary ses— in partial eclipse for some dism, but have not yet been its. Twelve men simultane— its are believed to be linked to
	the triumvirate of and Yugovappa sion of the party te its control of the Bulg months, however, it has economic policies to Earty and popular disside Georgi Chankov, remier, and two members their party positions at tentral committee, e three men have been in their government positions at the charged with factions at the charged with the charged with factions at the charged with the