INTRODUCTION
Spain ceded Guam to the US in 1898. Captured by the Japanese in 1941, it was retaken by the US three years later. The military installations on the island are some of the most strategically important US bases in the Pacific, and they constitute the island’s most important source of income and economic stability.

GOVERNMENT
Chief of State
President Joseph R. BIDEN Jr.
Head of Government
Governor Lourdes LEON GUERRERO
Government Type
organized unincorporated territory of the US with local self-government; republican form of government with separate executive, legislative, and judicial branches
Capital
Hagatna
Legislature
unicameral Legislature of Guam or Liheslaturan Guahan (15 seats)

GEOGRAPHY
Area
Total: 544 sq km
Land: 544 sq km
Water: 0 sq km
Climate
tropical marine; generally warm and humid, moderated by northeast trade winds; dry season (January to June), rainy season (July to December); little seasonal temperature variation
Natural Resources
aquatic wildlife (supporting tourism), fishing (largely undeveloped)
as of October 2021

ECONOMY
Economic Overview
small Pacific island US territorial economy; upper income, tourism-based economy; hard-hit by COVID-19 disruptions; relaunched many industries via vaccination tourism; domestic economy relies on multiple military bases; environmentally fragile economy
GDP (Purchasing Power Parity) $5.793 billion (2016 est.)
GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity) $35,600 (2016 est.)
Industries - defense, tourism, construction, transshipment services, concrete products, printing/publishing, food processing, textiles
Agricultural products - fruits, copra, vegetables, eggs, pork, poultry, beef
Exports $1.124 billion (2016 est.)
scrap iron, electric batteries, gas turbines, scrap copper, beauty products (2019)
partners: South Korea 31%, Hong Kong 27%, Taiwan 18%, Philippines 7% (2019)
Imports $2.964 billion (2016 est.)
refined petroleum, trunks/cases, cars, insulated wire, broadcasting equipment (2019)
partners: Singapore 33%, Japan 21%, South Korea 18%, Hong Kong 9%, Malaysia 6% (2019)

PEOPLE & SOCIETY
Population
168,800 (July 2021 est.)
Population Growth
0.18% (2021 est.)
Ethnicity
Chamorro 37.3%, Filipino 26.3%, White 7.1%, Chuukese 7%, Korean 2.2%, other Pacific Islander 2%, other Asian 2%, Chinese 1.6%, Palauan 1.6%, Japanese 1.5%, Pohnpeian 1.4%, mixed 9.4%, other 0.6% (2010 est.)
Language
English 43.6%, Filipino 21.2%, Chamorro 17.8%, other Pacific island languages 10%, Asian languages 6.3%, other 1.1% (2010 est.)
Religion
Christian (predominantly Roman Catholic) 94.2%, folk religions 1.5%, Buddhist 1.1%, other 1.6%, unaffiliated 1.7% (2020 est.)