

PDB Memorandum

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2 June 1999

SUBJECT: Implications of New Information on UBL's Unconventional Weapons Capability

1. [REDACTED] trainees at the camp have produced and tested dozens of toxic chemicals and biological toxins—[REDACTED] None of the [REDACTED] since 1996 has had the [REDACTED] to conduct attacks with them, [REDACTED]

- Phosphide, arsenic, carbon monoxide gas, and toxins from a variety of plants and animals were among the toxic agents [REDACTED]

2. [REDACTED] UBL operatives have experimented with adding small quantities of radioactive materials to explosives to increase their energy output. [REDACTED]

- Terrorists could discover the proper recipes through trial-and-error, but outside assistance—[REDACTED]—could shorten the development timeline.

3. The use of radioactive materials in an attack could instill lasting fear in the public and contaminate an area for an indefinite period. [REDACTED]

- Terrorists could use remote-controlled detonations [REDACTED] to reduce their chances of injury or capture and could more easily initiate simultaneous attacks. [REDACTED]

CIA