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Weekly Situation Report on International Terrorism

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3 February 1976

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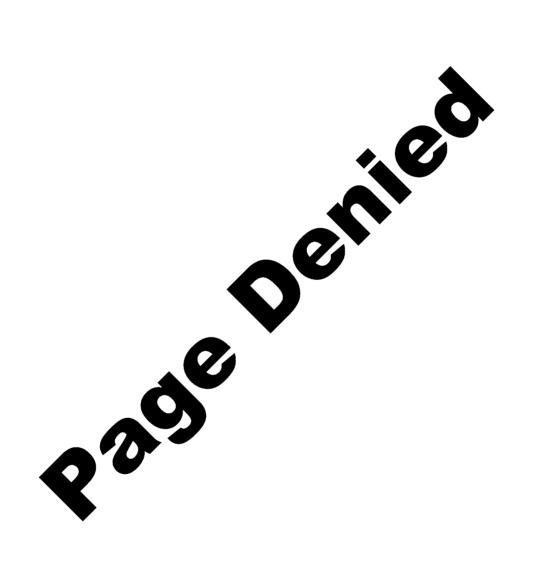
WEEKLY SITUATION REPORT

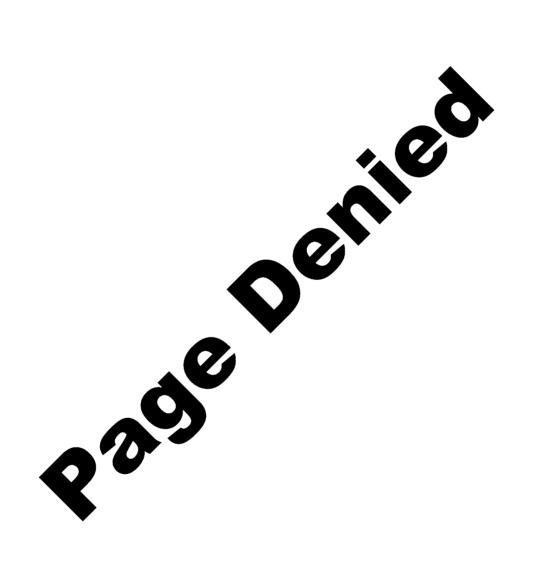
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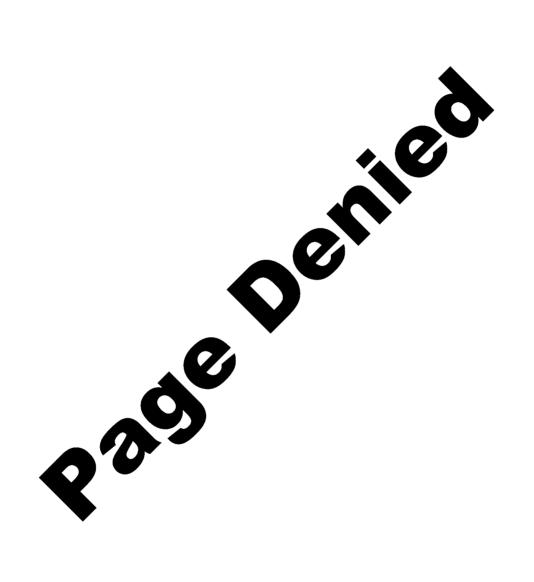
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CHRONOLOGY OF SIGNIFICANT INTERNATIONAL TERRORIST ACTS

NR

Date:

29 January 1976

Place:

Argentina, Buenos Aires Two Bendix Officials Assassinated

Two Bendix officials, Argentine citizens, were killed in their offices by terrorists. A small bomb destroyed the interior of the general manager's office. A policeman was also killed when he tried to interfere with the terrorists. A Montonero slogan was painted on the outside wall of the offices. (Comment: The terrorists initially asked for the general manager, but he was out of town. It is not known <u>if he</u> is an American.)

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I. Terrorist Threats and Plans:

Western Hemisphere, Including the United States

<u> </u>	Target:	Foreign Embassies	**	The Montoneros may attack	
	Place:	Argentina, Buenos Aires		foreign embassies in Buenos Aires if Roberto Quieto, deputy commander of the Mon-	2 2/
	Date:	Unknown		toneros and recently arrested by Argentine authorities, is	3.3(

foreign embassies in Buenos
Aires if Roberto Quieto,
deputy commander of the Montoneros and recently arrested
by Argentine authorities, is
killed,

The Montoneros
intend to continue their terrorist campaign, which so far
has been directed against
policemen, in an effort to
force authorities to acknowledge Quieto's detention and to
legally consign him to the
judicial system.

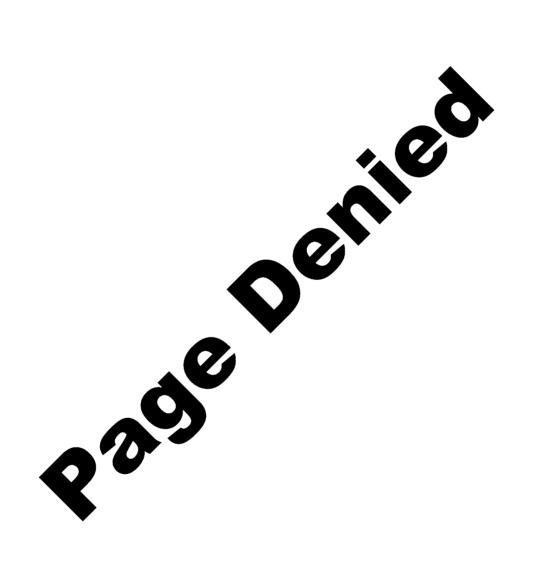
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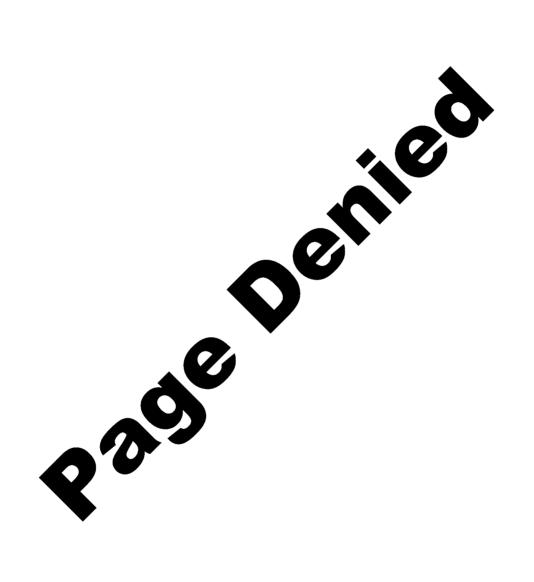
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 - * Indicates a revision of a threat reported in previous issues.

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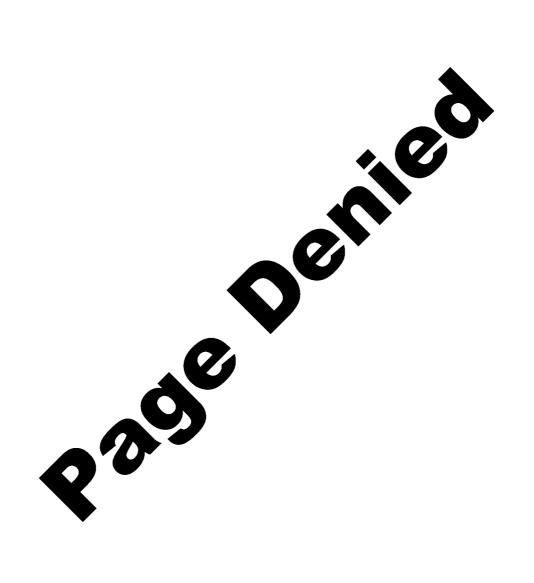
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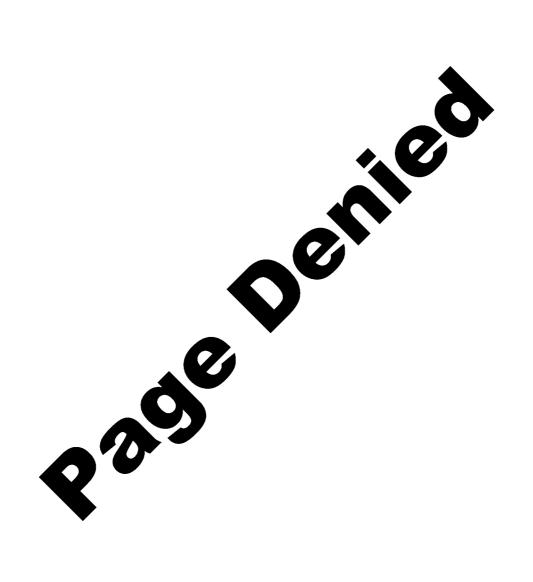
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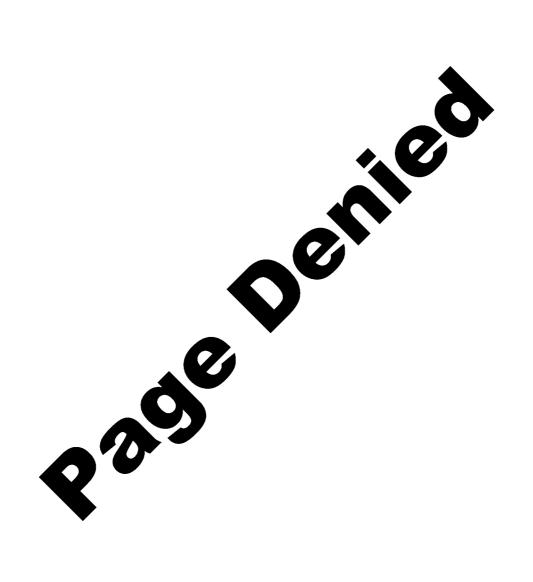














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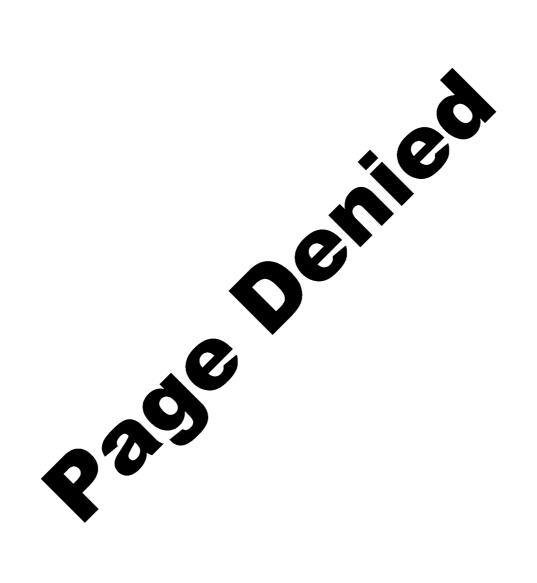


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TAB B - Terrorist Threats and Plans

Including United States

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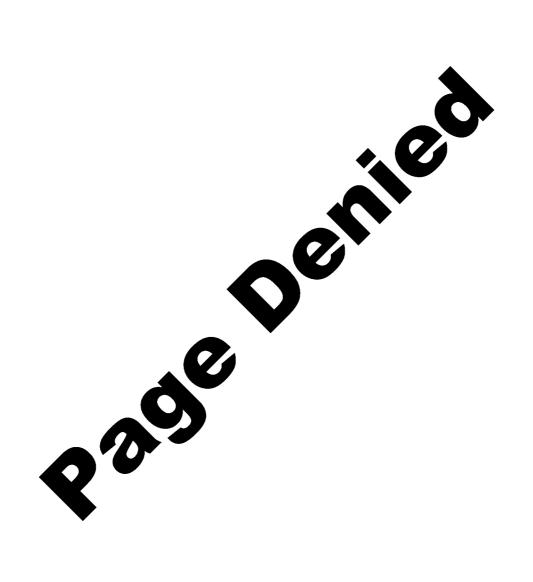
Terrorist Threats and Plans: Western Hemisphere,

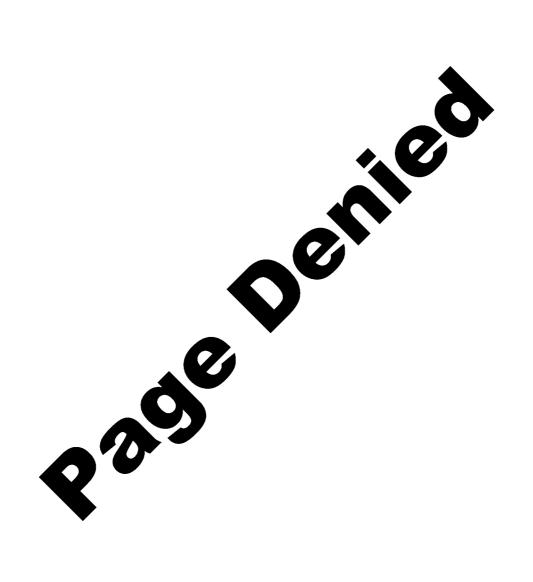
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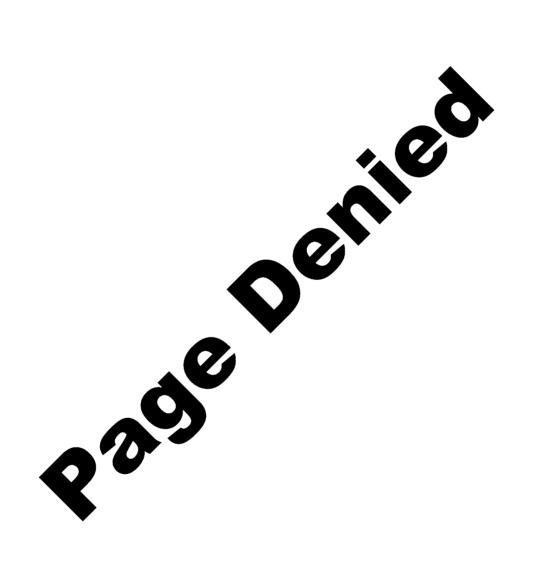


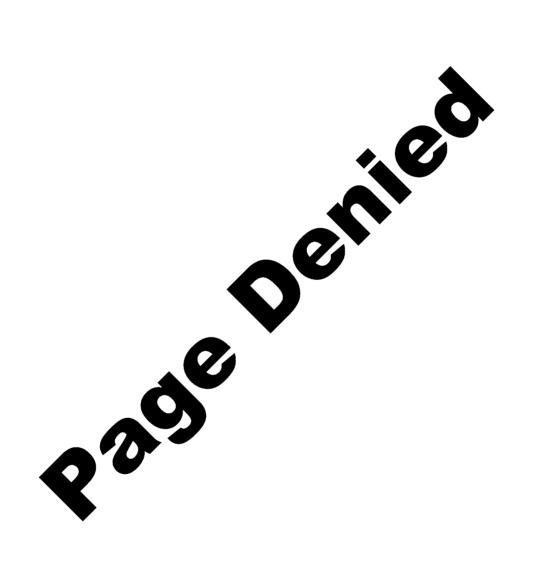


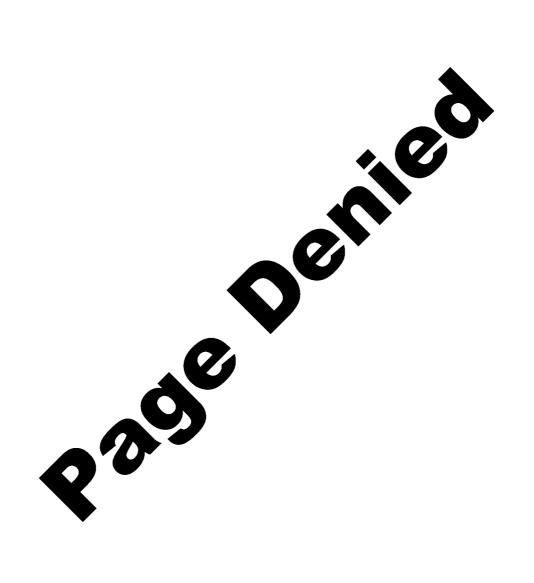
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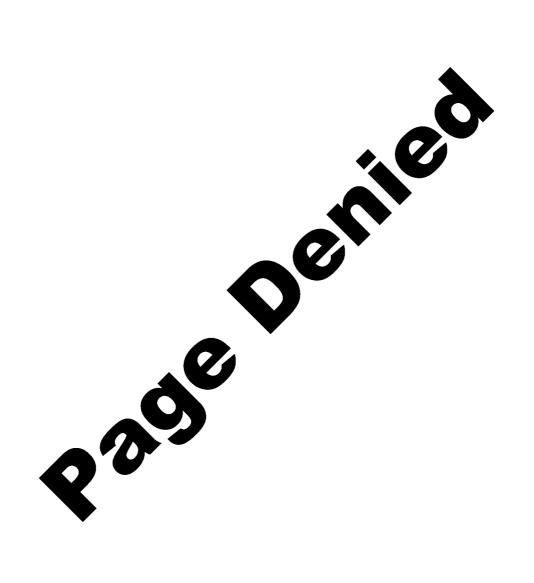


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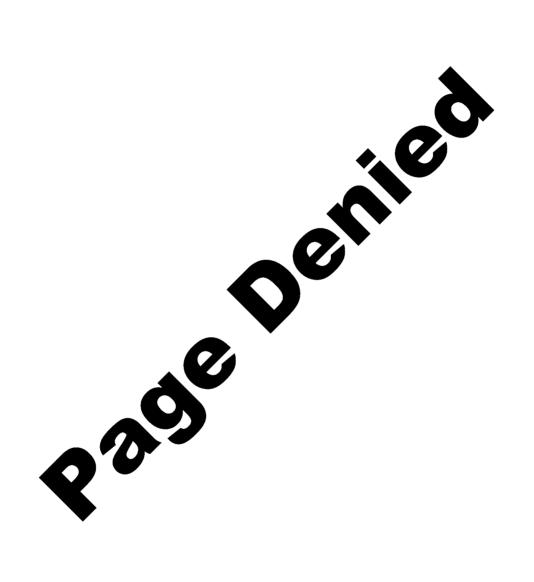


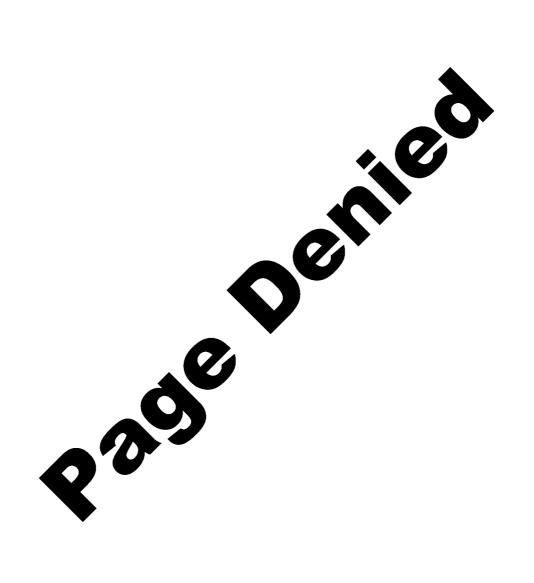
















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Ι. Terrorist Threats and Plans:

Western Hemisphere, Including the United States

Foreign Embassies Target:

Place: Argentina,

Buenos Aires

Date: Unknown * The Montoneros may attack foreign embassies in Buenos Aires if Roberto Quieto, deputy commander of the Montoneros and recently arrested by Argentine authorities, is

killed. (See the 3 February

issue, page B-I-1.)

Montonero leaders feel they must carry out a spectacular operation in order to strengthen their image. leaders feel that since Quieto did not put up any resistance when he was arrested, the rank and file view the Montonero leaders as weak.

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3.3(b)(1)

Target: U.S. BUSINESSMAN

Place: Argentina,

Buenos Aires

Current Date:

** On 3 February a prominent U.S. businessman in Buenos Aires received a notice from the Montoneros that he had 15 days to get out of the country. Security measures are being implemented.

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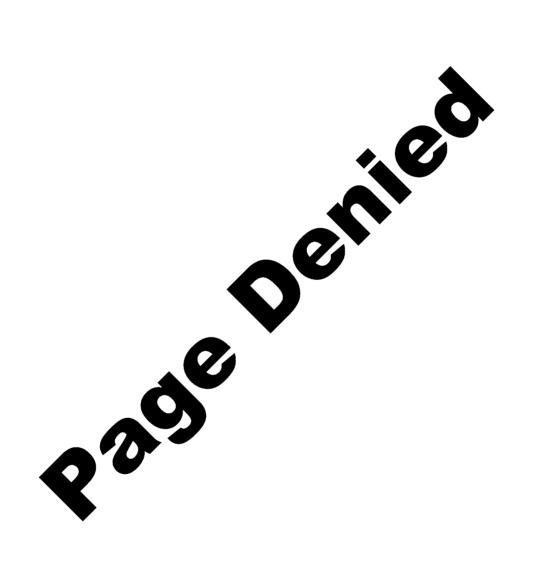


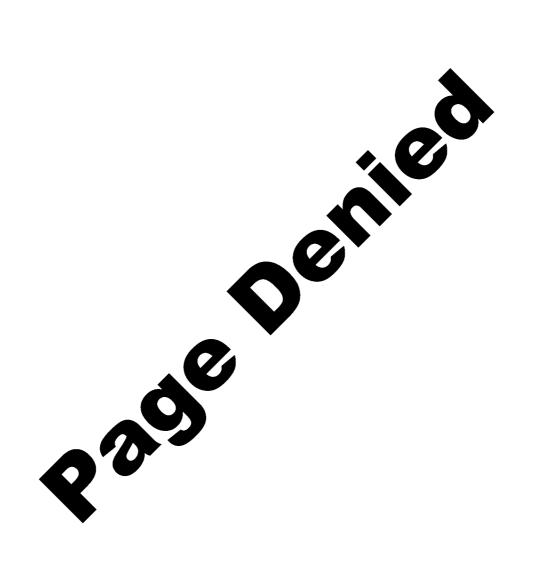
























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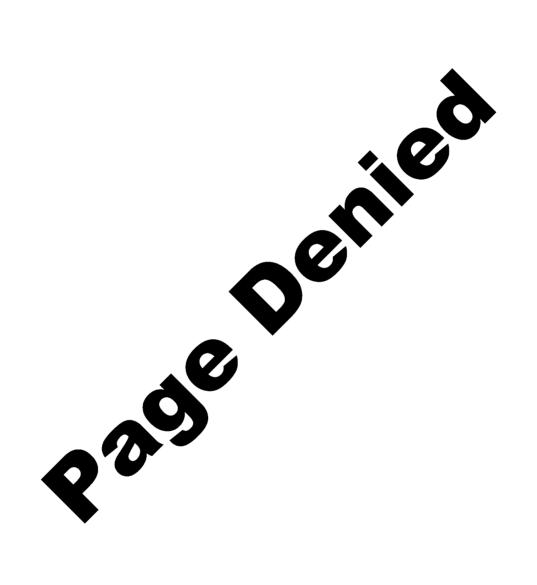
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PSRE Cases Diplomatic Missions in Quito for Possible Terrorist Campaign

3.3(b)(1)

Socialist Party of Ecuador may be gearing up for possible future terrorist action in Ecuador with the help of the Argentine People's Revolutionary Army (ERP). Members of the PSRE are quietly studying the security measures at the diplomatic missions of the United States, the United Kingdom, West Germany, Bolivia, Uruguay, Paraguay, Brazil and Chile in both Quito and Guayaquil for the purpose of undertaking future operations against these targets. Included in the PSRE's surveillance are photographs and sketches of the target installations.

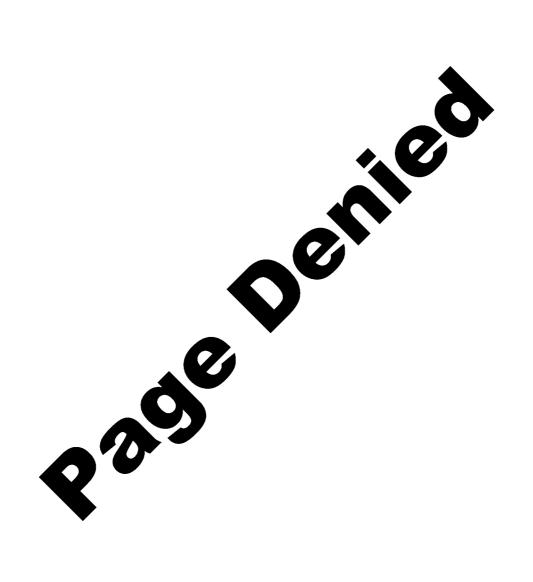
The PSRE is also undertaking a small-scale program of urban guerrilla warfare training which includes instruction in the use of explosives and small arms handling. One of the objectives of the training is instruction in the sabotage of factories as well as agitation techniques to cause labor unrest. The training is being given to seven groups of five men each, three of which are located in Quito and two in Guayaquil.

The Argentine ERP has offered to train PSRE members, if they can go to Argentina, and to provide financial support to the PSRE. As of early February 1976, Ramiro Fernando Maldonado, the Secretary General of the PSRE, was involved in efforts to arrange and finance the travel of seven PSRE members to Argentina. In return for the ERP's assistance, Maldonado has offered to provide the ERP with false documentation, including passports, and has made a safesite in Quito available to the ERP in the event that ERP members are forced to leave Argentina. Once the promised support from the ERP is definite, the PSRE will launch a propaganda campaign in Ecuador announcing solidarity between the two organizations.

The PSRE is a leftist pro-Cuban offshoot of the Socialist Party which staged terrorist activities, including robberies, in the early 1970's. The organization was severely disrupted by a government crackdown in October 1972, and it has not attempted any major activities since that time.

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CHRONOLOGY OF SIGNIFICANT INTERNATIONAL TERRORIST ACTS

NR

Date:

12 February 1976

Place:

Argentina,

Buenos Aires

Embassy

Shots were fired at the Australian embassy from a passing automobile in the early morning hours of 12 February.

Shots Fired at Australian

A - 1 3.5(c)17 FEB 1976 RECORD COPY OPERATIONS STAFF/DDO

A guard in front of the building returned the fire and apparently drove off the attackers. No one has claimed credit for the attack and there is no explanation as to motive.

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I. Terrorist Threats and Plans:

Western Hemisphere, Including the United States

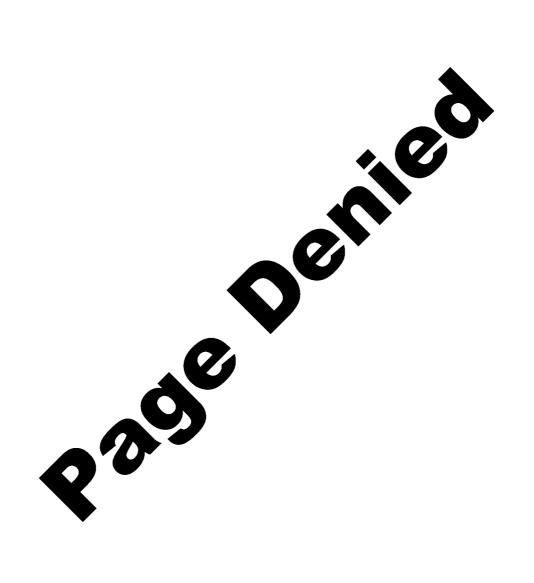
<pre>Target: Place: Date:</pre>	Foreign Embassies Argentina, Buenos Aires Unknown	The Montoneros may attack foreign embassies in Buenos Aires if Roberto Quieto, deputy commander of the Montoneros and recently arrested by Argentine authorities. is killed. 3.5(c)
	3.3(b)(1)	Montonero leaders feel they must carry out a spectactular operation in order to strengthen their image. The leaders feel that since Quieto did not put up any resistance
	3.5(c)	when he was arrested, the rank and file view the Montonero leaders as weak.
Target:	U.S. BUSINESSMAN	On 3 February a prominent U.S. businessman in Buenos
<u>Place</u> :	Argentina, Buenos Aires	Aires received a notice from the Montoneros that he had 15 days to get out of
Date:	Current 3.5(c)	the country.

** Indicates a new threat reported for the first time.

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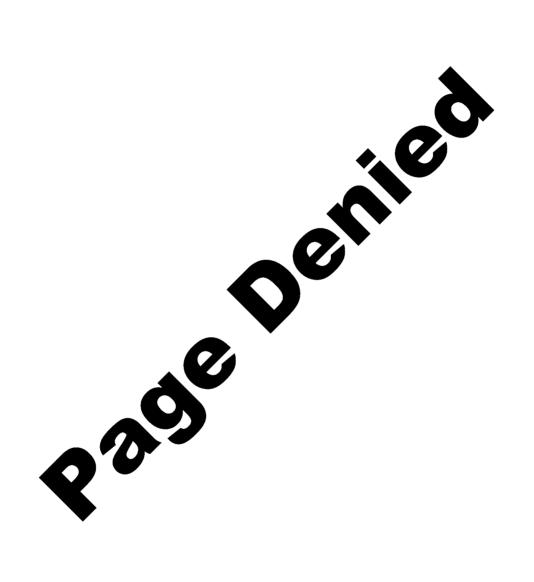
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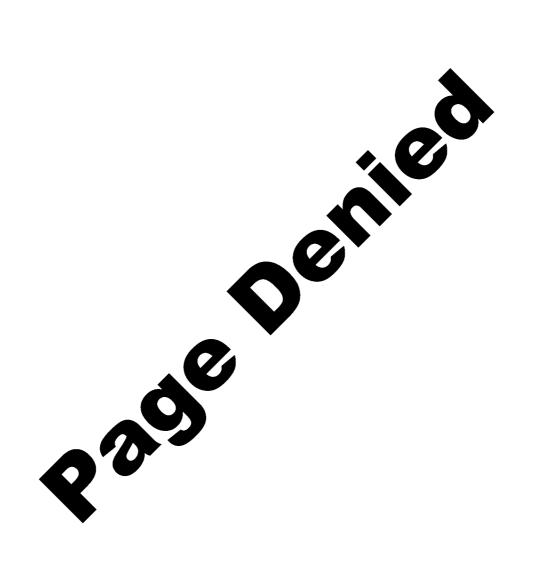
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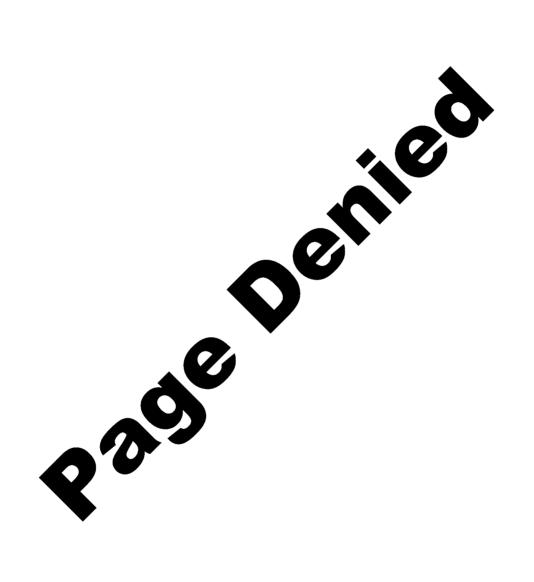


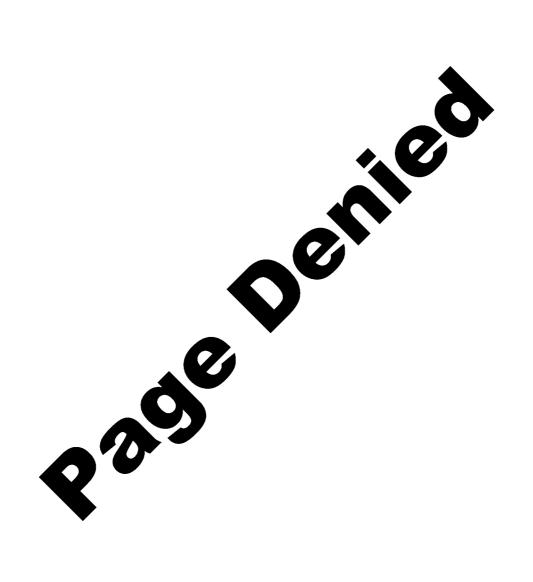
























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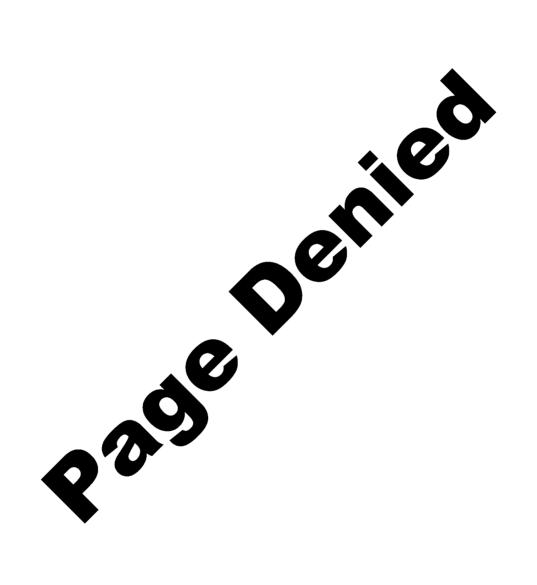


Weekly Situation Report on International Terrorism

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WEEKLY SITUATION REPORT

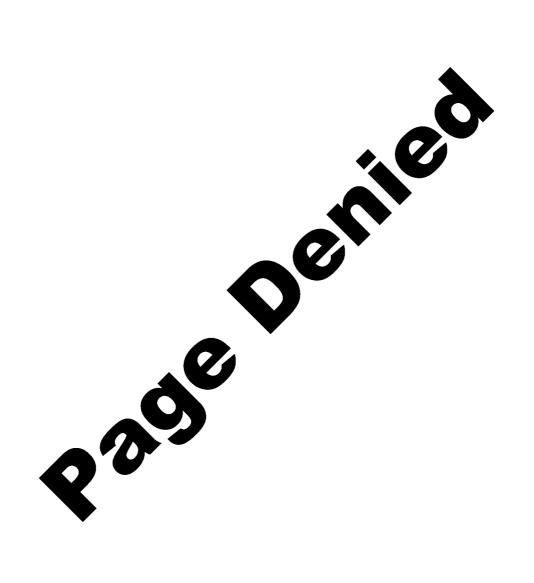
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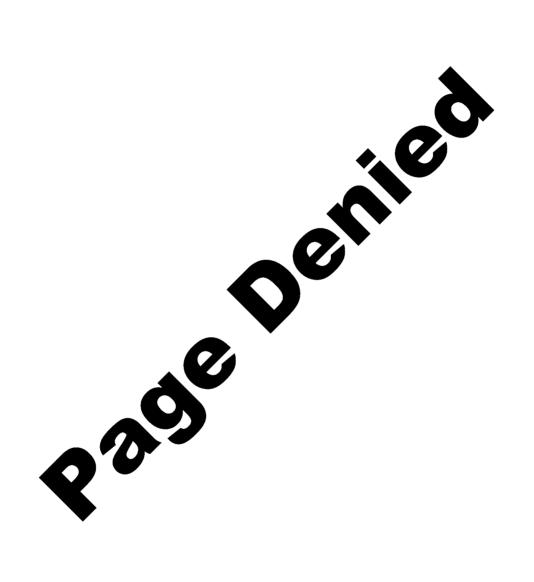
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3.3(b)(1)

ERP May Again Be Concentrating on U.S. Targets in Argentina

The People's Revolutionary Army (ERP) may be planning to step up its terrorist campaign against American targets in Argentina. It was learned in early February that the ERP leadership has been considering intensifying operations against the United States, particularly against U.S. mission personnel and buildings in Buenos Aires. To further this end, the ERP formed a special unit in late 1974 which is specifically tasked with developing information on U.S. officials and other Americans in Argentina. the special unit has developed information on the interior and exterior of the U.S. embassy as well as neighboring buildings, and is also collecting information on the new U.S. chancery, which is currently under construction.
the ERP plans to enlist
the cooperation of the Montoneros in conducting operations
against American targets, as well as against the Argentine
armed forces. the Montoneros
would probably be willing to cooperate with the ERP in
joint operations and thought that these operations might be
timed to create chaos in the aftermath of a military coup.
The Montoneros believe such a coup will take place shortly.

The morale of the ERP rank and file has been low during the past few months, chiefly because of the lack of a conspicuous success during a considerable time.

The ERP lost a full company in Buenos Aires and has been badly hurt in Tucuman province by the governant's counter-subversion campaign. Nine ERP military chiefs are reportedly in jail, and some ERP leaders feel that the government has infiltrated the organization. Other leaders have stated that the Argentine Anti-Communist Alliance (AAA) may have hurt the ERP by instilling sufficient fear among the people to discourage them from joining or cooperating with the ERP. Despite all these losses,

the ERP currently has 2,000 armed militants with another 2,000 in reserve.

While operations against U.S. diplomatic targets by the ERP and the Montoneros would certainly upgrade the danger to U.S. personnel, no solid information has been received that both organizations have actually agreed to

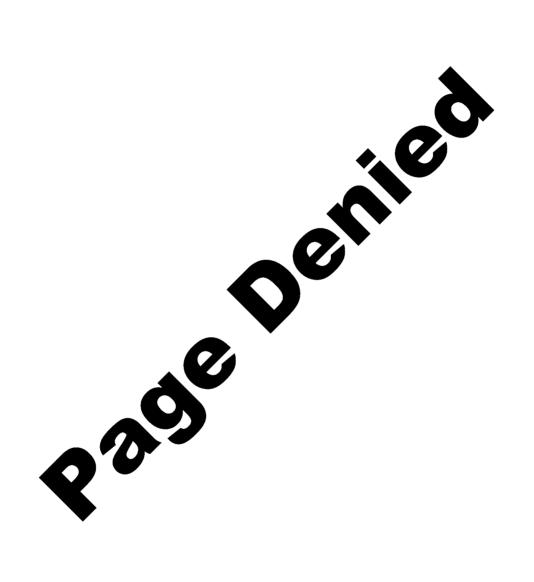
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R			
	Argentine ERP May Be Losing Faith in Revolution Coordinating Junta	ary	
3(b)(1)	In mid-February a provincial leader of the People's Revolutionary Army (ERP) remarked, that the ERP is discou	raged with	3.3(b)(1)
	the Revolutionary Coordinating Junta (JCR). (T loose union of various Latin American extremist dominated by the ERP, was described in detail i of 22 December 1975.) This leader said that in	groups n the issue	
	opinion the JCR has not been a success. While some progress in Chile, it has failed in Bolivi Some ERP leaders feel that ERP representatives	it has made a and Uruguay.	
	have been softened by too much of the good life	•	3.5
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I. Terrorist Threats and Plans:

Western Hemisphere, Including the United States

Target: Foreign Embassies

Place: Argentina,

Buenos Aires

Date: Unknown

The Montoneros may attack foreign embassies in Buenos Aires if Roberto Quieto, deputy commander of the Montoneros and recently arrested by Argentine authorities, is killed.

3.3(b)(1)

Montonero leaders feel they must carry out a spectacular operation in order to strengthen their image. The leaders feel that since Quieto did not put up any resistance when he was arrested, the rank and file view the Montonero leaders as weak.

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Target: PAN AMERICAN

MANAGING DIRECTOR

Place: Argentina,

Buenos Aires

Date: Unknown

** The Pan American World
Airways director has been
threatened with death by
an anonymous caller who
said he was a member of
the Montonero guerrilla
organization Ala 22 (Wing
22), according to an FBI
report. Ala 22 is an unfamiliar designation, and
Argentine authorities doubt

that the threat originated

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with the Montoneros. Pan Am is negotiating wage increases, and this threat may be related to those negotiations.

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