Logistic Requirements in South Vietnam If NVA Forces are Augmented by Three Divisions

CIA INTERNAL

If Communist troop strength in South Vietnam were to be augmented by three NVA divisions, the daily logistical resupply requirement would probably be increased by about 45 short tons per day. Approximately one half of this requirement would have to be obtained from external cources. This estimate of the increased requirement for logistic support would apply generally to a situation in which the total increment in enemy forces is concentrated in I Corps, and also in the event that one division was deployed in I Corps and two divisions in II Corps. (See Table I for detaile)

Currently VC and MVA forces in South Vietnam require approxi-Eately 300 tons of logistic support daily of which almost 95 tons are obtained from external sources. Sixty tons represent food and the remainder weapons, equipment and emmanition. (See Table 2 for details)

The total daily requirement for logictic support in the event that NVA forces in South-Vietnam are sugmented by three divisions would total a maximum of 345 tons of which over 115 tons will have to be obtained from external sources. About 75 tone would consist of food and the remaining 40 would concist of weapons, equipment and ammunition. We assume that a major portion of the food requirement from external cources will still be obtained from Combodia. The remaining food requirements and the tennages of

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weapons, equipment and ammunition that would have to be obtained will come almost exclusively from North Vietnam and would amount to 70 tons a day. The movement of this volume of supplies would involve the use of less than 15 percent of the capacity of the truck routes leading from Laos to the South Vietnamese border.

During the first two months of 1968 truck traffic through Luos has been at such a high level that an average of 200 tons a day or almost 3 times the anticipated requirements, could have been made available for the forces in South Vietnam. Even this high level of traffic has used less than 50 percent of the capacity of the read system.

Given this demonstration of resupply operations under conditions of heavy interdiction, and the fact that in three years no road seems to have reduced much more than 25 percent of its expacity, there is little reason to believe that logistics considerations will be a meaningful restraint to a build-up of forces.

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Table 1

Daily Logistic Resupply Requirements for Three Additional NVA Divisions in South Vietnam *

		(In Short Tons)
	Total Requirement	Requirement from External Sources
Case 1. (All Divisions Deployed in Northern I Corps)		×
Class I Class II and IV Class III Class V	35.00 6.13 Negl. 3.45	17.50 ** 2.02 ** Negl. 3.09 **
Total	44.58	22.61
Case 2. (1 Division Deployed in I Corps; 2 Divisions in II Co		
Class I Class II and IV	35.00	17.50 ****
Class III	6.13 Negl.	2.02 ** Negl.
Class V	2.32	2.08 **
Total	43.45	21.60

* Total strength estimated at 35,000 men.

** Source: North Vietnam.

*** 1 division in Western Highlands and 1 division in coastal areas. **** Source: Cambodia.

Note: This estimate is predicated on combat ammunition expenditure of one-third the basic load per engagement, and combat levels of each unit being engaged one in 15 days in I Corps, and one in 30 days in II Corps.

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Table 2

Daily Logistic Resupply Requirements for Current VC/NVA Forces in South Victnam*

	Total Requirement	In Short Tone Requirement from External Sources
Class I	836.00	60.00
Class II and IV	42.00	14.00
Clace III	Negl.	Negl.
Cless V	23.09	20.66**
Total	301.09	94.66

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* Order of Battle includes 156,000 NVA, and VC main and local force proops, as well as 80,000 administrative service troops. ** This estimate is predicated on combat summunition expenditures of one-third the basic load per engagement, and combat levels of each unit engaged one in 15 days in I Corps, one in 30 days in II Corps, one in 20 days in III Corps and one in 30 days in IV Corps.



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