**GOVERNMENT**

**Chief of State**
President Joao Manuel Goncalves LOURENCO

**Head of Government**
President Joao Manuel Goncalves LOURENCO

**Government Type**
presidential republic

**Capital**
Luanda

**Legislature**
unicameral National Assembly or Assembleia Nacional (220 seats)

**Judiciary**
Supreme Court or Supremo Tribunal de Justica (consists of the court president, vice president, and a minimum of 16 judges);
Constitutional Court or Tribunal Constitucional (consists of 11 judges)

**Ambassador to US**
Ambassador Agostinho Tavares da Silva NETO

**US Ambassador**
Ambassador Nina Maria FITE

**ECONOMY**

**Economic Overview**
Angola's economy is overwhelmingly driven by its oil sector. Dependence on foreign assistance, corruption, fluctuating oil prices, and recovery from a decades-long civil war challenge economic growth.

**GDP (Purchasing Power Parity)**
$193.6 billion (2017 est.)

**GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity)**
$6,800 (2017 est.)

**Exports**
$33.07 billion (2017 est.)
partners: China 61.2%, India 13%, US 4.2% (2017)

**Imports**
$19.5 billion (2017 est.)
partners: Portugal 17.8%, China 13.5%, US 7.4%, South Africa 6.2%, Brazil 6.1%, UK 4% (2017)

**PEOPLE & SOCIETY**

**Population**
30.4 million (July 2018 est.)

**Population Growth**
3.49% (2018 est.)

**Ethnicity**
Ovimbundu 37%, Kimbundu 25%, Bakongo 13%, mestico 2%, European 1%, other 22%

**Language**
Portuguese 71.2% (official), Umbundu 23%, Kikongo 8.2%, Kimbundu 7.8%, Chokwe 6.5%, Nhaneca 3.4%, Nganguela 3.1%, other 11.4%
note: shares sum to more than 100% because some respondents gave more than one answer on the census

**Religion**
Roman Catholic 41.1%, Protestant 38.1%, other 8.6%, none 12.3% (2014 est.)

**Urbanization**
urban population: 65.5% of total population (2018)
rate of urbanization: 4.32% annual rate of change (2015-20 est.)

**Literacy**
71.1% (2015 est.)

---

**GOGRAPHY**

**Area**
Total: 1,246,700 sq km
Land: 1,246,700 sq km
Water: 0 sq km

**Climate**
semiarid in south and along coast to Luanda; north has cool, dry season (May to October) and hot, rainy season (November to April)

**Natural Resources**
petroleum, diamonds, iron ore, phosphates, copper, feldspar, gold, bauxite, uranium

* as of February 2019