



MONGOLIA



GOVERNMENT

Chief of State

President Khaltmaa BATTULGA

Head of Government

Prime Minister Ukhnaa KHURELSUKH

Government Type

semi-presidential republic

Capital

Ulaanbaatar

Legislature

unicameral State Great Hural or Ulsyn Ikh Khural (76 seats)

Judiciary

Supreme Court (consists of the Chief Justice and 24 judges organized into civil, criminal, administrative chambers); Constitutional Court or Tsets (consists of the chairman, 8 members)

Ambassador to US

Ambassador Yondon OTGONBAYAR

US Ambassador

Ambassador Michael S. KLECHESKI

GEOGRAPHY

Area

Total: 1,564,116 sq km
Land: 1,553,556 sq km
Water: 10,560 sq km

Climate

desert; continental (large daily and seasonal temperature ranges)

Natural Resources

oil, coal, copper, molybdenum, tungsten, phosphates, tin, nickel, zinc, fluorspar, gold, silver, iron

ECONOMY

Economic Overview

foreign direct investment in Mongolia's extractive industries has transformed a landlocked economy from its traditional dependence on herding and agriculture; exports now account for more than 40% of GDP; relies on Russia for 90% of its energy supplies; remittances from Mongolians working abroad, particularly in South Korea, are significant.

GDP (Purchasing Power Parity)

\$43.54 billion (2018 est.)

GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity)

\$13,700 (2018 est.)

Exports

\$7.012 billion (2018 est.)
partners: China 93.3%, UK 2.5% (2018)

Imports

\$5.875 billion (2018 est.)
partners: China 33.4%, Russia 29.1%, Japan 9.5%, South Korea 4.5% US 3.6%, (2018)

PEOPLE & SOCIETY

Population

3.25 million (Dec 2018 est.)

Population Growth

1.11% (2018 est.)

Ethnicity

Khalkh 84.5%, Kazak 3.9%,
Dorvod 2.4%, Bayad 1.7%, Buryat-Bouriates 1.3%, Zakhchin 1%, other 5.2% (2015 est.)

Language

Mongolian 90% (official) (Khalkha dialect is predominant),
Turkic, Russian (1999)

Religion

Buddhist 53%, Muslim 3%, Shamanist 2.9%, Christian 2.2%,
other 0.4%, none 38.6% (2010 est.)

Urbanization

urban population: 68.5% of total population (2019)
rate of urbanization: 1.63% annual rate of change (2015-20 est.)

Literacy

98.4% (2016)

